



BI 2023-210:

2022 Service Equity Evaluation Report and Title VI Review

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Service Equity Evaluation

- How did we change our service between 2021 and 2022?
- How did ridership patterns change?
- Did our service changes meet Title VI thresholds?
- How did different racial and ethnic groups experience our service?
 - Service availability
 - Service quality
 - Service outcomes
- How do Metro Transit's practices promote equitable service planning?



Changing Context in 2022

- Remote work and commuter trip changes
 - Workers and students continue return to in-person activities
 - Not a complete reversal: Some remote learning and work-from-home continues
- Workforce shortage worsens
 - Wage increases and recruitment are insufficient to address shortage
 - Service reliability continues to decline, requiring planned service reductions





2022 Service Baseline

- **Early 2022 service levels similar to late 2021**
- METRO LRT every 12 minutes
- METRO BRT every 10-15 minutes
 - Orange Line every 30 minutes on weekends
- Routes remain suspended
 - 12 Local routes
 - 52 Commuter and express routes
- 2 morning and afternoon Northstar trips

2022 Service Change Highlights

March & June

- Suspended low ridership branches on some routes
- Frequency reduced one "step" on busiest routes
- High school and U of M service reduced

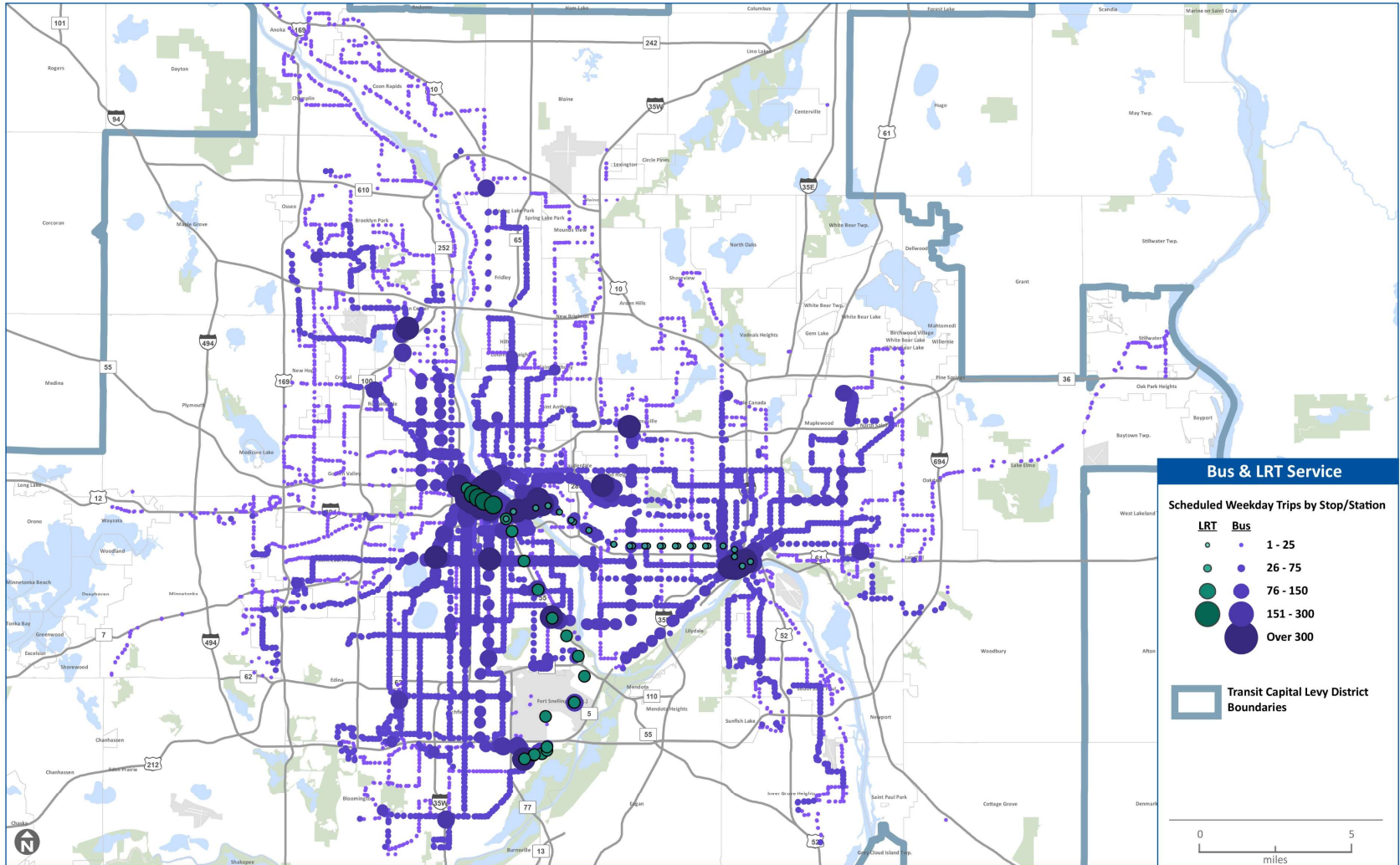
August & October

- LRT reduced from 12 to 15 minutes
- 2 more routes suspended
- 5 routes reduced to trips every 2 hours

