METRO TRANSIT PHYSICAL INVENTORY AUDITS

BRAKE SHOP EAST METRO GARAGE HEYWOOD GARAGE FAREBOX/ELECTRONIC REPAIR NORHTSTAR – BIG LAKE SYSTEM-WIDE CYCLE COUNTS

PROGRAM EVALUATION AND AUDIT



INTRODUCTION

Background

The Txbase System, implemented in 1995-96, consists of interactive computer software designed to provide an integrated inventory control, inventory management, purchase order management, materials requisition management and accounts payable matching system. Twelve stockrooms, the Central Warehouse Floor storage and the Central Warehouse Carousel use Txbase to control and account for parts and supplies used in Metro Transit operations.

To ensure timely, cost-effective maintenance for Metro Transit vehicles, many commonly used parts and equipment are stored at any one of the 12 stockrooms plus the two Central Warehouse storage facilities. On-site inventory availability is critical to the maintenance and safe operation of Metro Transit buses, trains and facilities. This presents challenges for accurate accounting for inventory and continuing control of stockrooms that are not staffed at all hours but that require access, 24 hours a day, seven days a week. When the inventory count is incorrect, the value of inventory will be misrepresented. Beyond the immediate financial implications, errors in inventory counts can generate excessive ancillary costs associated with searching for missing stock and unnecessary expediting of incoming and outgoing materials. It can also drive changes in forecasts resulting in shortages or excess and obsolete inventory. As a result, stockrooms have been viewed by Metro Transit and Program Evaluation and Audit (Audit) as relatively high risk and Audit has reviewed three to four stockrooms annually for procedural compliance, accuracy of records, and identification of possible missing items.

Stockkeepers at each stockroom are required to conduct daily inventory cycle counts Monday through Friday (Metro Transit Material Management *Policy 06.06.07, rev. 4, July 22, 2009, Cycle Counts).* A cycle count consists of a Txbase generated random selection of a predetermined number of part numbers depending upon the stockroom for which the stockkeeper physically counts the quantity and compares that to the Txbase inventory. Any part number variance of ten physical units or \$50 requires that the lead stockkeeper identify the reason for the variance.

Audit began monitoring daily stockroom inventory cycle count variance data in September 2008 as an additional method for assessing risk. Stockrooms with variance rates exceeding 10% are selected for review as are stockrooms in which significant internal control problems had been identified during prior audits. Neither of these conditions applies to any of the stockrooms selected, although the Heywood garage did record a 9% variance rate. All stockrooms were selected for review because they had last been audited in January 2010.

Scope

Audits were conducted at the Brake Shop, Heywood garage, East Metro garage, the Farebox/Electronic Repair and the Northstar-Big Lake stockrooms. Samples were drawn from all inventory items listed in Txbase as of the closing of inventory transactions on the day prior to the day the actual count was taken.

Methodology

After eliminating inventory items with zero extended cost, Audit selected a statistically significant, random sample with a 95% level of confidence and a 5% error rate plus a judgmental sample of the highest extended value items. Universe and sample stratification data based on average unit cost for the three stockrooms are included at Exhibit I. Audit physically counted the selected inventory items and compared that count to the quantity stated in Txbase. The following methods of inquiry were also used:

- Differences were noted and discussed with Material Management and Maintenance personnel.
- Findings and results were recorded and summarized.
- The implementation of prior audit recommendations was reviewed.
- Inventory Management and Bus Maintenance policies and procedures were reviewed.
- Initial daily cycle count results were monitored and analyzed.
- Independent cycle counting studies were reviewed.

Assurances

This audit was conducted in accordance with the Institute of Internal Auditors' *International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing* and the U. S. Government Accountability Office's *Government Auditing Standards*.

OBSERVATIONS

Physical inventory counts were performed at the Brake Shop and East Metro garage stockrooms on February 13, 2013, the Heywood garage and Farebox/Electronic Repair stockrooms on February 15, 2013 and at the Northstar Big Lake stockroom on February 19, 2013. Observations regarding those audits follow. Statistical data is also summarized in the exhibits listed below which are included at the end of this report.

- Exhibit I: Universe & Sample Stratification Data for the five stockrooms.
- Exhibit II: Preliminary Statistical Data Summary for the five stockrooms. This is the raw data gathered at the time of physical inventory count.
- Exhibit III: Adjusted Statistical Data Summary for the five stockrooms. This is the raw data adjusted for appropriate reconciling reasons.
- Exhibit IV: Cycle Count Summary Data
- Exhibit V: Researchable Cycle Count Judgmental Sample Reasons for Variances
- Exhibit VI: Researchable Cycle Count Judgmental Sample Results by Calendar Quarter
- Exhibit VII: Human Variance Factor Analysis
- Exhibit VIII: Variance Summary
- Exhibit IX: Comparative Prior Audit Data

Variance Factors

Based upon best practices research conducted independently by the Manager and Audit and ensuing discussions between Audit, the Manager and Metro Transit Finance management personnel, the variance factors used to evaluate inventory effectiveness and efficiency have been revised as follows:

	Previous	Revised	
Description	Factor	Factor	
Random Sample Net Variance	1.00%	0.50%	
Random Sample Absolute Variance	3.00%	1.50%	
Combined Random/Judgmental Sample Net Variance Combined Random/Judgmental Sample Absolute	1.00%	0.50%	
Variance	3.00%	1.50%	
Item # Variance	5.00%	3.00%	

Variances Exceeding the Acceptable Range

Audit initially identified variances at each of the five stockrooms under review. The Material Management Manager (Manager) reviewed the preliminary results and provided documentation explaining many individual variances. The following table identifies the five instances in which overall variances exceeded the factors stated above:

		Variance Factor	February 2013	Exceeds Ceiling
Stockroom	Variance Factor	Ceiling	Results	Ву
Brake Shop	Item # Variance	3.00%	10.69%	7.69%
Heywood Garage	Random Absolute Variance	1.50%	1.64%	0.14%
East Metro Garage	Item # Variance	3.00%	6.21%	3.21%
Farebox/Electronic Repair	Random Net Variance	0.50%	0.58%	0.08%
Farebox/Electronic Repair	Item # Variance	3.00%	6.95%	3.95%

Brake Shop

Initial review by Audit found 21 variances. After the Manager reviewed the preliminary sample results and provided documentation explaining seven variances, 14 remained. Adjusting for these items, Audit estimates a revised net overage of \$267 and absolute variance of \$2,011 from the \$190,255 total Brake Shop inventory.

