



PlanIt

Workshop Series for
Comprehensive Plan Updates

Water Management Tools: Going Beyond the
Comprehensive Plan

September 12, 2017





Stormwater

**PLUMBING CODE:
Stormwater Reuse**
Cathy M. Tran, PE

**Drinking Water
Protection and
thoughtful Land Use
Planning**

**Lawn Irrigation
Efficiency**
Brian Davis

**Adopting MIDS into
Local Ordinance on
the St. Croix**
Mikael Isensee

**Tools for Managing
Salt**
Rachel Olmanson

**Landscape and
Water Quality**
Laura Scholl

**Minnesota's
Stormwater Manual**
Mike Trojan

**Smart Salting
Trainings**
Brooke Asleson

Potable Water

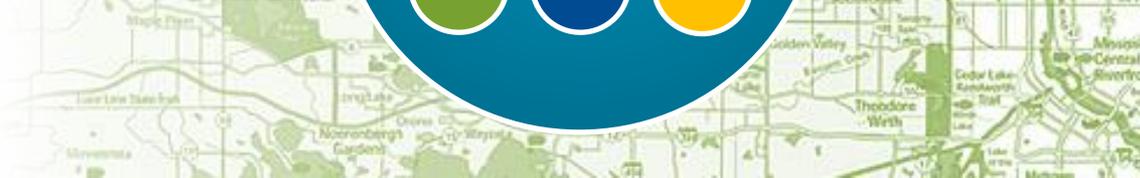
Water and Climate

Jen Kader, Freshwater Society

Wastewater

**Inflow & Infiltration
Reduction**
Bert Tracy
Interceptor Services
Manager

Integrated Water Resource Management





Program Goal

Integrate Minimal Impact Design Standards (MIDS) into Local Ordinances

Type(s) of resource available:

- MIDS Community Assistance Package (MN Stormwater Manual)
- MIDS Calculator (MN Stormwater Manual)
- St. Croix Communities MIDS Report (mscwmo.org)
- Me (MSCWMO) Jay Michels (EOR Inc.) John Bilotta (U of M Extension, Project NEMO) Anne Gelbmann (MPCA)





What is MIDS

Performance Standard

Most Sites

- Retain on site 1.1” of runoff from new and/or fully reconstructed impervious surfaces

Linear Sites

- Retain on site 0.55” of runoff from new and/or fully reconstructed impervious surfaces



What is MIDS

Performance Standard- Flexible Treatment Options

Most Sites

- Retain on site 1.1” of runoff from new and/or fully reconstructed impervious surfaces

FTO 1:
Clay, etc.

- Retain 0.55” of runoff from the new and/or fully reconstructed impervious surfaces AND
- Remove 75% of the annual TP load

FTO 2:
Contam-
ination

- Achieve as much volume reduction as practicable AND
- Remove 60% of the annual TP load

FTO 3

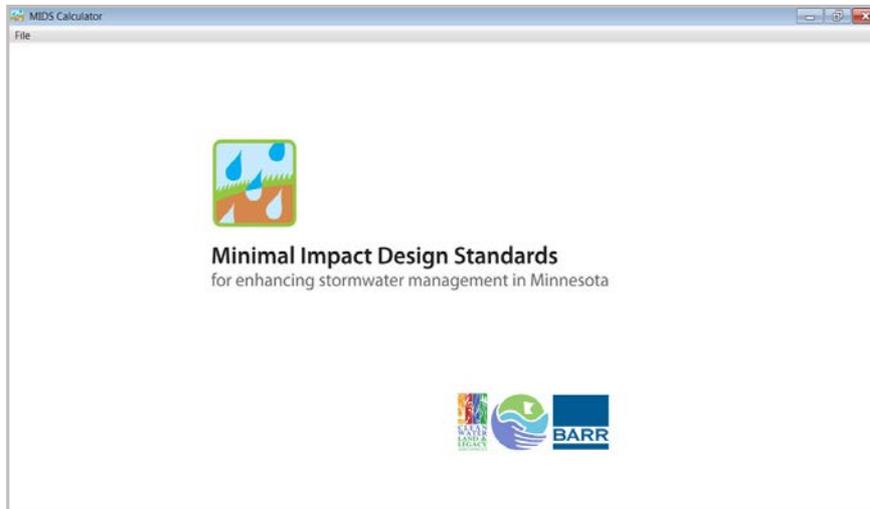
- Off-site mitigation



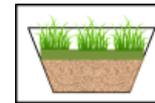


What is MIDS

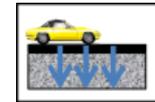
Credit Calculator- Primarily for Flexible Treatment Options



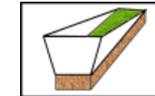
Credits approved by the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency



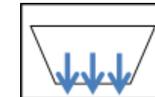
Bioretention



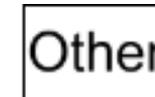
P. Pavers



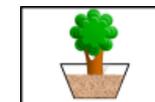
Swales



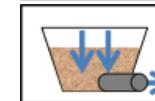
Infiltration Basin



Other Isolator Rows, etc.



Trees



Sand Filters

And Many More!



