

# Thrive MSP POLICY PLAN

Transportation Advisory Board May 21, 2014

# **2040 TPP Schedule**

**April 2013 to May 2014:** Policymaker Task Force, Partner Agency Work Group and other stakeholder discussions on preparation of draft 2040 TPP

December 2013: Council, TAB Investment Factors workshop

January to May 2014: Monthly progress updates with TAB, TAC and Transportation Committee

May 28, 2014: Thrive MSP 2040 adopted

**May to July 2014:** Draft for public comment to TAC, TAB, Transportation Committee, Council (TAB June 18)

July through September 2014: Public comment on DRAFT 2040 TPP October to November: Revisions based on public comment December 2014: Final plan adoption

## Part II Draft Outline

- a. Existing System Descriptions
- **b.** Strategies with Supporting Text
- C. Transportation System Finance
- d. Land Use and Transportation
- e. Modal Investment Direction and Plans
  - a. Highway
  - b. Transit
  - c. Bicycle and pedestrian
  - d. Freight
  - e. Aviation



# Thrive MSP POLICY PLAN

# **Freight Investment Direction**

### Modes

- Trucks on Roadways
- Freight Railroads
- Barges on River
- Air

### **Challenges and Opportunities**

- Capacity and Congestion
- High Fuel Costs
- Connectivity- the "Last Mile"
- Freight Safety
- Freight Security
- Freight Terminals and Adjacent Land Uses

### Investment Considerations by Mode

- TPP includes highway and aviation investment plans
- Region has minimal involvement in planning other modes
- Freight rail is planned by individual railroads
- River system- Army Corps, port authorities, private terminal operators

### Trucks on Roadways - TPP Highway Plan

- Preservation of bridges and pavement
- Active traffic management
- Lower-cost/high-benefit mobility improvements
- MnPASS lanes directly benefit shipments by singleunit commercial vehicles, vans, pickups and courier cars
- MnPASS lanes free up capacity in adjacent general purpose lanes, so less corridor congestion for larger trucks
- Strategic capacity enhancement

### Air Freight - TPP Aviation Plan

- Freight terminal area of MSP relocated and rebuilt
- I-494 and 34th Avenue interchange rebuilt in 2013
- No major air freight upgrades currently planned
- Airfield, passenger improvements may also benefit freight

### **Rail and Intermodal**

- Surge in rail traffic on BNSF, CP due to Bakken oil
- Railroads investing to reduce delays
- Safety of Bakken crude-by-rail flow is concern
- Container-based shipping increased, region's two
  primary rail-truck intermodal terminals near capacity
- State Rail plan identified many rail bottlenecks in region
- Joint public/private role where these impact passenger rail
- Few excess rail lines remain in region, so expect few additional railroad abandonments

### **River Barges**

- Current port terminals in Saint Paul, Minneapolis, Savage
- Minneapolis has low volume, likely to close
- St Paul is largest generator on river system above St Louis
- Diversification in commodities, balancing inbound and outbound cargo

### Other Freight Planning Affecting Region

- Minnesota Statewide Freight Plan (MnDOT, 2005)
- Statewide Freight and Passenger Rail Plan (MnDOT, 2010)
- Statewide Multimodal Transportation Plan (MnDOT, 2012)
- Statewide Ports and Waterways Plan (MnDOT, 2013)
- Twin Cities Regional Freight Study (MnDOT and Metro Council, 2013



# Thrive MSP POLICY PLAN

### Draft Bicycle & Pedestrian Investment Direction

Transportation Advisory Board – May 21, 2014

# **Section Overview**

### **Key messages**

- Biking/walking are effective transportation solutions within and near congested centers
- Pedestrian planning best performed at local level
- Bicycle planning to ensure regional continuity is an important regional role
- Pedestrian planning is integral to planning for other modes, so is mainly discussed in other modal sections

# **Section Overview**

# Integration of Pedestrian Planning with Other Modes

- Land Use & Local Planning section ("Pedestrian Planning Considerations")
- Highway section (Highway investments)
- Transit section (Transit planning basics)