The net result is an Item # Variance of 14 from the 131 items sampled. This number of variances exceeds the acceptable range by 10. See Exhibits I, II, III, VIII and IX for additional statistical information.

Compared to the April 2009 audit, each variance factor has improved substantially (Exhibit IX). The current results show moderate improvement since the 2010 audit and the item number variance continues to show substantial improvement from one audit to the next.

East Metro Garage

Initial review by Audit found 15 variances. After the Manager reviewed the preliminary sample results and provided documentation explaining four variances, 11 remained. Adjusting for these items, Audit estimates a revised net excess value of \$513 and absolute variance of \$2,827 from the \$621,343 total East Metro garage stockroom inventory.

The eleven remaining variances are five over the acceptable number. See Exhibits I, II, III, VIII and IX for additional statistical information.

The East Metro garage has made substantial improvement in all five variance factors compared to the April 2008 audit. However, compared to the most recent January 2010 audit, while two variance factors have improved, three have shown negative results (two of which remain well within the acceptable range) However, the item number variance factor which increased from 2.26% to 6.21% after having decreased from 13.14% in 2008 (see Exhibit IX for details).

Heywood Garage

Audit initially found 20 varainces. The Manager reviewed the preliminary sample results and provided documentation explaining 15 variances. Adjusting for these items, Audit estimates a revised net shortage of -\$2,427 and absolute variance of \$9,223 from the \$874,904 total Heywood garage stockroom inventory.

The net result is within an acceptable range for all but the random sample absolute variance. In addition, compared to the January 2010 audit, each variance factor has shown substantial improvement. See Exhibits I, II, III and VIII and IX for additional statistical information.

The Heywood garage has made substantial improvement in all five variance factors compared to the January 2010 audit. In particular, the item number variance decreased from 9.89% to 3.26% (see Exhibit IX for details). In 2010, none of the variances was within its acceptable range; in 2013, four of them are.

Farebox/Electronic Repair

Audit initially found 14 variances. The Manager reviewed the preliminary sample results and provided documentation explaining three variances. Adjusting for these items, Audit estimates a revised net overage of \$5,489 and absolute variance of \$13,382 from the \$1,626,909 total Farebox/Electronic Repair stockroom inventory.

The net random sample variance is .08 greater than the newly revised variance factors but would have been within range based on the previous variance factors. However, eleven item # variances remain which is six over the acceptable number. See Exhibits I, II, III, VIII and IX for additional statistical information.

The Farebox/Electronic Repair stockroom has made substantial improvement in all five variance factors compared to the April 2008 and April 2009 audits. However, compared to the most recent January 2010 audit, the opposite is true; all five variances were lower in 2010 than they are now, although three are still within the acceptable range. In particular, the item number variance increased from 2.65% (2010) to 6.92% (2013) after having decreased from 14.88% in 2008 (see Exhibit IX for details).

Northstar Facility

Audit initially found three variances. The Manager reviewed the preliminary sample results and provided documentation explaining two variances. Adjusting for these items, Audit estimates a revised net overage and absolute variance of \$178 from the \$2,474,569 total Northstar Facility stockroom inventory.

The net result is that all variance factors were within their acceptable range. See Exhibits I, II, III, VIII and IX for additional statistical information.

The results of this audit are substantially the same as those achieved during the initial review of the Northstar Facility stockroom in January 2010, an impressive result considering there have been three intervening years in which additional errors could have been incurred.

Stockroom Cycle Counting

Inventory cycle counting goals include:

- understanding the reason for errors
- correcting the processes affecting them
- eliminating the need for an annual 100% physical inventory
- efficient use of resources

Inventory items are assigned A, B or C classifications in accordance with the best business practices of The Association of Operations Management. Excluding the three highest valued items, the top 70% are classified as A items, 71% to 89% as B items, and the remaining 11% as C Items. A items are counted once every 120 days (3 times/yr), B items once every 180 days (2 times/yr) and C items once a year.

In prior years these classifications were calculated by multiplying item unit price by the total number issued throughout Metro Transit over the previous 12 months. That same practice was employed through the first eight months of 2012. However, beginning September 1, 2012, Metro Transit changed from using system-wide data to using the following inventory groups:

- Bus parts and general supplies (Warehouse, Carousel, five bus garage, Brake Shop, Body Shop and Unit Overhaul stockrooms)
- Electronic/farebox supplies
- Light rail vehicles and rail system supplies (LRT Facility and Rail Support Facility stockrooms)
- Northstar supplies

Standard cycle counts were then calculated for each individual stockroom, the central warehouse and the central warehouse carousel operation (see Exhibit IV). Prior to September 1, 2012, the standard cycle count (standard number) for the five garages, the Rail Support Facility and the LRT Facility was 40, for the Central Warehouse and Carousel combined it was 80 and for the five specialty stockrooms it was 25.

Taken together, the Central Warehouse Floor storage and the Carousel is the only facility in which all items needed at more than one stockroom can be found. The number of items stocked in each stockroom affects the number of items Txbase chooses for counting each day.

