# Recommendations: Groundwater – Surface Water Interaction

Emily Steinweg, Senior Engineer, MCES Water Supply Planning Lanya Ross, Environmental Analyst, MCES Water Supply Planning

TAC meeting: August 17, 2021



# PRE-WORK: Review info shared by committee members and staff in memo attached to meeting agenda

#### Resources related to the following topics:

- Local work
- Research examples: understanding ground – surface water interactions
- Existing ground surface water data
- Examples of guidance (technical assistance, best practices, planning, funding)
- Community data

Committee members are encouraged to share useful and interesting resources!



#### Involve



#### **Water Supply TAC**

- Pools collective expertise to address increasingly complex water problems that require a collaborative approach.
- Informs MAWSAC's work by providing scientific and engineering expertise.

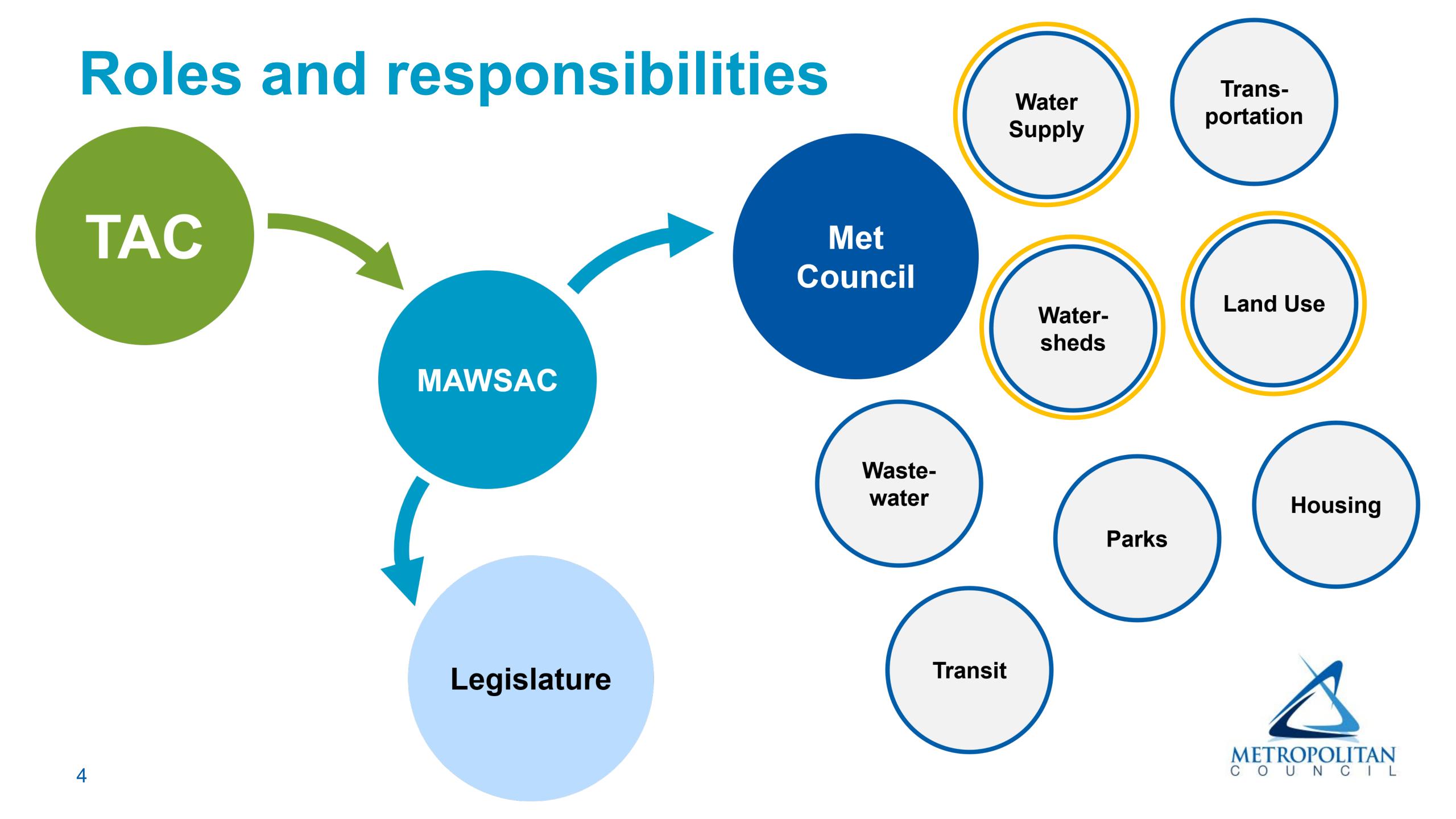
#### Work together:

