Transit Subsidy Per Passenger Update



Transit Subsidy Per Passenger Update

Subsidy per Passenger =

(Total cost of service –) fare revenue collected

Total rides

Two datasets today, based on latest available information:

- 2014 Peer Region Analysis
- 2013 Twin Cities Route Analysis



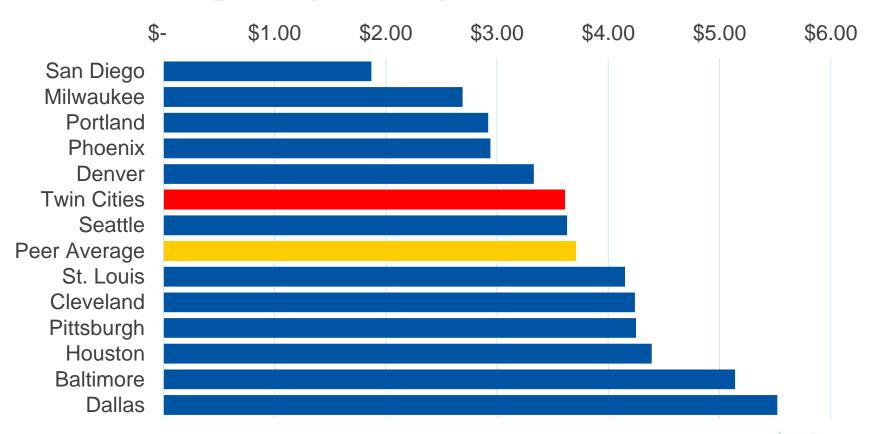
Factors that can Affect Subsidy per Passenger

- Ridership trends and all the factors affecting it (demographics, gas prices, etc.)
- Fare prices
- Cost of service and inflation
- Amount of service
- Mix of service types

Peer Region Subsidy per Passenger Analysis

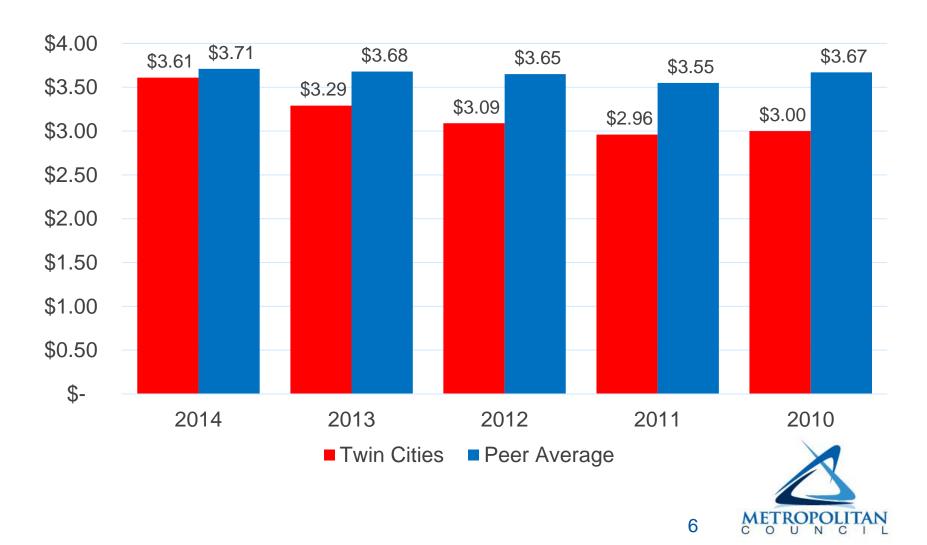
- Peer Regions
 - Denver, Portland, St. Louis, Pittsburgh, Houston, Baltimore, Cleveland,
 Milwaukee, Dallas, Seattle, San Diego, Phoenix
 - Similar sized regions in population and transit service, similar demographic and travel profiles
- Includes all public transit modes and services
 - Metro Transit/Met Council, MVTA, SouthWest, Maple Grove, Plymouth,
 Shakopee, Prior Lake, University of Minnesota
- 2013 and 2014 Twin Cities costs adjusted to remove non-revenue start-up costs for Green Line LRT and Red Line BRT

Peer Region Subsidy per Passenger (2014)