The number of inventory items stocked in each of the stockrooms under review is as follows (as a reference, the combined Central Warehouse facilities stock 15,051 items):

	Total Inventory Items
Brake Shop	1,566
Heywood Garage	5,867
East Metro Garage	5,263
Northstar – Big Lake	2,689
Farebox/Electronic Repair	2,808
	Brake Shop Heywood Garage East Metro Garage Northstar – Big Lake Farebox/Electronic Repair

Audit has monitored daily cycle count reports from each stockroom since 2009. Comparing the number of items in which variances occurred to the number of items counted yields a variance rate. Since 2009, rail and specialty stockroom cycle counts have resulted in lower variance rates than garage stockrooms. For 2012 those variance rates are 1.21%, 2.79% and 6.34%, respectively (see below and Exhibit IV for additional detail).

Stockroom						Change	Change
Type	2009	2010	2011	2012	Average	11-'12	09-'12
Garage	7.61%	5.52%	6.14%	6.34%	6.40%	-0.20%	1.27%
Rail	3.67%	3.35%	1.61%	1.21%	2.46%	0.40%	2.46%
Specialty	3.78%	1.80%	3.70%	2.79%	3.02%	0.91%	0.99%
Overall	5.98%	4.23%	4.54%	4.18%	4.73%	0.36%	1.80%

The actual individual stockroom 2012 variance rates ranged from 0.21% for the Farebox/Electronic Repair stockroom to 9.56% for the Heywood garage stockroom. Audit recommends that such variances be less than 3.0%. Six stockrooms achieved this goal. The remaining seven stockrooms fell between 4.28% and 9.56%.

As a total, stockroom variances have improved since 2009, declining by 1.80 percentage points. Most of that improvement was made between 2009 and 2010 when the overall variance rate declined by 1.75 percentage points. Since 2010, only the rail stockrooms have improved; both the garage and the specialty stockrooms have shown increasing cycle count variances. The most significant decline has been at the East Metro garage (8.70 percentage points – Exhibit IV). Most of this improvement was between 2009 and 2010. Although variances have decreased by 2.56 percentage points since 2010, they have actually risen between 2011 and 2012.

Variance rates increased significantly at the Heywood garage (6.16 percentage points) and the Brake Shop (4.38 percentage points) stockrooms. Both stockrooms incurred significant increases (5.00 and 4.27 percentage points, respectively) between 2010 and 2011 and again (1.55 and 2.99 percentage points, respectively) between 2011 and 2012. Internal controls were improved at the Brake Shop during 2009 by placing parts that had previously been located in open maintenance work areas into a secured stockroom. As a result, the Brake Shop variance rate dropped from 24.26% (2008) to 3.86% (2009) to 0.98% (2010). However, since 2010 the Brake Shop cycle count variance has climbed to 8.24%. Likewise, from a low of 3.01% in 2010, the Heywood garage cycle count variance has risen to 9.56% in 2012.

Metro Transit Material Management *Policy 06.06.07, rev. 4, July 22, 2009, Cycle Counts,* states that "the lead stockkeeper of each stockroom will research each discrepancy where the absolute variance is greater than \$50 or the physical count is incorrect by ten or more items."

Such variances are identified electronically and a standard form is prepared for their review. As a way to clarify and systemize reasons for variances, an additional form was introduced in 2011 by the Manager providing a step by step guide to the review process. When a stockkeeper completes the research, the results are electronically placed in a shared location for management review.

Considering only those variances that exceeded \$50, Audit identified 276 for calendar year 2012, a significant reduction from the prior three year totals of 526 (annualized), 420 and 425 (see Exhibit VII). Audit reviewed a judgmental sample of 189 from those 276 variances. The following six reasons for variances were identified.

Miscounting during the cycle count	55	29.10%
Reason for variance not known	35	18.52%
Finding the item in an incorrect location	35	18.52%
Transaction not recorded when taken from or returned to stock	31	16.40%
Correction of past error	12	6.35%
Miscellaneous	21	11.11%
Total	189	100.00%

Stockkeeper miscounting (55 instances in which the item was miscounted that day and an additional 12 instances in which a previous cycle count error was corrected) was the most common reason (67 instances – 35%) for variances. Tied for second at 35 instances (19%) each were finding the item in an incorrect location and "reason unknown." Obtaining parts from the stockroom without charging them to a work order and returning parts to the stockroom without adding them back into inventory (31 instances – 16%) was the fourth most common reason given by stockkeepers for cycle count variances.

While decreasing from 27% to 19%, over the past four years, "unknown reason" is the most common reason for a cycle count variance, accounting for 193 (24%) of the 797 sampled variances over the four year period 2009 – 2012 (*Exhibit VII*). Audit also determined that 65% of all variances for that same period were the result of correctable errors (correction of previous error, incorrect counting, not charged out of or brought back into inventory, and found in a different location). Due to a significant increase in the number of initial counting errors from 34 to 55, this percentage has jumped from 64% in 2011 to 70% in 2012, offsetting the substantial reduction in "unknown reason" variances (*Exhibit VII*). Correction of previous errors and counting inventory incorrectly fall within the stockkeeper's realm of control while charging inventory out and bringing it back into inventory and finding inventory in different locations involves the interaction of Maintenance as well as Materials Management personnel.

CONCLUSIONS

1. Brake Shop – Internal controls are adequate to ensure safeguarding of assets. However, adherence to established controls can be strengthened to assure accurate inventory counts are recorded.

Four of the five variance indicators tracked by Audit are within prescribed ranges, three of which improved over the results from the most recent January 2010 audit. However, the number of inventory items for which variances appeared exceeded the prescribed limit by 10 (14 vs. 4). These results show moderate improvement since the 2010 audit, and even though it remains high (10.69%), the item number variance continues to improve from one audit to the next.