Share information for MAWSAC to consider at their next meeting, related to potential recommendations in the area of groundwater – surface water interaction

#### Approach:

- 1) Introduce the proposed language
- 2) Consider regional and local context
- 3) Explore and revise proposal
- 4) Next steps





# GROUNDWATER-SURFACE WATER INTERACTIONS

#### **DRAFT RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### Problem or need

Planning for water supply sustainability comes down to understanding water budgets: the amount of water moving through the regional water system; how water flow affects contaminant migration, including between ground and surface waters; how water can be used or reused without doing damage to connected resources; and how different conditions affect limits.

Because water systems extend beyond jurisdictional boundaries, approaches that support a subregional perspective will improve understanding of the challenges and opportunities and allow the potential impacts of interacting groundwater and surface water to be prioritized when making decisions.

#### Goal

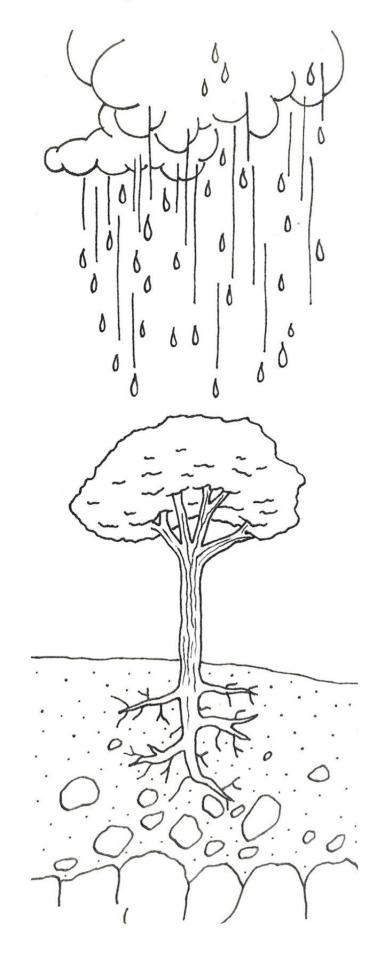
The TAC, serving at the pleasure of the MAWSAC, recommends that the MAWSAC, with the Metropolitan Council and the State of Minnesota, promote actions to further understand how ground water and surface water interact and how those interactions impact the sustainability of water supply systems and resources. Ongoing support for collaborative management strategies, research, and monitoring is needed to better understand these interactions and impacts.

