## ACTION TRANSMITTAL No. 2019-24

DATE:	May 24 <sup>th</sup> , 2019	
TO:	TAC	
FROM:	TAC Planning	
PREPARED BY:	Rachel Wiken, Planner, 651-602-1572 Steve Peterson, Manager of Highway Planning and TAB/TAC Process, 651-602-1819	
SUBJECT:	Scott County Principal Arterial Change Requests	
REQUESTED ACTION:	Scott County requests approval from the Metropolitan Council to reclassify CSAH 42, CSAH 17, and CSAH 78 to Principal Arterials, and to reclassify CSAH 21 as an A-Minor Expander. <i>(Functional class requests #1357-1360)</i>	
RECOMMENDED MOTION:	That TAC recommend to TAB to make the following functional classification changes and to administratively modify the 2040 Transportation Policy Plan to reflect these changes:	
	<ol> <li>Upgrade CSAH 42 from an A-Minor Expander to a Principal Arterial.</li> <li>Upgrade CSAH 17 from an A-Minor Expander to a Principal Arterial.</li> <li>Continue evaluating CSAH 78 as a future Principal Arterial, but do not change the current functional classification of the roadway at this time.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Downgrade CSAH 21 from a Principal Arterial to an A-Minor Expander.</li> </ol>	
changes to the funct 1. Upgrade Sco to a Principa segment terr	<b>ID PURPOSE OF ACTION:</b> Scott County is requesting the following tional classification system: but County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 42 from an A-Minor Expander I Arterial (see segment 1357 on Figure 1 where green dots denote mini).	

- 2. Upgrade CSAH 17 from an A-Minor Expander to a Principal Arterial (see segment 1358 on Figure 1).
- 3. Upgrade CSAH 78 from an A-Minor Expander to a Principal Arterial (see segment 1359 on Figure 1).
- 4. Downgrade CSAH 21 from a Principal Arterial to an A-Minor Expander (see segment 1360 on Figure 1).

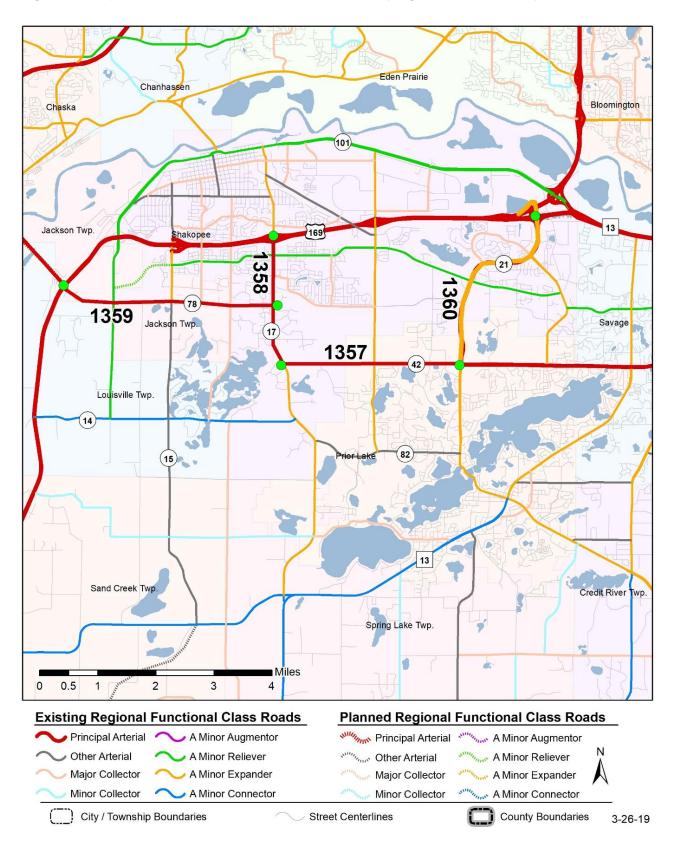


Figure 1: Requested New Functional Classifications (Segments 1357-1360)

The upgrading of an existing roadway to a Principal Arterial (PA) is a rare occurrence. Additions to the PA network require a rigorous review that must ultimately be approved by the full Metropolitan Council. Any approved changes will be administratively modified into the region's 2040 Transportation Policy Plan as part of this action. Functional classification change requests involving PAs must also include local resolutions of support from all impacted jurisdictions (in this case, the City of Prior Lake, City of Shakopee, Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Community, Jackson Township, and Louisville Township-see attached resolutions) to ensure that local jurisdictions are aware of any potential Principal Arterial designation impacts (e.g., limited direct access to the roadway from private and public streets).