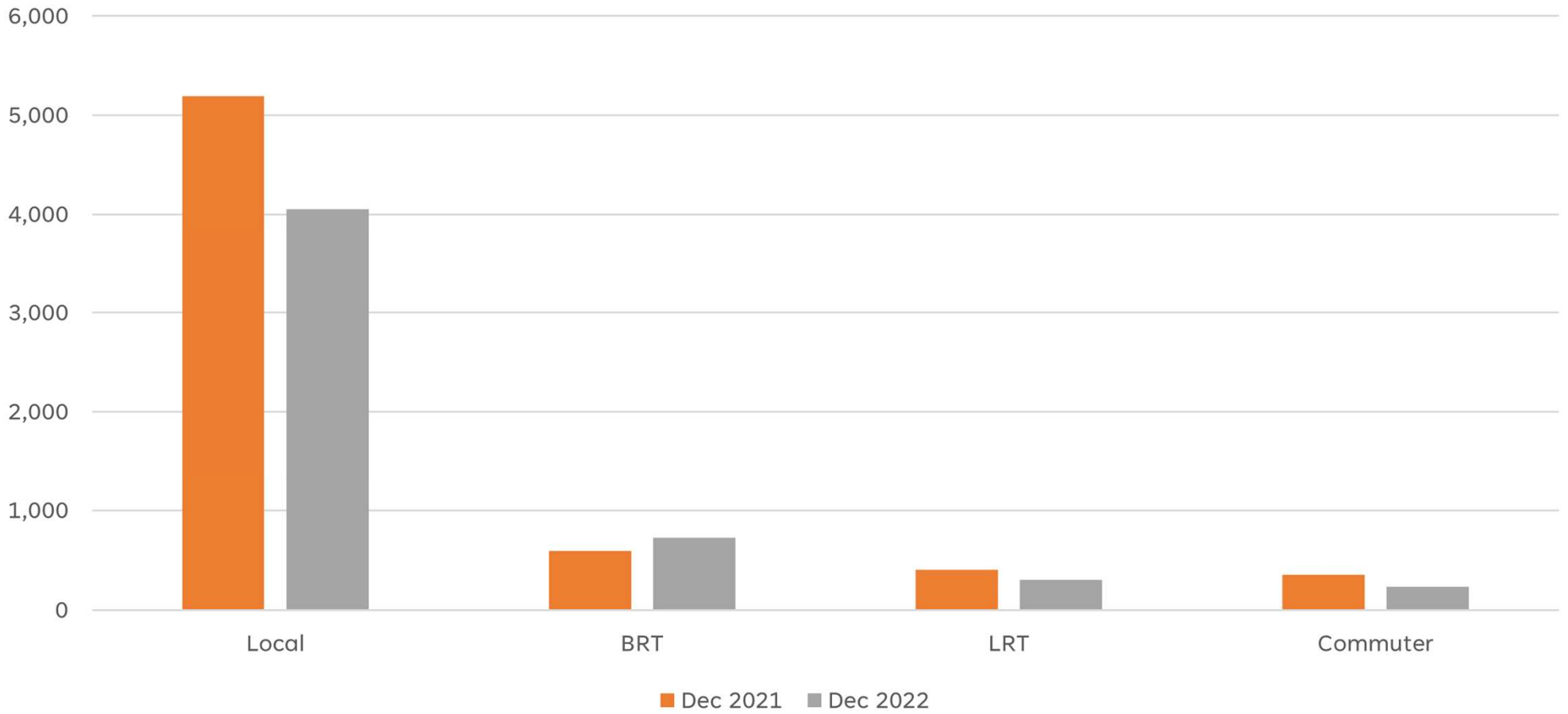
December

- METRO D Line opened, Rt. 5 reduced/shortened, and other corridor services replaced
- Weekday and/or weekend service suspensions on four routes
- Some routes restructured
- Frequency reductions on 37 routes, including Orange Line