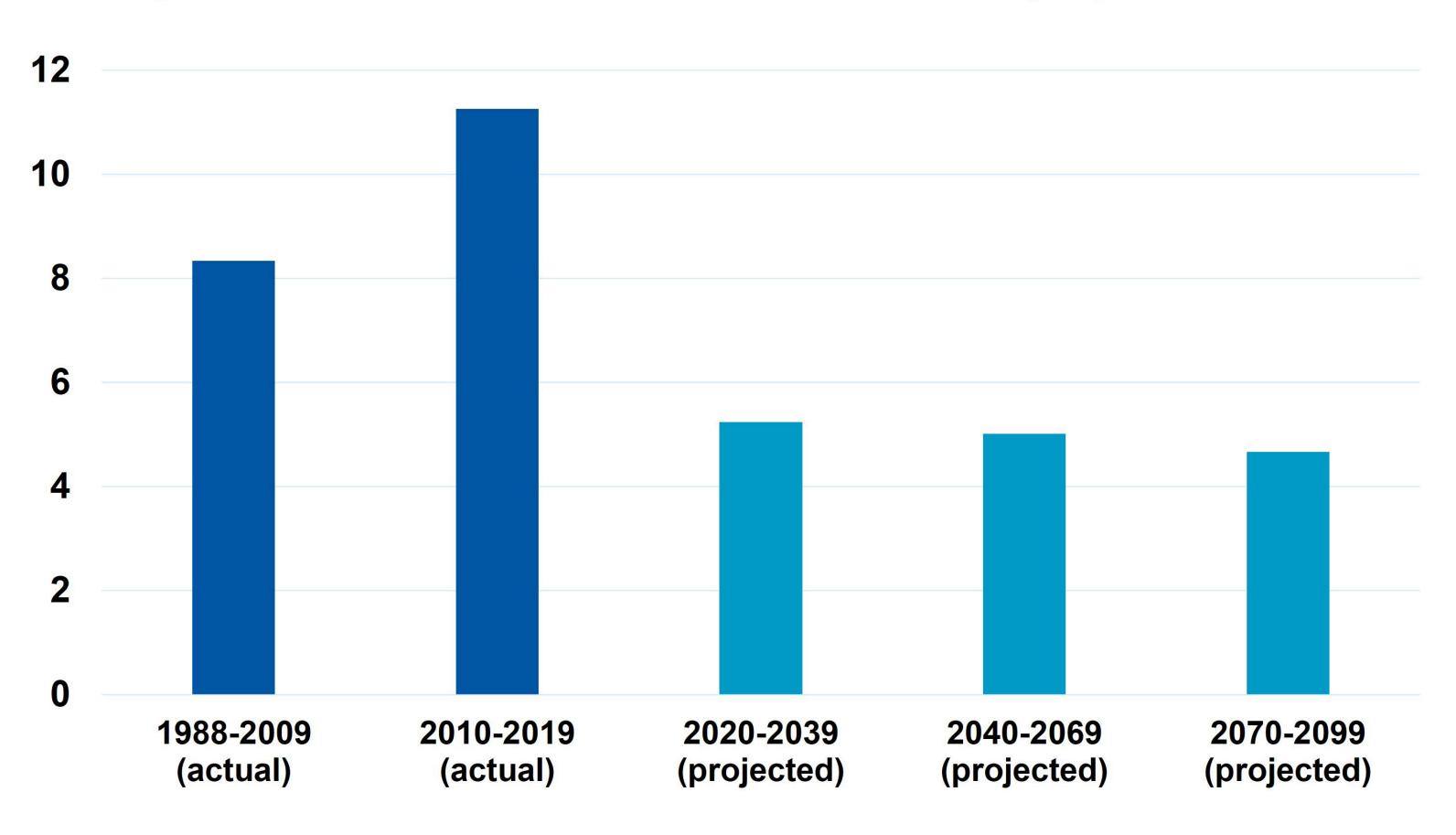
#### **Solutions**

- Outreach, engagement, training updated stormwater infiltration requirements and recommendations, water reuse BMP
- Research enhance monitoring and data accessibility, metro area water balance during wet and dry periods, movement of contamination
- Regulatory streamlined regulatory direction regarding storm or wastewater reuse
- Regional policies & planning policy making with acknowledgement of ground – and surface water interaction, PWS working with state agencies to discuss changes in water demand
- Financial support water reuse grants for communities and developers, subregional projects that address interconnectedness of water resources

# Climate projections and uncertainty

Regional modeling is a tool that may help explore how projections of precipitation and temperature could change the amount of water available to recharge groundwater









## Council Priority Waters List

Emily Resseger, Environmental Analyst, Metropolitan Council Environmental Services Water Resources



# What is the Priority Waters List?

The priority waters list is those waters the Council has determined provide significant use and benefits to the region. The Council will prioritize dedicating resources to these waters to help maintain and improve their use for present and future generations.