9 Communities 2 Year Process

Year 1

- Announce Opportunity to Adopt MIDS
- Overview of MIDS
 - Community staff
- Legal Preview Workshop
 - Community Attorneys (reimburse cost for attendance)
- Overview of MIDS
 - P.C. and C.C.
 - Resolution to Adopt Changes at the End of the Process



For More Information...

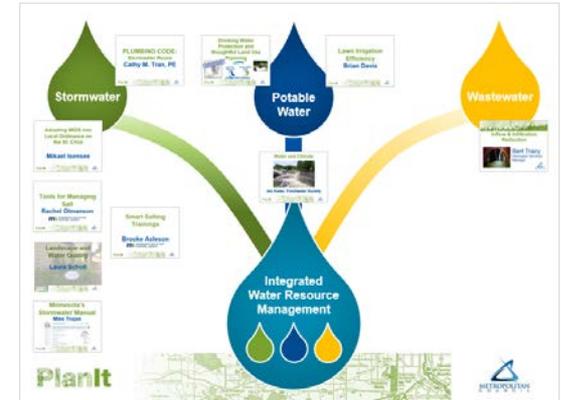
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Middle St. Croix

Watershed Management Organization

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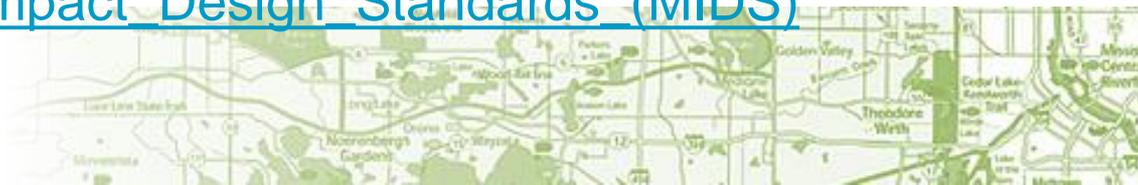
651-330-8220



Web Links

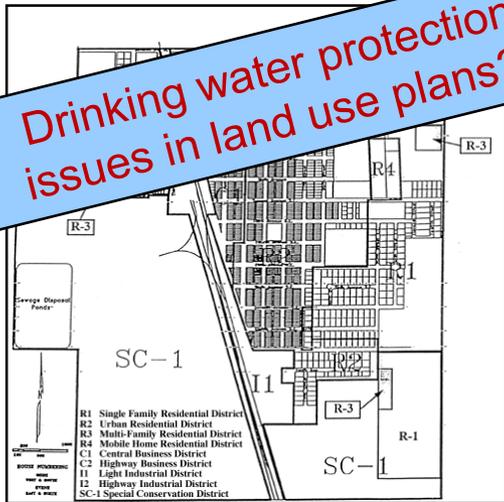
- www.mscwmo.org
- http://mscwmo.org/wp-content/grant-reporting/MIDS_Community_Ordinance_Final_Report%20Dec_2016.pdf
- [https://stormwater.pca.state.mn.us/index.php?title=Overview_of_Minimal_Impact_Design_Standards_\(MIDS\)](https://stormwater.pca.state.mn.us/index.php?title=Overview_of_Minimal_Impact_Design_Standards_(MIDS))

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Drinking Water Protection and thoughtful Land Use Planning

Drinking water protection issues in land use plans?



Land Use
Planners

Water Utility
Staff

Drinking Water Protection



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Slide 2: Program Goal

The **GOAL** of Wellhead Protection (WHP) is to *prevent potential contaminants from entering public water supply wells.*

“Science Based Planning”



well & aquifer vulnerability + local issues = good planning!

Resources that can help:

- City Utility Manager
- City Wellhead Protection Plan & Maps
- MDH SWP Grants available for efforts
- MDH / MN Rural Water Planners