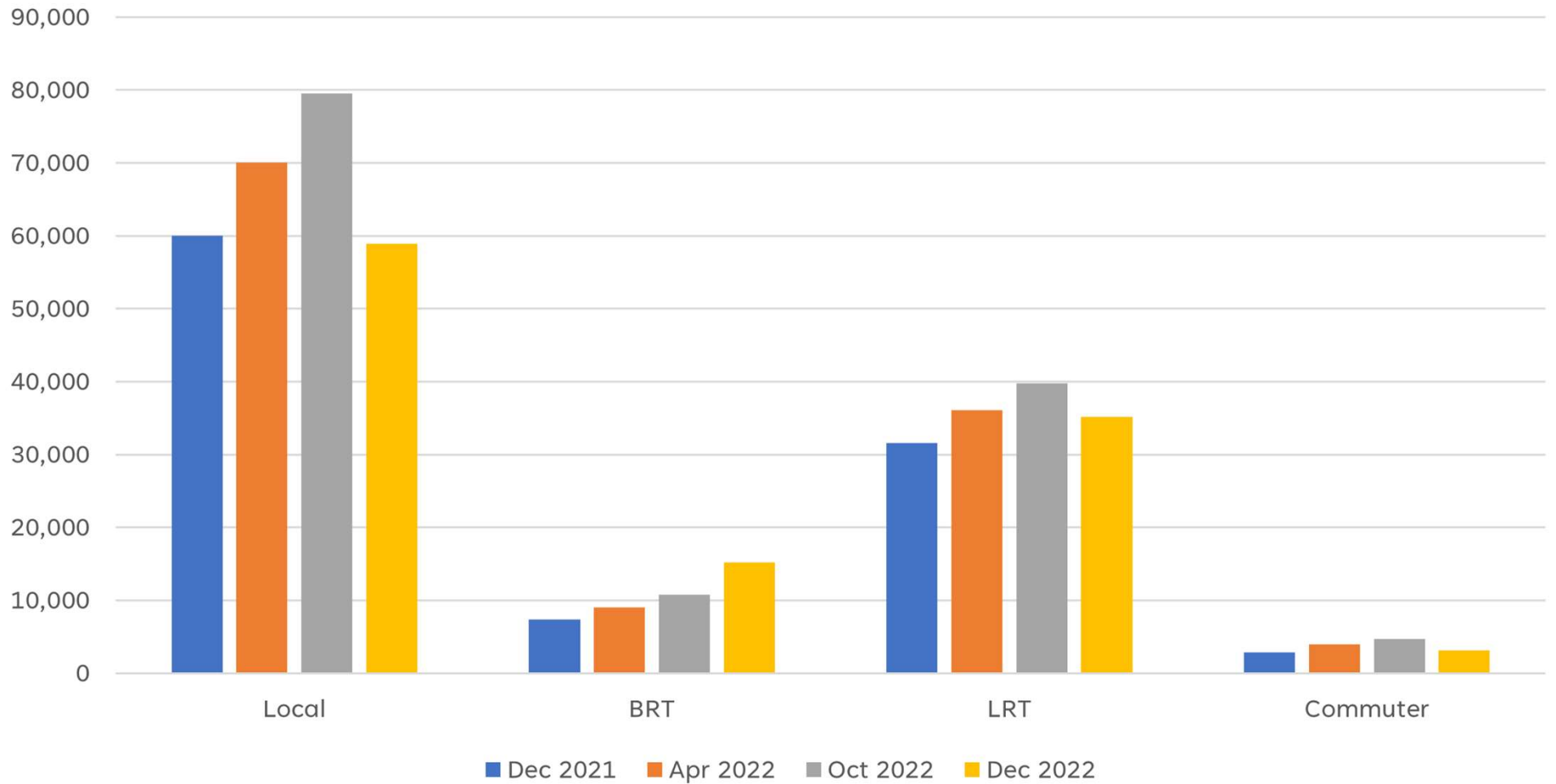




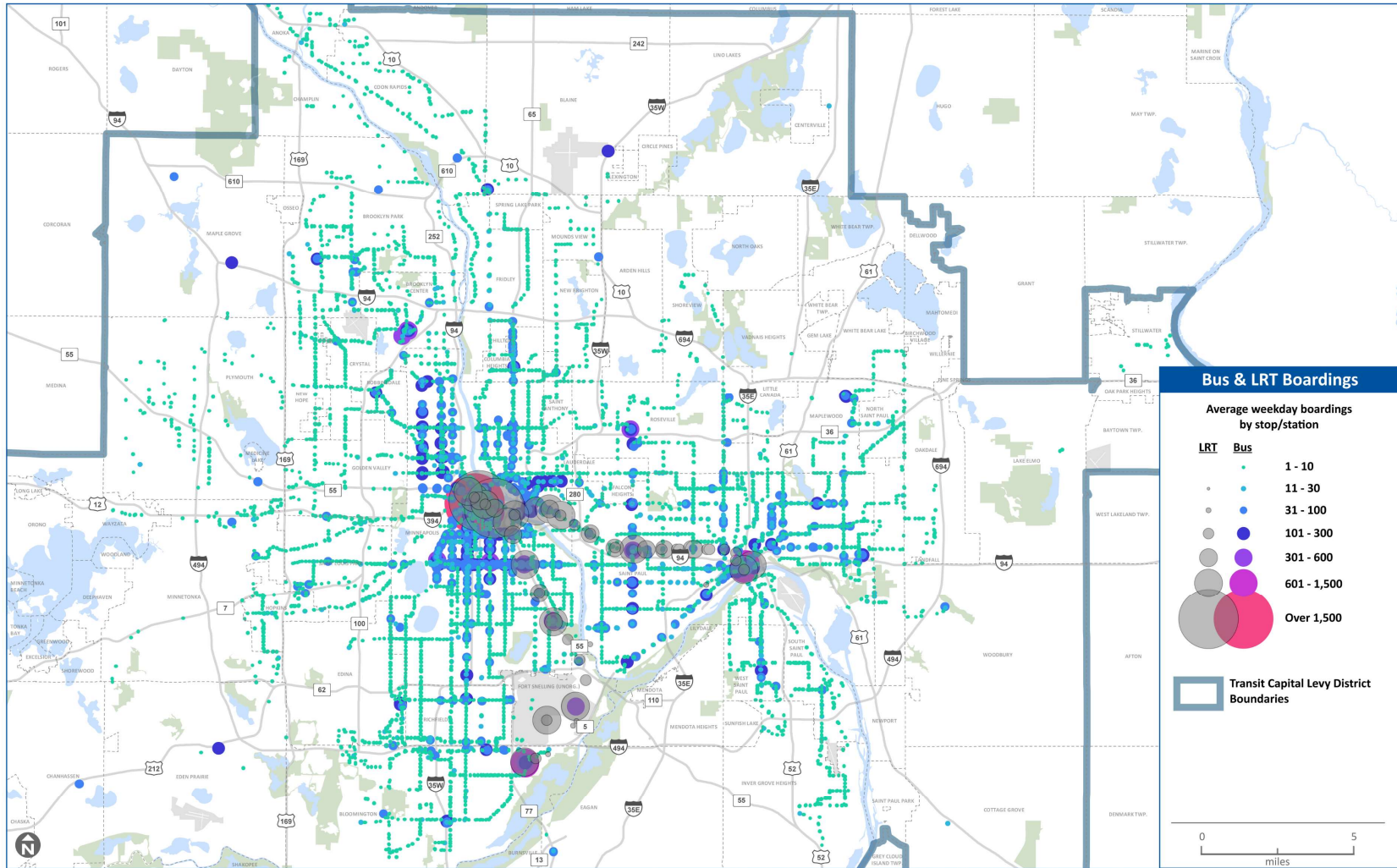
Weekday Trips by Stop, Dec 2022



Weekday Trip Counts, Dec 2021 & Dec 2022



Weekday Ridership by Route Class, Dec 2021 – Dec 2022



Weekday Ridership by Stop, Dec 2022

Title VI Service Equity Analysis (SEA)

- Federal law requires transit agencies to show they are not discriminating when providing transit service
 - Black, Indigenous and People of Color (BIPOC) groups
 - Low-income communities
- SEA reviews how access to transit changed in 2022
 - Service availability is defined as the number of trips in a given area
 - Change in how much service is available for average resident in a given area
 - Review how the impacts of those changes differ based on race and income
 - Non-home trips are a challenge

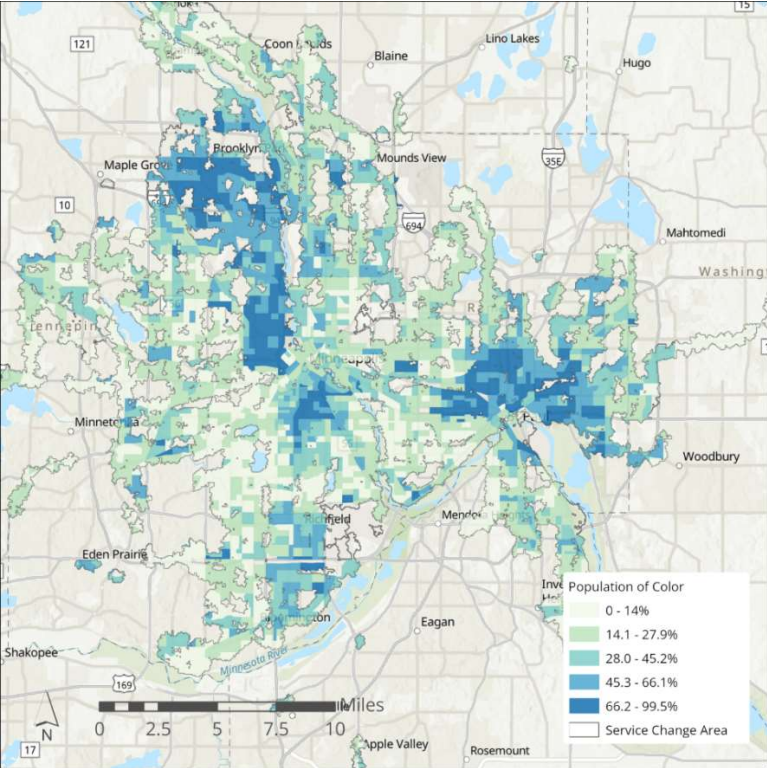


Title VI Service Equity Analysis (cont.)

