



Transportation Advisory Board April 16, 2014

## 2040 TPP Schedule

**April 2013 to May 2014:** Policymaker Task Force, Partner Agency Work Group and other stakeholder discussions on preparation of draft 2040 TPP

December 2013: Council, TAB Investment Factors workshop

**January to May 2014**: Monthly progress updates with TAB, TAC and Transportation Committee

May 2014: Thrive MSP 2040 adopted

May to July 2014: Draft for public comment to TAC, TAB,

Transportation Committee, Council

July through September 2014: Public comment on DRAFT 2040 TPP

October to November: Revisions based on public comment

**December 2014:** Final plan adoption

## **Part II Draft Outline**

- a. Existing System Descriptions
- b. Strategies with Supporting Text
- C. Transportation System Finance
- d.Land Use and Transportation
- e. Modal Investment Direction and Plans
  - a. Highway
  - b. Transit
  - c. Bicycle and pedestrian
  - d. Freight
  - e. Aviation





Transit Investment Plan

## **Transit Investment Plan**

#### Four sections:

- Transit Basics help with understanding conditions that support transit
- Bus and Support System elements described, investment summary
- Transitways process, prioritization, and investment summary
- Financial Summary





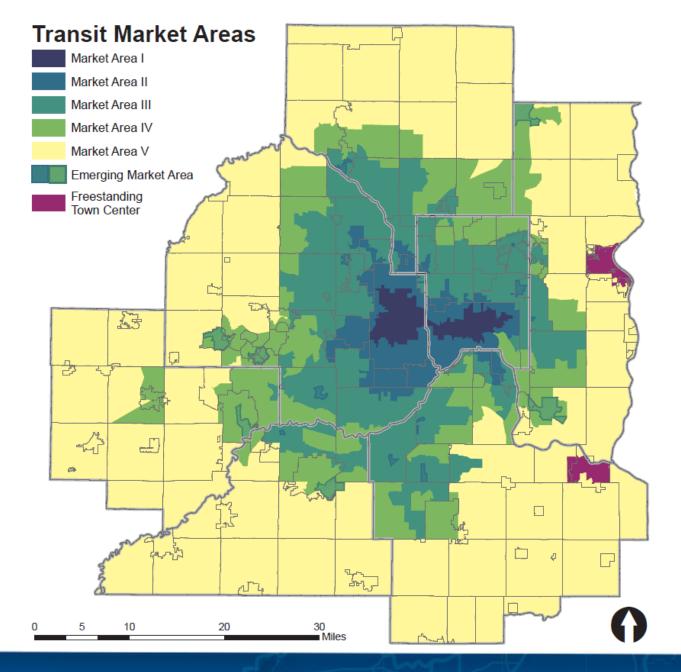
**Transit Basics** 

## **Transit Basics**

#### What makes local transit service successful?

- How do transit providers design the network? Why doesn't X have bus service?
- How can communities becomes more transit-ready?

Express service is different, more specialized



## **Transit Basics**

## Transit System Design

- Regular Route System Design Regional Transit
   Design Guidelines & Performance Standards
   Appendix
- Transitway Guidelines Completed in 2011 to help build consistency into Transitway project delivery, available online





# Transit System Management Tools used to keep the system efficient

- Route performance analysis identifies underperforming routes in the system
- Operating policies and procedures
  - Fare structure
  - Competitive procurement
  - Transit operator policies and procedures

# Alternatives to the Regular Route Network Transit options beyond regular route

- Metro Mobility ADA service, demand growing rapidly, required by federal and state law
- Transit Link public transit option in areas not served by regular route service but coordinated with it
- Metro Vanpool partially subsidized vanpool service with volunteer drivers

## Regular Route Service Expansion

- Driven by Service Improvement Plans
- Transit providers responsible for coordinating input on service improvement opportunities
- Regional Service Improvement Plan will prioritize short-term expansion opportunities
  - Cost-effectiveness
  - Access to destinations and people served
  - Equity
  - Peak-period transportation benefits

### **Transit Facilities Expansion**

- Modernization
  - User experience improvements
  - Improved amenities at bus stops
  - Improved maintenance and care of facilities
  - Upgraded transit centers
  - Technology improvements

#### Expansion

- Expansion of bus shelters
- New or expanded capacity at transit centers or park-andrides
- Expanded garage or maintenance facilities

#### Recommendations

- Current Revenue Scenario
  - Operations and maintenance of existing system
  - Required expansion of Metro Mobility (10% recent annual growth)
  - Limited expansion and modernization of transit facilities funded by federal CMAQ or STP (with local match)
  - No expansion for service operations beyond Metro Mobility and start-up funds associated with CMAQ
  - Competitive federal grants (e.g. Tiger) may also allow for expansion or modernization

#### Recommendations

- Increased Revenue Scenario
  - Growth of about 1% average annually in bus service consistent with service types and descriptions, guided by Regional Service Improvement Plan and investment factors
  - Improved maintenance and amenities at transit customer facilities, expanded shelters, more customer information
  - Expanded and modernized support facilities to correspond with expanded service and provide for more efficient operations