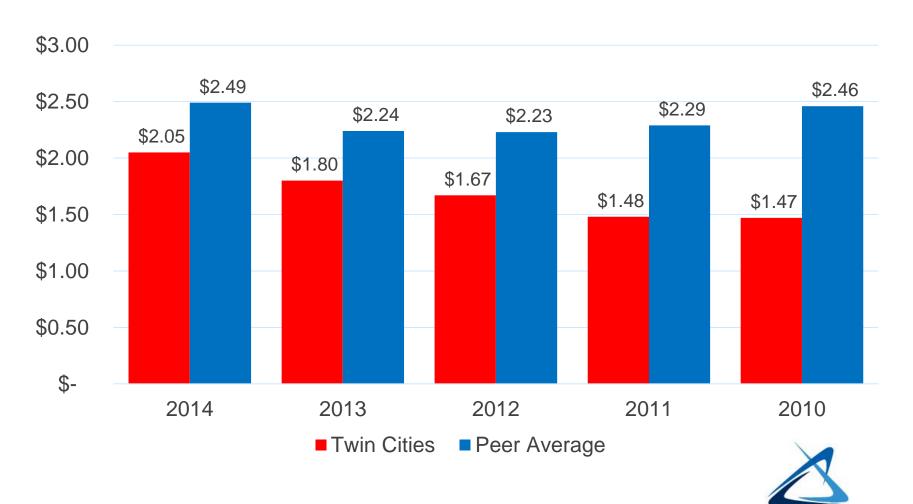




Peer Region Subsidy per Passenger (2010-2014)



Peer Region Light Rail Subsidy per Passenger (2010-2014)



Light Rail Subsidy per Passenger Updated

2015 Estimated Blue Line	\$1.86
2015 Estimated Green Line	\$1.49
2015 Estimated LRT Average	\$1.67

Peer Region Light Rail Subsidy per Passenger (2010-2014)



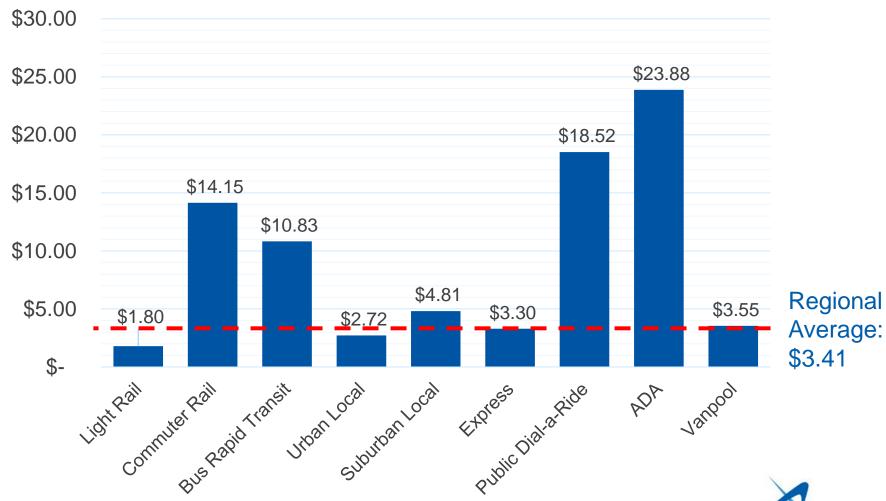
2013 Route Analysis



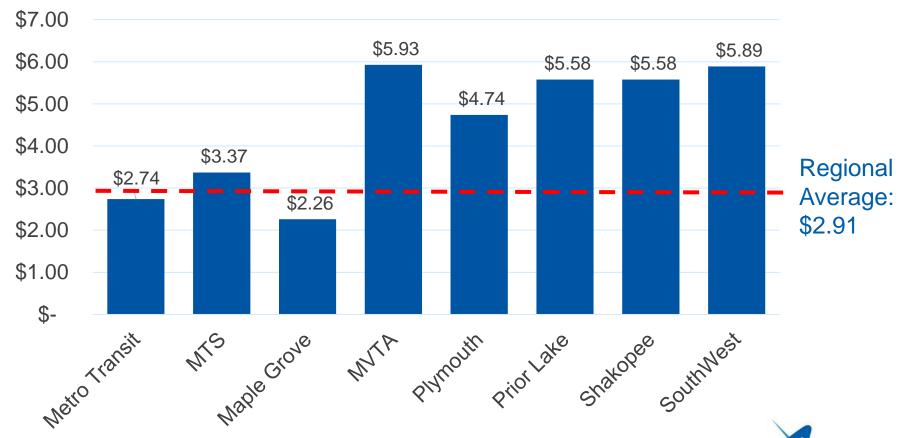
2013 Route Analysis Subsidy per Passenger

- Includes all services <u>except</u> University of Minnesota (thus, data will not be exactly the same as peer region comparison)
- Red Line opened in June 2013

Subsidy by Service Type, 2013



Regular Route Subsidy by Provider, 2013



Questions?

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