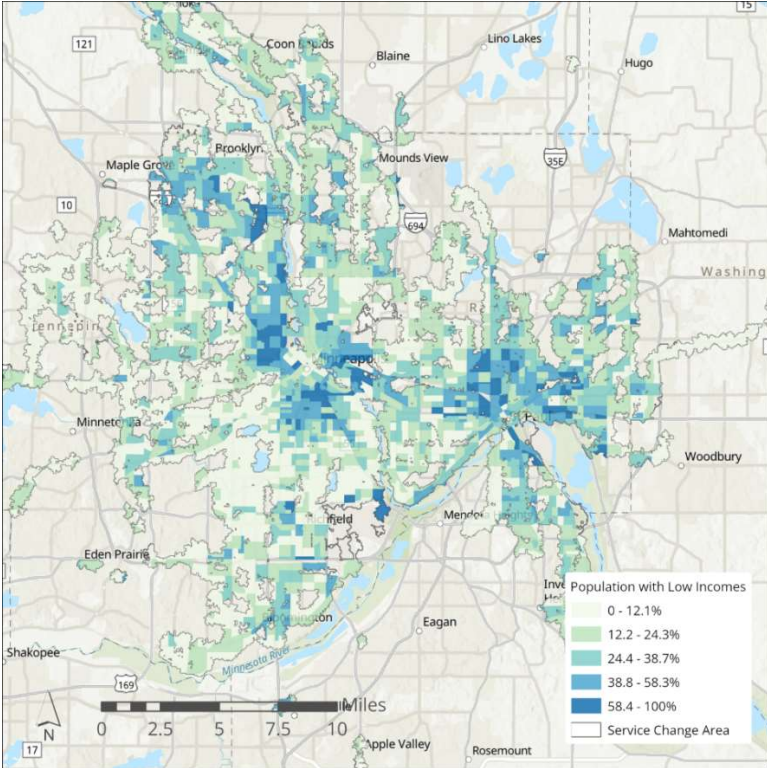
- Required for all major service changes
 - 25% change in hours on a route or in an area
 - New routes and eliminated service
- Disparate Impact and Disproportionate Burden (DI/DB) threshold
 - Determines when a difference is significant enough to result in a potential for discrimination
 - Updated Council DI/DB policy
 - If adverse or beneficial effects of service changes borne by BIPOC or low-income groups are not within 10% of the effects borne by White or non-low-income populations (respectively), then there is potential for discrimination
 - Not evidence of potential discrimination if beneficial effect beyond 10% to BIPOC or low-income populations



Communities Living Near Transit



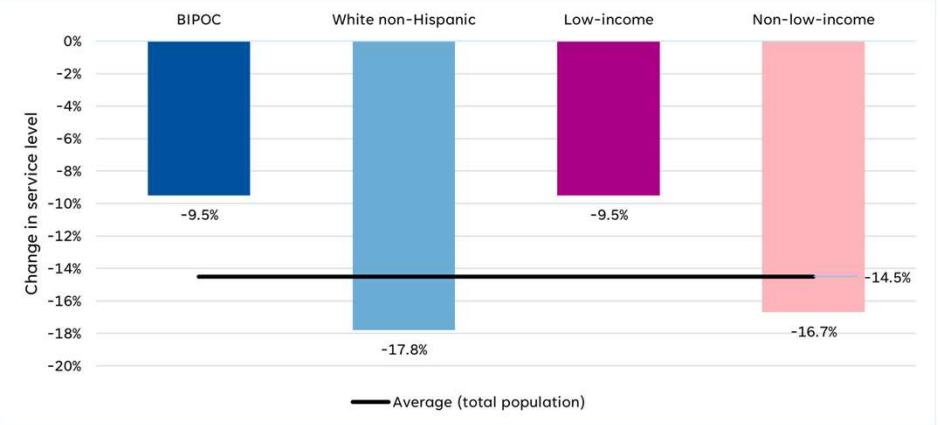
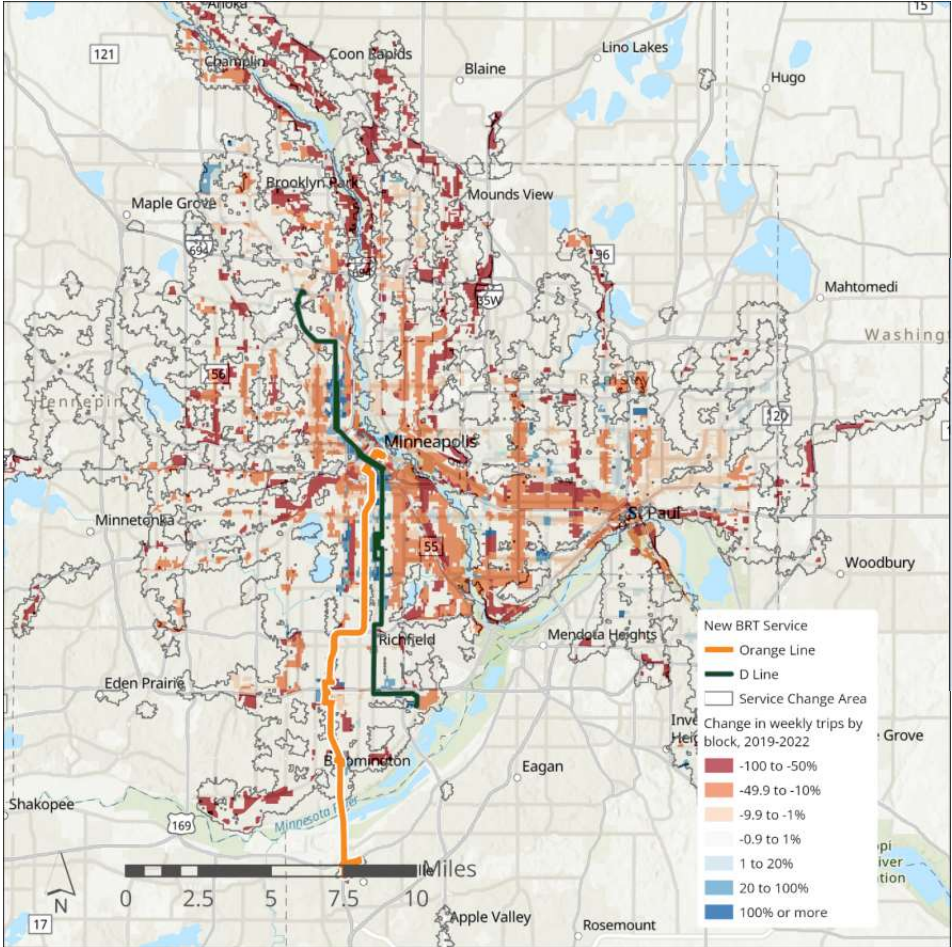
Communities of Color