### **Transitway Modes**

- Bus Rapid Transit
  - Dedicated BRT
  - Highway BRT
  - Arterial BRT
- Light Rail Transit
- Commuter Rail





 Modern Streetcar policy discussion still ongoing, will be addressed through future plan amendment

## Transitway Development Process

 System Planning and Feasibility (e.g. Highway Transitway Corridor Study)

- Corridor Planning and Alternatives Analysis (e.g. Gateway AA)
- Environmental Review (e.g. NEPA, Environmental Impact Statements, Environmental Assessment)
- Design and Engineering (e.g. preliminary engineering and final design)
- Construction
- Operation

LPA Selection and Amendment into the TPP

## Corridors Studied or Under Detailed Study

- Gateway
- I-35W North
- Red Rock
- Robert Street
- Rush Line
- Riverview
- Midtown
- Nicollet-Central
- West Broadway

- 12 Arterial BRT corridors through the Arterial Transitway Corridor Study
- 8 Highway BRT corridors through the Highway Transitway Corridor Study

## Setting Regional Transitway Priorities

- Step One Technical Evaluation
  - Technical Factors
    - Ridership
    - Access to Regional Job and Activity Centers
    - Cost-Effectiveness
    - Existing Land Use
    - Future Land Use and Economic Development
    - Equity
    - Environment
  - Provides expectations for technical projects based on federal and regionally important factors

## Setting Regional Transitway Priorities

- Step Two Policy Evaluation
  - Policymakers includes all transitway partners, specifically funding partners
  - Considers results of Step One Technical Evaluation
  - Policy Factors
    - Regional Balance
    - Funding Viability (or competitiveness)
    - Community Support
    - Risk or Technical Readiness
  - Mostly a qualitative assessment

## Setting Regional Transitway Priorities

- Work Item Develop Transitway Prioritization
  - Work program item for TPP 2015
  - Further define process and implementation
  - Develop measures, benchmarks, and methodologies
  - Collaborate with CTIB, aligning work of Program of Projects, Transit Investment Framework, TFAC, and TPP

### **Transitway Recommendations**

- Current Revenue Scenario
  - Existing Transitways in Operations
  - Funded Transitway Expansion (or "with Viable Funding")
    - METRO Orange Line
    - METRO Green Line Extension (SWLRT)
    - METRO Blue Line Extension (Bottineau LRT)
    - Four Arterial BRT projects (Snelling Ave and West 7<sup>th</sup> Street + two TBD), operations unfunded
  - Arterial BRT funded with State bonds, CMAQ, and RTC match
  - \$3.6 Billion in undesignated revenue available post-2024
  - Potential flexibility through CTIB or accelerated federal funding, depending on projects and priorities

## Transitway Recommendations

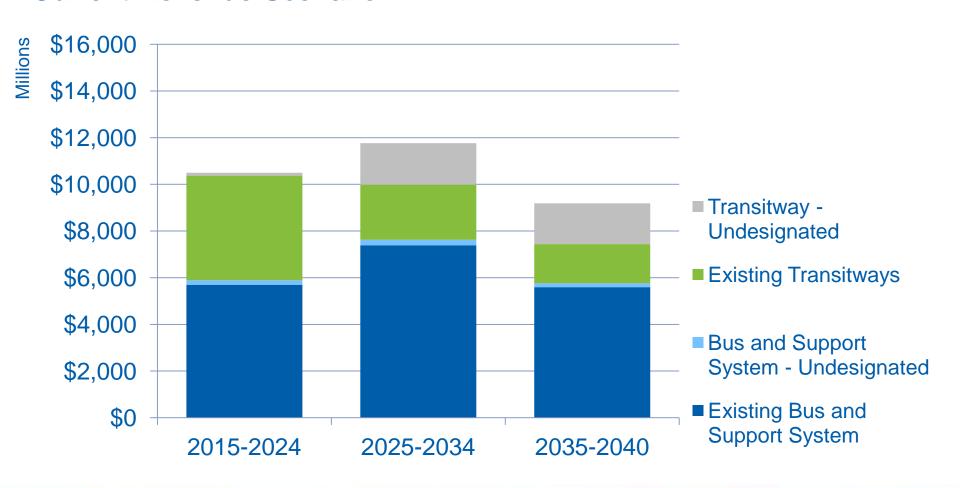
- Projects in planning that are still working toward LPA recommendation in order to be considered for prioritization
- Gateway
- Highway 36
- Highway 169
- I-35W North
- **I**-394
- METRO Red Line Future Stages
- Midtown
- Red Rock
- Riverview
- Robert Street
- Rush Line

- Arterial BRT projects (2 of 10 in Current Revenue Scenario)
  - American Boulevard
  - Central Avenue NE
  - Chicago-Emerson-Freemont

