Application

13861-2020 Roadway Modernization
14021 - Marystown Road, Shakopee
Regional Solicitation - Roadways Including Multimodal Elements
Status: Submitted
Submitted Date:
05/15/2020 12:15 PM

## Primary Contact



## Organization Information

Name:
SHAKOPEE, CITY OF
Jurisdictional Agency (if different):

Organization Type:
City
Organization Website:

| Address: | 485 GORMAN ST |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| * | SHAKOPEE | Minnesota | 55379 |
|  | City | State/Province | Postal Code/Zip |
| County: | Scott |  |  |
| Phone:* | 952-233-9300 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Fax:
PeopleSoft Vendor Number
0000020995A5

## Project Information

| Project Name | Marystown Road Corridor |
| :--- | :--- |
| Primary County where the Project is Located | Scott |
| Cities or Townships where the Project is Located: | City of Shakopee |
| Jurisdictional Agency (If Different than the Applicant): | N/A |

The City of Shakopee, in partnership with Scott County and MnDOT is developing the ultimate vision for CSAH 15/Marystown Road/Adams Street from Vierling Drive to CSAH 16 (17th Avenue) in Shakopee, Minnesota (see Conceptual Layout). The project reconstructs approximately 1.2 miles of a four-lane A-Minor Expander roadway, replaces four existing stop-controlled intersections with roundabouts, and installs pedestrian and bicycle shared use paths and sidewalks to improve multimodal connectivity.

Previous studies, including the Jackson Township Development Area - Shakopee AUAR
Transportation Analysis and Trident Development Transportation Study (2019) identified the current traffic control along the corridor will not accommodate future growth and planned development in the areas by the year 2025. The Hy-Vee development was completed in 2017, the Windermere development is on-going, and there are several other developments planned in the area (see preferred development concept). Development includes over 1,600 housing units, and 1.1 million square feet of retail business, which will bring over 2,750 jobs into the area. As development in the study area continues to grow at a rapid pace, traffic operations and safety are expected to deteriorate. The TH 169 South Ramp intersection is expected to fail by year 2025, and the TH 169 North Ramp and the CSAH 15/CSAH 16 intersections are expected to have failing side-street approaches during peak hours.

Historical crash data (see Crash figure) indicates there has been an alarming increase in crashes along the corridor since construction of the Hy-Vee and Windermere developments. Average crashes per year along the corridor have increased from 2.3 from 2014-2016 to 9.3 from 2017-2019. As traffic
operations begin to fail, drivers will begin to accept smaller gaps, which could present even more safety risks along the high-speed corridor (45/55 $\mathrm{mph})$. In 2010, there was a right-angle crash at the TH 169 Ramp intersection that resulted in fatalities of a female driver and her unborn child. The installation of roundabouts will provide acceptable traffic operations, while significantly slowing travel speeds and reducing high-risk conflict points. The loss of life in 2010 could have been prevented if a roundabout configuration were in place.

The project increases transportation options for residents of all ages and socioeconomic backgrounds while delivering multimodal options for those wishing to walk or bike to work or school by providing a fully connected shared-use path/sidewalk system. This off-street access connects area parks, Sweeney and Jackson Elementary Schools, places of employment, and residences in the area.

TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM (TIP)
DESCRIPTION - will be used in TIP if the project is selected for funding. See MnDOT's TIP description guidance.

Project Length (Miles)

CSAH 15/Marystown Road, Shakopee, from north of Vierling Drive to south of CSAH 16 (17th Avenue), Road
Reconstruction, Reconstruct intersections to roundabouts at Vierling Drive, TH 169 WB ramps, TH 169 EB ramps/Windermere Way, and CSAH 16/17th Ave
1.2
to the nearest one-tenth of a mile

## Project Funding

Are you applying for competitive funds from another source(s) to implement this project?

If yes, please identify the source(s)

Federal Amount
MnDOT Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP) for State Fiscal Years 2024 and 2025
\$4,918,000.00
\$1,229,500.00

For transit projects, the total cost for the application is total cost minus fare revenues.
Match Percentage 20.0\%
Minimum of $20 \%$
Compute the match percentage by dividing the match amount by the project total
Source of Match Funds
City of Shakopee
A minimum of $20 \%$ of the total project cost must come from non-federal sources; additional match funds over the $20 \%$ minimum can come from other federal sources

Preferred Program Year
Select one:
2024
Select 2022 or 2023 for TDM projects only. For all other applications, select 2024 or 2025.
Additional Program Years:
2022, 2023
Select all years that are feasible if funding in an earlier year becomes available.

## Project Information-Roadways

| County, City, or Lead Agency | Scott County, City of Shakopee |
| :---: | :---: |
| Functional Class of Road | B Minor (North of north ramp of TH 169) / A Minor Expander (South of TH 169) |
| Road System | CSAH and MSAS |
| TH, CSAH, MSAS, CO. RD., TWP. RD., CITY STREET |  |
| Road/Route No. | 15 |
| i.e., 53 for CSAH 53 |  |
| Name of Road | Marystown Road |
| Example; 1st ST., MAIN AVE |  |
| Zip Code where Majority of Work is Being Performed | 55379 |
| (Approximate) Begin Construction Date | 05/02/2022 |
| (Approximate) End Construction Date | 10/31/2023 |
| TERMINI:(Termini listed must be within 0.3 miles of any work) |  |
| From: <br> (Intersection or Address) | Vierling Drive - Road work extends 650 feet beyond intersection |
| To: (Intersection or Address) | CSAH 16 / 17th Avenue - Road work extends 800 feet beyond intersection |
| DO NOT INCLUDE LEGAL DESCRIPTION |  |
| Or At |  |
| Miles of Sidewalk (nearest 0.1 miles) | 0.1 |
| Miles of Trail (nearest 0.1 miles) | 1.0 |
| Miles of Trail on the Regional Bicycle Transportation Network (nearest 0.1 miles) | 0 |

Bridge and roundabout construction, bike path, sidewalk,

Primary Types of Work

Examples: GRADE, AGG BASE, BIT BASE, BIT SURF,
SIDEWALK, CURB AND GUTTER,STORM SEWER,
SIGNALS, LIGHTING, GUARDRAIL, BIKE PATH, PED RAMPS,
BRIDGE, PARK AND RIDE, ETC.
BRIDGE/CULVERT PROJECTS (IF APPLICABLE)
Old Bridge/Culvert No.:
New Bridge/Culvert No.:
Structure is Over/Under
(Bridge or culvert name):
grading, aggregate base, lighting, storm sewer, ponds, median, erosion control

Bridge \#7011, (1995)
N/A

TH 169

## Requirements - All Projects

## All Projects

1.The project must be consistent with the goals and policies in these adopted regional plans: Thrive MSP 2040 (2014), the 2040 Transportation Policy Plan (2018), the 2040 Regional Parks Policy Plan (2018), and the 2040 Water Resources Policy Plan (2015).

Check the box to indicate that the project meets this requirement. Yes
2. The project must be consistent with the 2040 Transportation Policy Plan. Reference the 2040 Transportation Plan goals, objectives, and strategies that relate to the project.

Briefly list the goals, objectives, strategies, and associated pages:

The project is consistent with the 2040
Transportation Policy Plans goals, objectives, and strategies:

Goal B: Safety and Security - The regional transportation is safe and secure for all users (p. 2.5).

- Obj. A: reduce fatal and serious injury crashes and improve safety and security for all modes of passenger travel and freight transport (p. 2.5).
- Strat. B1: Regional transportation partners will incorporate safety and security considerations for all modes and users throughout the processes of planning, funding, construction, operation (p. 2.5).
- Strat. B6: Regional transportation partners will use best practices to provide and improve facilities for safe walking and bicycling, since pedestrians and bicyclists are the most vulnerable users of the transportation system (p.2.8).

Goal C: A reliable, affordable, and efficient multimodal transportation system supports the prosperity of people and businesses by connecting them to destinations throughout the region and beyond (p.2.10).

- Obj. A: increase the availability of multimodal travel options, especially in congested highway corridors (p. 2.10).
- Obj. E: Improve the availability of and quality of multimodal travel options for people of all ages and abilities to connect to jobs and other opportunities, particularly for historically under-represented populations (p. 2.10).
- Strat. C1: Regional transportation partners continue to work together to plan and implement
transportation systems that are multimodal and provide connections between modes (p. 2.10).
- Strat. C2: Local units of government should provide a network of interconnected roadways, bicycle facilities, and pedestrian facilities to meet local travel needs using Complete Streets principles (p. 2.11).

Goal E: Healthy and Equitable Communities - The regional transportation system advances equity and contributes to communities' livability and sustainability while protecting the natural, cultural, and developed environments (p. 2.30).

- Obj. C: Increase the availability and attractiveness of transit, bicycling, and walking to encourage healthy communities throughout the use of active transportation options (p. 2.30).
- Obj. D: Provide a transportation system that promotes community cohesion and connectivity for people of all ages and abilities, particularly for historically under-represented populations (p.2.30).
- Strat. E3: Regional transportation partners will plan and implement a transportation system that considers the needs of all potential users, including children, senior citizens, and persons with disabilities, and that promotes active lifestyles and cohesive communities. A special emphasis should be placed on promoting the environmental and health benefits of alternatives to single-occupant vehicle travel (p. 2.31).


# a.Projects Map <br> - Jackson Township Development Area - Shakopee AUAR Transportation Analysis 

List the applicable documents and pages:

- Envision Shakopee 2040 Comprehensive Plan (2019), Pages 175, 178-179, 202
- West End Land Use Master Plan (2016) Preferred Development Concept
- Trident Development Transportation Study (2019)

Limit 2,800 characters, approximately 400 words
4.The project must exclude costs for studies, preliminary engineering, design, or construction engineering. Right-of-way costs are only eligible as part of transit stations/stops, transit terminals, park-and-ride facilities, or pool-and-ride lots. Noise barriers, drainage projects, fences, landscaping, etc., are not eligible for funding as a standalone project, but can be included as part of the larger submitted project, which is otherwise eligible.

Check the box to indicate that the project meets this requirement. Yes
5. Applicants that are not State Aid cities or counties in the seven-county metro area with populations over 5,000 must contact the MnDOT Metro State Aid Office prior to submitting their application to determine if a public agency sponsor is required.

Check the box to indicate that the project meets this requirement. Yes
6.Applicants must not submit an application for the same project elements in more than one funding application category.

Check the box to indicate that the project meets this requirement. Yes
7.The requested funding amount must be more than or equal to the minimum award and less than or equal to the maximum award. The cost of preparing a project for funding authorization can be substantial. For that reason, minimum federal amounts apply. Other federal funds may be combined with the requested funds for projects exceeding the maximum award, but the source(s) must be identified in the application. Funding amounts by application category are listed below.
Strategic Capacity (Roadway Expansion): \$1,000,000 to \$10,000,000
Roadway Reconstruction/Modernization: \$1,000,000 to \$7,000,000
Traffic Management Technologies (Roadway System Management): \$250,000 to \$3,500,000
Spot Mobility and Safety: $\$ 1,000,000$ to $\$ 3,500,000$
Bridges Rehabilitation/Replacement: \$1,000,000 to \$7,000,000
Check the box to indicate that the project meets this requirement. Yes
8.The project must comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA).

Check the box to indicate that the project meets this requirement. Yes
9.In order for a selected project to be included in the Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) and approved by USDOT, the public agency sponsor must either have a current Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) self-evaluation or transition plan that covers the public right of way/transportation, as required under Title II of the ADA. The plan must be completed by the local agency before the Regional Solicitation application deadline. For the 2022 Regional Solicitation funding cycle, this requirement may include that the plan is updated within the past five years.

The applicant is a public agency that employs 50 or more people and has a completed ADA transition plan that covers the public Yes right of way/transportation.

Date plan completed:
06/19/2018
https://www.shakopeemn.gov/living-here/my-
Link to plan:
street/ada-transition-plan

The applicant is a public agency that employs fewer than 50 people and has a completed ADA self-evaluation that covers the public right of way/transportation.

Date self-evaluation completed:
Link to plan:
Upload plan or self-evaluation if there is no link
Upload as PDF
10.The project must be accessible and open to the general public.

Check the box to indicate that the project meets this requirement. Yes
11.The owner/operator of the facility must operate and maintain the project year-round for the useful life of the improvement, per FHWA direction established 8/27/2008 and updated 6/27/2017.

Check the box to indicate that the project meets this requirement. Yes
12.The project must represent a permanent improvement with independent utility. The term independent utility means the project provides benefits described in the application by itself and does not depend on any construction elements of the project being funded from other sources outside the regional solicitation, excluding the required non-federal match. Projects that include traffic management or transit operating funds as part of a construction project are exempt from this policy.

Check the box to indicate that the project meets this requirement. Yes
13.The project must not be a temporary construction project. A temporary construction project is defined as work that must be replaced within five years and is ineligible for funding. The project must also not be staged construction where the project will be replaced as part of future stages. Staged construction is eligible for funding as long as future stages build on, rather than replace, previous work.

Check the box to indicate that the project meets this requirement. Yes
14.The project applicant must send written notification regarding the proposed project to all affected state and local units of government prior to submitting the application.

Check the box to indicate that the project meets this requirement. Yes

## Roadways Including Multimodal Elements

1.All roadway and bridge projects must be identified as a principal arterial (non-freeway facilities only) or A-minor arterial as shown on the latest TAB approved roadway functional classification map.

Check the box to indicate that the project meets this requirement. Yes
Roadway Expansion and Reconstruction/Modernization and Spot Mobility projects only:
2.The project must be designed to meet 10 -ton load limit standards.