2. East Metro Garage – Internal controls are adequate to ensure safeguarding of assets. However, adherence to established controls can be strengthened to assure accurate inventory counts are recorded.

Four of the five variance indicators tracked by Audit are within prescribed ranges, two of which improved over the results from the most recent January 2010 audit; two of which did not. In addition, the item number variance exceeded the 3.0% rate by five (11 vs. 6), increasing from 2.26% in 2010 to 6.21% in 2013 after having decreased from 13.14% in 2008. Compared to the April 2008 results, the East Metro garage has made substantial improvement in all five variances.

3. Heywood Garage – Internal controls are adequate to ensure safeguarding of assets. However, adherence to established controls can be strengthened to assure accurate inventory counts are recorded.

Four of the five variance indicators tracked by Audit are within prescribed ranges, and all of the variances improved over the results from the January 2010 audit. The only variance exceeding the prescribed limit was the random sample absolute variance which missed meeting its ceiling by 0.14 percentage points. Although it met the 3.0% item number variance limit, a substantial number of item number variances (21) were identified in the initial counts prior to adjustments for those items that were either located or Txbase was properly adjusted.

4. Farebox/Electronic Repair – Adherence to established internal controls can be strengthened to ensure the safeguarding of assets and the accurate recording of inventory.

The current results show substantial improvement over the audits conducted in 2008 and 2009. However, two of the five variance factors fell outside their acceptable limits, one by only 0.08%. Compared to the 2010 audit results, in which all variances were within acceptable limits, the current results are challenging. Since 2010, each variance has increased (although three remain in the acceptable range), with the item number variance increasing from 2.65% in 2010 to 6.92% in 2013 after having previously decreased from 14.88% in 2008.

5. Northstar Facility – Internal controls are adequate to ensure accurate inventory reporting and proper safeguarding of assets.

The five variance indicators tracked by Audit came well within their acceptable ranges and very similar to those achieved during the initial audit which occurred a few months after revenue service began. To achieve the same level of accuracy and accountability after three years of service is commendable.

- 6. System Wide Cycle Counting: Daily cycle counting is an internal control established to ensure accurate inventory reporting and safeguarding of assets. The following actions are needed to strengthen this control:
 - More attention to obtaining accurate information while conducting cycle counts.
 - Additional variance research diligence.
 - Greater adherence to standard operating procedures by stockroom, Bus Maintenance and Farebox Repair personnel.

Variances can be attributable to:

- stockkeeper inattention during the initial cycle counting process (miscounted, correction of past error – 35.45% in 2012),
- possible stockkeeper and/or Bus Maintenance and Farebox Repair personnel inattention to standard operating procedures (not recording the transaction when taken from or returned to stock, items found in incorrect locations – 35.12% in 2012), and
- unknown reasons, which decreased to 19% in 2012, after three years at about 26%.

Overall, internal controls have decreased in effectiveness for initial counting variances due to personnel inattention to cycle counting processes and standard operating procedures. The total variance for those types of variances has increased from 34 in 2011 to 55 in 2012, offsetting the substantial reduction in "unknown reason" variances.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Program Evaluation and Audit recommendations are categorized according to the level of risk they pose for the Council. The categories are:

- Essential Steps must be taken to avoid the emergence of critical risks to the Council
 or to add great value to the Council and its programs. Essential recommendations are
 tracked through the Audit Database and status is reported twice annually to the
 Council's Audit Committee.
- **Significant** Adds value to programs or initiatives of the Council, but is not necessary to avoid major control risks or other critical risk exposures. Significant recommendations are also tracked with status reports to the Council's Audit Committee.
- **Considerations** Recommendation would be beneficial, but may be subject to being set aside in favor of higher priority activities for the Council, or may require collaboration with another program area or division. Considerations are not tracked or reported. Their implementation is solely at the hands of management.
- Verbal Recommendation An issue was found that bears mentioning, but is not sufficient to constitute a control risk or other repercussions to warrant inclusion in the written report. Verbal recommendations are documented in the file, but are not tracked or reported regularly.

Stockroom Inventory Management

- 1. (Significant) Metro Transit should:
 - Ensure that employees adhere to current policies and
 - Provide periodic training to Material Management, Bus Maintenance and Farebox Repair personnel to increase awareness and adherence to those controls.

The Northstar Facility is the only stockroom that maintained a consistent and acceptable level of both preliminary and adjusted item number variance accuracy of the five stockrooms audited. Audit results indicate improvement soon after new controls had been put in place. However, the initial improvement waned as time passed resulting in the five variances outside of the acceptable ranges.

Reducing the types of errors listed under *Stockroom Cycle Counting*, should have a positive influence on reducing all variances. Variance rates can be reduced to acceptable levels by adhering to current procedures and providing employees periodic training on all inventory controls. Recording accurate inventory quantities allows Metro Transit to manage inventory in an effective and efficient manner.

Ensuring that employees adhere to current policies is a repeat recommendation from the 2012 Metro Transit Physical Inventory Audits report. Material Management, Bus Maintenance,

Farebox Repair and Metro Transit management personnel are encouraged to find a solution to the rising inventory variances, particularly the item number variance.

Management Response: Every day, the Material Manager and Supervisors provide coaching, training and (if necessary) discipline to ensure that employees adhere to current policies. Management will also conduct formal semi-annual training on inventory control, emphasizing customer service, material management procedures and policies, as well as cycle count processes.

Management will continue to pursue practices that improve and complement the current internal controls. Sources for such practices include other transit agencies, The Association of Operations Management (APICS) and private industry networks of professional material managers and planners.

Staff Responsible: Manager, Material Management; Supervisor/Material Planner – Bus and Supervisor/Material Planner - Rail

Timetable: Began April 2013 and continuous thereafter.

