Wastewater Reuse Policy Review

Council Committee of the Whole Meeting January 17, 2018

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Meeting Objectives



- To share information about the work of the Wastewater Reuse Policy Task Force
- To review draft options for wastewater reuse-related amendments to the Water Resources Policy Plan



Wastewater Reuse



Wastewater reuse: practice of treating and reusing wastewater treatment plant (WWTP) effluent for beneficial use before releasing it back into the water cycle.

Reclaimed water: Effluent that has received additional treatment to make it suitable for specific reuse applications or beneficial use.



MCES Authority to Provide Reclaimed Water Service



MN Statute 473.511, sub. 1

Council has authority to construct, equip, operate and maintain interceptors and treatment works needed to implement the council's comprehensive plan for collection, treatment and disposal of sewage in the metro area.

Notes:

- Reusing effluent qualifies as treatment and disposal of sewage
- Reuse is consistent with the Council's comprehensive plan

Limits:

- · Council does not have statutory authority to provide retail water service
- Council is prohibited from using its funds to give gifts



MCES Wastewater Reuse Policies

Thrive MSP 2040 Plan



Pursue wastewater reuse where economically feasible as a means to promote sustainable water resources.

2040 Water Resources Policy Plan



Work with our partners

Promote a more sustainable region

Maximize regional benefits



Provide efficient, high-quality, sustainable wastewater services



Major Wastewater Reuse Steps



Policy review needed



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Wastewater Reuse-Related Amendments to Water Resources Policy Plan

Timeframe	Activity
3/22/17	Council authorized Wastewater Reuse Policy Task Force
Apr.–Nov., 2017	Task Force meetings
Dec., 2017	 12/12/17: Environment Committee recommends Council accept Task Force report; refers policy discussion to Committee of the Whole 12/13/17: Council accepts Task Force report
1/17/18	Committee of the Whole Meeting
1/23/18	Environment Committee acts on request to authorize public hearing
2/14/18	Council acts on authorization for public hearing
4/3/18	Public hearing on policy options
4/24/18	Environment Committee acts on adoption of amendments
5/9/18	Council acts on adoption of policy amendments



Task Force Purpose



To review the Council's existing wastewater reuse policies and recommend clarifications needed to respond to opportunities for wastewater reuse.

Approved by Metropolitan Council, March 22, 2017



January 17, 2018 Council Committee of the Whole Meeting

Task Force Policy Focus



Do wastewater reuse projects have a regional benefit?



If so, should the region, through MCES' municipal wastewater charge, contribute a regional cost share?



How should MCES partner with local communities or water utilities for wastewater reuse projects?

*Regional cost share: a fraction of the capital and operating cost of the facilities MCES would need to build and operate to provide reclaimed water service



Appointed Task Force Members

Community	Name	Title
Bloomington	Mary Hurliman	Deputy Director of Public Works
Cottage Grove	Jennifer Levitt	Community Development Director/City Engineer
Eagan	Jon Eaton	Superintendent of Utilities
Hugo	Bryan Bear	City Administrator
Lakeville	Chris Petree	Public Works Director
Maplewood	Michael Thompson	Public Works Director
Ramsey	Kurt Ulrich	City Administrator
St. Paul	Beverly Farraher	Public Works Operations Manager
St. Louis Park	Debra Heiser	Engineering Director
Vadnais Heights	Mark Graham	City Engineer/Public Services Director
Metro Cities	Steven Huser	Government Relations Specialist
Metropolitan Council	Sandy Rummel	Metropolitan Council District 11 and Chair, Environment Committee

Other stakeholder input:

- Regulatory
- MAWSAC-TAC
- Business community



Wastewater Reuse: Opportunity and Location-Driven



Potential for cost-effective reuse best when:

- Industrial area
- Growing area
- Effluent quantity & quality conducive to reuse
- Land available for required additional treatment
- Reclaimed water distribution system piping cost reasonable
- Reuse driver

Empire WWTP service area = high reuse potential



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Wastewater Reuse Opportunity Assessment Methodology



Potential Wastewater Reuse Opportunity

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Regional Benefit Criteria

- Extend/supplement surface or ground water
- Mitigate contamination
- Restore/enhance habitat
 - Energy: Provide new source; reduce use; produce energy
 - Foster Region's economy
 - Uniquely add to the Region's economic portfolio
 - Enable MCES to avoid or delay capital improvements
- Advance Region's wastewater reuse practice



SKB-E Water Source Decision



SKB-E WATER SOURCE DECISION

Water used for: Process & cooling for waste-to-energy products process

Amount needed: 1.6 mgd (equivalent of 4,500 households)

Comparison (avg. use)

H m	Inver Grove Heights (2003-2007) 2.8 mgd
H m	Rosemount (2003-2006) 2.0 mgd
⊞ m	Lakeville (2003-2005) 5.8 mgd
·⊞m	Elko New Market (2003-2008) 0.3 mgd