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City of Burnsville

Wellhead Protection Zoning Overlay District

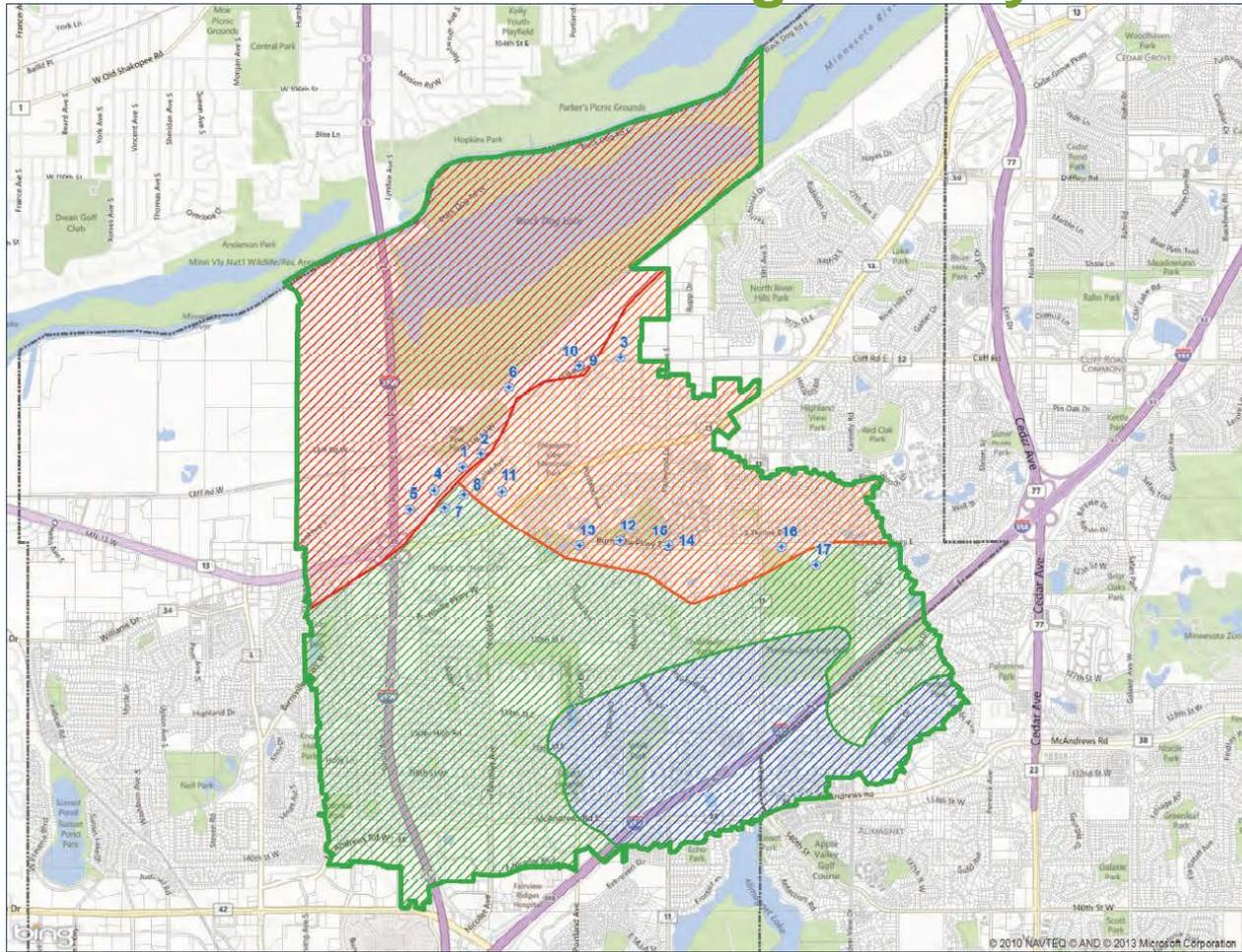


Figure 1
City Map and DWSMA
 Wellhead Protection Plan
 City of Burnsville, MN

LEGEND

- Municipal Wells
- 2012 DWSMA
- Very high vulnerability
- High vulnerability
- Moderate vulnerability
- Low to very low vulnerability
- Parcels
- Burnsville City Limits

N
 W — E
 S

0 — 0.5 — 1
 Miles
 1 inch = 0.5 miles

Projection: Minnesota Dakota Lambert Conformal Conic

BLACK & VEATCH
 Building a world of difference.

© 2010 NAVTEQ © AND © 2013 Microsoft Corporation



PLUMBING CODE: Stormwater Reuse Cathy M. Tran, PE

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Slide 2: Plumbing Code

- **Opportunities**

- Rainwater Harvesting System (Chapter 17, Nonpotable Rainwater Catchment System)
- Scope & Applicability

- **Code Exclusions/Limitations**

- Lawn/Landscape Irrigation Systems From Storm Ponds
- Stormwater Collection Systems Use Solely For Outside Lawn/Landscape Irrigation Systems
- Stormwater From Parking/Roads Lots



Slide 3: CHS Field, St. Paul

- Rainwater Harvesting for Irrigation & Flushing
- Project Challenge: Turbidity/System Alarms
- Water Quality Standard

TABLE 1702.9.4

Measure	Limit
Turbidity (NTU)	<1
E. coli (MPN/100 mL)	2.2
Odor	Non-offensive
Temperature (degrees Celsius)	MR
Color	MR
pH	MR

MR = measure and record only

Treatment:

5 micron or smaller absolute filter

Minimum .5-log inactivation of viruses





Tools for Managing Salt

Rachel Olmanson



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Salt (Chloride) Management

Program goal: Assist local partners in reducing salt (chloride) use to protect and restore water resources, and provide safe and desirable conditions for the public.

Type(s) of resource available:

- Chloride Management Plan
 - Implementation Strategies (Section 3.2)
 - Educational Resources (Appendix D)
 - Grant Opportunities (Section 3.6)
- Winter Maintenance Assessment tool (WMA_t)
- MN Model Snow and Ice Policy





Success: St. Paul Public Works

The Winter Maintenance Assessment tool was used to show progress and plan for the future to reduce chloride