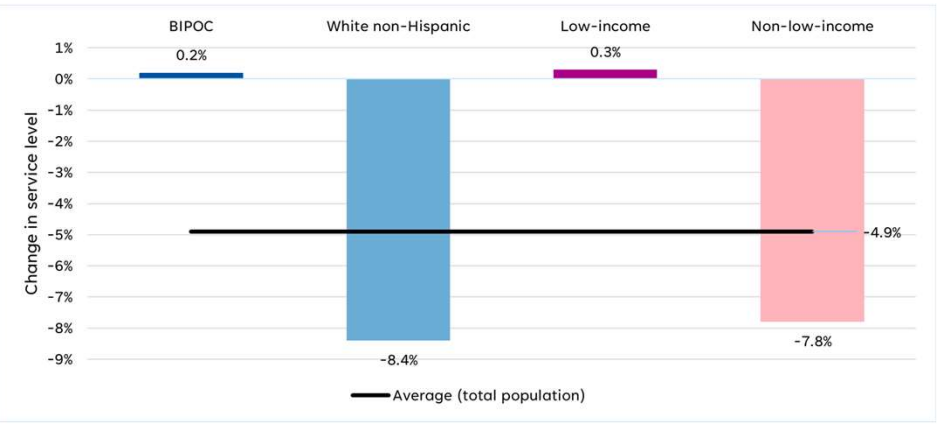
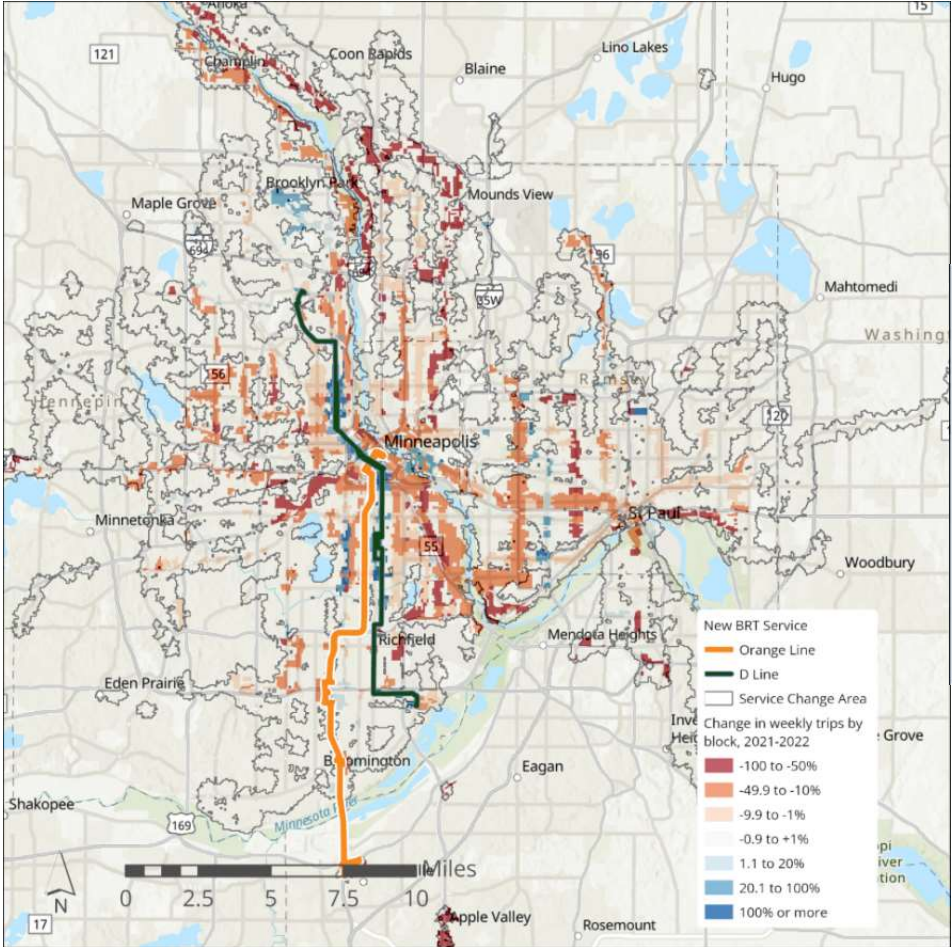
Low-income communities



Change in Service Availability: Dec 2019 vs Dec 2022



Change in Service Availability: Dec 2021 vs Dec 2022



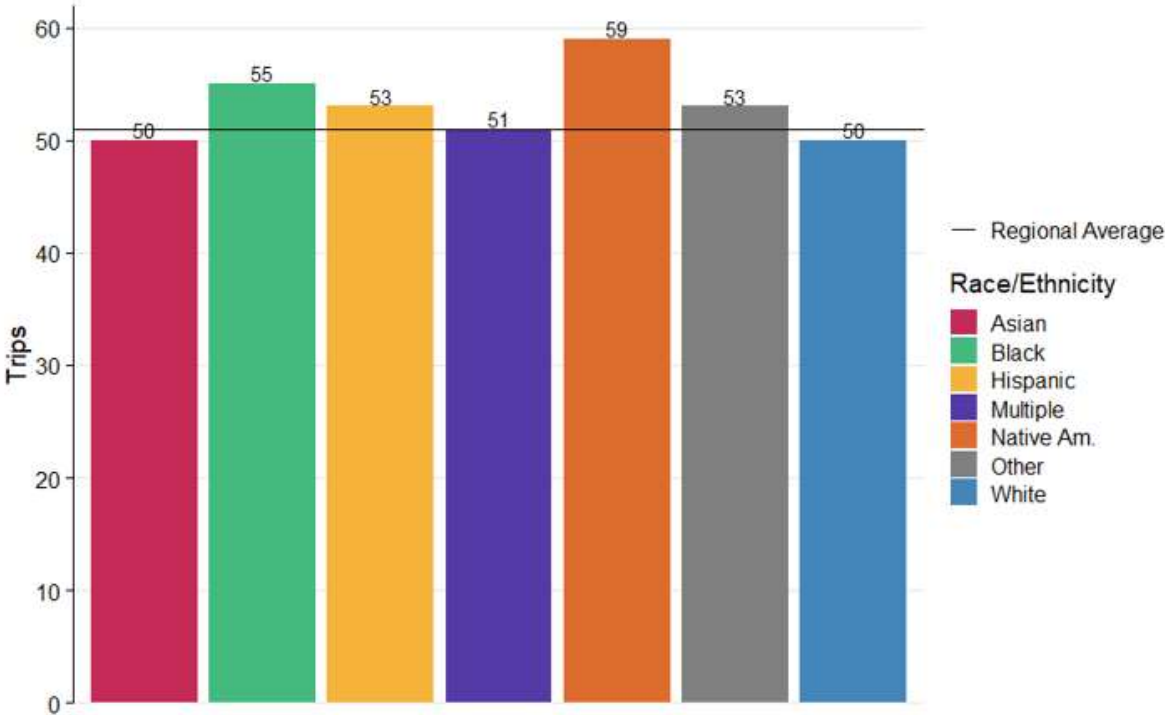
Service Metrics by Race & Ethnicity

- Service Availability
 - Trip Count
 - Frequent Service
- Service Reliability
 - On-time Performance
 - Service Delivered (Trip Cuts)
- Service Outcomes
 - Access to Jobs