Check the box to indicate that the project meets this requirement. Yes
Bridge Rehabilitation/Replacement and Strategic Capacity projects only:
3.Projects requiring a grade-separated crossing of a principal arterial freeway must be limited to the federal share of those project costs identified as local (non-MnDOT) cost responsibility using MnDOTs Cost Participation for Cooperative Construction Projects and Maintenance Responsibilities manual. In the case of a federally funded trunk highway project, the policy guidelines should be read as if the funded trunk highway route is under local jurisdiction.

Check the box to indicate that the project meets this requirement.
4. The bridge must carry vehicular traffic. Bridges can carry traffic from multiple modes. However, bridges that are exclusively for bicycle or pedestrian traffic must apply under one of the Bicycle and Pedestrian Facilities application categories. Rail-only bridges are ineligible for funding.

Check the box to indicate that the project meets this requirement.
Bridge Rehabilitation/Replacement projects only:
5. The length of the bridge must equal or exceed 20 feet.

Check the box to indicate that the project meets this requirement.
6. The bridge must have a National Bridge Inventory Rating of 6 or less for rehabilitation projects and 4 or less for replacement projects.

Check the box to indicate that the project meets this requirement.
Roadway Expansion, Reconstruction/Modernization, and Bridge Rehabilitation/Replacement projects only:
7. All roadway projects that involve the construction of a new/expanded interchange or new interchange ramps must have approval by the Metropolitan Council/MnDOT Interchange Planning Review Committee prior to application submittal. Please contact Michael Corbett at MnDOT (Michael.J.Corbett@state.mn.us or 651-234-7793) to determine whether your project needs to go through this process as described in Appendix F of the 2040 Transportation Policy Plan.

Check the box to indicate that the project meets this requirement.

## Requirements - Roadways Including Multimodal Elements

## Specific Roadway Elements

| CONSTRUCTION PROJECT ELEMENTS/COST | Cost |
| :--- | ---: |
| ESTIMATES | $\$ 190,000.00$ |
| Mobilization (approx. 5\% of total cost) | $\$ 403,950.00$ |
| Removals (approx. 5\% of total cost) | $\$ 181,400.00$ |
| Roadway (grading, borrow, etc.) | $\$ 907,175.00$ |
| Roadway (aggregates and paving) | $\$ 0.00$ |
| Subgrade Correction (muck) | $\$ 416,000.00$ |
| Storm Sewer | $\$ 60,000.00$ |
| Ponds | $\$ 1,133,825.00$ |
| Concrete Items (curb \& gutter, sidewalks, median barriers) | $\$ 84,000.00$ |
| Traffic Control | $\$ 21,000.00$ |
| Striping | $\$ 63,000.00$ |
| Signing | $\$ 125,000.00$ |

Turf - Erosion \& Landscaping ..... \$250,000.00
Bridge ..... \$900,000.00
Retaining Walls ..... $\$ 0.00$
Noise Wall (not calculated in cost effectiveness measure) ..... $\$ 0.00$
Traffic Signals ..... $\$ 0.00$
Wetland Mitigation ..... $\$ 0.00$
Other Natural and Cultural Resource Protection ..... $\$ 0.00$
RR Crossing ..... $\$ 0.00$
Roadway Contingencies ..... \$561,000.00
Other Roadway Elements ..... \$700,000.00
Totals ..... \$5,996,350.00
Specific Bicycle and Pedestrian Elements
CONSTRUCTION PROJECT ELEMENTS/COST ESTIMATES Cost
Path/Trail Construction ..... \$118,750.00
Sidewalk Construction ..... $\$ 0.00$
On-Street Bicycle Facility Construction ..... $\$ 0.00$
Right-of-Way ..... $\$ 0.00$
Pedestrian Curb Ramps (ADA) ..... \$32,400.00
Crossing Aids (e.g., Audible Pedestrian Signals, HAWK) ..... $\$ 0.00$
Pedestrian-scale Lighting ..... $\$ 0.00$
Streetscaping ..... $\$ 0.00$
Wayfinding ..... $\$ 0.00$
Bicycle and Pedestrian Contingencies ..... $\$ 0.00$
Other Bicycle and Pedestrian Elements ..... $\$ 0.00$
Totals ..... \$151,150.00
Specific Transit and TDM Elements
CONSTRUCTION PROJECT ELEMENTS/COST ESTIMATES
Cost
Fixed Guideway Elements ..... $\$ 0.00$
Stations, Stops, and Terminals ..... $\$ 0.00$
Support Facilities ..... $\$ 0.00$
Transit Systems (e.g. communications, signals, controls, fare collection, etc.) ..... $\$ 0.00$
Vehicles ..... $\$ 0.00$
Contingencies ..... $\$ 0.00$
Right-of-Way ..... $\$ 0.00$
Other Transit and TDM Elements ..... $\$ 0.00$
Totals ..... $\$ 0.00$
Transit Operating Costs

| Number of Platform hours | 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Cost Per Platform hour (full loaded Cost) | $\$ 0.00$ |
| Subtotal | $\$ 0.00$ |
| Other Costs - Administration, Overhead,etc. | $\$ 0.00$ |

## Totals

| Total Cost | $\$ 6,147,500.00$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Construction Cost Total | $\$ 6,147,500.00$ |
| Transit Operating Cost Total | $\$ 0.00$ |

## Measure B: Project Location Relative to Jobs, Manufacturing, and Education

Existing Employment within 1 Mile: 2619

Existing Manufacturing/Distribution-Related Employment within 1 Mile:

Existing Post-Secondary Students within 1 Mile: 0
Upload Map 1589043220080_Regional Economy.pdf
Please upload attachment in PDF form.

## Measure C: Current Heavy Commercial Traffic

RESPONSE: Select one for your project, based on the Regional Truck Corridor Study:
Along Tier 1:
Miles:
(to the nearest 0.1 miles)
Along Tier 2:
Miles:
0

Along Tier 3:

Miles:
(to the nearest 0.1 miles)
The project provides a direct and immediate connection (i.e., intersects) with either a Tier 1, Tier 2, or Tier 3 corridor:

None of the tiers:

## Measure A: Current Daily Person Throughput

| Location | CSAH 15/Marystown Road south of Vierling Drive |
| :--- | :--- |
| Current AADT Volume | 11500 |
| Existing Transit Routes on the Project | 5 |
| For New Roadways only, list transit routes that will likely be diverted to the new proposed roadway (if applicable). |  |
| Upload Transit Connections Map | 1589043431328 _Transit Connections.pdf |
| Please upload attachment in PDF form. |  |

Please upload attachment in PDF form.

## Response: Current Daily Person Throughput

Average Annual Daily Transit Ridership 0
Current Daily Person Throughput

## Measure B: $\mathbf{2 0 4 0}$ Forecast ADT

Use Metropolitan Council model to determine forecast (2040) ADT volume

If checked, METC Staff will provide Forecast (2040) ADT volume
OR

Identify the approved county or city travel demand model to determine forecast (2040) ADT volume

Scott County TDM; 11,600 ADT from Scott County approved model; AUAR Traffic Forecast volumes based on Intersection Control Evaluation Reports for Marystown Road/TH 169 - April 2020 are 17,500 AADT.

11600

## Measure A: Connection to disadvantaged populations and projects benefits, impacts, and mitigation

1.Sub-measure: Equity Population Engagement: A successful project is one that is the result of active engagement of low-income populations, people of color, persons with disabilities, youth and the elderly. Engagement should occur prior to and during a projects development, with the intent to provide direct benefits to, or solve, an expressed transportation issue, while also limiting and mitigating any negative impacts. Describe and map the location of any low-income populations, people of color, disabled populations, youth or the elderly within a $1 / 2$ mile of the proposed project. Describe how these specific populations were engaged and provided outreach to, whether through community planning efforts, project needs identification, or during the project development process. Describe what engagement methods and tools were used and how the input is reflected in the projects purpose and need and design. Elements of quality engagement include: outreach and engagement to specific communities and populations that are likely to be directly impacted by the project; techniques to reach out to populations traditionally not involved in community engagement related to transportation projects; feedback from these populations identifying potential positive and negative elements of the proposed project through engagement, study recommendations, or plans that provide feedback from populations that may be impacted by the proposed project. If relevant, describe how NEPA or Title VI regulations will guide engagement activities.

The City of Shakopee has conducted informal stakeholder engagement as new development has occurred, and the need for transportation improvements have been identified, including the Windemere development, Hy-Vee grocery chain, and the Trident Development. Specifically, the need for intersection improvements to provide safer operations and multi-modal facilities to accommodate all users was identified.

Engagement with equity populations is tied to the 2040 Envision Shakopee, the city's 2040 Comp. Plan process. Through that endeavor, the city heard from over 3,000 residents to learn more about their vision for the future.

Among the key themes that emerged was a priority on making regional system connections, creating corridors that are welcoming and attractive, filling gaps in the trail network, connecting employment centers, and providing diverse housing options. All are accomplished by this project.

Additional opportunities to engage with the community was planned in late spring 2020 specifically for the Marystown Road corridor but was postponed due to the public health crisis. Rescheduling these events will likely occur in summer/fall 2020 and will focus on a variety of ways to participate including surveys, in person meetings and presentations, and pop up events with a specific focus on underrepresented populations, including low-income populations, people of color, disabled populations, youth, and the elderly.
2.Sub-measure: Equity Population Benefits and Impacts: A successful project is one that has been designed to provide direct benefits to lowincome populations, people of color, persons with disabilities, youth and the elderly. All projects must mitigate potential negative benefits as required under federal law. Projects that are designed to provide benefits go beyond the mitigation requirement to proactively provide transportation benefits and solve transportation issues experienced by Equity populations.
a.Describe the projects benefits to low-income populations, people of color, children, people with disabilities, and the elderly. Benefits could relate to pedestrian and bicycle safety improvements; public health benefits; direct access improvements for residents or improved access to destinations such as jobs, school, health care or other; travel time improvements; gap closures; new transportation services or modal options, leveraging of other beneficial projects and investments; and/or community connection and cohesion improvements. Note that this is not an exhaustive list.

The project provides multi-modal transportation options, increased safety, access, and public health benefits to all residents in the city, including lowincome populations, people of color, people with disabilities, youth, and the elderly.

The project resides in Census Tracts 806 and 807. These tracts have more than 25 percent of the population identified as persons of color - Arlington Ridge Apartments (48 units), Sixton Apartments (133 units), and Mobile Manor (67 sites) offer nearly 250 affordable housing units. Numerous duplexes and multi-family homes are also located within the corridor area (see map of the socioeconomic characteristics).

The corridor is located in an area above the regional average concentration of race/poverty. Oftentimes, this means access to a vehicle is a challenge and investing funds into multi-modal facilities such as bicycle, pedestrian, and transit facilities is a sound investment.

Pedestrian and bicycle safety improvements: the shared use path system on both sides of Marystown Road provide a separated off-street system for all users, eliminating the need to share the roadway with vehicles traveling at a high rate of speed. This is especially important for less skilled bicyclists and children who wish to bike to school or who would otherwise be confined to narrow travelling lanes amidst a $55-\mathrm{mph}$ roadway. Roundabout improvements at intersections are ADA compliant and feature safer two-stage pedestrian/bicycle crossings.

Improved access to destinations: The project will benefit underrepresented populations by improving connections throughout the corridor for motorists, pedestrians, bicyclists, and transit users. The
project infrastructure links populations to parks, employment centers, schools and residences, and options which are critical to populations who do not have access to a vehicle or cannot/choose not to drive.

Two senior housing complexes, two affordable housing facilities, three social service buildings, three schools, a daycare, and a linguistically isolated area are located within one mile of the project. Safe facilities and crossings which are ADA compatible are paramount to accommodate these populations.

Public health benefits: the project increases transportation options and livability for residents of all ages and socioeconomic backgrounds and encourages an active lifestyle. The project delivers multi-modal options for those wishing to walk or bike to work, school, etc. on a safe facility away from vehicles. Lighted paths help illuminate the facility and allow for exercise during non-daylight hours.
(Limit 2,800 characters; approximately 400 words)
b. Describe any negative impacts to low-income populations, people of color, children, people with disabilities, and the elderly created by the project, along with measures that will be taken to mitigate them. Negative impacts that are not adequately mitigated can result in a reduction in points.
Below is a list of negative impacts. Note that this is not an exhaustive list.
Increased difficulty in street crossing caused by increased roadway width, increased traffic speed, wider turning radii, or other elements that negatively impact pedestrian access.
Increased noise.
Decreased pedestrian access through sidewalk removal / narrowing, placement of barriers along the walking path, increase in auto-oriented curb cuts, etc.
Project elements that are detrimental to location-based air quality by increasing stop/start activity at intersections, creating vehicle idling areas, directing an increased number of vehicles to a particular point, etc.
Increased speed and/or cut-through traffic.
Removed or diminished safe bicycle access.
Inclusion of some other barrier to access to jobs and other destinations.
Displacement of residents and businesses.
Mitigation of temporary construction/implementation impacts such as dust; noise; reduced access for travelers and to businesses; disruption of utilities; and eliminated street crossings.
Other

As with any construction project, negative impacts will be created; however, impacts are expected to be temporary and minimal in nature.

Temporary road and sidewalk closures: Construction will result in road and sidewalk closures. This can lead to traffic congestion, delays, and impact travel time reliability to destinations. To account for this, detour routes will be implemented and appropriately messaged and signed. To minimize traffic congestion and delays near the work zone, a transportation management plan

Response: (TMP) will be created and implemented to maintain acceptable levels of safety, accessibility, and mobility. These closures could lead to conditions which will temporarily not meet ADA requirements, especially at intersections.