As part of the PA approval process, input from TAC Planning, TAC, and TAB will be provided to the Council. This approval process differs substantially from A-Minor Arterial requests, for which the Council has delegated authority to the Transportation Advisory Board (i.e., TAC Planning makes a recommendation to TAC). TAB then approves the entire functional classification map prior to each Regional Solicitation cycle to help determine eligibility for the federal funding.

The three proposed Principal Arterial segments include the following:

<u>CSAH 42 (segment 1357)</u>: The eastern half of this segment is a four-lane divided roadway (see Figure 2) and the western half will be expanded to a four-lane divided roadway in 2020. CSAH 42 intersects with CSAH 17 with a grade separation (see Figure 3).

#### Figure 2: CSAH 42 at McKenna Rd



Source: Google Street View

#### Figure 3: CSAH 42 and CSAH 17 Grade Separation



Source: Google Street View

<u>CSAH 17 (segment 1358)</u>: This north-south segment is a four-lane divided roadway (see Figures 4 and 5) with access controls. At the north end, the corridor is highly developed with St. Francis Regional Medical Center, commercial/retail, Marschall Road Transit Station, and an interchange with Trunk Highway (TH) 169.

#### Figure 4: CSAH 17 and CSAH 78 Intersection



Source: Google Street View

Figure 5: CSAH 17



Source: Google Street View

<u>CSAH 78 (segment 1359)</u>: This east-west segment is a rural, two-lane roadway (see Figures 6-8) with several private accesses throughout the corridor. At the western edge, CSAH 78 will intersect with a new interchange at TH 169 and TH 41 (planned for

completion in 2020). This connection with TH 41 facilitates trips to a Minnesota River crossing and Carver County.

#### Figure 6: CSAH 78 east of CR 79



Source: Google Street View

#### Figure 7: CSAH 78 at Marystown Rd



Source: Google Street View

#### Figure 8: CSAH 78 at CR 73



Source: Google Street View

The proposed Principal Arterials along CSAHs 42 and 17 would help create a single Principal Arterial connection across the southern Metropolitan Area that has been described in the 2030 and 2040 Scott County Comprehensive Plans (see Figure 9). CSAH 78 was added as a future PA to the draft 2040 Scott County Comprehensive Plan. Scott County is proactively planning for future PAs as their access spacing guidelines are based off the future functional class map.