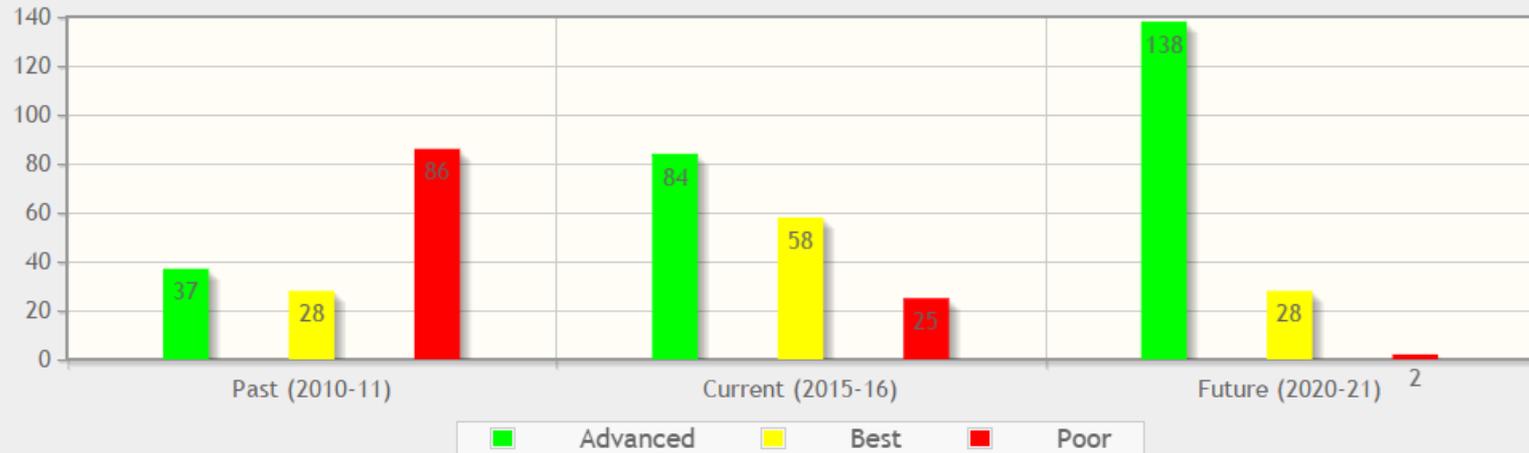
Comparison of Responses Between Assessment Periods

Assessment Name: St. Paul (2015-16)

Location: St. Paul

Winter Period: 2015-16

Surface Type(s): High Speed Roads, Low Speed Roads, Parking Lots, Sidewalks



Responses for *Past (2010-11)* Assessment Period



For More Information...

Rachel Olmanson

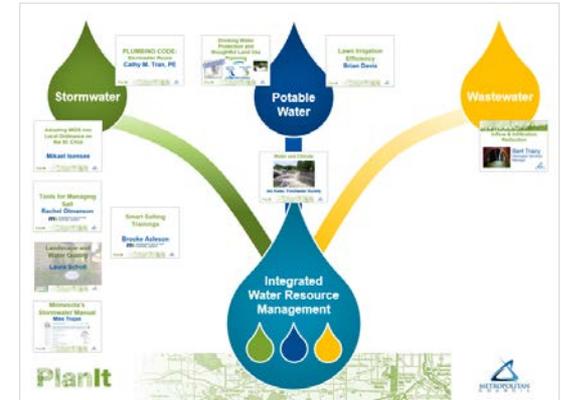
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Web Links

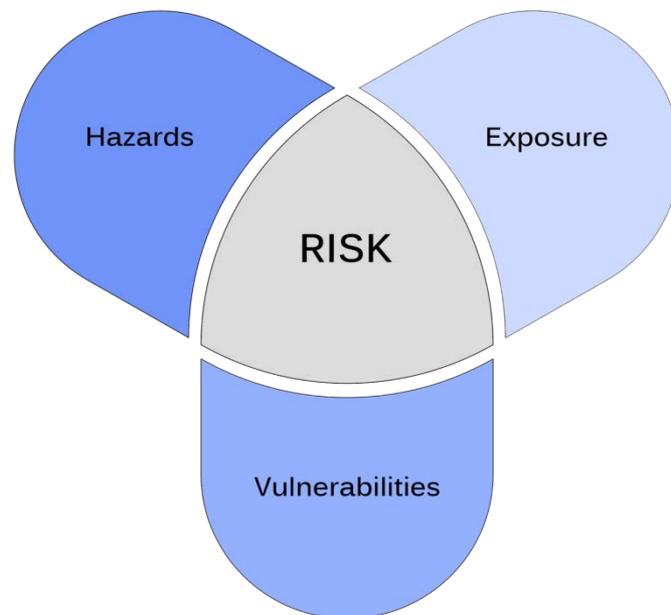
- [Road Salt and Water Quality Webpage](#)
- [Twin Cities Metro Area Chloride Management Plan](#)
- [Winter Maintenance Assessment Tool \(WMAAt\)](#)
- [MN Model Snow and Ice Management Policy](#)
- [MN Model Snow and Ice Management Policy Guidance Document](#)





Why is Freshwater doing climate work anyway?

Program goal:
Community Resilience Building
(Reduce impervious surface)



What we can offer here:

- Staff available for speaking, facilitation, education
- Data gathering and interpretation regarding climate impacts and strategies
- Conversation about what we've learned—about this work, as well as from this work





Spring 2016 -- Community Resilience Building Workshops

- Process adapted from The Nature Conservancy
- Riley-Purgatory-Bluff Creek and Nine Mile Watershed Districts, with support from Barr Eng., MPCA, and Met Council
- Asses climate risks and resilience opportunities
- Community-identified strategies



For More Information...