Noise impacts: Noise impacts will also be experienced during construction of the Marystown Road reconstruction project. These noise impacts will occur near existing employment centers, parks, and residences. Any negative impacts will be publicized, advertised, and mitigated as needed.
(Limit 2,800 characters; approximately 400 words)

## Select one:

3.Sub-measure: Bonus Points Those projects that score at least $80 \%$ of the maximum total points available through sub-measures 1 and 2 will be awarded bonus points based on the geographic location of the project. These points will be assigned as follows, based on the highestscoring geography the project contacts:
a. 25 points to projects within an Area of Concentrated Poverty with 50\% or more people of color
b. 20 points to projects within an Area of Concentrated Poverty
c. 15 points to projects within census tracts with the percent of population in poverty or population of color above the regional average percent d. 10 points for all other areas

Project is located in an Area of Concentrated Poverty where 50\%
or more of residents are people of color (ACP50):
Project located in Area of Concentrated Poverty:
Projects census tracts are above the regional average for population in poverty or population of color:

Project located in a census tract that is below the regional average for population in poverty or populations of color or includes children, people with disabilities, or the elderly:
(up to $40 \%$ of maximum score )
Upload the "Socio-Economic Conditions" map used for this measure. The second map created for sub measure A1 can be uploaded on the Other Attachments Form, or can be combined with the "Socio-Economic Conditions" map into a single PDF and uploaded here.

Upload Map
1589044966103_Socio-Economic.pdf

## Measure B: Part 1: Housing Performance Score

\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{cccc}\begin{array}{c}\text { Segment Length } \\
\text { (For stand-alone } \\
\text { projects, enter } \\
\text { population from }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Segment } \\
\text { Length/Total }\end{array} & \text { Score } & \begin{array}{c}\text { Housing Score } \\
\text { Megional Economy } \\
\text { map) within each } \\
\text { City/Township }\end{array}
$$ <br>

Project Length by\end{array}\right]\)| Segment percent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Total Project Length

Total Project Length 1.2

Project length entered on the Project Information - General form.

## Housing Performance Score

Total Project Length (Miles) or Population 1.2

Total Housing Score 98.0

## Affordable Housing Scoring

## Part 2: Affordable Housing Access

Reference Access to Affordable Housing Guidance located under Regional Solicitation Resources for information on how to respond to this measure and create the map.
If text box is not showing, click Edit or "Add" in top right of page.

The Marystown Road project provides multimodal transportation options, increased safety, access, and public health benefits to all residents in the city, including low-income populations, people of color, people with disabilities, youth, and the elderly. The corridor is located in an area above the regional average concentration of race and poverty.

The project resides in Census Tract 806 and 807. These tracts have more than 25 percent of the population identified as person of color. Arlington Ridge Apartments (48 units), Sixton Apartments (133 units), and Mobile Manor (67 sites) offer nearly 250 affordable housing units. Numerous duplexes, three social service buildings, three schools, two daycare businesses, two senior housing facilities and multi-family homes are also located within the corridor area.

Response:
Additionally, the Willows at Windermere is being developed by CommonBond Communities. This Low-Income Housing Tax Credit project received funding from the Scott County Community Development Authority and serves those with incomes at or below 30 percent of the Area Median Income. The project is supportive of housing with units focused on those which were previously homeless or distressed and includes services for job training and after school programs. The project contains 60 units with 15 one-bedrooms, 30 twobedrooms and 15 three-bedroom units. This location was chosen by CommonBond to provide affordable housing in the west end, the fastest growing area in the city. It is adjacent to Benedictine Living Community of Shakopee, a 178unit senior facility, which will provide job opportunities for some residents and is less than a half mile from Hy-Vee grocery store, another major employer in the area.

The project infrastructure links populations to parks, employment centers, schools and residences, options that are critical to populations who don't have access to a vehicle, cannot, or choose not to drive. Safe facilities and crossings that are ADA compatible are paramount to accommodate these populations.

# Measure A: Year of Roadway Construction 

Year of Original
Roadway Construction
or Most Recent
Reconstruction
1995
2394.0
1995.0

1
2394
1995

## Total Project Length

Total Project Length (as entered in "Project Information" form) 1.2

## Average Construction Year

Weighted Year

## Total Segment Length (Miles)

Total Segment Length
1.2

## Measure B: Geometric, Structural, or Infrastructure Improvements

[^0]Response:
The proposed project will provide a significant benefit to freight movements along a high-speed roadway where truck drivers will not have to make judgement calls on gap acceptance with an easier time making maneuvers from side-street approaches. This results in safer access to/from TH 169. Additionally, current conditions require leftturning traffic to make full stops at existing intersections, which leads to travel delays and increased noise and emissions between intersections. Roundabout control will allow trucks to move more freely through the corridor at nonpeak times.
(Limit 700 characters; approximately 100 words)
Improved clear zones or sight lines:

Response:
(Limaracters; approximately 100 words)
Improved roadway geometrics:

Yes
The 55-mph roadway requires increased sight distance for side-street stop vehicles. With the roundabouts, speeds will be reduced to 40 mph ( 20 mph through roundabouts) and side-street sight lines will provide adequate time to enter the roundabouts. This will significantly reduce rightangle crashes on the corridor.

There are sight distance issues at the westbound approaches of the Marystown Road/TH 169 ramp intersections. With roundabouts, sight distance issues will be resolved.

The project utilizes curb and gutter in most areas which will provide better vehicular lane guidance during inclement weather conditions, allowing for more consistent sight distances throughout the project.

Response:
(Limit 700 characters; approximately 100 words)
Access management enhancements:

Response:

Significant safety benefits for vehicles and pedestrians will be realized through improved roadway geometrics. Speeds along the corridor will be reduced from the current 55 mph to 40 mph ( 20 mph through roundabouts). Land use to the south of TH 169 is mainly rural, and land use north of TH 169 is suburban. The urbanization and roundabout construction would provide a transition to alert drivers coming from the south that they are entering a more suburban area where pedestrian activity could be higher.

Yes
A roundabout at Marystown Road/17th Ave. allows southbound traffic to utilize the U-turn to enter the Trident site. This reduces trips from passing by the RRFB on 17th Avenue and the school crossing between Jackson Elementary School and the Ladybug Daycare Center. The Trident development will provide direct right-in/right-out access to Marystown Road between 17th Avenue and the TH 169 eastbound ramps.

Illegal driver maneuvers are currently occurring at the Hy -Vee right-in/right-out access. The roundabout at the Adams Street/Vierling Drive intersection eliminates this maneuver.

In addition, four roundabouts will allow for median separated two-stage crossing for bicycles and pedestrians.

Yes
Minor horizontal and vertical alignment improvements will be made within the current roadway footprint to provide adequate speed control for vehicles approaching and traversing the roundabout.

Improved stormwater mitigation:

Response:
(Limit 700 characters; approximately 100 words)
Signals/lighting upgrades:

Response:
(Limit 700 characters; approximately 100 words) Other Improvements

Response:
(Limit 700 characters; approximately 100 words)

## Yes

Implementation of stormwater BMPs to provide water quality treatment will reduce discharge of suspended solids and phosphorus loadings. The addition of curb and gutter with formalized urban drainage system will improve stormwater runoff.

Yes
Lighting improvements will be made as part of the improved pedestrian network creating a safer environment for users of all ages for travel during the early morning and late evening periods. It is anticipated that there will be significantly more lighting along the corridor, especially at the suburban roundabout intersections versus the previous suburban/rural side-street stop approaches.

Yes
Access and operations at Talpah Park will be improved through the roundabout construction which will benefit event traffic flow before and after sporting events. Roundabouts would provide the flexibility to handle these traffic surges efficiently and safely.

## Measure A: Congestion Reduction/Air Quality

| Total Peak | Total Peak | Total Peak |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hour | Hour | Hour | Volume | Volume |
| Delay Per | Delay Per | Delay Per | without | with the |
| Vehicle | Vehicle | Vehicle | we Project | Project |
| Without | With The | Reduced | (Vehicles | (Vehicles |
| The | Project | by Project | per hour) | Per Hour): |
| Project | (Seconds/ | (Seconds/ |  |  |
| (Seconds/ | Vehicle) | Vehicle) |  |  |
| Vehicle) |  |  |  |  |

$\left.\begin{array}{cccc} & & \text { EXPLANA } \\ \text { TION of }\end{array}\right]$

| Vehicle Delay Reduced |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Total Peak Hour Delay Reduced | 46233.0 |
| Total Peak Hour Delay Reduced | 46233.0 |

## Measure B:Roadway projects that do not include new roadway segments or railroad grade-separation elements

```
    Total (CO, NOX, and VOC)
        Peak Hour Emissions
        without the Project
            (Kilograms):
```

Total (CO, NOX, and VOC) Peak Hour Emissions with the Project (Kilograms):

Total (CO, NOX, and VOC)
Peak Hour Emissions
Reduced by the Project (Kilograms):
$7.53 \quad 9.43$

8

9
$-1.9$
-2

## Total

Total Emissions Reduced:
Upload Synchro Report
-1.9
1589555410282_EMISSIONS Report.pdf

Please upload attachment in PDF form. (Save Form, then click 'Edit' in top right to upload file.)

Measure B: Roadway projects that are constructing new roadway segments, but do not include railroad grade-separation elements (for Roadway Expansion applications only):
Total (CO, NOX, and VOC)
Peak Hour Emissions
without the Project
(Kilograms):

Total (CO, NOX, and VOC)
Peak Hour Emissions (Kilograms):

Total (CO, NOX, and VOC)
Peak Hour Emissions with the Project (Kilograms):

Total (CO, NOX, and VOC)
Peak Hour Emissions
Reduced by the Project
(Kilograms):

## Total Parallel Roadway

Emissions Reduced on Parallel Roadways
Upload Synchro Report
New Roadway Portion:
Cruise speed in miles per hour with the project: ..... 0
Vehicle miles traveled with the project: ..... 0
Total delay in hours with the project: ..... 0
Total stops in vehicles per hour with the project: ..... 0
Fuel consumption in gallons: ..... 0
Total (CO, NOX, and VOC) Peak Hour Emissions Reduced or Produced on New Roadway (Kilograms): ..... 0
EXPLANATION of methodology and assumptions used:(Limit
1,400 characters; approximately 200 words)Total (CO, NOX, and VOC) Peak Hour Emissions Reduced by theProject (Kilograms):0.0

## Measure B:Roadway projects that include railroad grade-separation elements

Cruise speed in miles per hour without the project:
Vehicle miles traveled without the project:
Total delay in hours without the project:
Total stops in vehicles per hour without the project:
Cruise speed in miles per hour with the project:
Vehicle miles traveled with the project: 0
Total delay in hours with the project: 0
Total stops in vehicles per hour with the project: 0
Fuel consumption in gallons (F1) 0
Fuel consumption in gallons (F2) 0
Fuel consumption in gallons (F3) 0
Total (CO, NOX, and VOC) Peak Hour Emissions Reduced by the Project (Kilograms):

EXPLANATION of methodology and assumptions used:(Limit 1,400 characters; approximately 200 words)

## Measure A: Roadway Projects that do not Include Railroad Grade-Separation Elements

Crash modification factors for the conversion of a stop-controlled intersection into a single-lane roundabout and a 15 percent reduction in mean speed of the corridor were utilized.

Rationale for Crash Modification Selected:
(Limit 1400 Characters; approximately 200 words)
Project Benefit (\$) from B/C Ratio
Total Fatal (K) Crashes:
Total Serious Injury (A) Crashes:
Total Non-Motorized Fatal and Serious Injury Crashes:
Total Crashes:
Total Fatal (K) Crashes Reduced by Project:
Total Serious Injury (A) Crashes Reduced by Project:
Total Non-Motorized Fatal and Serious Injury Crashes Reduced by Project:

Total Crashes Reduced by Project: 14
Worksheet Attachment 1589055539978_Marystown Rd_BCA.pdf
Please upload attachment in PDF form.

All four of the corridor study intersections will be converted from stop-controlled intersections to single-lane roundabouts. Therefore, a CMF that captured the significant safety benefits associated with single-lane roundabouts was utilized. While the roundabouts are expected to provide speed reductions at the intersections, the design speed for the corridor will also be reduced from 55 mph to 40 mph . With the design standards associated with the reduced design speed, the vehicular speeds along the corridor are expected to be reduced by as high as 30 percent. This reduction will result in slower vehicular speeds not only along the corridor but also into/out of the roundabout, which is expected to provide even greater safety benefits. Therefore, the 15 percent reduction in mean speed CMF was utilized.
\$7,658,645.00
0
0
0
17

0

0
014

## Roadway projects that include railroad grade-separation elements:

Current AADT volume:
Average daily trains:
Crash Risk Exposure eliminated:

0
0
0

Measure A: Multimodal Elements and Existing Connections

The proposed project will significantly improve pedestrian and bicycle safety within the project area. The proposed improvements will provide a vital multimodal link with the construction of approximately one mile of shared-use path and 0.1 miles of new sidewalk will be constructed on both sides of Marystown Road.

One of the main objectives which supports the roundabout alternatives at the Marystown Road/TH 169 ramp intersections is the ability to re-purpose the TH 169 bridge to provide a multiuse trail on both sides, thus connecting a gap in the City of Shakopee's trail system. The existing roadway configuration along the TH 169 bridge does not have adequate space to provide safe pedestrian facilities. The signal alternative would result in a trail/sidewalk being terminated before the bridge, unless existing turn lanes and/or travel lanes were reduced.

Response:

A new segment on both sides of Marystown Road fills a current trail gap and extends south from Tahpah Park to Windemere Road over TH 169. The new trail will be installed on the east side of Marystown Road from the Hy-Vee development to 17th Avenue serving the Trident Development and connecting to Jackson Elementary School.

The new trail system paired with roundabouts at intersections will provide numerous safety benefits. The project addresses a gap in the sidewalk network at the Marystown Road/CR 16 intersection and puts in place infrastructure to comply with ADA standards and allow for the safe crossing of pedestrians, bicyclists and wheelchairs. Improving this intersection to roundabout control will allow for a connected sidewalk system and two-stage crossing for all users which enhances safety.