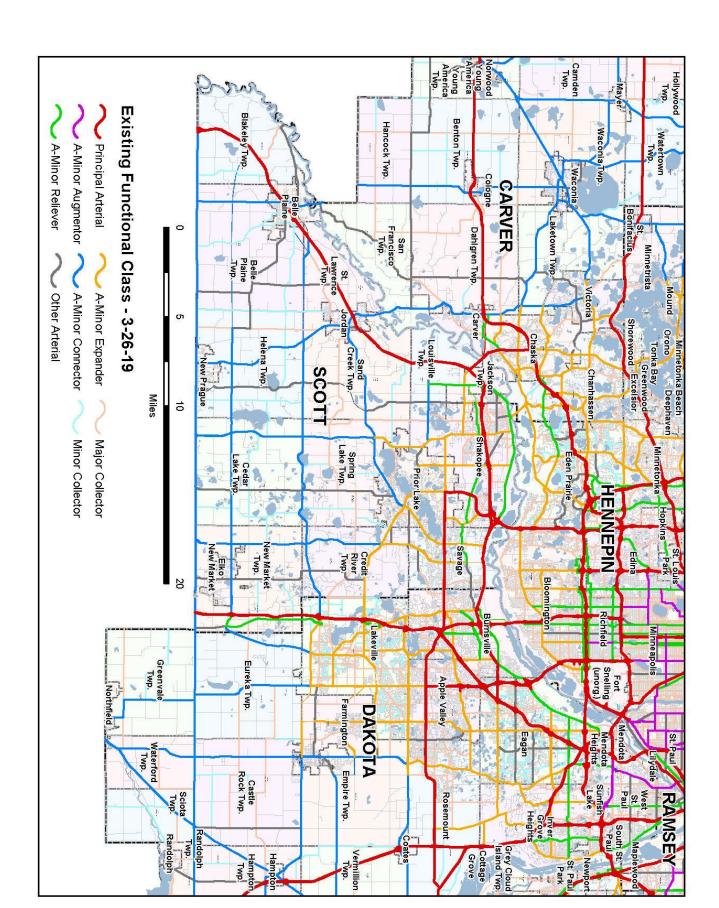


Figure 9 – Existing Functional Class Scott County and Surrounding Area

CSAH 17 connects to TH 169 and is part of a planned future north-south PA. This provides a better north-south route than extending the current north-south PA, CSAH 21 (proposed to be downgraded to an A-Minor Expander).

The County is requesting the Principal Arterial designation to ensure future development adjacent to the corridor occurs consistent with Principal Arterial access management guidelines. Matching the appropriate functional class for the roadway will better align federal pavement and congestion performance measures with the priorities of Scott County.

**STAFF ANALYSIS:** During the development of the 2040 Transportation Policy Plan, Scott County discussed its intention to request three of the four functional classification change requests that are part of this action item. As such, the approved 2040 TPP Update (October 2018) has a Principal Arterial System map that shows the three changes as pending approval after official application was made by Scott County. Council staff were in agreement with the three changes. However, the CSAH 78 upgrade from an A-Minor Expander to a Principal Arterial was not part of the initial discussions and is not shown on the TPP map.

Staff is recommending approval of these same three changes as shown in the TPP; however, staff is not recommending a change to the current functional classification to CSAH 78. This route is a viable, future Principal Arterial and planning should continue for it to one day be a Principal Arterial. However, it is currently not functioning like a Principal Arterial due to the numerous private driveways and field access points, close spacing to TH 169 (only one mile), low traffic volumes (6,100), and current role of serving mostly local traffic.

Additional reasoning is provided in Table 1, which compares Appendix D of the 2040 TPP (i.e., Criteria for Other Principal Arterials in the Rural Area) to CSAH 78.

Met Council staff discussed the four requested changes with MnDOT Central Office and Metro District staff. The addition of new PA mileage will also start the process to add the mileage to the National Highway System (NHS). Roadways on the NHS must be analyzed and reported on for federally-required performance measures. These roadways also become eligible for additional funding such as the National Highway Performance Program (NHPP) funds. If approved as requested, the change would add 9 miles of PA, while removing 3.5 miles of PA on CSAH 21, for a net addition of 5.5 miles to the Principal Arterial system. If only approving the staff recommendation of CSAH 42, 17, and 21, there would be a net addition of two miles to the PA system. MnDOT was not concerned about the addition of these miles (in either case described above) to the NHS given their small scale compared to the rest of the system.

MnDOT expressed concern about the distinction between the current versus future functional classification of the roadway and wants to make sure that the requested changes reflect how the roadway is currently functioning, not how it may function in the future. It is MnDOT's stance that CSAH 78's current function is not that of a Principal Arterial, but that it should continue to be evaluated moving forward.

MnDOT also consulted directly with the Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Community, which was supportive of Scott County's request.