System-Wide Cycle Counting

2. (Significant) Metro Transit should:

- Ensure that employees adhere to current procedures.
- Review practices and implement complementary processes where applicable, and
- Conduct periodic training on all controls to all applicable Material Management personnel.

Cycle counting is an important control. In 2009, stockkeeper variance research was added. Variances declined with both of these controls as seen by the results of annual inventory audits conducted by Audit. However, cycle count variances attributable to stockkeepers initially recording an incorrect count have increased from 34 in 2011 to 55 in 2012. In addition, "reason unknown" variances, although decreasing significantly from the previous two years (49% in 2012), have accounted for the greatest number of variances since 2009.

Metro Transit needs to continue to reduce the number of "unknown reason" variances while reversing the upward swing in initial counting errors. Implementing new controls, greater adherence by stockroom, Bus Maintenance and Farebox Repair personnel to current procedures, more care in initially recording transactions and periodic employee training can lead to increased effectiveness of the cycle counting process and greater accuracy of recorded inventory.

Management Response: Management agrees that cycle counting is an important control. Management also agrees that the significant increase in cycle counting errors that were due to stockkeepers counting the item incorrectly needs to be addressed and fixed. Management will publish and review with personnel the "counted incorrectly" metric. When necessary, additional training will be provided to ensure counting is done accurately.

Management will continue to pursue practices that improve and complement the current internal controls. Sources for such practices include other transit agencies, The Association of Operations Management (APICS) and private industry networks of professional material managers and planners. For example, one practice presented to Metro Transit via APICS is the concept of cycle counting the same items every day for a couple of months. This will allow Metro Transit to more easily identify trends in errors and thereby improve inventory control practices, which will increase cycle count accuracy.

Management will identify the most common items that have inventory adjustments and begin a process of counting those items every day for two months. That data will then be analyzed in an attempt to identify the root causes for their adjustments.

Staff Responsible: Manager, Material Management and Inventory Control Analyst

Timetable: Counted incorrectly metric tracking and training will begin in July 2013

Cycle counting process changes will begin August 2013

Exhibit I: Universe and Sample Stratification Data

Brake Shop (February 13, 2013)

Average Extended Cost	Size of Universe	Size of Sample	Value of <u>Universe</u>	Value of Sample
\$0 to \$350	1,280	69	\$59,612	\$2,527
\$351 to \$1,200	86	39	52,210	23,281
\$1,201 to \$4,000	<u>27</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>57,351</u>	42,568
Sub-Total	1,393	128	\$169,173	\$68,376
100% Judgmental Sample				
\$4,001 and above	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>	21,082	21,082
Total	1,396	131	\$190,255	\$89,458

East Metro Garage (February 13, 2013)

Average Extended Cost	Size of Universe	Size of Sample	Value of <u>Universe</u>	Value of Sample
\$0 to \$250	3,762	72	\$151,256	\$2,575
\$251 to \$900	346	60	152,610	26,757
\$901 to \$5,000	<u>86</u>	39	143,680	61,990
Sub-Total	4,194	171	\$447,546	\$91,322
100% Judgmental Sample				
\$5,001 and above	<u>6</u>	<u>6</u>	173,797	173,797
Total	4,200	177	\$621,343	\$265,119

Heywood Garage (February 15, 2013)

Average Extended Cost	Size of Universe	Size of Sample	Value of <u>Universe</u>	Value of Sample
\$0 to \$250	4,383	72	\$191,351	\$3,961
\$251 to \$900	411	62	182,026	26,809
\$901 to \$5,000	<u>109</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>189,055</u>	<u>85,524</u>
Sub-Total	4,903	178	\$562,432	\$116,294
100% Judgmental Sample				
\$5,001 and above	<u>6</u>	<u>6</u>	312,472	312,472
Total	4,909	184	\$874,904	\$428,766

Exhibit I: Universe and Sample Stratification Data

Farebox/Electronic Repair (February 15, 2013)

Average Extended Cost	Size of <u>Universe</u>	Size of Sample	Value of <u>Universe</u>	Value of Sample
\$0 to \$1,300	2,325	71	\$320,490	\$10,640
\$1,301 to \$4,000	133	47	306,577	98,880
\$4,001 to 17,000	38	<u>25</u>	324,401	239,783
Sub-Total	2,496	143	\$951,468	\$349,303
100% Judgmental Sample				
\$17,001 and above	<u>16</u>	<u>16</u>	675,441	675,441
Total	2,512	159	\$1,626,909	\$1,024,744

Northstar – Big Lake (February 19, 2013)

Average Extended Cost	Size of <u>Universe</u>	Size of Sample	Value of <u>Universe</u>	Value of <u>Sample</u>
\$0 to \$2,500	2,374	71	\$595,362	\$19,706
\$2,501 to \$10,000	132	47	638,720	215,126
\$10,001 to 30,000	<u>36</u>	<u>24</u>	626,840	423,577
Sub-Total	2,542	142	\$1,860,922	\$658,409
100% Judgmental Sample				
\$30,001 and above	<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>	613,647	613,647
Total	2,552	152	\$2,474,569	\$1,272,056