The proposed pedestrian and bicycle improvements for Marystown Road are one of the pedestrian/bicycle safety strategies identified in MnDOT's Best Practices for Pedestrians/Bicycle Safety and FHWA's Proven Safety Countermeasures documents. Additionally, the project includes construction of roundabouts at four intersections. Roundabouts are identified in the FHWA's Proven Safety Countermeasures document as they have a 78 to 82 percent reduction severe crashes when converted from a signalized or two-way stop-controlled intersection.

Approximately one mile of shared-use path and 0.1 miles of new sidewalk will be constructed on both sides of Marystown Road. One of the main objectives which supports the roundabout alternatives at the Marystown Road/TH 169 ramp intersections is the ability to re-purpose the TH 169 bridge to provide a multi-use trail on both sides, thus connecting a gap in the City of Shakopee's trail system. The existing roadway configuration along the TH 169 bridge does not have adequate space to provide safe pedestrian facilities.

The new proposed trail on both sides of the roadway completes an existing trail gap in the area. The proposed trail on the west side will connect Tahpah Park to Windemere Way over TH 169. The proposed trail on the east side of Marystown Road will connect the Hy-Vee development to 17th Avenue, serving the Trident Development and connecting to Jackson Elementary School.

Response:
The new trail system paired with roundabouts at intersections will provide numerous safety benefits. The project addresses a gap in the sidewalk network at the Marystown Road/CSAH 16 intersection, puts in place infrastructure to comply with ADA standards, and allow for the safe crossing of pedestrians, bicyclists and wheelchairs. Improving this intersection to roundabout control will allow for a connected sidewalk system and twostage crossing for all users which enhances safety.

These improvements are consistent with the Regional Bicycle Transportation Network (RBTN) Map in showing a planned regional bike way extending north to south along both sides of Marystown Road from Vierling Drive to 150th Street. The planned improvements will connect to an existing RBTN Tier 2 alignment at 150th Street W and connect to an existing regional bike way within Lions Park. The new bike way and
enhancements will also improve connectivity to Tahpah Park, Sand Venture Aquatic Park, Jackson Elementary School, employment centers, and thousands of residences. This connection will have measurable safety benefits for the bicyclists and pedestrians using the system.

# Transit Projects Not Requiring Construction 

If the applicant is completing a transit application that is operations only, check the box and do not complete the remainder of the form. These projects will receive full points for the Risk Assessment.
Park-and-Ride and other transit construction projects require completion of the Risk Assessment below.
Check Here if Your Transit Project Does Not Require Construction

## Measure A: Risk Assessment - Construction Projects

1)Layout (25 Percent of Points)

Layout should include proposed geometrics and existing and proposed right-of-way boundaries.
Layout approved by the applicant and all impacted jurisdictions (i.e., cities/counties that the project goes through or agencies that maintain the roadway(s)). A PDF of the layout must be attached Yes along with letters from each jurisdiction to receive points.

100\%

Attach Layout
1589562555744_CONCEPTUAL LAYOUT_MARYSTOWN
ROAD 8.5x11.pdf
Please upload attachment in PDF form.
Layout completed but not approved by all jurisdictions. A PDF of the layout must be attached to receive points.

50\%
Attach Layout
Please upload attachment in PDF form.
Layout has not been started
0\%
Anticipated date or date of completion
2)Review of Section 106 Historic Resources (15 Percent of Points)

No known historic properties eligible for or listed in the National Register of Historic Places are located in the project area, and Yes project is not located on an identified historic bridge

100\%

There are historical/archeological properties present but determination of no historic properties affected is anticipated.

100\%
Historic/archeological property impacted; determination of no adverse effect anticipated

80\%
Historic/archeological property impacted; determination of adverse effect anticipated

40\%
Unsure if there are any historic/archaeological properties in the project area.

0\%
Project is located on an identified historic bridge
3)Right-of-Way ( 25 Percent of Points)

Right-of-way, permanent or temporary easements either not
required or all have been acquired

100\%
Right-of-way, permanent or temporary easements required, plat, legal descriptions, or official map complete

50\%
Right-of-way, permanent or temporary easements required, parcels identified

25\%
Right-of-way, permanent or temporary easements required, parcels not all identified

## 0\%

Anticipated date or date of acquisition
4)Railroad Involvement (15 Percent of Points)

No railroad involvement on project or railroad Right-of-Way agreement is executed (include signature page, if applicable) Yes
$100 \%$
Signature Page
Please upload attachment in PDF form.
Railroad Right-of-Way Agreement required; negotiations have begun
50\%
Railroad Right-of-Way Agreement required; negotiations have not begun.

0\%
Anticipated date or date of executed Agreement
5) Public Involvement (20 percent of points)

Projects that have been through a public process with residents and other interested public entities are more likely than others to be successful. The project applicant must indicate that events and/or targeted outreach (e.g., surveys and other web-based input) were held to help identify the transportation problem, how the potential solution was selected instead of other options, and the public involvement completed to date on the project. List Dates of most recent meetings and outreach specific to this project:

Meeting with general public:
Meeting with partner agencies:
Targeted online/mail outreach:
Number of respondents:
Meetings specific to this project with the general public and partner agencies have been used to help identify the project need.

100\%
Targeted outreach to this project with the general public and partner agencies have been used to help identify the project need.

75\%
At least one meeting specific to this project with the general public has been used to help identify the project need.

50\%
At least one meeting specific to this project with key partner agencies has been used to help identify the project need.

50\%
No meeting or outreach specific to this project was conducted, but the project was identified through meetings and/or outreach related to a larger planning effort.

25\%
No outreach has led to the selection of this project.
0\%

The Marystown Road/TH 169 interchange area has evolved in recent years with notable developments, including Hy-Vee, Windermere Development, and the upcoming Trident Development with a multitude of public involvement (public meetings and hearings) occurring over the past 14 years. These meetings served to develop the final corridor vision for Marystown Road:

- 2006-2020, multiple Windermere development projects. Windermere Traffic Impact Study (see attached addendum memo and TIS), dating back to as early as 2006 and again in 2016 when the Windermere Development resurfaced and proceeded.
- 2016 Shakopee West End Study.
- 2016, Hy-Vee. As a result of the Hy-Vee project and safety concerns with the corridor, the community developed a concept corridor vision for the interchange area of the corridor in 2016.
- 2018, Past city grant initiative via Local Road Improvement Program (see attached resolution).
- 2019 Envision Shakopee (2040 Comprehensive Plan).
- 2020 Trident Development public info meetings hearing. Traffic Impact study paid for by the developer identified the need of these improvement. Meeting with School District key leaders to discuss need of this project, relative to the adjacent Jackson Elementary (see attached letter of support).
- 2020 AUAR public info meetings, agency input and public comment.
project layout, ICE reports, project estimate.

Engagement with jurisdictional agencies including Scott County, MnDOT, the City of Shakopee and Jackson Township occurred over the years and most recently, in 2019 as part of the Jackson Township AUAR and the 2020 Marystown Road Corridor Study.

A key theme emerged from the engagement portion of the city's Comprehensive Plan update was to support and focus on connections and key links to the regional transportation system. This area is continuing to be prime for development and is an important focus area for the city due to its location and access to TH 169. As part of this outreach, over 4,000 residents, employees, stakeholders, business leaders, and visitors were engaged including:

- 140 Focus Group Participants
- 150 Community Workshop Participants
-425 Participants at Community Events
- 505 Employee Surveys
- 70 High School Workshop Participants
- 1,270 Scott County Community Engagement
-700 National Citizens Survey (Livability Survey)
- 700 High School Survey Participants

Marystown Road have occurred. Additional engagement/outreach and public meetings are planned to occur summer 2020 to obtain feedback on the preliminary design.

## Measure A: Cost Effectiveness

| Total Project Cost (entered in Project Cost Form): | $\$ 6,147,500.00$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Enter Amount of the Noise Walls: | $\$ 0.00$ |
| Total Project Cost subtract the amount of the noise walls: | $\$ 6,147,500.00$ |
| Enter amount of any outside, competitive funding: | $\$ 0.00$ |
| Attach documentation of award: |  |
| Points Awarded in Previous Criteria | $\$ 0.00$ |

## Other Attachments



## Shakopee Socioeconomic Context Map

1.8 MB


Project Photo
255 KB

| File Name | Description | File Size |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13195_ConceptCostEST_200430.pdf | Detailed Cost Estimate of Project | 123 KB |
| 2006 TIS Bluffs.pdf | 2006 Traffic Study - Bluffs at Marystown Residential Development | 59 KB |
| 2020_24 CIP Projects Map 8.5x11.pdf | 2020-2024 Shakopee CIP Map identifying Marystown Rd project | 1.3 MB |
| 2040 Comp Plan Intersection Operations 8.5_11.pdf | 2040 Comprehensive Plan Intersection Operations $8.5 \times 11$ | 931 KB |
| AADTs from September 2019 AUAR Analysis.pdf | Study area AADTs from September 2019 Shakopee AUAR Transportation Analysis | 875 KB |
| CONCEPTUAL LAYOUT_MARYSTOWN ROAD 8.5x11.pdf | Conceptual Layout of Marystown Road Corridor $8.5 \times 11$ | 505 KB |
| County Letters of Support.pdf | Two Scott County Letters of Support | 425 KB |
| Crash Figure.pdf | Historical Crash Data Figure | 66 KB |
| CSAH 15_Resolution 7937.pdf | Resolution for City of Shakopee to pursue 2017 LRIP grant | 77 KB |
| Existing AADTs from April 2020.pdf | Existing AADTs from April 2020 Draft Marystown Road Corridor Study | 327 KB |
| Forecast AADTs from April 2020.pdf | April 2020 - Forecasted 2040 volumes from DRAFT-Marystown Road Corridor Study | 556 KB |
| Marystown Road Project Summary Sheet.pdf | One page project summary sheet | 540 KB |
| MET C_Regional Bicycle Transportation Map.pdf | Metro Council Regional Bicycle <br> Transportation Map showing Planned <br> Regional Bikeway Connection | 514 KB |
| MnDOT Letters of Support.pdf | Two MnDOT Letters of Support | 555 KB |
| Proposed Trails 8.5x11.pdf | Proposed Trails as part of project | 501 KB |
| Resolution R2020-035.pdf | 2020 City Resolution for Regional Solicitation | 356 KB |
| Shakopee School District Letter of Support.pdf | Shakopee School District Letter of Support | 589 KB |
| Windermere TIA 12-7-16.pdf | Windemere Development TIA | 1.4 MB |


Project Points $\square$ Manfacturing/Distribution Centers
Project $\square$ Job Concentration Centers
For complete disclaimer of accuracy, please visit
For complete disclaimer of accuracy, please visit
http://giswebsite.metc.state.mn.us/gissitenew/notice.aspx
METROPOLITAN

## Transit Connections

Roadway Reconstruction/Modernization Project: Marystown Road | Map ID: 1583853257172

Results
Transit with a Direct Connection to project: 497
*indicates Planned Alignments
Transit Market areas: 5


Project Points
Transit Routes
Project
Project Area
For complete disclaimer of accuracy please visit https://giswebsite.metc.state.mn.us/gissite/notice.aspx

## Socio-Economic Conditions

Roadway Reconstruction/Modernization Project: Marystown Road | Map ID: 1583853257172

Results
Project census tracts are above the regional average for population in poverty or population of color:
( 0 to 18 Points)
Tracts within half-mile:
805008060080700


Points

## Lines

Area of Concentrated Povertry $>50 \%$ residents of color

For complete disclaimer of accuracy, please visit
For complete. disclac.
http://giswebsite.metc.state.mn. us/gissite/notice.aspx
METROPOLITAN