Jen Kader

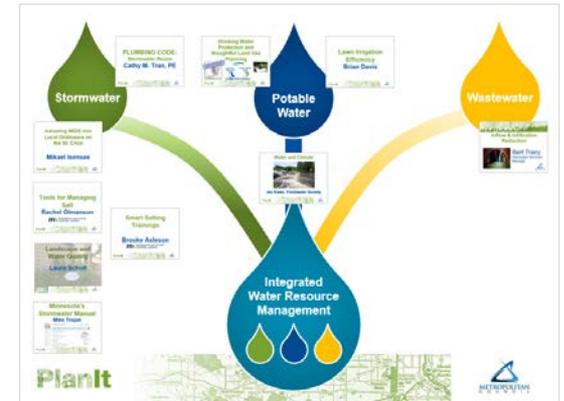
Freshwater Society

jkader@freshwater.org

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Web Links

- www.freshwater.org/water-resilience
- www.freshwater.org/facilitation-services
- toolkit.climate.gov
- <http://www.georgetownclimate.org/adaptation/toolkits/green-infrastructure-toolkit/introduction.html>





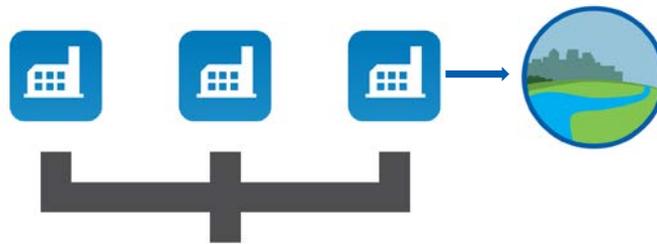
Inflow & Infiltration Reduction



Bert Tracy
Interceptor Services
Manager



About us



Pre-1969

Fragmented sewer system.
35 underperforming plants meeting minimum requirements discharging to area lakes and rivers.



Post-1969

Partnership with 109 communities to:



Protect human health



Achieve water quality goals



Promote economic vitality

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I/I Program Goals



Protect Public Health by avoiding backup of sewage into basements



Protect Water Quality by avoiding spills to lakes and rivers



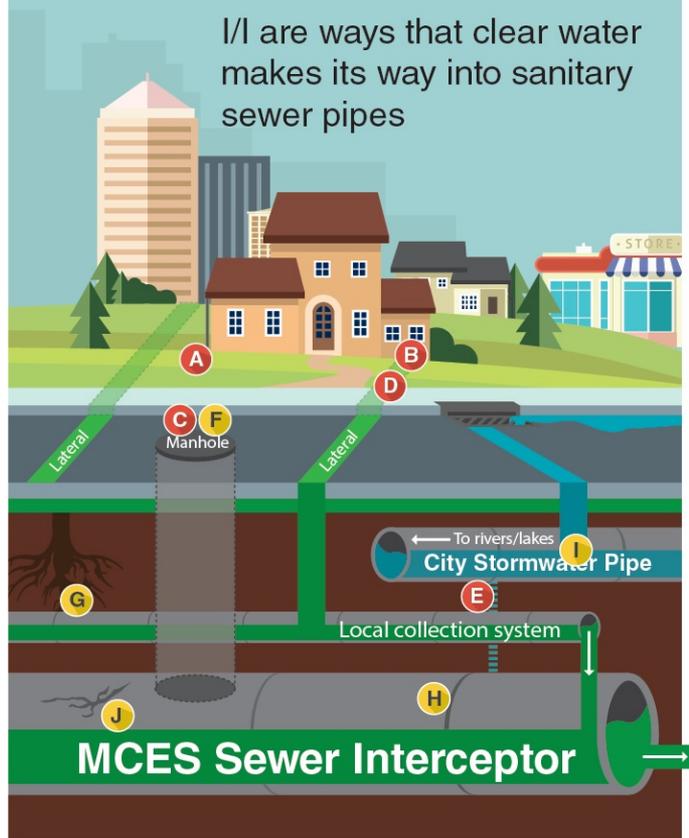
Maintain Economic Efficiency by avoiding unnecessary expansion of sewers and treatment plants





What is inflow & infiltration?

I/I are ways that clear water makes its way into sanitary sewer pipes



INFLOW

- A** Roof Drain Connection
- B** Sump Pump or Foundation Drain Connection
- C** Deteriorated Manhole
- D** Uncapped or Broken Clean-Out
- E** Storm Cross Connection

INFILTRATION

- F** Faulty Manhole Cover/Frame
- G** Root Intrusion
- H** Open Joints
- I** Faulty Service Connection
- J** Broken or Cracked Pipe