Inver Grove Heights City Water

Cost/1,000 gallons: \$3.20

Additional treatment by SKB-E: None or minimal

City water source: mainly Jordan aquifer

Average water use: 2.8 mgd

Total current well capacity: 10 mgd

MCES Reclaimed Water

Cost/1,000 gallons: \$2.00-2.80

Additional treatment by SKB-E: Required

New groundwater use/appropriation: None

Empire WWTP average flow: 10 mgd

Current discharge to: Mississippi River

Permitting Process: Known MPCA permitting process

Groundwater

Cost/1,000 gallons: likely <\$1.0

Additional treatment by SKB-E: None or minimal

New groundwater use/appropriation: Yes

Permitting Process: DNR's position: permitting complex; reliability of supply uncertain due to priority of use



Potential Sources

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SKB-E Reclaimed Water Service Concept



Reclaimed water:

Effluent that has received additional treatment to make it suitable for specific reuse applications or beneficial use.



Effluent (Existing)

Proposed

Current Empire Service Area

Future Empire Service Area



SKB-E Case Study: Non-Economic Factors

	Potential Impact of Using Reclaimed Water vs. Groundwater	Local Impact	Regional Impact
Water Supply	No 1.6 mgd groundwater appropriation No demand on IGH water infrastructure	+	Likely + NA
Groundwater	No increase in projected 2040 aquifer drawdown	+	Likely +
Surface Water	No adverse impact on surface waters due to additional GW pumping	+	?
Wastewater	Advances Region's wastewater reuse practice	+	+
Stormwater	No difference with or without reclaimed water	NA	NA
	+ Positive impact - Negative impact	NA Not	applicable

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SKB-E Case Study: Non-Economic Factors

	Potential Impact of Project with or without Wastewater Reuse	Local Impact	Regional Impact
Waste	Reduction of landfilled MSW in the Region	+	+
Visual	Expansion of industrial base visually consistent with surrounding area	+	+
Energy	Production of biofuels and renewable chemicals	Likely+	Likely+
Air pollution	Potential increase in stationary emissions Potential increase in vehicular emissions & dust & odor Potential reduction in GHGs using ethanol vs. gasoline	TBD	TBD
Noise	Potential increase in noise in heavily industrial area	Likely-	NA
Traffic	Traffic during construction will increase Traffic during operation will increase	<u> </u>	??
	+ Positive impact - Negative impact NA	Not applicab	le



SKB-E Case Study: Annual Economic Impacts



- 1. Metro area receives approx. 73.8¢ on each dollar it pays in State revenues.
- 2. Metro area receives approx. 61.5¢ on each dollar paid in State transportation revenues.



SKB-E Case Study: Annual Economic Impacts

DIRECT IMPACTS	REVENUE	\$7.8M	\$5.0M
INDIRECT IMPACTS (activity from supporting	g businesses)		
297 \$10M FT JOBS PAYROLL \$12.5M PURCHASES	INCOME TAXES LARGELY EXEMPT FROM SALES TAX	\$700,000 ~\$0	\$520,000 ~\$0
INDUCED IMPACTS (consumer spending by	workers and families)		
411 TOTAL JOBS \$16.4M TOTAL PAYROLL \$4.9M TAXABLE SPENDING	SALES TAXES	\$300,000	\$225,000
TOTAL IMPACTS			
		\$8.8M	\$5.7M

1. Metro area receives approx. 73.8¢ on each dollar it pays in State revenues..



Who Benefits from SKB-E Potential Project?





Concept-Level Costs for Reclaimed Water Service to SKB-E

Capital, \$M	20-25	
Annual O&M, \$M	0.3	
\$/1,000 gallons	2.00 - 2.80	



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2007 AWWA Survey: Reclaimed Water Rates Revenue to Meet Operating Costs





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SKB-E Case Study: Hypothetical Regional Cost Share & Impact

Regional cost share of MCES reclaimed water operating costs (capital & O&M)

Increase in MCES' annual wastewater customer rate

25%

\$0.18 -0.21/yr/REC REC Residential Equivalent Connection



SE Metro Water Reclamation Facility Schedule

Spring 2016: Initial meeting with SKB-E

March 1, 2017: Enerkem letter of interest in reclaimed water service





Task Force Findings

Consensus Items:

- Reasons for wastewater reuse program
- Responsive approach
- Cooperation and partnership rather than competition
- Cost-of-service basis for reclaimed water rate
- Regional benefit evaluation
- Funding from non-Council funds
- <u>If</u> Council moves ahead with regional cost share, implement a pilot wastewater reuse program with: caps on cost share, user agreement, public input process, Council decision making

Non-Consensus Items:

Regional cost share



Draft Policy Options

See handout



Next Steps: Wastewater Reuse-Related Amendments to Water Resources Policy Plan

Action	Timeframe
Committee of the Whole Meeting reach consensus on public hearing	1/17/18
Environment Committee acts on request to authorize public hearing	1/23/18
Council acts on authorization for public hearing	2/14/18
Public hearing on policy options	4/3/18
Environment Committee acts on adoption of amendments	4/24/18
Council acts on adoption of policy amendments	5/9/18



THANK YOU!



January 10, 2018 Council Meeting