[^1]

| Intersection |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Intersection Delay, s/veh | 15 |
| Intersection LOS | B |


| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lane Configurations |  | ง $\uparrow$ |  |  | * ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ |  |  | * $\hat{*}$ |  |  | * $\hat{*}$ |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 9 | 50 | 96 | 258 | 38 | 80 | 47 | 198 | 48 | 69 | 158 | 8 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 9 | 50 | 96 | 258 | 38 | 80 | 47 | 198 | 48 | 69 | 158 | 8 |
| Peak Hour Factor | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.88 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 2 |
| Mumt Flow | 10 | 57 | 109 | 293 | 43 | 91 | 53 | 225 | 55 | 78 | 180 | 9 |
| Number of Lanes | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Approach | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |  |
| Opposing Approach | WB |  |  | EB |  |  | SB |  |  | NB |  |  |
| Opposing Lanes | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |  |
| Conflicting Approach Left | SB |  |  | NB |  |  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  |
| Conflicting Lanes Left | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |  |
| Conflicting Approach Right | NB |  |  | SB |  |  | WB |  |  | EB |  |  |
| Conflicting Lanes Right | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |  |
| HCM Control Delay | 11.7 |  |  | 19 |  |  | 13.1 |  |  | 13.1 |  |  |
| HCM LOS | B |  |  | C |  |  | B |  |  | B |  |  |


| Lane | NBLn1 | NBLn2 | EBLn1 | EBLn2 | WBLn1 | WBLn2 | SBLn1 | SBLn2 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Vol Left, \% | $32 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $93 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| Vol Thu, \% | $68 \%$ | $67 \%$ | $74 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $91 \%$ |
| Vol Right, \% | $0 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $79 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $81 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| Sign Control | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop |
| Traffic Vol by Lane | 146 | 147 | 34 | 121 | 277 | 99 | 148 | 87 |
| LT Vol | 47 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 258 | 0 | 69 | 0 |
| Through Vol | 99 | 99 | 25 | 25 | 19 | 19 | 79 | 79 |
| RT Vol | 0 | 48 | 0 | 96 | 0 | 80 | 0 | 8 |
| Lane Flow Rate | 166 | 167 | 39 | 138 | 315 | 112 | 168 | 99 |
| Geometry Grp | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| Degree of Util (X) | 0.333 | 0.317 | 0.08 | 0.259 | 0.64 | 0.196 | 0.346 | 0.198 |
| Departure Headway (Hd) | 7.227 | 6.829 | 7.493 | 6.787 | 7.322 | 6.271 | 7.404 | 7.204 |
| Convergence, Y/N | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Cap | 498 | 526 | 4278 | 529 | 497 | 576 | 486 | 498 |
| Service Time | 4.969 | 4.57 | 5.237 | 4.531 | 5.022 | 3.971 | 5.149 | 4.948 |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio | 0.333 | 0.317 | 0.082 | 0.261 | 0.634 | 0.194 | 0.346 | 0.199 |
| HCM Control Delay | 13.6 | 12.7 | 10.9 | 11.9 | 22.1 | 10.5 | 14 | 11.7 |
| HCM Lane LOS | B | B | B | B | C | B | B | B |
| HCM 95th-tile Q | 1.4 | 1.4 | 0.3 | 1 | 4.4 | 0.7 | 1.5 | 0.7 |








| Intersection |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Intersection Delay, s/veh | 6.7 |  |  |  |
| Intersection LOS | A |  | WB |  |
| Approach | EB | 1 | 1 | SB |
| Entry Lanes | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Conflicting Circle Lanes | 1 | 396 | 1 |  |
| Adj Approach Flow, veh/h | 163 | 404 | 308 | 247 |
| Demand Flow Rate, veh/h | 166 | 277 | 137 | 351 |
| Vehicles Circulating, veh/h | 520 | 180 | 368 |  |
| Vehicles Exiting, veh/h | 99 | 0 | 0 | 313 |
| Ped Vol Crossing Leg, \#/h | 0 | 1.000 | 0 | 1.000 |
| Ped Cap Adj | 1.000 | 7.7 | 1.000 | 6.6 |
| Approach Delay, slveh | 6.7 | A | 5.6 | A |
| Approach LOS | A |  | A |  |


| Lane | Left | Left | Left | Left |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Designated Moves | LTR | LTR | LTR | LTR |
| Assumed Moves | LTR | LTR | LTR | LTR |
| RT Channelized |  |  |  |  |
| Lane Util | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |
| Follow-Up Headway, s | 2.609 | 2.609 | 2.609 | 2.609 |
| Critical Headway, s | 4.976 | 4.976 | 4.976 | 4.976 |
| Entry Flow, veh/h | 166 | 404 | 320 | 251 |
| Cap Entry Lane, veh/h | 812 | 1040 | 1200 | 948 |
| Entry HV Adj Factor | 0.982 | 0.981 | 0.961 | 0.983 |
| Flow Entry, veh/h | 163 | 396 | 308 | 247 |
| Cap Entry, veh/h | 797 | 1020 | 1153 | 932 |
| VIC Ratio | 0.204 | 0.388 | 0.267 | 0.265 |
| Control Delay, s/veh | 6.7 | 7.7 | 5.6 | 6.6 |
| LOS | A | A | A | A |
| 95th \%tile Queue, veh | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Intersection Delay, s/veh | 6.3 |  |  |  |
| Intersection LOS | A |  |  |  |
| Approach | EB | WB | NB | SB |
| Entry Lanes | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Conflicting Circle Lanes | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Adj Approach Flow, veh/h | 5 | 316 | 319 | 538 |
| Demand Flow Rate, veh/h | 5 | 323 | 330 | 548 |
| Vehicles Circulating, veh/h | 670 | 263 | 66 | 135 |
| Vehicles Exiting, veh/h | 13 | 133 | 609 | 258 |
| Ped Vol Crossing Leg, \#/h | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ped Cap Adj | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |
| Approach Delay, s/veh | 5.3 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 7.9 |
| Approach LOS | A | A | A | A |


| Lane | Left | Left | Bypass | Left | Left |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Designated Moves | LTR | LT | R | LTR | LTR |
| Assumed Moves | LTR | LT | R | LTR | LTR |
| RT Channelized |  |  | Yield |  |  |
| Lane Util | 1.000 | 1.000 |  | 1.000 | 1.000 |
| Follow-Up Headway, s | 2.609 | 2.609 |  | 2.609 | 2.609 |
| Critical Headway, s | 4.976 | 4.976 | 193 | 4.976 | 4.976 |
| Entry Flow, veh/h | 5 | 130 | 1061 | 330 | 548 |
| Cap Entry Lane, veh/h | 697 | 1055 | 0.980 | 1290 | 1202 |
| Entry HV Adj Factor | 0.996 | 0.977 | 189 | 0.967 | 0.981 |
| Flow Entry, veh/h | 5 | 127 | 1040 | 319 | 538 |
| Cap Entry, veh/h | 694 | 1031 | 0.182 | 1248 | 1180 |
| V/C Ratio | 0.007 | 0.123 | 5.1 | 0.256 | 0.456 |
| Control Delay, s/veh | 5.3 | 4.6 | A | 5.2 | 7.9 |
| LOS | A | A | 1 | A | A |
| 95th \%tile Queue, veh | 0 | 0 |  | 1 | 2 |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Intersection Delay, s/veh | 6.0 |  |  |  |
| Intersection LOS | A |  |  |  |
| Approach | EB | WB | NB | SB |
| Entry Lanes | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Conflicting Circle Lanes | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Adj Approach Flow, veh/h | 53 | 109 | 428 | 598 |
| Demand Flow Rate, veh/h | 53 | 111 | 439 | 611 |
| Vehicles Circulating, veh/h | 647 | 295 | 286 | 77 |
| Vehicles Exiting, veh/h | 12 | 263 | 414 | 329 |
| Ped Vol Crossing Leg, \#/h | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ped Cap Adj | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |
| Approach Delay, s/veh | 5.1 | 4.2 | 5.4 | 6.9 |
| Approach LOS | A | A | A | A |


| Lane | Left | Left | Left | Bypass | Left | Bypass |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Designated Moves | LTR | LTR | LT | R | LT | R |
| Assumed Moves | LTR | LTR | LT | R | LT | R |
| RT Channelized |  |  |  | Yield |  | Yield |
| Lane Util | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |  | 1.000 |  |
| Follow-Up Headway, s | 2.535 | 2.535 | 2.535 |  | 2.535 |  |
| Critical Headway, s | 4.328 | 4.328 | 4.328 | 167 | 4.328 | 29 |
| Entry Flow, veh/h | 53 | 111 | 272 | 1055 | 582 | 1363 |
| Cap Entry Lane, veh/h | 819 | 1105 | 1114 | 0.980 | 1330 | 0.980 |
| Entry HV Adj Factor | 0.993 | 0.981 | 0.972 | 164 | 0.980 | 28 |
| Flow Entry, veh/h | 53 | 109 | 264 | 1035 | 570 | 1336 |
| Cap Entry, veh/h | 814 | 1085 | 1082 | 0.159 | 1304 | 0.021 |
| VIC Ratio | 0.065 | 0.100 | 0.244 | 4.9 | 0.438 | 2.9 |
| Control Delay, s/veh | 5.1 | 4.2 | 5.6 | A | 7.1 | A |
| LOS | A | A | A | 1 | A | 0 |
| 95th \%tile Queue, veh | 0 | 0 | 1 |  | 2 |  |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Intersection Delay, s/veh | 5.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Intersection LOS | A |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach | EB |  | WB |  | NB |  | SB |  |
| Entry Lanes | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| Conflicting Circle Lanes |  | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| Adj Approach Flow, veh/h |  | 42 | 250 |  | 244 |  | 406 |  |
| Demand Flow Rate, veh/h |  | 42 | 261 |  | 254 |  | 414 |  |
| Vehicles Circulating, veh/h |  | 405 | 221 |  | 318 |  | 34 |  |
| Vehicles Exiting, veh/h |  | 10 | 295 |  | 129 |  | 216 |  |
| Ped Vol Crossing Leg, \#/h |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| Ped Cap Adj |  | 1.000 | 1.000 |  | 1.000 |  | 1.000 |  |
| Approach Delay, s/veh |  | 4.4 | 5.2 |  | 5.3 |  | 5.1 |  |
| Approach LOS |  | A | A |  | A |  | A |  |
| Lane | Left |  | Left | Bypass | Left | Bypass | Left | Bypass |
| Designated Moves | LTR |  | LT | R | LT | R | LT | R |
| Assumed Moves | LTR |  | LT | R | LT | R | LT | R |
| RT Channelized |  |  |  | Yield |  | Yield |  | Yield |
| Lane Util | 1.000 |  | 1.000 |  | 1.000 |  | 1.000 |  |
| Follow-Up Headway, s | 2.609 |  | 2.609 |  | 2.609 |  | 2.609 |  |
| Critical Headway, s | 4.976 |  | 4.976 | 232 | 4.976 | 56 | 4.976 | 33 |
| Entry Flow, veh/h | 42 |  | 29 | 1107 | 198 | 1021 | 381 | 1366 |
| Cap Entry Lane, veh/h | 913 |  | 1101 | 0.952 | 998 | 0.980 | 1333 | 0.980 |
| Entry HV Adj Factor | 0.993 |  | 0.997 | 221 | 0.954 | 55 | 0.982 | 32 |
| Flow Entry, veh/h | 42 |  | 29 | 1054 | 189 | 1001 | 374 | 1339 |
| Cap Entry, veh/h | 906 |  | 1098 | 0.210 | 951 | 0.055 | 1308 | 0.024 |
| V/C Ratio | 0.046 |  | 0.026 | 5.4 | 0.198 | 4.1 | 0.286 | 2.9 |
| Control Delay, s/veh | 4.4 |  | 3.5 | A | 5.7 | A | 5.3 | A |
| LOS | A |  | A | 1 | A | 0 | A | 0 |
| 95th \%tile Queue, veh | 0 |  | 0 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |

## 190: Adams St \& Vierling Dr

| Direction | All |
| :--- | ---: |
| Future Volume (vph) | 1059 |
| CO Emissions (kg) | 1.43 |
| NOx Emissions (kg) | 0.28 |
| VOC Emissions (kg) | 0.33 |

200: Marystown Rd/Adams St \& Tahpah Park/US 169 N Ramp

| Direction | All |
| :--- | ---: |
| Future Volume $(\mathrm{vph})$ | 1121 |
| CO Emissions kg ) | 0.97 |
| NOx Emissions $(\mathrm{kg})$ | 0.19 |
| VOC Emissions $(\mathrm{kg})$ | 0.22 |

## 210: CR 15/Marystown Rd \& Windermere Way/US 169 S Ramp

| Direction | All |
| :--- | ---: |
| Future Volume $(\mathrm{vph})$ | 1128 |
| CO Emissions kg$)$ | 1.38 |
| NOx Emissions $(\mathrm{kg})$ | 0.27 |
| VOC Emissions $(\mathrm{kg})$ | 0.32 |

## 220: CR 15 \& CR 16 (17th Avenue)

| Direction | All |
| :--- | ---: |
| Future Volume (vph) | 895 |
| CO Emissions $(\mathrm{kg})$ | 1.50 |
| NOX Emissions $(\mathrm{kg})$ | 0.29 |
| VOC Emissions $(\mathrm{kg})$ | 0.35 |

## 190: Adams St \& Vierling Dr

| Direction | All |
| :--- | ---: |
| Future Volume (vph) | 1059 |
| CO Emissions (kg) | 1.23 |
| NOx Emissions $(\mathrm{kg})$ | 0.24 |
| VOC Emissions (kg) | 0.29 |

200: Marystown Rd/Adams St \& Tahpah Park/US 169 N Ramp

| Direction | All |
| :--- | ---: |
| Future Volume (vph) | 1120 |
| CO Emissions $(\mathrm{kg})$ | 1.81 |
| NOx Emissions $(\mathrm{kg})$ | 0.35 |
| VOC Emissions $(\mathrm{kg})$ | 0.42 |

## 210: CR 15/Marystown Rd \& Windermere Way/US 169 S Ramp

| Direction | All |
| :--- | ---: |
| Future Volume $(\mathrm{vph})$ | 1130 |
| CO Emissions kg$)$ | 1.96 |
| NOx Emissions $(\mathrm{kg})$ | 0.38 |
| VOC Emissions $(\mathrm{kg})$ | 0.45 |

## 220: CR 15 \& CR 16 (17th Avenue)

| Direction | All |
| :--- | ---: |
| Future Volume $(\mathrm{vph})$ | 895 |
| CO Emissions kg ) | 1.62 |
| NOx Emissions $(\mathrm{kg})$ | 0.31 |
| VOC Emissions $(\mathrm{kg})$ | 0.37 |

Traffic Safety Benefit-Cost Calculation
Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP) Reactive Project

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

## A. Roadway Description

| Route | CR 15/Marystown Rd | District | County | Scott County |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Begin RP |  | End RP | Miles |  |
| Location | CR 15/Marystown Rd/Adam St from Vierling Drive to CR 16 |  |  |  |

## B. Project Description

| Proposed Work | Roundabout Construction at Four Corridor Intersections |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Project Cost* | \$6,147,500 | Installation Year | 2024 |
| Project Service Life | 20 years | Traffic Growth Factor | 2.0\% |
| * exclude Right of Way from Project Cost |  |  |  |

C. Crash Modification Factor

| 0.16 | Fatal (K) Crashes | Reference Multiple CMF Calculation |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0.09 | Serious Injury (A) Crashes |  |  |  |
| 0.09 | Moderate Injury (B) Crashes | Crash Type All Types |  |  |
| 0.09 | Possible Injury (C) Crashes |  |  |  |
| 0.24 | Property Damage Only Crashes |  | www.CMFclearinghouse.org |  |