Exhibit II: Preliminary Statistical Data Summary

Random Sample	Brake Shop	East Metro Garage	Heywood Garage	Farebox/ Electronic Repair	Northstar Facility
Shortages	11	9	9	4	1
Overages	9	5	10	10	2
Value of Sample Shortages	(644)	(239)	(679)	(239)	(112)
Value of Sample Overages	781	51	1,061	4,654	433
Net Sample Variance Value	137	(188)	382	4,415	321
Sampled Inventory Shortage %	-0.94%	-0.26%		•	-0.02%
Sampled Inventory Overage %	1.14%	0.06%	0.91%	1.33%	0.07%
Sampled Inventory Overage 70	1.1470	0.0070	0.9170	1.55 /0	0.07 /0
Total Random Sample Inventory					
Value of Estimated Shortages	(2,418)	(1,806)		(3,947)	(166)
Value of Estimated Overages	2,338	3,002	18,196	13,212	730
Net Projected Variance	(80)	1,196	8,899	9,265	564
Net Projected Variance%	-0.05%	0.27%	1.58%	0.97%	0.03%
Absolute Variance	4,756	4,808	27,490	17,159	896
Absolute Variance %	2.81%	1.07%	4.89%	1.80%	0.05%
Judgmental Sample					
Shortages	1	1	2	0	0
Overages	0	0	0	0	0
Value of Sample Shortages	(137)	(26,659)	(12,318)	0	0
Value of Sample Overages	0	0	0	0	0
Random & Judgmental Combined					
Value of Estimated Shortages	(2,555)	(28,465)	(21,613)	(3,947)	(166)
Value of Estimated Overages	2,338	3,002	18,196	13,212	730
Net Projected Variance	(217)	(25,463)	(3,417)	9,265	564
Net Projected Variance %	-0.11%	-4.10%	-0.39%	0.57%	0.02%
Absolute Variance	4,893	31,467	39,808	17,159	896
Absolute Variance %	2.57%	5.06%	4.55%	1.05%	0.04%
Total Variance Items	21	15	21	14	3
Variant Item Number Ratio	15.27%	8.47%	11.41%	8.81%	1.97%
Acceptable # of Variance Items	4	6	6	5	5
Acceptable Variant Item Ratio	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%

Exhibit III: Adjusted Statistical Data Summary

Random Sample	Brake Shop	East Metro Garage	Heywood Garage	Farebox/ Electronic Repair	Norstar Facility
Shortages	7	7	3	4	0
Overages	6	4	3	7	1
Value of Sample Shortages	(154)	(192)	(183)	(239)	0
Value of Sample Overages	235	28	161	4,435	60
Net Sample Variance Value	81	(164)	(22)	4,196	60
Sampled Inventory Shortage %	-0.22%	-0.21%	-0.16%	-0.07%	0.00%
Sampled Inventory Overage %	0.34%	0.03%	0.14%	1.27%	0.01%
Total Random Sample Inventory					
Value of Estimated Shortages	(735)	(1,157)	(5,825)	(3,947)	0
Value of Estimated Overages	1,139	1,670	3,398	9,435	178
Net Projected Variance	403	513	(2,427)	5,489	178
Net Projected Variance%	0.24%	0.11%	-0.43%	0.58%	0.01%
Absolute Variance	1,874	2,827	9,223	13,382	178
Absolute Variance %	1.11%	0.63%	1.64%	1.41%	0.01%
Judgmental Sample					
Shortages	1	0	0	0	0
Overages	0	0	0	0	0
Value of Sample Shortages	(137)	0	0	0	0
Value of Sample Overages	0	0	0	0	0
Random & Judgmental Combined					
Value of Estimated Shortages	(872)	(1,157)	(5,825)	(3,947)	0
Value of Estimated Overages	1,139	1,670	3,398	9,435	178
Net Projected Variance	267	513	(2,427)	5,489	178
Net Projected Variance %	0.14%	0.08%	-0.28%	0.34%	0.01%
Absolute Variance	2,011	2,827	9,223	13,382	178
Absolute Variance %	1.06%	0.46%	1.05%	0.82%	0.01%
Total Variance Items	14	11	6	11	1
Variant Item Number Ratio	10.69%	6.21%	3.26%	6.92%	0.66%
Acceptable # of Variance Items	4	6	6	5	5
Acceptable Variant Item Ratio	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%

Exhibit IV: Cycle Count Summary Data

January 1 - December 31, 2012

		Before	After]					
	Cycle	9/1/12	9/1/12	Days	Days	0/ N-	0/ 04-1	A = 1 = 1 - #	\/:		0044	0040	0000	11-'12	09-'12	
	Count	Std.	Std. #	Std. #	No	% No	% Std	Actual #		ances	2011	2010	2009	% Point	% Point	
Stockroom	Days	#	Note 3	Count	Var.	Var.	Counted	Selected	#	Rate	Var.	Var.	Var.	Delta	Change	Note
Ruter	252	40	24	115	105	25.59%	55.51%	6,025	460	7.63%	9.26%	8.43%	8.24%	1.63%	0.61%	
East Metro	247	40	22	123	163	57.20%	36.00%	5,502	251	4.56%	4.26%	7.12%	13.34%	-0.30%	8.78%	
South	253	40	23	125	124	61.42%	44.09%	5,710	286	5.01%	3.72%	3.86%	6.67%	-1.29%	1.66%	
Nicollet	237	40	21	92	177	65.53%	36.17%	4,740	203	4.28%	4.68%	5.40%	7.63%	0.40%	3.35%	
Heywood	251	40	25	125	75	45.24%	33.73%	6,015	575	9.56%	8.01%	3.01%	3.40%	-1.55%	-6.16%	
Garage Total	1,240			580	644	50.76%	41.20%	27,992	1,775	6.34%	6.14%	5.52%	7.61%	-0.20%	1.27%	•
LRT Facility	255	40	23	91	204	83.00%	24.51%	5,856	105	1.79%	1.26%	1.73%	4.73%	-0.53%	2.94%	
Northstar	239	25	12	95	237	88.09%	17.87%	2,881	7	0.24%	1.67%	2.06%	0.52%	1.43%	0.28%	
Rail Support Facility	108	40	8	55	99	55.00%	75.00%	1,069	7	0.65%	2.78%	N/A	N/A	2.13%	N/A	2
Rail Total	602	=		241	540	83.14%	25.38%	9,806	119	1.21%	1.61%	3.35%	3.67%	0.40%	2.46%	•
Central Warehouse	260	80	63	67	148	26.15%	14.62%	12,346	261	2.11%	4.00%	3.78%	3.55%	1.89%	1.44%	4
Body Shop	204	25	8	83	182	88.79%	14.95%	1,858	32	1.72%	1.70%	0.88%	2.23%	-0.02%	0.51%	
Elec/Fare Repair	193	25	14	78	188	75.96%	23.08%	2,902	6	0.21%	2.71%	4.59%	3.16%	2.50%	2.95%	
Brake Shop	204	25	8	60	132	80.45%	13.41%	1,614	133	8.24%	5.25%	0.98%	3.86%	-2.99%	-4.38%	
Unit Overhaul	224	25	15	122	129	63.03%	45.50%	3,677	192	5.22%	3.80%	3.24%	5.26%	-1.42%	0.04%	
Specialty Total	1,085	_		410	779	64.65%	22.20%	22,397	624	2.79%	3.70%	1.80%	3.78%	0.91%	0.99%	-
All Stock Areas	2,927			1,231	1,963	62.00%	31.11%	60,195	2,518	4.18%	4.54%	4.23%	5.98%	0.36%	1.80%	