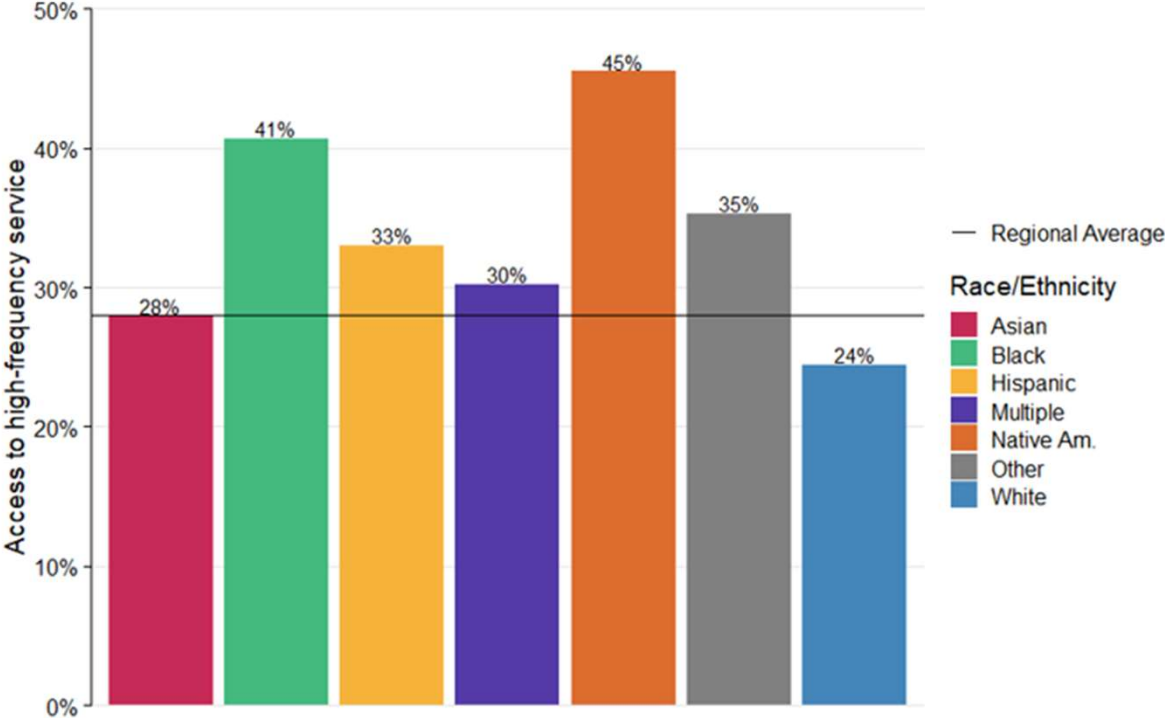
Service Availability by Race & Ethnicity: Trip Count

Residents identifying as Black or Native American had access to **more trips** compared to other groups, on average.



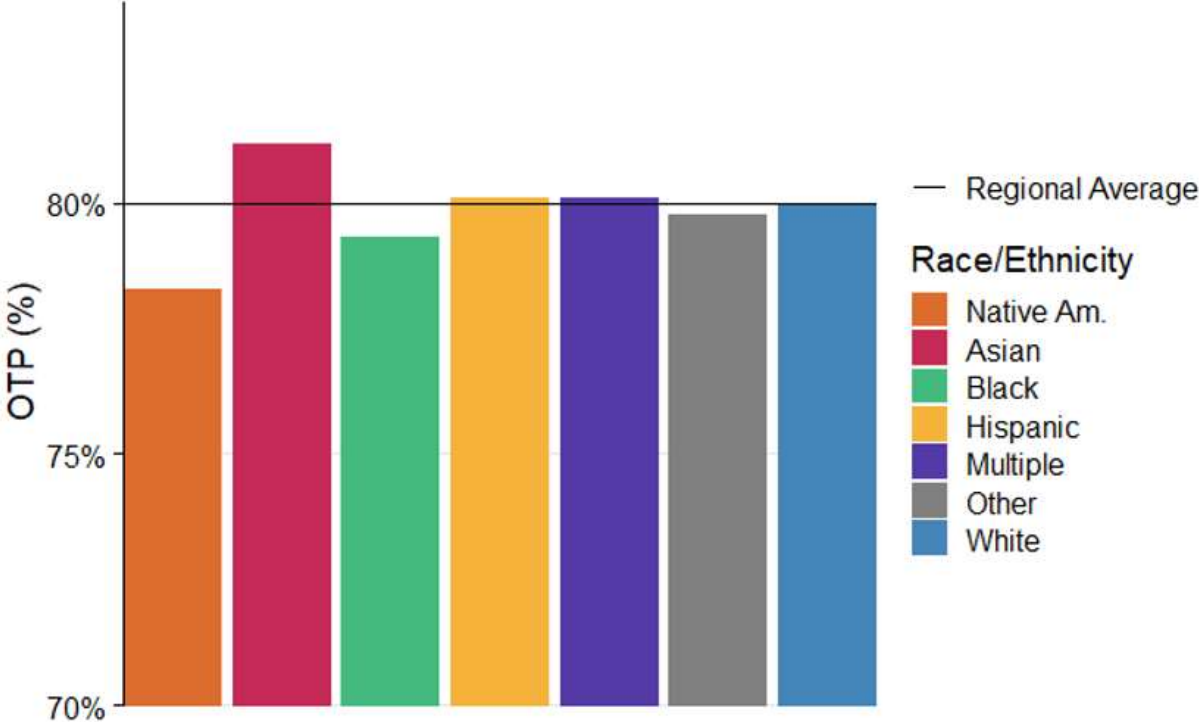
Service Availability by Race & Ethnicity: High Frequency Service

A **larger percent** of residents identifying as Black or Native American had access to high-frequency service.