D. Crash Modification Factor (optional second CMF)

|  | Fatal (K) Crashes | Reference |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Serious Injury (A) Crashes |  |  |
|  | Moderate Injury (B) Crashes | Crash Type |  |
|  |  |  | wossible Injury (C) Crashes |


F. Analysis Assumptions

| Crash Severity | Crash Cost |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| K crashes | $\$ 1,360,000$ | Link: | mndot.gov/planning/program/appendix_a.html |
| A crashes | $\$ 680,000$ |  |  |
| B crashes | $\$ 210,000$ | Real Discount Rate | $1.2 \%$ |
| C crashes | $\$ 110,000$ | Traffic Growth Rate | $2.0 \%$ |
| PDO crashes | $\$ 12,000$ | Project Service Life | 20 years |

G. Annual Benefit

| Crash Severity | Crash Reduction | Annual Reduction | Annual Benefit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| K crashes | 0.00 | 0.00 | $\$ 0$ |
| A crashes | 0.00 | 0.00 | $\$ 0$ |
| B crashes | 2.73 | 0.91 | $\$ 191,100$ |
| C crashes | 3.64 | 1.21 | $\$ 133,467$ |
| PDO crashes | 7.60 | 2.53 | $\$ 30,400$ |


| H. Amortized Benefit |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Crash Benefits | Present Value |  |
| 2024 | \$354,967 | \$354,967 | Total = \$7,658,645 |
| 2025 | \$362,066 | \$357,773 |  |
| 2026 | \$369,307 | \$360,601 |  |
| 2027 | \$376,693 | \$363,452 |  |
| 2028 | \$384,227 | \$366,325 |  |
| 2029 | \$391,912 | \$369,221 |  |
| 2030 | \$399,750 | \$372,139 |  |
| 2031 | \$407,745 | \$375,081 |  |
| 2032 | \$415,900 | \$378,046 |  |
| 2033 | \$424,218 | \$381,035 |  |
| 2034 | \$432,702 | \$384,047 |  |
| 2035 | \$441,356 | \$387,083 |  |
| 2036 | \$450,184 | \$390,44 |  |
| 2037 | \$459,187 | \$393,227 |  |
| 2038 | \$468,371 | \$396,335 |  |
| 2039 | \$477,738 | \$399,468 |  |
| 2040 | \$487,293 | \$402,626 |  |
| 2041 | \$497,039 | \$405,809 |  |
| 2042 | \$506,980 | \$409,017 |  |
| 2043 | \$517,19 | \$412,250 |  |
| 0 | \$0 | \$0 |  |
| 0 | \$0 | \$0 |  |
| 0 | \$0 | \$0 |  |
| 0 | \$0 | \$0 |  |
| 0 | \$0 | \$0 |  |
| 0 | \$0 | \$0 |  |
| 0 | \$0 | \$0 |  |
| 0 | \$0 | \$0 |  |
| 0 | \$0 | \$0 |  |
| 0 | \$0 | \$0 |  |
| 0 | \$0 | \$0 |  |

Crash Modification Factor - Installation of Single-Lane Roundabouts

| 0.28 | Fatal (K) Crashes | Reference http://www.cmfclearinghouse.org/detail.cfm?facid=210 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0.12 | Serious Injury (A) Crashes |  |
| 0.12 | Moderate Injury (B) Crashes | Crash Type All |
| 0.12 | Possible Injury (C) Crashes |  |
| 0.28 | Property Damage Only Crashes |  |

Crash Modification Factor - Corridor Speed Reduction

| 0.56 | Fatal (K) Crashes | Reference http://www.cmfclearinghouse.org/detail.cfm?facid=148 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0.78 | Serious Injury (A) Crashes |  |
| 0.78 | Moderate Injury (B) Crashes | Crash Type All |
| 0.78 | Possible Injury (C) Crashes |  |
| 0.85 | Property Damage Only Crashes |  |

Multiple CMF Calculation

| CMF (K) = CMF $1 *$ CMF $2=0.28 * 0.56=0.1568$ | 0.16 | Fatal (K) Crashes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CMF (A) = CMF $1 *$ CMF $2=0.12 * 0.78=0.0936$ | 0.09 | Serious Injury (A) Crashes |
| CMF (B) = CMF $1 *$ CMF $2=0.12 * 0.78=0.0936$ | 0.09 | Moderate Injury (B) Crashes |
| CMF (C) = CMF $1 *$ CMF $2=0.12 * 0.78=0.0926$ | 0.09 | Possible Injury (C) Crashes |
| CMF (PDO) $=$ CMF $1 *$ CMF $2=0.28 * 0.85=0.238$ | 0.24 | Property Damage Only Crashes |

* Countermeasure: Conversion of stop-controlled intersection into single-lane roundabout

| Compare | CMF | CRF(\%) | Quality | Crash Type | Crash Severity | Area Type | Reference | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0.28 | 72 | mbintiof | All | All | Urban | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PERSAUD } \\ & \text { ET AL., } \\ & 2001 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\square$ | 0.42 | 58 | binctiot | All | All | Rural | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PERSAUD } \\ & \text { ET AL., } \\ & 2001 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | 0.12 | 88 | ginkore | All | Serious injury,Minor injury | Urban | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PERSAUD } \\ & \text { ET AL., } \\ & 2001 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\square$ | 0.18 | 82 | chrnite | All | Serious injury,Minor injury | Rural | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PERSAUD } \\ & \text { ET AL., } \\ & 2001 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  | Compare | Compare |  |  |  |

* Countermeasure: $15 \%$ reduction in mean speed

| Compare | CMF | CRF(\%) | Quality | Crash Type | Crash Severity | Area Type | Reference | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\square$ | 0.56 | 44 | Henker | All | Fatal | All | ELVIK ET <br> AL., 2004 |  |
|  | 0.78 | 22 |  | All | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Serious } \\ & \text { injury,Minor } \\ & \text { injury } \end{aligned}$ | All | ELVIKET <br> AL., 2004 |  |
|  | 0.85 | 15 |  | All | Property Damage Only (PDO) | All | ELVIKET <br> AL., 2004 |  |

## Compare Reset Compare

*NOTE: You can compare CMFs across countermeasures, subcategories, and categories.

CR 15 (Marystown Road) @ CR 16 (2016-2018)

| objectid | Incident ID | Date and Time | Year | Hour | Crash Severity | Number Ki | Number of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1824445 | 665879 | 12/5/2018, 2:35 PM | 2018 | 14 | Property Damage Only Crash | 0 | 2 |
| 2394489 | 674321 | 12/31/2018, 2:13 PM | 2018 | 14 | Property Damage Only Crash | 0 | 2 |
| 2417107 | 647778 | 9/27/2018, 10:55 AM | 2018 | 10 | Minor Injury Crash | 0 | 2 |
| 2455583 | 635101 | 9/15/2018, 11:26 PM | 2018 | 23 | Possible Injury Crash | 0 | 2 |

Officer Narrative
UNIT 1 was Southbound on Marystown Road following the roadway (had right of way).
UNIT 2 was proceeding Westbound on 17th Avenue West (Co Rd 16) crossing over Marystown Road.
UNIT 2 failed right of way to UNIT 1.
Vehicle \#1 was traveling south on Co. Rd 15 approaching the intersection with 17th Ave. and attempted to turn east on 17th Ave. Vehicle \#2 was north on Co. Rd 15 and was continuing north on 15. Driver \#1 stated that he began to turn, slowed for the NB ve
D\#2 stated she was NB Marystown, approaching 17th Ave. D\#2 stated as she reached the intersection, V\#1 pulled out on front of her, failing to yield. D\#2 stated she had attempted evasive maneuvers, which were unsuccessful. D\#2 stated she hit V\#1.
D\#1 stated he did not recall what had happened, and did not know where he was coming from or going. D\#1 and P\#2 had no information.
W1, 2, and 3, all had same account as D\#2.
the intersection. V1 entered the intersection attempting to go straight thru the intersection. V1 was struck by V2 as it was crossing Marystown Road. D2 complained of minor injuries, and said she hit her head. both drivers declined medical care. D2 did not remember much of the crash. 17th Avenue is

| Constructic | County | City | Township | Route Type | Route ID | Route Mea | Roadway N | Divided Ro | Intersectio | Manner of | First Harmf | Relative Tr |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M | SCOTT | Shakopee |  | Municipal | 050002395 | 0.009594 | MARYSTOY | South | 16 | Angle | Motor Veh | On Roadw |
| M | SCOTT | Shakopee |  | County Sta | 040000659 | 0.005501 | 17TH AVE E |  |  | Angle | Motor Veh | On Roadw |
| M | SCOTT |  | Jackson | County Sta | 040000659 | 18.34727 | MARYSTOW | NN RD | 17TH AVE | Front to Fr | Motor Veh | On Roadw |
| M | SCOTT |  | Jackson | County Sta | 040000659 | 0.000105 | 17TH AVE | West | MARYSTOY | Angle | Motor Veh | On Roadw |


| Lighting Co | Road Circu | road_circul | Road Circu | road_circul | Relative Int | Traffic Con | Weather P | Weather S | Surface Col | Work Zone | Work Zone | Work Zone |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Daylight | None |  |  |  | Intersectio | No Control | Clear |  | Dry | 2 |  | NOT APPLIC |
| Daylight | None |  |  |  | Four-Way I | Stop Sign | Clear |  | Dry | 2 |  | NOT APPLIC |
| Daylight | None |  |  |  | Four-Way 1 | Stop Sign | Clear |  | Dry | 2 |  | NOT APPLIC |
| Dark (No S | None |  |  |  | Four-Way I | Stop Sign | Clear |  | Dry |  | After the E | Other |


| Workers Pr | Unit1 Type | Unit1 Vehid | Unit1 Dired | Unit1 FactdUnit1 Factd | Unit1 Most | Unit1 Vehid | Unit1 Traff | Unit1 Post | Unit1 Hori | Unit1 Road | Unit1 Nonr |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| こABLE | Motor Veh | Sport Utilit | Southboun | No Clear Contributing | Motor Veh | Moving For | Two－Way， | 55 | Straight | Level |  |
| こABLE | Motor Veh | Passenger | Southboun | Operated Motor Vehid | Motor Veh | Turning Lef | Two－Way， | 45 | Straight | Level |  |
| こABLE | Motor Veh | Sport Utilit | Westbound | Failure to Yield Right－0 | Motor Veh | Moving For | Two－Way， | 35 | Straight | Level |  |
| No | Motor Veh | Passenger | Westbound | No Clear Contributing | Motor Veh | Entering Tr | Two－Way， | 45 | Straight | Level |  |


| Unit1 Injur | Unit1 Phys | Unit1 Age | Unit1 Sex | Unit2 Type | Unit2 Vehi | Unit2 Dired | Unit2 FactdUnit2 Factd | Unit2 Most | Unit2 VehidUnit2 Nonr | Unit2 Injur |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No Appare | Apparently | 41 | Female | Motor Veh | Passenger | Westbound | Failure to Yield Right-o | Motor Veh | Moving Forward | No Appare |
| No Appare | Apparently | 23 | Male | Motor Veh | Passenger | Southboun | Operated Motor Vehic | Motor Veh | Moving Forward | No Appare |
| Possible Inj | Other | 84 | Male | Motor Veh | Sport Utilit | Northboun | No Clear Contributing | Motor Veh | Moving Forward | Possible Inj |
| No Appare | Apparently | 30 | Female | Motor Veh | Passenger | Southboun | No Clear Contributing | Motor Veh | Moving Forward | Possible In |


| Unit2 Phys | Unit2 Age | Unit2 Sex | otst_inters | City_sectio | utmx | utmy | x | $y$ |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Apparently |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apparently | 21 | Male | ADAMS ST RD AND AD | 457199.9 | 4957682 | 457199.9 | 4957682 |  |
|  | 17 | Female | MARYSTOWN RD AND | 457208.7 | 4957688 | 457208.7 | 4957688 |  |
| Apparently |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apparently |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Marystown Road @ US 169 North Ramp (2016-2018)

| objectid | Incident ID | Date and Time | Year | Hour | Crash Severity | Number Kil | Number of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1837279 | 626598 | 8/9/2018, 4:35 PM | 2018 | 16 | Property Damage Only Crash | 0 | 2 |
| 2287679 | 326981 | 2/2/2016, 1:46 PM | 2016 | 13 | Minor Injury Crash | 0 | 2 |
| 2410339 | 453720 | 5/20/2017, 4:00 PM | 2017 | 16 | Property Damage Only Crash | 0 | 2 |
| 2450001 | 489444 | 7/24/2017, 6:02 PM | 2017 | 18 | Possible Injury Crash | 0 | 2 |
| 2606308 | 522147 | 12/5/2017, 3:34 PM | 2017 | 15 | Property Damage Only Crash | 0 | 2 |

Officer Narrative
to a stop at the stop sign, but D1 did not see V2 approaching the intersection. V1 pulled in front of V2 and was struck by V2. There were no injuries. Both vehicles were disabled.