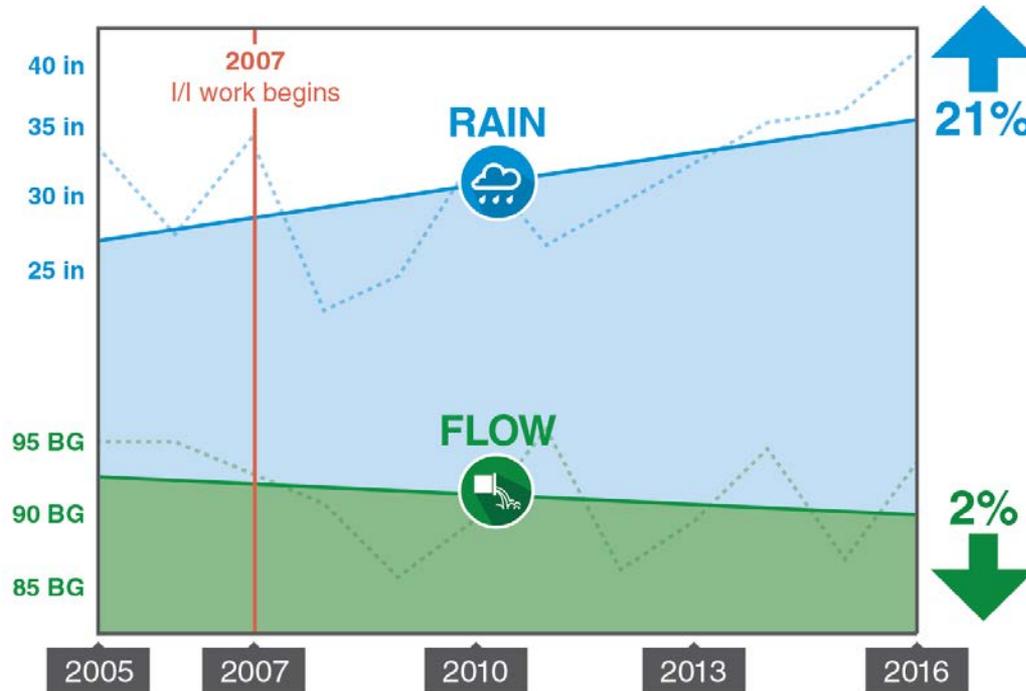
Wastewater – Inflow & Infiltration (I/I)

- Define your community's goals, policies, and strategies for preventing and reducing excessive I/I in the local municipal and private sanitary sewer systems.
- Describe the requirements and standards in your community for minimizing I/I.
- Describe the sources, extent, and significances of existing I/I in **both** the municipal and private sewer system.
- Describe the implementation plan for preventing and eliminating excessive I/I from entering **both** the municipal and private sewer system.





Regional Flow vs Rainfall



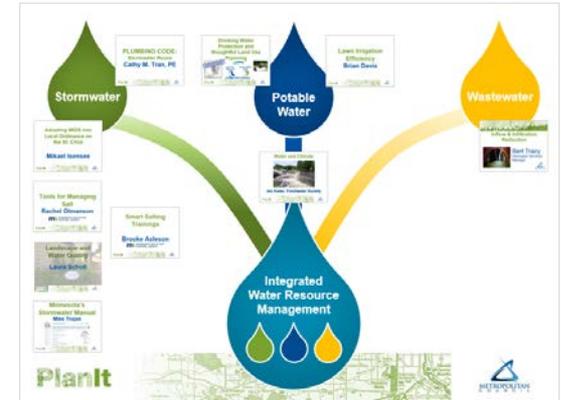
For More Information...

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Web Link

- <https://metro council.org/Handbook/Plan-Elements/Water-Resources/Wastewater.aspx>

Hand out

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Blooming Alleys for Clean Water

- **Problem:** Impaired Water Body in Urban Residential Area
- **Location:** Lake Nokomis Watershed, Minneapolis
- **Partners:** City of Minneapolis, Clean Water Fund, Minnehaha Creek Watershed District, Hennepin County, Friends of Lake Nokomis, Nokomis East Neighborhood, Master Water Stewards, and Master Gardeners
- **Outcome:** 13 Alleys, 264 stormwater BMPs = 2.3 Tons sediment, 17 lbs TP, 3.5 million gallons runoff annually





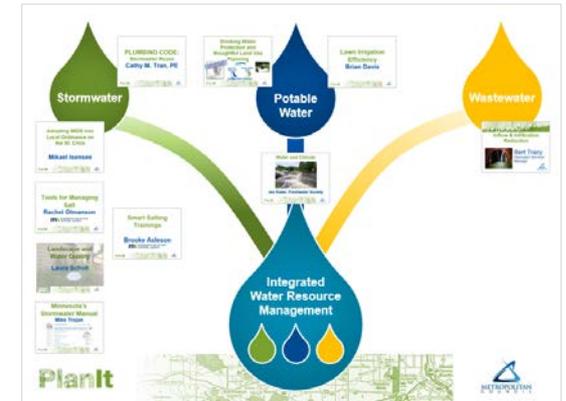
For More Information...

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Web Links

- metroblooms.org
- Bluethumb.org
- metroblooms.org/resources/publications/

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Minnesota's Stormwater Manual

Mike Trojan



Minnesota Stormwater Manual

Search Page mtrojan

MIDS calculator videos > Special:UserLogin > Main Page > MIDS calculator videos > Main Page

Information: Taking advantage of the wiki technology, we continue to update this manual as resources allow. We continue to value your input. If you have comments or suggestions on the format please send them to us using the *Help Improve this Page* box at the bottom of most pages or send an email to [Mike Trojan at the MPCA](mailto:Mike.Trojan@MPCA).



Welcome to the **Minnesota Stormwater Manual** website. This website was developed using [Mediawiki](#), a wiki application that allows for easy editing and that has powerful search abilities. See [Introduction to the wiki](#) for more information.