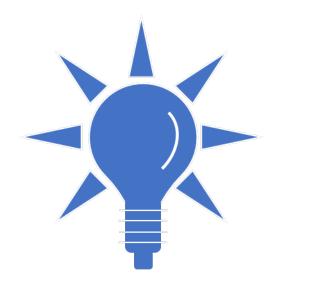


## Why Do We Need to Prioritize?

- We have over 950 lakes and hundreds of miles of rivers and streams.
- We need priorities for planning, investment and operations purposes.
- How do we spend staff time and money on:
  - Monitoring
  - Assessment
  - Technical assistance
  - Grants
  - Education
  - Investment in our systems



# **Priority Waters Categories**



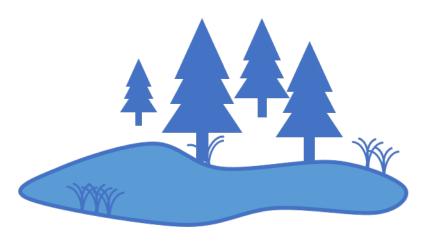
Education & Engagement



Scientific Value



**Drinking Water** 



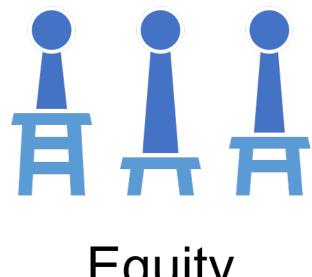
Healthy Habitat



Recreation & Tourism



**Tranquil Connection** 



**Equity** 









# Drinking Water Measures

- Regional source water protection
  - Principal drinking waters
  - Reserve drinking waters
  - Highest potential to impact drinking water
    - GW-DWSMA vulnerability
    - Pollution sensitivity
    - DWSMA for surface water
    - Emergency response areas
- Drinking water use
  - Municipal DWSMA population served
  - Domestic and non-municipal well density





### Takeaways

- The Priority Waters list is a tool Council staff can use to ensure the highest valued waters in the region are prioritized and protected in our work.
  - Completion date ~early 2022
  - Part of the Council's 2050 Water Resources Policy Plan
  - Available for partners to use as well
- The Council is committed to considering drinking water -surface and ground- in how we prioritize resources towards surface water.
- Datasets are now at high enough quality and at fine enough scale to make regional decisions.



Understanding connections and associated impacts for better planning and management

#### Interactions of Ground and Surface Waters

John Clark, Senior Environmental Scientist, Metropolitan Council Environmental Services Water Supply Planning



## What are the concerns?

- Surface waters can be impacted by groundwater pumping
- Recharge is impacted by surface water routing and land use changes
- Impacts to water chemistry and ecological function
- Impacts to infrastructure and homes from rising water tables