Blizzard conditions. Driver 1 slid through stop sign and crashed into driver 2. Another accident occurred at same intersection while investigating this crash.
unit 1 advised a northbound vehicle was in left turn lane to Tahpah park and obstructed his view of oncoming traffic. Unit 1 proceeded turning left as unit 2 approached intersection. Front of unit 2 collided with passenger side of unit 1.
TWO VEHICLE CRASH. LUISANA TURNING LEFT FROM PRIVATE DRIVE OF TAHPAH PARK ONTO NORTH ADAMS ST. SEAN SOUTH ON ADAMS ST IN RIGHT THROUGH LANE. SEAN SAID THERE WAS VEHICLE LARGER THAN HIS BESIDE HIM IN THE RIGHT TURN LANE FOR THE TAHPAH PARK PRIVATE DRIVE; SEAN SAID THIS VEHICLE MAY HAVE OBSTRUCTED LUISANA'S VIEW OF HIS VEHICLE. SEAN SAID WHEN HE NEARED THE PRIVATE DRIVE LUISANA SUDDENLY PULLED OUT IN FRONT OF HIM. SEAN SAID HE TRIED TO STOP AND SWERVE TO THE LEFT BUT WAS UNABLE TO AVOID THE COLLISION. LUISANA SAID SHE Unit \#1. The road conditions were snow / ice and slippery in some areas. Unit \#2 driver said they put on brakes, but vehicle slid. Unit \#2 attempted to stir to miss Unit \#1. Unit \#2's front passenger bumper collided with Unit \#1's rear driver side bumper

| Constructid | County | City | Township | Route Type | Route ID | Route Mea | Roadway N | Divided Ro | Intersectio | Manner of | First Harmf | Relative Tr |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M | SCOTT | Shakopee |  | County Sta | 040000659 | 18.79629 | MARYSTOY | West | RAMP6 | Angle | Motor Veh | On Roadw |
| M | SCOTT | Shakopee |  | Ramp or Cd | 220000659 | 0.012987 | RAMP6 | South | CSAH 15 | Angle | Motor Veh | On Roadw |
| M | SCOTT | Shakopee |  | Ramp or Cd | 220000659 | 0.000227 | RAMP244 | East |  | Angle | Motor Veh | On Roadw |
| M | SCOTT | Shakopee |  | Ramp or Cl | 220000659 | 0.000135 | RAMP6 | South |  | Angle | Motor Veh | On Roadwa |
| M | SCOTT | Shakopee |  | Ramp or Cd | 220000659 | 0.017506 | RAMP541 | West | RAMP657 | Front to Re | Motor Veh | On Roadwa |


| Lighting Co | Road Circu | road_circu\| | Road Circu | \|road_circu | Relative In | Traffic Con | Weather P | Weather S | Surface Co | Work Zone | Work Zone | Work Zone |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Daylight | None |  |  |  | T Intersect | Stop Sign | Clear |  | Dry | 2 |  | NOT APPLIC |
| Daylight | Road Surface Condition (wet, icy, snow, slush. |  |  |  | Four-Way | \|Stop Sign | Snow | Blowing Sa | Snow | 2 |  | NOT APPLIC |
| Daylight | Work Zone (construction/maintenance/utility |  |  |  | Entrance/E | No Control | Rain |  | Wet | 1 | Transition | Work on SH |
| Daylight | None |  |  |  | Four-Way 1 | No Control | Clear |  | Dry | 2 |  | NOT APPLIC |
| Daylight | Road Surface Condition (wet, icy, snow, slush |  |  |  | Four-Way 1 | 1 Stop Sign | Blowing Sand/Soil/Dirt/ice/Frost |  |  | 2 |  | NOT APPLIC |


| Workers Pr | Unit1 Type | Unit1 Vehid | Unit1 Dired | Unit1 FactdUnit1 Factd | Unit1 Most | Unit1 Vehid | Unit1 Traff | Unit1 Post | Unit1 Ho | Unit1 Road | Unit1 Nonr |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| こABLE | Motor Veh | Sport Utilit | Westbound | Failure to Yield Right-d | Motor Veh | Turning Let | Two-Way, | 50 | Straight | Level |  |
| こABLE | Motor Veh | Sport Utilit | Southboun | Failure to Yield Right-o | Motor Veh | Moving For | Two-Way, | 55 | Straight | Hillcrest |  |
| No | Motor Veh | Passenger | Southboun | Failure to Yield Right-0 | Motor Veh | Turning Let | Two-Way, | 45 | Straight | Level |  |
| EABLE | Motor Veh | Passenger | Southboun | No Clear Contributing | Motor Veh | Moving For | Two-Way, | 35 | Straight | Level |  |
| EABLE | Motor Veh | Passenger | Westbound | No Clear Contributing, | Motor Veh | Vehicle Sto | Two-Way, |  | Straight | Level |  |


| Unit1 Injur | Unit1 Phys | Unit1 Age | Unit1 Sex | Unit2 Type | Unit2 Vehid | Unit2 Dired | Unit2 FactdUnit2 Factd | Unit2 Most | Unit2 VehidUnit2 Non | Unit2 Injur |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No Appare | Apparently | 21 | Male | Motor Veh | Sport Utilit | Northboun | No Clear Contributing | Motor Veh | Moving Forward | No Appare |
| Suspected | Apparently | 47 | Male | Motor Veh | Sport Utilit | Northboun | No Clear Contributing | Motor Veh | Moving Forward | Possible Inj |
| No Appare | Apparently | 27 | Male | Motor Veh | Sport Utilit | Northboun | No Clear Contributing | Motor Veh | Moving Forward | No Appare |
| Possible Inj | Apparently | 29 | Male | Motor Veh | Sport Utilit | Eastbound | Failure to Yield Right-o | Motor Veh | Turning Left | Possible In |
| No Appare | Apparently | 26 | Male | Motor Veh | Passenger | Westbound | Other Contributing Act | Motor Veh | Moving Forward | No Appare |


| Unit2 Phys | Unit2 Age | Unit2 Sex | interchang | Otst_inters | city_sectio | utmx | utmy | x | y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Apparently | 31 | Female |  |  |  | 457248.8 | 4958393 | 457248.8 | 4958393 |
| Apparently | 17 | Female | USTH 169 / | MARYSTOW | WN RD | 457246.8 | 4958395 | 457246.8 | 4958395 |
| Apparently | 18 | Male | USTH 169 / | / MARYSTOW | WN RD | 457246.6 | 4958376 | 457246.6 | 4958376 |
| Apparently | 27 | Female | USTH 169 / | MARYSTOW | WN RD | 457226.2 | 4958396 | 457226.2 | 4958396 |
| Apparently | 32 | Male | USTH 169 / | MARYSTOW | WN RD | 457276.2 | 4958385 | 457276.2 | 4958385 |

Adams Street @ Vierling Drive (2016-2018)

| objectid | Incident ID | Date and T | Year | Hour | Crash Severity | Number Kil | Number of Vehicles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1817562 | 584927 | 3/22/2018, | 2018 | 8 | Property Damage Only Crash | 0 | 2 |
| 1882709 | 623325 | 7/25/2018, | 2018 | 15 | Possible Injury Crash | 0 | 2 |
| 1959342 | 360919 | 7/1/2016, | 2016 | 11 | Property Damage Only Crash | 0 | 1 |
| 2213814 | 526444 | 12/19/201 | 2017 | 15 | Property Damage Only Crash | 0 | 2 |
| 2342691 | 627618 | 8/14/2018, | 2018 | 12 | Property Damage Only Crash | 0 | 2 |
| 2426102 | 525385 | 12/15/201 | 2017 | 17 | Possible Injury Crash | 0 | 2 |
| 2426658 | 526253 | 12/18/201 | 2017 | 18 | Property Damage Only Crash | 0 | 2 |
| 2551434 | 446289 | 4/19/2017, | 2017 | 18 | Minor Injury Crash | 0 | 3 |

Vehicle one proceeded through intersection before vehicle two was clear. Both drivers said they stopped for the sign. Driver one said she was getting her hair out of her face and did not see driver two. MM29
intended to turn left out of Hy-Vee driveway onto west Vierling Dr. Carol pulled in front of Kimberly because she thought Kimberly intended to turn right into Hy-Vee.

## SAW THE DRIVER SLAM ON THE BRAKES AND STOP BUT STARTED AGAIN QUICKLY. THE WITNESS STATED HE SAW THE DRIVER OF UNIT 1 LOOKING AT her Cell phone as she made the left turn and hit the stop sign at the intersection. the driver of unit 1 stated she was not on her PHONE. SHE STATED SHE HAD BAGS OF CLOTHES IN THE FRONT SEAT, WHEN SHE TURNED THE CLOTHES FELL OVER, SHE TOOK HER EYES OFF THE

Vehicle 1 was travelling East on Vierling, towards Adams, driving in the left lane. Vehicle 2 was leaving the stop sign on Quincy Circle, turning left on to Vierling, and did not see Vehicle 1. Vehicle 2's front end struck Vehicle 1's drivers side. Minor damage to both vehicles. No injuries. Nothing further. AK85 Unit \#1 was driving east on Vierling Drive in the inside lane. Driver \#1 said they stop for four way stop at intersection. Driver \#1 said they were going straight through the intersection. Unit \#2 was driving north on Adams Street and stopped for stop sign. Driver \#1 said Unit \#2 did not wait their turn and went through the intersection. Unit \#2 made left turn onto Vierling Drive. Unit \#2 collided with Unit \#1 in the intersection of Adams Street and Vierling Unit 1 was traveling eastbound on Vierling Drive W. Unit 1 stopped at the 4 way intersection of Vierling Drive W and Adams St S. Unit 2 was traveling northbound on Adams St S. Driver of unit 1 stated driver of unit 2 did not stop at the 4 way intersection. Witness said same. Driver of unit 2 stated they thought they stopped, looked, and cleared the intersection. Stated they did not see anyone going through the intersection and believed it was her turn Unit 1 was stopped to make a left turn from Vierling Drive W into the Hyvee Grocery store parking lot. Unit 1 has facing westbound. Unit 2 was going westbound on Vierling Drive W and rear ended Unit 1. Unit 2 left the scene. Unit 2 called back and asked for an officer call. When requested back to the scene Unit 2 said he was unable to return to the scene because he opened a bottle of wine and had started to drink. Unit 2 denied being drunk at time of Unit 1 was traveling northbound on Adams St approaching the 4 way stop at Vierling Dr. The intersection is controlled by stop signs in all 4 directions. Unit 2 was stopped at the stop sign westbound on Vierling Dr, first vehicle at the intersection. Unit 3 was stopped directly behind unit 2. Driver of unit 2 stated she saw unit 1 approaching the intersection at a moderate speed and expected unit 1 to stop for the stop sign. Unit 2 proceeded into the

| Constructid | County | City | Township | Route Typ\& | Route ID | Route Mea | Roadway N | Divided Ro | Intersectio | Manner of | First Harmf | Relative Tr |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M | SCOTT | Shakopee |  | County Sta | 040000659 | 19.01763 | MARYSTOY | Not Applic | VIERLING D | Angle | Motor Veh | On Roadwa |
| M | SCOTT | Shakopee |  | County Sta | 040000659 | 19.02271 | ADAMS ST | East | 104 | Angle | Motor Veh | On Roadwa |
| M | SCOTT | Shakopee |  | Municipal $¢$ | 050002395 | 1.058272 | VIERLING | Not Applica | able |  | Traffic Sign | On Should $¢$ |
| M | SCOTT | Shakopee |  | Municipal $\ddagger$ | 050002395 | 1.053365 | VIERLING | Not Applic | CSAH 15 | Sideswipe | Motor Veh | On Roadwa |
| M | SCOTT | Shakopee |  | Municipal $¢$ | 050002395 | 1.060933 | VIERLING | Not Applic | ADAMS ST | Sideswipe | Motor Veh | On Roadwa |
| M | SCOTT | Shakopee |  | County Sta | 040000659 | 19.02159 | CSAH 15 | East |  | Angle | Motor Veh | On Roadwa |
| M | SCOTT | Shakopee |  | County Sta | 040000659 | 19.02226 | CSAH 15 | West | 104 | Front to Re | Motor Veh | On Roadw |
| M | SCOTT | Shakopee |  | County Sta | 040000659 | 19.02395 | CSAH 15 | North |  | Angle | Motor Veh | On Roadwa |


| Lighting Co | Road Circu | road_circul | Road Circu | road_circu | Relative Int | Traffic Con | Weather P | Weather S¢ | Surface Co | Work Zone | Work Zone | Work Zone |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Daylight | None |  |  |  | Four-Way | Stop Sign | Cloudy |  | Dry | 2 |  | NOT APPLIC |
| Daylight | None |  |  |  | Driveway A | No Control | Cloudy |  | Dry | 2 |  | NOT APPLIC |
| Daylight | None |  |  |  | Four-Way | Stop Sign | Clear |  | Dry | 2 |  | NOT APPLI |
| Daylight | None |  |  |  | T Intersecti | No Control | Clear |  | Dry | 2 |  | NOT APPLIC |
| Daylight | None |  |  |  | Four-Way I | Stop Sign | Clear |  | Dry | 2 |  | NOT APPLIC |
| Dark (Stree | None |  |  |  | Four-Way I | Stop Sign | Clear |  | Wet | 2 |  | NOT APPLI |
| Dark (Stree | None |  |  |  | Intersectio | No Control | Clear |  | Dry | 2 |  | NOT APPLIC |
| Daylight | Road Surfa | ce Condition | (wet, icy, | snow, slush, | Four-Way I\| | Stop Sign | Rain |  | Wet | 2 |  | NOT APPLIC |


| Workers Pr | Unit1 Type | Unit1 Vehid | Unit1 Dired | Unit1 FactdUnit1 Fact | Unit1 Most | Unit1 Vehid | Unit1 Traff | Unit1 Postd | Unit1 Horiz | Unit1 Road | Unit1 Nonr |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| こABLE | Motor Veh | Passenger | Northboun | Failure to Yield Right－o | Motor Veh | Moving For | Two－Way， | 30 | Straight | Level |  |
| ZABLE | Motor Veh | Sport Utilit | Eastbound | No Clear Contributing | Motor Veh | Moving For | Two－Way， | 30 | Straight | Level |  |
| こABLE | Motor Veh | Passenger | Southboun | Driver Speeding | Traffic Sign | Turning Lef | Other | 30 | Straight | Level |  |
| こABLE | Motor Veh | Passenger | Eastbound | No Clear Contributing | Motor Veh | Moving Fo， | Two－Way， | 30 | Straight | Level |  |
| こABLE | Motor Veh | Passenger | Westbound | No Clear Contributing | Motor Veh | Moving For | Two－Way， | 30 | Straight | Level |  |
| こABLE | Motor Veh | Passenger | Eastbound | No Clear Contributing | Motor Veh | Moving For | Two－Way， | 30 | Straight | Level |  |
| こABLE | Motor Veh | Sport Utilit | Westbound | No Clear Contributing | Motor Veh | Turning Lef | Two－Way， | 30 | Straight | Level |  |
| こABLE | Motor Veh | Pickup | Northboun | Driver Distracted | Motor Veh | Moving Forl | Two－Way， | 45 | Straight | Level |  |



| Unit2 Phys | Unit2 Age | Unit2 Sex | otst_inters | city_sectio | utmx | utmy | x | y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Apparently | 56 | Female | ADAMS ST | RD/MARYS | 457201.2 | 4958738 | 457201.2 | 4958738 |
| Apparently | 37 | Female | ADAMS ST | RD/MARYS | 457201.7 | 4958747 | 457201.7 | 4958747 |
|  |  |  | ADAMS ST | RD/MARYS | 457196 | 4958739 | 457196 | 4958739 |
| Asleep or F | 77 | Female | ADAMS ST | RD/MARYS | 457188.1 | 4958743 | 457188.1 | 4958743 |
| Apparently | 38 | Female | ADAMS ST | RD/MARYS | 457200.2 | 4958744 | 457200.2 | 4958744 |
| Apparently | 53 | Female | ADAMS ST | RD/MARYS | 457202.4 | 4958745 | 457202.4 | 4958745 |
| Unknown | 30 | Male | ADAMS ST | RD/MARYS | 457205 | 4958746 | 457205 | 4958746 |
| Apparently | 44 | Female | ADAMS ST | RD/MARYS | 457204.7 | 4958749 | 457204.7 | 4958749 |