- **Note:** 1. Large and bolded numbers are used in the report narrative.
 - 2. The Rail Support Facility began service in October 2011. Therefore, it was not included in prior audits.
 - 3. The Standard number was changed on September 1, 2012 for every stockroom to more accurately reflect individual stockroom activity.
 - 4. With the change in standard numbers, the Central Warehouse was divided into two areas, the warehouse floor and the carousel; the floor having a standard number of 37 and the carousel of 26. For this report, they are combined.

Exhibit V: Researchable Cycle Count Judgmental Sample - Reasons for Variances

Judgmental Sample - Reason For Variance

	[i		Reason	Not	Error	Found in	Found at		Correct	No]	
	# of	Variance	Value	Not	Charged	in	Different	Different		Prior	Re-	
Stockroom	Var.	Total	Av.	Known	Out/In	Count	Location	Site	Misc.	Error	search	Total
1 - Fare/Elec Repair	1	(52)	(52)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
2 - Brake Shop	5	(19,802)	(3,960)	0	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	5
3 - Unit Overhaul	8	(583)	(73)	0	1	1	2	0	4	0	0	8
4 - Ruter Garage	32	1,655	52	0	9	7	2	1	2	1	0	22
5 - East Metro	39	239	6	7	5	6	4	0	1	4	0	27
6 - South Garage	14	(350)	(25)	4	1	4	1	0	0	1	0	11
7 - Nicollet Garage	14	(2,529)	(181)	1	2	1	4	0	0	1	2	11
8 - Heywood Garage	37	2,710	73	4	6	12	1	0	3	0	0	26
9 - LRT Facility	21	7,946	378	4	2	4	3	0	3	0	0	16
10 - Cntrl Warehouse	100	(18,037)	(180)	15	1	18	12	3	3	5	1	58
11 - Body Shop	2	111	56	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
12 - Northstar	1	(62)	(62)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
13 - Rail Support Fac	2	2,125	(96)	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
	276	(26,629)	(96)	35	31	55	31	4	18	12	3	189

Note: Bolded numbers indicate the greatest # of variances for each category relative to the total # of variances at that stockroom.

Exhibit VI: Researchable Cycle Count Judgmental Sample - Results by Calendar Quarter

	January - March 2012			April - June 2012			July - September 2012				Oct - Dec 2	012	Total		
	# of	Variance \	Value	# of	# of Variance Value		# of	Variance Value		# of	Variance Value		# of Variance Valu		√alue
Stockroom	Var.	Total	Av.	Var.	Total	Av.	Var.	Total	Av.	Var.	Total	Av.	Var.	Total	Av.
1 - Fare/Elec Repair	1	(52)	(52)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	(52)	(52)
2 - Brake Shop	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	(7)	(4)	3	(19,795)	(6,598)	5	(19,802)	(3,960)
3 - Unit Overhaul	3	(567)	(189)	1	(54)	(54)	3	(129)	(43)	1	167	167	8	(583)	(73)
4 - Ruter Garage	15	891	59	4	370	93	5	(87)	(17)	8	481	60	32	1,655	52
5 - East Metro	13	200	15	5	(281)	(56)	16	510	32	5	(190)	(38)	39	239	6
6 - South Garage	3	80	27	1	(384)	(384)	7	1,069	153	3	(1,115)	(372)	14	(350)	(25)
7 - Nicollet Garage	10	(2,566)	(257)	1	(170)	(170)	0	0	0	3	207	69	14	(2,529)	(181)
8 - Heywood Garage	21	2,381	113	5	(905)	(181)	5	718	144	6	516	86	37	2,710	73
9 - LRT Facility	4	2,512	628	8	(3,863)	(483)	7	7,834	1,119	2	1,463	732	21	7,946	378
10 - Cntrl Warehouse	41	(13,488)	(329)	22	(9,889)	(450)	20	(851)	(43)	17	6,191	364	100	(18,037)	(180)
11 - Body Shop	0	0	0	1	(75)	(75)	0	0	0	1	186	186	2	111	56
12 - Northstar	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	(62)	(62)	0	0	0	1	(62)	(62)
13 - Rail Support Fac	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2,125	1,063	0	0	0	2	2,125	1,063
Total	111	(10,609)	(96)	48	(15,251)	(318)	68	11,120	\$164	49	(11,889)	(\$243)	276	(26,629)	(96)