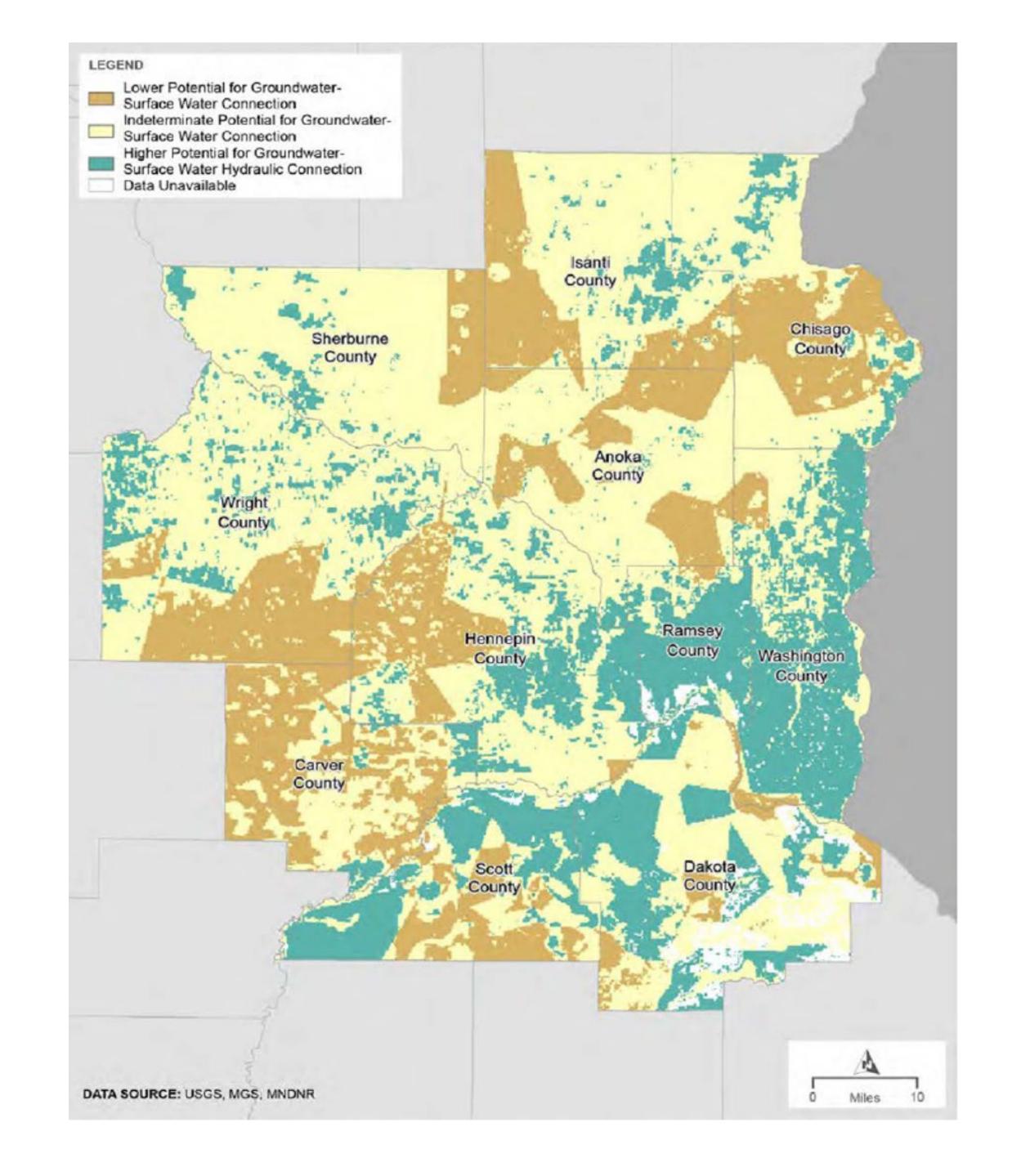
- Lawsuits, business and tax losses
- Social and political costs
- Loss of recreation and cultural activities
- Loss of trust
- Permitted pumping restrictions
  - Increased requirements for water utilities

## Project Purpose

- Identify areas of the metro where connections are most likely
- Identify areas that are most susceptible to impacts
- Develop guidance that helps water managers and planners consider and prioritize GSIs in their decision-making
- Ultimately improve the resiliency of our water resources and water systems



- Used a two-pronged data approach
  - Hydrogeologic
  - Geochemical
- Assessed the time of travel from the water table to the bedrock surface
  - Looked for agreement between methods
  - Used as a proxy for likelihood of connection
- Limitations
  - Limited measurements increase interpolation
  - Need updated geologic atlas info. for some counties
  - Doesn't explicitly evaluate water table and surficial aquifer relationships



### What needs to be done? What info needed?

 A shared, holistic, conceptual model of our water systems that include:

- All water types
- Hydrogeology
- Land use
- Climate

- Water infrastructure
- Water treatment
- Natural capital
- Cultural values
- A robust monitoring network that links and is built around surface and groundwater interactions
- High-resolution modeling in prioritized areas where impacts are likely
- Information that allows communities, water resource managers, and policy-makers to consider GSIs in their decision-making

# Local experiences – food for thought

Local utility and water resource managers invited to share their experience working on specific projects or programs.

#### QUESTIONS

- 1. What was the problem or challenge, and what impacts were most concerning?
- 2. What trade-offs or tensions shaped the work?
- 3. What resources were needed to do this work? Financial or other?
- 4. Who are key stakeholders/partners and what outreach is effective? Any gaps?
- 5. How could the Council and/or organizations represented on TAC help?



### Questions

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