# Proposed Regional Bicycle Transportation Network

### **Network Development Analysis Factors:**

- 1. Regional Job Concentrations
- 2. Other Regional Destinations
- 3. Bicycle Travel Demand
- 4. Connecting with Transit
- 5. Future Population Density
- 6. System Equity

#### Regional Bicycle Transportation Network (RBTN) Corridors

#### Proposed

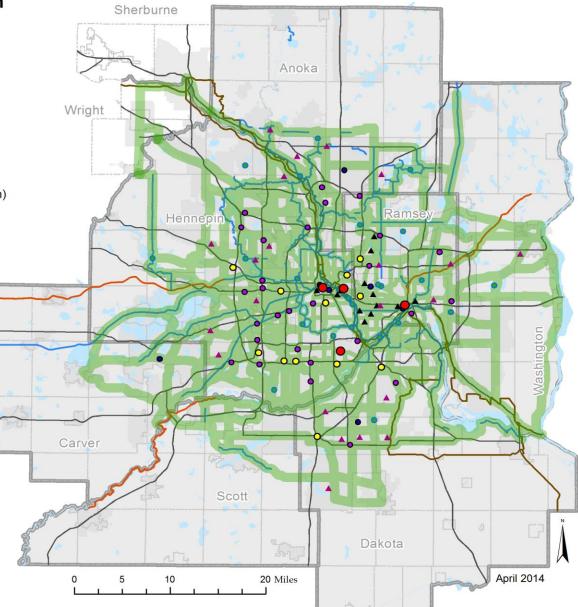
**Regional Bicycle Transportation Corridors** 

#### **Other Trail Systems**

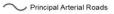
- Regional Trails (Regional Parks Policy Plan)
- Mississippi River Trail (US Route 45)
- State Trails (DNR)

#### **Regional Destinations**

- Major Job & Activity Centers
- Regional Job & Activity Centers
- Subregional Job & Activity Centers
- ▲ Large High Schools
- ▲ Colleges & Universities
- Major Sport & Entertainment Centers
- Highly Visited Regional Parks



#### **Reference Items**



- Lakes and Rivers
- City Boundary
- County Boundary

2040 Municipal Urban Service Area MPO Area

# Proposed Regional Bicycle Transportation Network

### **Characteristics:**

- "Backbone" arterial system for regional transportation
- Intent to encourage coordinated planning and implementation
- An integrated, seamless network of on-street bikeways and off-road trails

#### Regional Bicycle Transportation Network (RBTN) Corridors

#### PROPOSED

#### **RBTN Corridors with Alignments**

✓ Tier 1 Aligments

Tier 2 Alignments

#### **RBTN Corridors (Alignments Undefined)**

Tier 1 Priority Regional Bicycle Transportation Corridor

Tier 2 Regional Bicycle Transportation Corridors

#### **Other Trail Systems**

- Regional Trails (Regional Parks Policy Plan)
- Mississippi River Trail (US Route 45)
- State Trails (DNR)

