### 2016 Sensitivity Analysis of **Regional Solicitation Measures**

**Technical Advisory Committee** May 3, 2017





## **Evaluating Impact of Measures**

- Number of applications changing rank order
- Number of applications moving above/below funding line
- Standard deviation
- Strategies for Underperforming Measures
  - Do nothing
  - Change the number of points allocated to the measure
  - Change the measure's scoring guidelines or applicant instructions
  - Change the measure
  - Convert to a required qualification instead of a scored measure
  - Remove the measure





# **Key Findings**

- No measures are clearly under-performing given the points allocated to them
  - Different finding than after 2014 Regional Solicitation
- Outlier projects with very high scores are clearly impactful to some measures
- Measures perhaps worthy of examination:
  - Risk Assessment Worksheet provides little differentiation.
  - Housing Performance scores are fairly high, particularly in categories that tend to be in Minneapolis and St. Paul.
  - Deficiencies and Safety (Multiuse Trails and Pedestrian categories) saw fairly high scores that were bunched.
  - Avg. number of weekday transit trips connected to the project (Transit) Expansion) saw all applicants receive 15 points for connecting to a planned transitway



### **Biggest Outliers**

Several applications had measures in which no application scored even half of the top-scoring application. This is due to top-scoring applications with large margins over all other applications. Key outliers include:

- Transit Expansion, Usage (Count of new riders, 350 points): Top application scored 350. Second application scored 247. Others scored from 10 to 76.
- Transit System Modernization, Usage (count of existing riders, 300) points): Top application scored 300. Others scored fewer than 100.
- Transit (both applications), Cost Effectiveness (100 points): Top application scored 100. No others scored more than 16.
- Roadway Expansion, crash reduction (150 points): Top application scored 150. Other applications scored fewer than 60 points.



## 2014 Comparison

- Connection to Jobs (Roadway Reconstruction/Modernization)
  - 2014: Minimal impact due to rigid scoring that only allowed 0, 12, or 20 points).
  - 2016: More impactful due to pro-rated scoring.
- Gaps and Barriers (Multiuse Trails):
  - 2014: Funding range of 120 to 150.
  - 2016 Funding range of 55 to 150 due to a 100-point cap on applications that did not include crash data.
- Connections to Jobs and Educational Institutions (Transit Expansion):
  - 2014: All applications scored 33 out of 33 points.
  - 2016: Standard deviation of 17 (50-point max), due to changing from "all-ornone" measure to proportionate scoring.



### Questions

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