Introduction to the Minnesota Stormwater Manual [\[edit\]](#)

- [About the Minnesota Stormwater Manual](#)
- [Help](#)
- [Disclaimers](#)

Stormwater concepts and stormwater management [\[edit\]](#)

- [General stormwater information](#)
- [Stormwater treatment concepts: Treatment train, BMP selection](#)
- [Alleviating compaction from construction activities](#)
- [Liners for stormwater management](#)

Stormwater issues [\[edit\]](#)

- [Stormwater pollutants](#)
- [Stormwater infiltration](#)
- [Protection and restoration of receiving waters](#)
- [Minnesota specific issues: cold climate, mosquito control, road salt management, pond sediment management, and more](#)
- [Stormwater and landscape guidance for solar farms and solar projects](#)

Stormwater control practices (Best Management Practices) [\[edit\]](#)

NEW
Version 3 of the MIDS calculator is now available.

To download the calculator, [link here](#). To see changes from Version 2, [link here](#). Note that Version 3 is Windows 10 compliant and Version 2 files can be loaded into Version 3.



MIDS calculator training videos now available

NAVIGATION

- [Main page](#)
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- [What's new](#)
- [Response to comments](#)
- [Future updates](#)
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MPCA LINKS

- [MPCA Homepage](#)

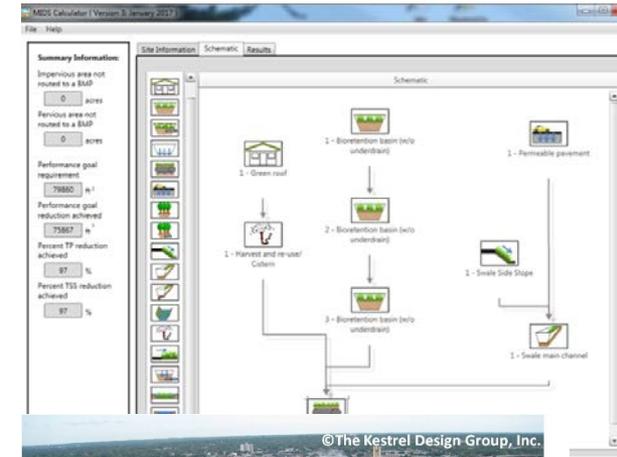


Program Goal

Program goal: Provide guidance and tools to help better manage stormwater

What does the Manual provide?

- Guidance on BMP selection
- Guidance on BMP implementation
- Calculation of pollutant loading
- Access to tools
- Links and case studies



Community Assistance Package

April 2014

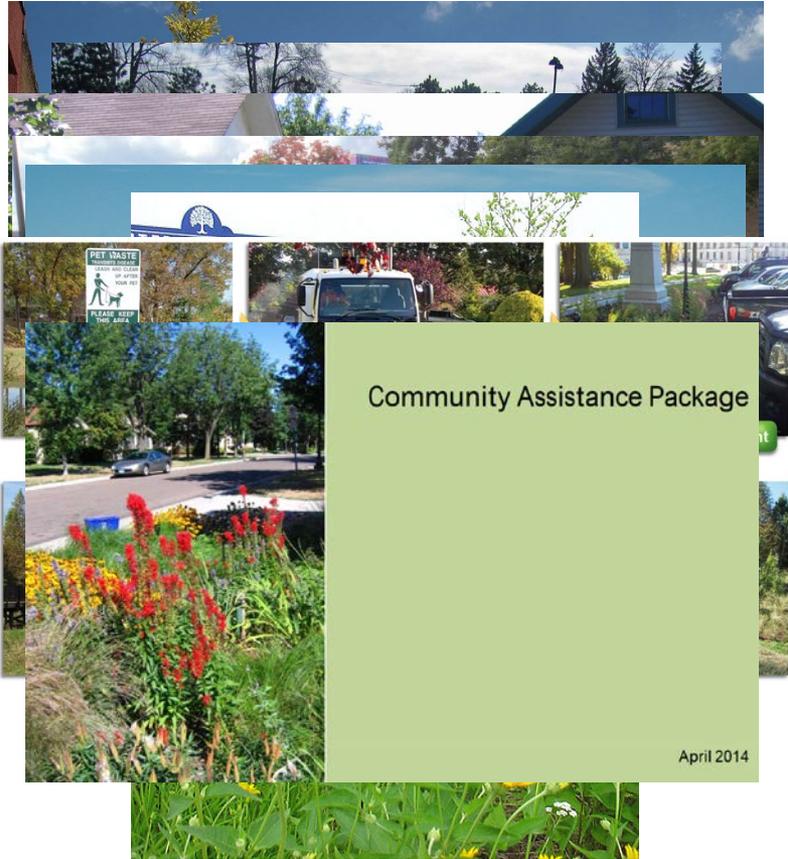
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Use of the resource

We rarely work on specific projects

- The Manual provides guidance that helps achieve good stormwater management
- 8.7 million hits on the Manual
- 2000 downloads of MIDS calculator
- About 600 attendees for 3 webinars
- Assistance requests
- Incorporation into local rules and ordinances



Community Assistance Package

April 2014

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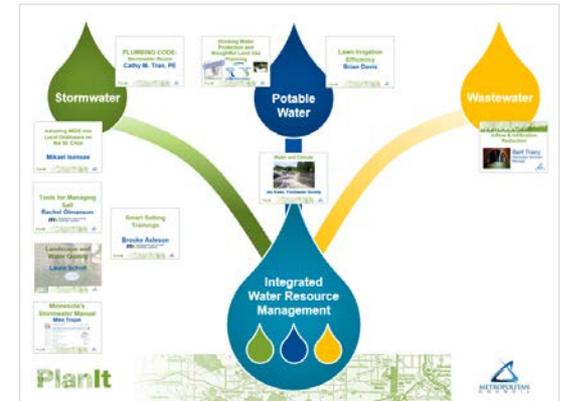
For More Information...