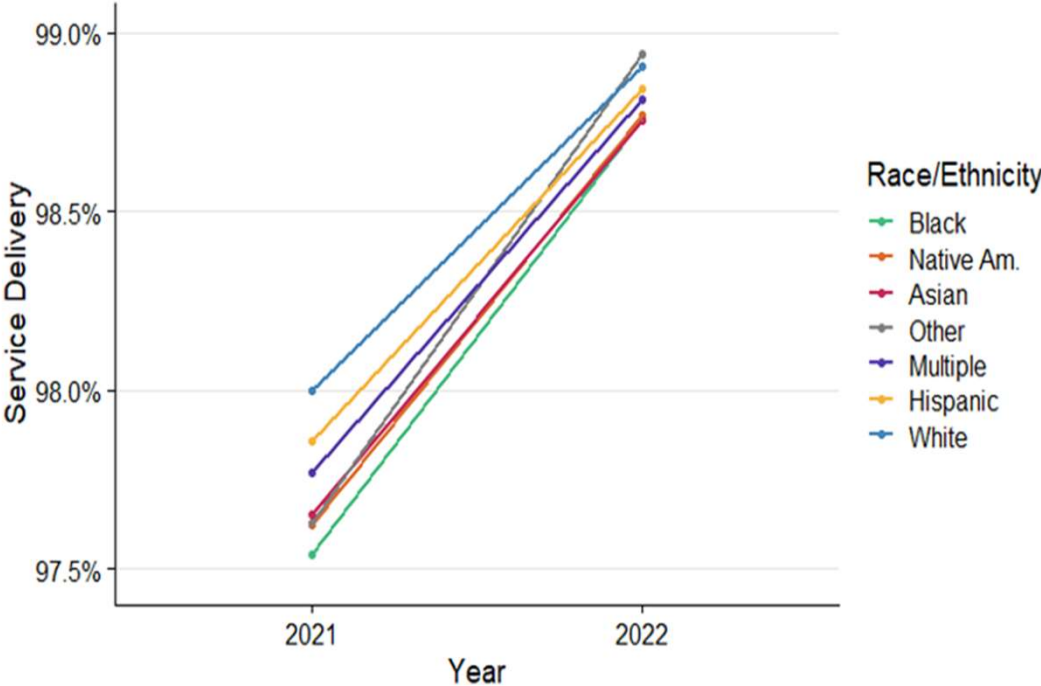
Service Reliability by Race & Ethnicity: On-Time Performance

Residents identifying as Black or Native American had access to **less reliable (on-time)** service compared to all residents living near stops and stations, on average.



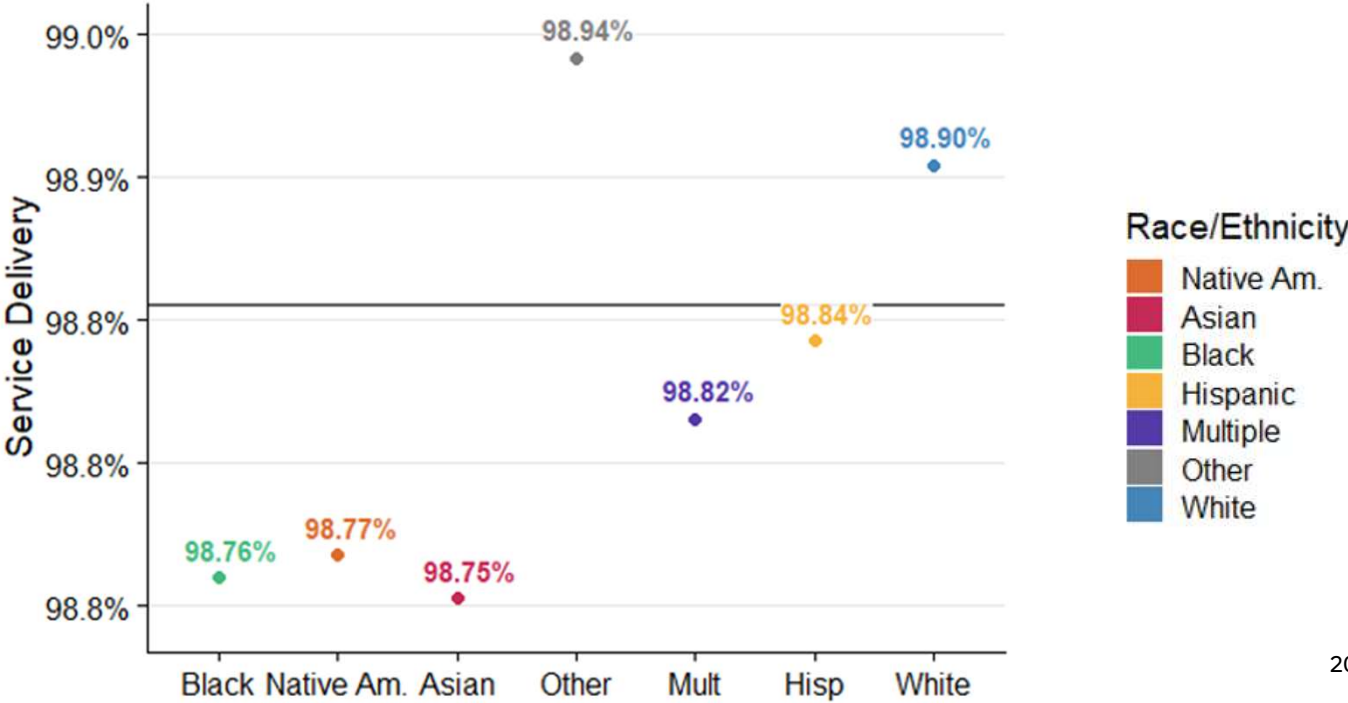
Service Reliability by Race & Ethnicity: Service Delivered

All residents had access to **more reliable** (% service delivered) service in Fall 2022.