Exhibit VII: Human Variance Factor Analysis

_	2009	2010	2011	2012	Total	%
Unknown Reason	31	59	68	35	193	24.22%
Not charged out/Brought into Inventory	24	58	58	31	171	21.46%
Counted Incorrectly	18	28	34	55	135	16.94%
Found in Diff Location	14	28	30	31	103	12.92%
Correction of previous error	2	28	35	12	77	9.66%
Exception Report not posted by admin	0	7	16	2	25	3.14%
Miskeyed Entry & Misc	4	1	5	15	25	3.14%
Item was not researched by stockkeeper	10	7	1	2	20	2.51%
Found at Diff Garage	2	5	9	4	20	2.51%
Used wrong measurement when counting	3	3	4	2	12	1.51%
Duplicate Stock Location	4	5	2	0	11	1.38%
Cannibalized Part	3	2	0	0	5	0.63%
Total Judgmental Sample _	115	231	262	189	797	100.00%
Total Population	263	420	425	276	1,384	
Unknown Reason	26.96%	25.54%	25.95%	18.52%	24.22%	
_						
Correct Previous Error	1.74%	12.12%	13.36%	6.35%	9.66%	
Counted Incorrectly	15.65%	12.12%	12.98%	29.10%	16.94%	
Not Charged Out/ Brought Into Inventory	20.87%	25.11%	22.14%	16.40%	21.46%	
Found in Different Location	17.39%	16.45%	15.65%	18.52%	16.81%	
	55.65%	65.80%	64.12%	70.37%	64.87%	

Note: Audit began tracking this cycle counting in July 2009. Therefore, 2009 data is for 6 months.

Exhibit VIII: Variance Summary

-	Variance Ceiling	Brake Shop	East Metro Garage	Hey- wood Garage	Farebox/ Electroni c Repair	Northstar Facility
Variant Item Number Ratio	3.00%	10.69%	6.21%	3.26%	6.92%	0.66%
Random Sample Net Variance	0.50%	0.24%	0.11%	-0.43%	0.58%	0.01%
Random Sample Absolute Variance	1.50%	1.11%	0.63%	1.67%	1.41%	0.01%
Random & Judgmental Combined Net Variance	0.50%	0.14%	0.08%	-0.28%	0.34%	0.01%
Random & Judgmental Combined Absolute Variance	1.50%	1.06%	0.46%	1.05%	0.82%	0.01%

Note: Bolded items indicate variances meeting the Audit goal.

Exhibit IX: Comparative Prior Audit Data

	Audit	Audited A	Actual			Absolute	
	Goal	April	April	Jan.	Feb.	% Point	%
Brake Shop	(+ or -)	2008	2009	2010	2013	Change	Change
Random Net Variance	0.50%	N/A	-14.19%	-0.23%	0.24%	13.95%	98.31%
Random Absolute Variance	1.50%	N/A	33.90%	1.64%	1.11%	32.79%	96.73%
Combined Random/Judgmental Net Variance	0.50%	N/A	-19.61%	-0.21%	0.14%	19.47%	99.29%
Combined Random/Judgmental Absolute Var.	1.50%	N/A	35.54%	1.46%	1.06%	34.48%	97.02%
Item # Variance	3.00%	N/A	29.03%	16.67%	10.69%	18.34%	63.18%
Heywood Garage							
Random Net Variance	0.50%	N/A	N/A	2.76%	-0.43%	2.33%	84.42%
Random Absolute Variance	1.50%	N/A	N/A	3.52%	1.64%	1.88%	53.41%
Combined Random/Judgmental Net Variance	0.50%	N/A	N/A	2.21%	-0.28%	1.93%	87.33%
Combined Random/Judgmental Absolute Var.	1.50%	N/A	N/A	3.14%	1.05%	2.09%	66.56%
Item # Variance	3.00%	N/A	N/A	9.89%	3.26%	6.63%	67.04%
East Metro Garage							
Random Net Variance	0.50%	1.36%	1.31%	0.19%	0.11%	1.25%	91.91%
Random Absolute Variance	1.50%	8.74%	1.82%	0.22%	0.63%	8.11%	92.79%
Combined Random/Judgmental Net Variance	0.50%	1.13%	0.99%	0.15%	0.08%	1.05%	92.92%
Combined Random/Judgmental Absolute Var.	1.50%	2.33%	1.98%	0.18%	0.46%	1.87%	80.26%
Item # Variance	3.00%	13.14%	13.19%	2.26%	6.21%	6.93%	52.74%
Farebox/Electronic Repair							
Random Net Variance	0.50%	-0.89%	-2.11%	0.09%	0.58%	0.31%	34.83%
Random Absolute Variance	1.50%	2.17%	2.68%	0.11%	1.41%	0.76%	35.02%
Combined Random/Judgmental Net Variance	0.50%	1.51%	-0.82%	0.06%	0.34%	1.17%	77.48%
Combined Random/Judgmental Absolute Var.	1.50%	2.33%	1.98%	0.07%	0.82%	1.51%	64.81%
Item # Variance	3.00%	14.88%	8.63%	2.65%	6.92%	7.93%	53.29%
Northstar							
Random Net Variance	0.50%	N/A	N/A	0.003%	0.01%	-0.007%	Note 2
Random Absolute Variance	1.50%	N/A	N/A	0.003%	0.01%	-0.007%	Note 2
Combined Random/Judgmental Net Variance	0.50%	N/A	N/A	0.002%	0.01%	-0.008%	Note 2
Combined Random/Judgmental Absolute Var.	1.50%	N/A	N/A	0.002%	0.01%	-0.008%	Note 2
Item # Variance	3.00%	N/A	N/A	0.78%	0.66%	0.12%	15.38%

Notes: 1. Those measures falling within the Audit Goal are indicated in **Bold** type.

2. Percentage changes are not calculated, for differences are immaterial, rendering calculation meaningless.



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