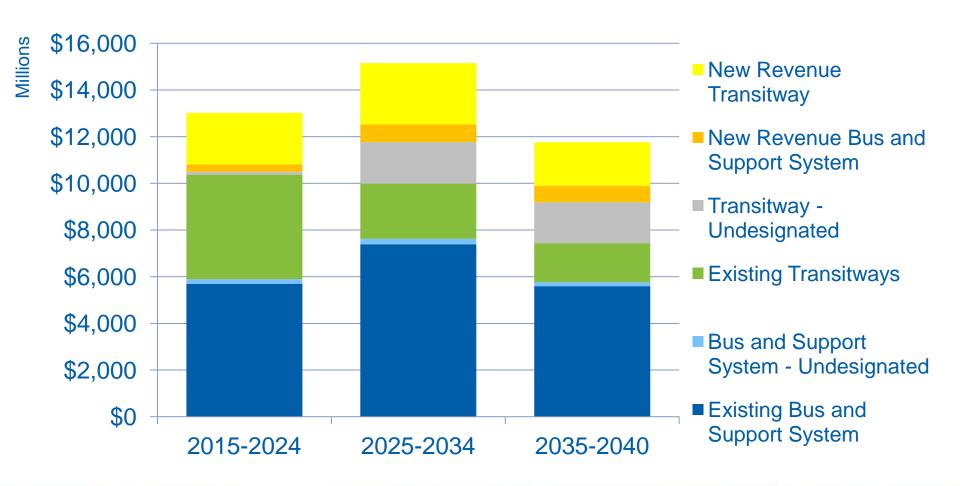
#### **Avenues**

- East 7th Street
- Hennepin Avenue
- Lake Street
- Nicollet Avenue
- o Penn Avenue
- Robert Street
- West Broadway Avenue

#### **Current Revenue Scenario**



#### Increased Revenue Scenario







Transportation and Land Use Implementation

- Conformance: what is required of plans
- Consistency: what is expected of plans in relation to the TPP
- Compatibility: what is the plan's relationship to adjacent communities

- Conformance: what is required of plans
  - Consistent with Thrive MSP 2040 and other system plans
  - Identify existing and planned regional transportation elements in the TPP
  - Identify transportation characteristics of roadways and forecasts allocated to TAZs (mostly for modeling)
  - Include transit station-area planning and high-frequency corridor planning requirements
  - Include aviation elements
  - Adopt access management guidelines for principle and "A" minor arterials

- Consistency: what is expected of plans
  - Address community role strategies in Thrive MSP 2040
  - Include a plan for local transportation system, all modes
  - Consider all users of the system, complete streets policy recommended
  - Address Job and Activity Centers and locally important centers
  - Address freight movement needs, especially local connections
  - Include an implementation plan
  - Address official controls that accommodate planned growth
  - Address state and regional goals for greenhouse gas and air pollutant emissions

- Compatibility: what is the plan's relationship to adjacent communities
  - Address the coordination of land use along corridors for transitway station-area and high-frequency bus planning
  - Address partners to coordinate to coordinate transportation, pedestrian, bicycle, and trail connections within and between jurisdictional boundaries

## Density and Diversification of Centers

- Intensity and diversity land uses in centers
- Support this with transportation and urban design strategies
  - Dense network of local streets and paths, complete streets
  - Parking policies to reduce oversupply and plan for good design
  - Foster good urban design of infrastructure, public spaces, and the form of development

## Local Government Land Use Supportive of Transit

- Develop a walkable street network
- Design for a pedestrian-friendly environment
- Plan for a mixed-use development pattern
- Manage parking and support travel options
- Maintain and increase affordable housing options
- Incorporate civic and public spaces
- Support and leverage the private market investment

Council will work to provide more details and best practices through Local Planning Handbook and update of the Guide for TOD

## Local Government Land Use Supportive of Transit

- New conformance requirements for land use intensity around transit
- Planned land use density for residential units per acre
- Applicable to new or redeveloped land in comprehensive plans
- Minimum required for conformance, targets could be used in prioritization
- See hand-out for details



# Suburban 3 units per acre





# Suburban 10 units per acre







# Suburban 25 units per acre





## **Urban 45 units per acre**







# Suburban 90 units per acre











## **Urban 97 units per acre**











## **Urban 140 units per acre**









## Bicycle and Pedestrian Planning

- Complete streets policy encouraged
- Important bicycle and pedestrian connections
  - Priority Regional Bicycle Transportation Corridors and the Regional Bicycle Transportation Network (link to Bicycle and Pedestrian Investment Philosophy)
  - Regional Parks and Trails (link to Regional Parks Policy Plan)
  - High-frequency arterial transit corridors, transitway stations, transit centers, bus stops, and park-and-ride facilities (link to Transit Investment Plan)
- Important in centers
- Design is integral to good pedestrian system

# Elements of a Good Pedestrian Experience

- Well-designed, wellmaintained, safe, and secure pedestrian facilities
- Access to a mix of destinations and uses
- Manageable walking distances and crossings
- A human-scale and visually interesting environment
- Protection from climate and environment