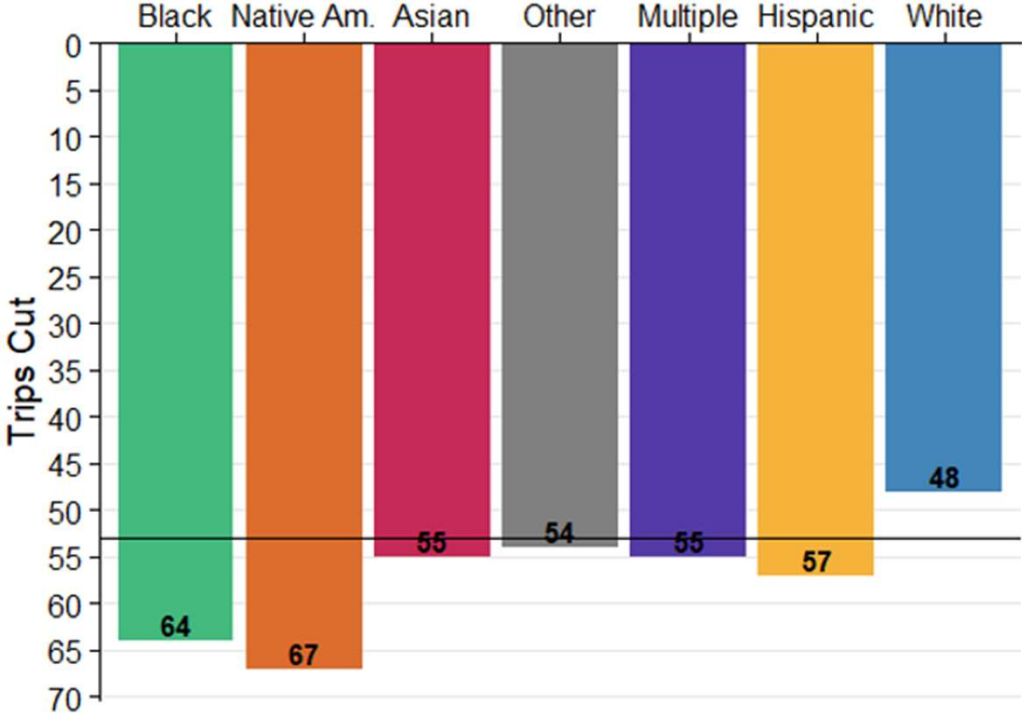
Service Reliability by Race & Ethnicity: 98+% Service Delivered

Residents identifying as White had access to **more reliable** (% service delivered) service compared to residents identifying as Black, Native American, Asian, or Hispanic.



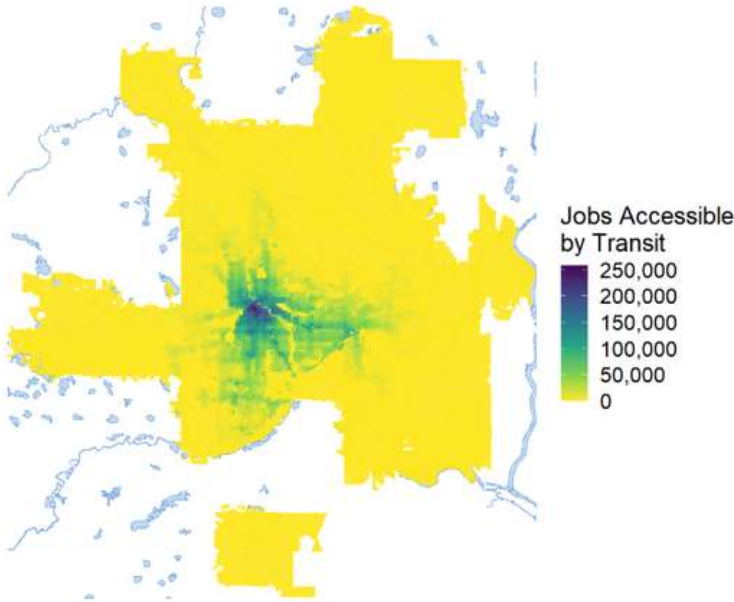
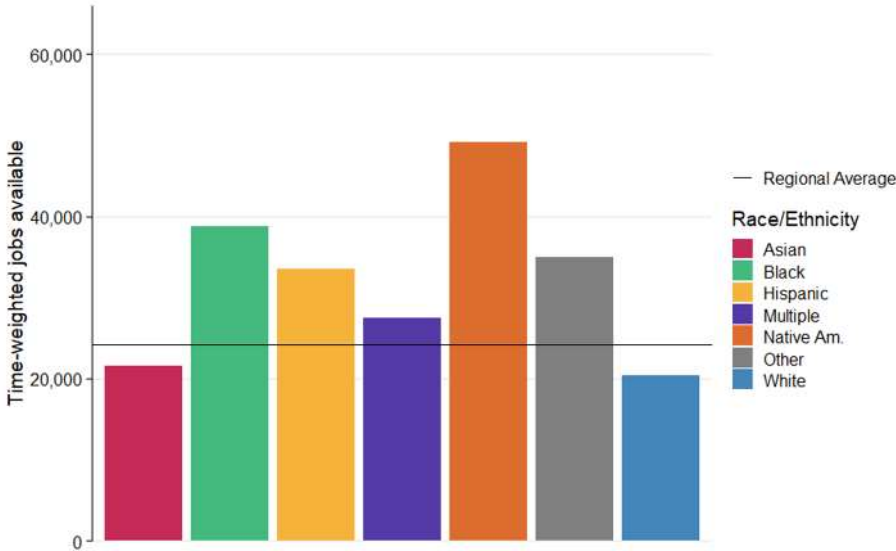
Service Reliability by Race & Ethnicity: Fall 2022 Cut Trips

Residents identifying as Black and Native American had **more trips** cut at the stops and stations nearby compared to other groups.



Service Outcomes by Race & Ethnicity: Access to Jobs

Residents identifying as Black, Native American, and Hispanic had **more jobs** accessible by transit compared to other groups.



Time-weighted access to jobs, Weekday Midday service, August 2022 Pick



2022 Equity Practices in Service Planning

- Title VI Practices
 - Adjusted disparate impact/disproportionate burden threshold as part of Title VI Plan update
 - Approved the results from the Service Monitoring Study
 - Conducted SEAs for new METRO D Line corridor changes and all December 2022 service changes
- Routine Practices
 - Transit Equity Statement
 - Network Now
 - Customer Surveys
 - Prioritizing Speed and Reliability Improvements



Proposed Action 2023-210

That the Metropolitan Council approve the results of the 2022 Title VI Service Equity Analysis (SEA) for the 2022 Service Equity Evaluation (SEE) Report.



Thank You!

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Assigning Demographics

Block-group	Walkshed in block-group	BIPOC in Isochrone	White in Isochrone
1	50%	$0.50 \times 100 = 50$	$0.50 \times 1000 = 500$
2	50%	$0.50 \times 500 = 250$	$0.50 \times 500 = 250$
3	33%	$0.33 \times 1000 = 333$	$0.33 \times 100 = 33$
Walkshed:		$50 + 250 + 333 =$ 633	$500 + 250 + 33 =$ 783