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Minnesota Pollution Control Agency

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651-757-2790



Web Links

- Google search “Minnesota stormwater manual”

OR

- https://stormwater.pca.state.mn.us/index.php?title=Main_Page

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Lawn Irrigation Efficiency

Brian Davis

PlanIt





Reduce Summer Water Demand

University of Minnesota Turfgrass Science Program



- We can do better!
- Watering only when needed
 - Smart controllers
 - Soil moisture sensors
- Replace broken sprinkler heads
- Healthier lawn
- Less future water infrastructure



PlanIt



Give Your Lawn a Brain

Invest in a SMART Controller



Get SMART with a Rain Sensor

A rain sensor can be added to any irrigation system. It stops it from running when it rains. In fact, it's the law. A sensor is required on any system installed in Minnesota after 2003.

Take the worry out of when to water. Whether it rains a little or a lot, a SMART controller automatically adjusts to weather and soil moisture conditions. For a couple hundred dollars, you can be water SMART!



A SMART Controller can reduce water usage by 30 to 50%.



To learn more, visit:
extension.umn.edu/turfgrass

PlanIt



Grow Easy Peasy Lawns

Try Low-Maintenance Grasses



Most Minnesota lawns are planted with Kentucky bluegrass which requires lots of water, fertilizer and mowing to look good. For a terrific looking, easy lawn, try growing fescues. Fine fescue grows slowly. Tall fescue's roots grow deep and stay green even after drought. Mow less, water less!



Kentucky bluegrass



Fine fescue

Results after 60-day drought trial

Fescue grass at Minnesota Governor's Residence, St. Paul



To learn more, visit:
extension.umn.edu/turfgrass



For More Information...

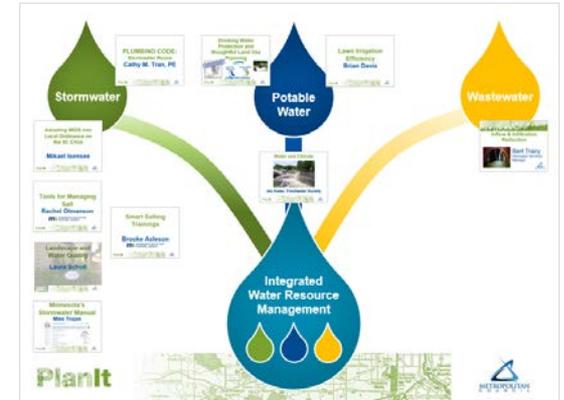
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Web Links

- <http://turf.umn.edu/>
- Twitter: @urbanturfmn
- <https://www.epa.gov/watersense>



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METROPOLITAN
COUNCIL



Smart Salting Trainings

Brooke Asleson

m MINNESOTA POLLUTION
CONTROL AGENCY

PlanIt

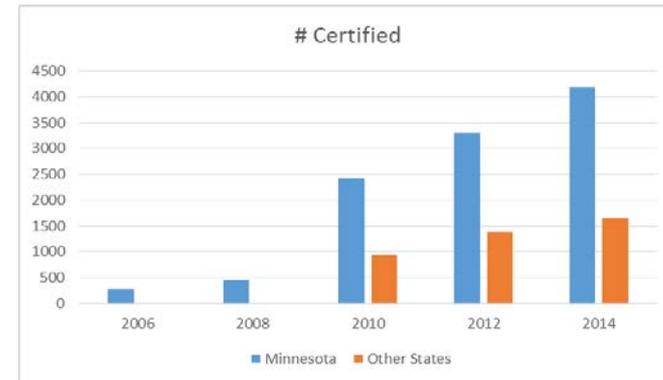


Smart Salting (S2) Training program

Program goal: Provide training, resources, and information sharing opportunities to winter maintenance professionals to reduce their salt use while maintaining public safety.

Type(s) of resource available:

- S2 Level 1: Parking Lots & Sidewalks individual certification
- S2 Level 1: Roads individual certification
- S2 Level 2: Winter Maintenance Assessment organization certification
- Winter Maintenance Assessment tool (WMA_t)



Success: City of Shoreview

The city of Shoreview has implemented and continues to implement changes to their operations to reduce their salt use. Since 2006 have achieved a **44%** reduction in salt use and in 2014 alone save **\$24,468**.

- Installed state of the art salt spreading controls, pre-wetting tanks and controls and pavement sensors
- Use calcium chloride in the pre-wetting tanks
- Annual training
- Anti-ice main roads
- Covered salt storage facility