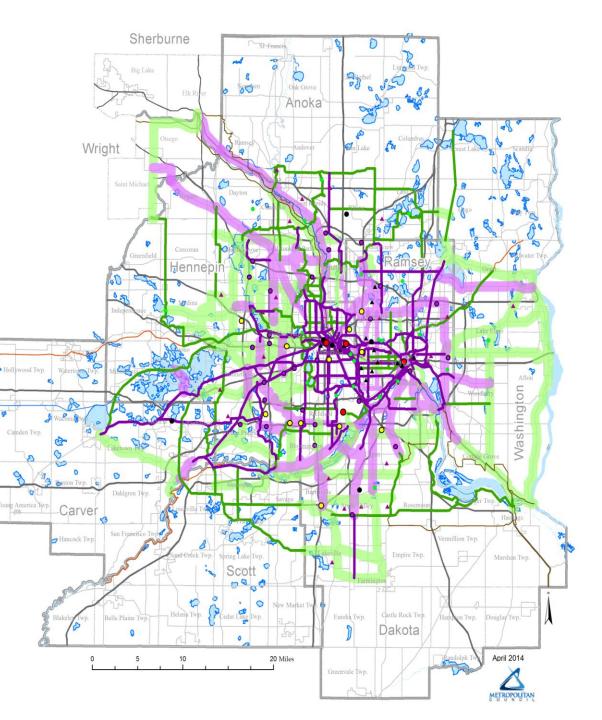
#### **Regional Destinations**

- Metropolitan Job Centers (50,000+ jobs)
- Regional Job Centers (15,000 50,000 jobs)
- Subregional Job Centers (7,000 15,000 jobs)
- ▲ Large High Schools (2000+ Students)
- Colleges & Universities (2000+ Students)
- Major Sport & Entertainment Centers
- Highly Visited Regional Parks (400,00+ visits per year)

#### **Reference Items**

- $\sim$  Principal Arterial Roads
- Lakes and Rivers
- City Boundary
- County Boundary

```
2040 Municipal Urban Service Area
MPO Area
```



# **Investment Direction**

### **Regional Bicycle Transportation Network**

- Tier 1 Corridors given "highest priority"
- Tier 2 Corridors given "second highest priority"

### **Critical Bicycle Transportation Links**

- Close a gap in the RBTN
- Provide short connecting trail between RBTN and local bikeway network.
- Improve continuity and connections between jurisdictions (on or off regional network)
- Improve or remove physical barrier (on or off regional network)

# **Investment Direction**

### **Other Investment Prioritization Factors**

- Opportunities for Pedestrian Improvements
- Safety
- Cost-effectiveness
- Multimodal Projects
- Reconstruction of Existing Facilities



# Thrive MSP POLICY PLAN

# **Aviation Investment Direction**

### **Overview**

- Twin Cities Regional Aviation System is a well developed aviation system that serves the need of the metropolitan region.
- Updated TPP Aviation plan has minimal change from 2010.
- Protection and maintenance of this system is important for economic competitiveness for the region.
- Federal government actions could affect the system and the traveling public.
- Aviation roles vary between federal, state, regional and local governmental units.

## **Regional Aviation System Map**





## **System Changes Since 2010**

- Many projects have been completed at both MSP and the reliever airports.
- Reliever airport LTCP's being updated.



### **Aviation Trends**

### **COMMERCIAL SERVICES**

- Aviation industry is readjusting to larger size aircraft with fewer flights and leaner operations.
- Less capacity yields higher prices for commercial service.



# **Aviation Trends**

### **GENERAL AVIATION**

• Recreational segment likely to continue decreasing operations.

Increased costs Aging fleet Older pilot population

- From a system standpoint, maintenance more pressing than increased capacity
- MAC continues to explore complementary non-aviation land use development



# **Airport Classification and Roles**

• Airports are classified according to their role and function.

National Level - National Plan of Integrated Airport System (NPIAS)

State System – State plans usually include more airports than the National Plan

Metropolitan Council System – Terminology reflects metropolitan region airport considerations



### **Airport Classifications and Role**

Airport	Federal NPIAS	State	Regional
MSP	Commercial Service-Primary	Кеу	Major
St. Paul Downtown	Reliever	Key	Intermediate
Flying Cloud	Reliever	Key	Minor
Anoka County- Blaine	Reliever	Кеу	Minor
Crystal	Reliever	Intermediate	Minor
Lake Elmo	Reliever	Intermediate	Minor
Airlake	Reliever	Intermediate	Minor
South St. Paul	Reliever	Intermediate	Minor
Forest Lake	N/A	Landing Strip	Minor



# MINNEAPOLIS-ST. PAUL INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT LTCP

### **OBJECTIVES**

Keep existing runways, improve taxiways

Continue the pavement maintenance program

Expand/Rehabilitate Terminal 1 Building, add Gates and tram on concourse G/H, add Parking

Expand Terminal 2 Improve road access to Terminals 1 & 2





### **Appendices**

Air Transportation Glossary

Individual Airport LTCP's. Updated with SGS (So. St. Paul's) LTCP

National/State Classifications

**Airport Service Areas** 

Land Use Compatibility Guidelines

**Capital Investment Review Process** 

Airport Capacity Criteria