TPP Criteria	Rural PA Guidelines	CSAH 78
Place Connection	Connect the urban service area with major cities in MN and other states	(meets guidelines)
Spacing	2-6 miles (suburban) 6-12 miles (rural)	(does not meet guidelines) Only 1 mile spacing
Operations	45 mph+ design speed	$\checkmark$
System Connections and Access Spacing	To other PAs or A-Minors. Access spacing 1-2 miles.	Access spacing is too close
Trip Making Services	Trips greater than 8 miles with at least 5 miles on the PA	63% of trips less than 8 miles*
Mobility vs. Land Access	Little or no direct land access	Too much direct land access to residences and farm fields
Intersections	High-capacity controlled at- grade intersections	Larger intersections at either end, but not at intersections within the 3-mile segment
Parking	None	
Large Trucks	No restrictions	
Management Tools	Access controls, intersection spacing	Neither up to PA guidelines
Typical Avg. Daily Traffic Volumes	2,500-25,000+	Meets guidelines, but rather low volume road at 6,100 to add as a new PA
Posted Speed Limit	Legal limit	$\checkmark$
Right-of-Way	100-300 feet	Meets guidelines, but right-of- way only around 100 feet
Transit	None	
Bike and Pedestrian	On facilities that cross or are parallel to the PA	

### Table 1: TPP Criteria for Principal Arterials

\*2018 travel data from Streetlight Insights

= meets guidelines



= does not meet guidelines

**COMMITTEE ACTION:** Steve Peterson presented the staff analysis of this request, as written up in this action item. Craig Jenson presented some additional data from Scott County on development pressures in the area.

The committee had a long discussion on functional class. The beginning of the discussion centered on the fact that functional class is supposed to represent *current* function of the roadway, not the *future* function of the roadway. However, Scott County noted that is difficult to enforce access controls to a higher standard than the current functional class. Scott County is expecting development to occur, especially around the TH 169/TH 41/CSAH 78 interchange area.

Much of the discussion focused on CSAH 78, which the recommended motion does not support changing. Staff maintains this area is not functioning currently as a PA, but a new interchange at TH 169/TH 41/CSAH 78 might change traffic flows in the future.

The recommended motion says "continue evaluating" CSAH 78 which the committee came back to several times for clarification. As part of the TPP administrative amendment related to this action item, CSAH 78 will now be listed as a future Principal Arterial in the "Additional Highway Needs beyond the Increased Revenue Scenario" section of Chapter 5: Highway Investment Direction and Plan. This change the region's long-range plan should help Scott County in managing access requests.

Michael Corbett from MnDOT reminded the committee of MnDOT's Metro functional class review that will be happening this year as requested by FHWA. After comprehensive plans are completed (most of them will be submitted to the Council by July 1, 2019), MnDOT will be reviewing all functional class roads for alignment with guidelines. Staff noted that a one to two-year time frame to reevaluate this road was reasonable (after the completion of the MnDOT functional classification review and the TH 169 interchange construction). Also, staff recommend that TAC Planning have a continuing generalized discussion about functional class guidelines, process, and impact, especially of the planned PA system.

Several county representatives spoke of the recent changes in PA planning from MnDOT to the county level. Craig Jensen reminded the committee that Scott County has been viewing CSAH 78 as a planned PA since the 1990s as part of a wider east/west corridor. Angie Stenson of Carver County spoke in support of the requested motion (including CSAH 78), highlighting that CSAH 78 carries east/west traffic on longer trips, that both Carver and Scott Counties believe it is functioning as a PA. Carver County is officially supportive of the change and she spoke of the rapid development happening in the area. She highlighted the interchange being built, that it is a large regional investment.

Michael Corbett moved to approve the recommended motion. Katie White seconded. Angie Stenson was opposed. All other verbal votes were supported the recommended motion.

Motion passes.

ROU	TING
-----	------

то	ACTION REQUESTED	DATE COMPLETED
TAC Planning Committee	Review & Recommend	5-9-19
Technical Advisory Committee	Review & Recommend	
Transportation Advisory Board	Review & Recommend	
Metropolitan Council	Review & Recommend	
Transportation Committee		
Metropolitan Council	Review & Adopt	

# **Resolutions of Support**

- a. Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Community
- b. City of Shakopee
- c. City of Prior Lake
- d. Louisville Township
- e. Jackson Township