SRF No. 0065653

## FINAL MEMORANDUM

TO: Michael Leek, Community Development Director City of Shakopee

FROM: Renae Cornelius, P.E., Senior Traffic Engineer
DATE: August 8, 2006
SUBJECT: TRafFic Study for the Proposed Bluffs at Marystown Residential Development - Update

A traffic study was completed by SRF Consulting Group in March 2006 for the proposed Bluffs at Marystown Residential Development. This traffic analysis was incorporated into an Environmental Assessment Worksheet (EAW). As part of the review process for this document, the City of Shakopee requested that further analysis be performed for the following additional tasks:

- Additional operations analysis assuming existing geometrics (i.e. no interchange) at the intersection of Old Brick Yard Road (County Road 69)/TH 169, for 2015 build (one year after construction) and 2015 no build conditions.
- Additional operations analysis at the three intersections (CSAH 15/TH 169 north ramps, CSAH 15/TH 169 south ramps and CSAH 15/17th Avenue) that operate at poor levels of service under 2015 build conditions, to determine if installation of single or multi-lane roundabouts could maintain an acceptable level of service.

The purpose of this memorandum is to document the additional analysis requested.

## Old Brick Yard Road/TH 169 Intersection

An operational analysis was previously completed for the intersection of Old Brick Yard Road/TH 169 for existing, 2015 build, and 2015 no build conditions. The 2015 build and no build scenarios assumed an interchange would be in place at this location Additional analysis was completed at this intersection for future build and no build conditions to determine how well the existing at-grade intersection will operate under 2015 forecasts. It was assumed that the signal timing would be adjusted in the future to account for background traffic growth.

One Carlson Parkway North, Suite 150, Minneapolis, MN 55447-4443
Telephone (763) 475-0010 + Fax (763) 475-2429 + http:/ / www.srfconsulting.com

As shown in Table 1, the intersection of Old Brick Yard Road/TH 169 is expected to operate at acceptable levels of services in both the a.m. and p.m peak hour, under 2015 build and 2015 no build conditions assuming existing geometrics. In the no build scenario, the intersection operates at an overall LOS C for both the a.m. and p.m. peak hours. In the future build scenario, the intersection operates at an overall LOS D in the a.m. and p.m. peak hours. As anticipated, the change in level of service between the no build and build scenarios is due to the higher traffic volumes from the south, generated by the Bluffs at Marystown Residential Development.

Table 1
2015 No Build and Build Peak Hour Capacity Analysis Level of Service Results

| Intersection | 2015 No Build |  | 2015 Future Build |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A.M. Peak | P.M. Peak | A.M. Peak | P.M. Peak |
| Old Brick Yard Road and TH 169 | C | C | D | D |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Based on our results, no geometric improvements are recommended for year 2015 future build and no build scenarios, however, adjustments to the signal timing will be required to account for the change in future approach volumes.

## Roundabout Analysis

Additional analysis at the north and south ramp intersections of CSAH 15/TH 169 and the intersection of CSAH 15/17th Avenue was completed to determine how a single or multi-lane roundabout would operate. Previous analysis at these intersections assumed existing geometrics and traffic control which resulted in poor levels of service, therefore, installation of traffic signals at these three intersections was recommended. The purpose of this analysis is to include roundabouts as another alternative to improve operation of these intersections.

Roundabouts are a relatively new approach in solving traffic operational problems at intersections. They have received notability across the country in improving safety and efficiency. The analysis that we performed on these three intersections was derived from the methodology found in the manual "Roundabouts: An Informational Guide" written by the Federal Highway Administration.

The north and south ramp intersections at the CSAH 15/TH 169 interchange were analyzed to determine how they would operate under a roundabout scenario. Based on the results of our analysis, we determined that a single-lane roundabout would operate acceptably at these intersections. However, since CSAH 15 at these intersections currently has two through lanes in each direction, it would be more practical to construct a two-lane roundabout at each intersection. Careful consideration should be given for a roundabout at these intersections, since the constructability of a two-lane roundabout at either location may not be cost affective due to their close proximity to the bridge and the grade changes on the ramps.

The intersection of CSAH 15/17th Avenue was also analyzed assuming a roundabout alternative. The results of the analysis indicate that a single-lane roundabout would be adequate at this location. However, since the analysis of this intersection used forecasted volumes only nine years out, it is recommended that the right-of-way be preserved for a potential expansion to a two-lane roundabout in the future.

Based on our analysis, installation of either a traffic signal or roundabout at any of these three intersections would be acceptable. The deciding factors should be based on the cost comparison and safety analysis of the two alternative improvements at each intersection.

The conclusions and recommendations from the additional analysis at the intersection of Old Brick Yard Road/TH 169 and the intersections of the CSAH 15/TH 169 ramps and CSAH 15/17th Avenue are consistent with the recommendations in the Traffic Study for the Proposed Bluffs at Marystown Residential Development dated March 27, 2006.




Study Area AADT's
Shakopee AUAR Transportation Analysis
City of Shakopee


LISA J. FREESE
Transportation Services Director

ANTHONY J. WINIECKI, P.E.
County Engineer

TROY BEAM
Mobility Services/Fleet Mgr.

May 7, 2020

Mr. Steve Lillehaug, P.E.
Public Works Director/City Engineer
City of Shakopee
Shakopee, MN 55379

Re: Met Council Regional Solicitation Application - Reconstruction/Modernization Marystown Road Corridor Improvements at TH 169 Interchange

Dear Mr. Lillehaug:

Scott County is aware of the City of Shakopee's application to the Metropolitan Council for Regional Solicitation - Reconstruction/Modernization program funding for the Marystown Road Corridor Improvements at the TH 169 Interchange.

The proposed corridor improvement project includes construction of a roundabout at the County Highway 15 and County Highway 16 intersection within the project limits. The County supports the City's pursuit to obtain federal funding and is committed to operate its facilities at this intersection if successful.

Please let me know if there is any additional information you need from us regarding this funding application.


C: Lisa Freese - Scott County, Transportation Division Director Craig Jenson - Scott County, Planning Manager

LISA J. FREESE
Transportation Services Director

November 2, 2017
Steve Lillehaug, PE
Public Works Director/City Engineer
City of Shakopee
485 Gorman Street
Shakopee, MN 55379
RE: Letter of Support for Marystown Road/Adams Street roundabouts at TH 169 Project 2017 Local Road Improvement Program (LRIP) Funding Application

Dear Mr. Lillehaug:
Scott County is aware the City of Shakopee is applying for bond funds, appropriated through the Minnesota Legislature to the Local Road Improvement Program and administered by the Minnesota Department of Transportation, for Marystown Road and Adams Street roundabout.

The project includes constructing a roundabout at the Marystown Road/Adams Street interchange with US Highway 169. Scott County is supportive of the City of Shakopee's Local Road Improvement Program application for this project.

Sincerely,


Lisa Freese
Scott County Transportation Services Director

# Historical Crash Data 

■ Injury Crashes ■ Total Crashes


## RESOLUTION NO. 7937

## A RESOLUTION IN SUPPORT OF AN APPLICATION FOR THE 2017 LOCAL ROAD IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM (LRIP) GRANT ADAMS STREET/MARYSTOWN ROAD (CSAH 15) AND TH 169 ROUNDABOUT

WHEREAS, the City of Shakopee is applying to the Commissioner of Transportation for a grant from the Minnesota State Transportation Fund for Local Road Improvement; and

WHEREAS, the Commissioner of Transportation has given notice that funding for this project is available and the LRIP has been established through Statute 174.52 to provide funding assistance to local agencies; and

WHEREAS, Adams Street/Marystown Road serve a connection between rural Scott County and the more urbanized City of Shakopee and has an interchange with US Highway 169 that is currently side street (ramp terminal) stop controlled; and

WHEREAS, severe crashes, including a fatality, have occurred at the interchange ramp intersections with Adams Street/Marystown Road; and

WHEREAS, the City of Shakopee is seeking to construct roundabouts at the Adams Street/Marystown Road intersections with the interchange ramps to improve safety and provide an efficient connection to US Highway 169; and

WHEREAS, the Local Road Improvement Program (LRIP) administered by the Minnesota Department of Transportation makes available up to $\$ 1,000,000$ to provide funding assistance to local agencies towards local road projects that are regionally significant, result in safety improvements, and address transportation deficiencies

WHEREAS, the Adams Street/Marystown Road (CSAH 15) and TH 169 roundabout project needs additional funding to be implemented.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SHAKOPEE, MINNESOTA hereby supports the application of the LRIP Grant for the Adams Street/Marystown Road (CSAH 15) and TH 169 roundabout project, agrees to the terms and conditions of the grant consistent with Minnesota Statutes, section 174.50, subdivision 5, clause (3) and will pay any additional amount by which the cost exceeds the estimate, and will return to the Minnesota State Transportation Fund any amount appropriated for the roundabout project but not required.

Adopted in adjourned regular session of the City Council of the City of Shakopee, Minnesota held this $17^{\text {th }}$ of October, 2017.


William Mars, Mayor
City of Shakopee

Lori Hensen, City Clerk
City of Shakopee


## SRF <br> Existing Volumes <br> Intersection Control Evaluation

Figure 4
Marystown Road at North TH 169 Ramp
Shakopee, Minnesota


Forecast Year 2040 Volumes
Intersection Control Evaluation

## Project Summary

Project Name - Marystown Road Corridor<br>Total Project Cost - \$ 6,147,500<br>Applicant - City of Shakopee<br>Requested Federal Dollars - \$4,918,000<br>Project Location - County State-Aid Highway System Road (CSAH) 15/Marystown Road/Adams Street from Vierling Drive to CSAH 16 ( $17^{\text {th }}$ Avenue) in the City of Shakopee, Scott County

## Project Description - CSAH

15/Marystown Road/Adams Street is a four-lane A-minor expander. The project reconstructs approximately 1.2 miles of roadway, replaces four existing stopcontrolled intersections with roundabouts, and installs pedestrian and bicycle shared use paths and sidewalks that fill a regional system gap.


Traffic volumes will continue to rise as planned commercial and residential developments are constructed in the area. Current development includes over 1,600 housing units, and 1.1 million square feet of retail business, which is expected to bring in over 2,750 jobs into the area. Previous studies have indicated that increasing traffic volumes will cause worsening operations and level of service at intersections will fail by year 2025. Safety concerns along the corridor are on the rise. Crashes along the corridor have risen fivefold between the years of 2017-2019 and the corridor has seen numerous injuries.

Project Benefits - The Marystown Road Reconstruction project will provide the following benefits:

- The installation of roundabouts immediately improves intersection operations to level of service A, and accommodates max build out traffic volumes as the areas continues to grow
- Repurposing the TH 169 bridge to provides multiuse trail on both sides, thus connecting a gap in the trail system and enhancing safety and mobility for all users. The path connects to a Regional Bike Transportation Network (RBTN) Tier 2 alignment at 150th Street.
- Adds significantly more lighting on pedestrian network and at intersections
- Roundabouts will address severe and high-speed crashes
- Reduces posted speed limits and creates curb and gutter to delineate lanes and roadway for better vehicle guidance in inclement weather
- Provides for ADA compliant infrastructure throughout corridor
- Numerous access improvements to address current illegal maneuvers


MnDOT Metro District<br>1500 West County Road B-2<br>Roseville, MN 55113

May 12, 2020
Steve Lillehaug, PE, PTOE
Public Works Director/City Engineer
City of Shakopee
129 Holmes St S
Shakopee, MN 55379
Re: MnDOT Letter for Shakopee
Metropolitan Council/Transportation Advisory Board 2020 Regional Solicitation Funding
Request for Marystown Road/Adams Street at TH 169 interchange Project
Dear Steve Lillehaug,
This letter documents MnDOT Metro District's recognition for Shakopee to pursue funding for the Metropolitan Council/Transportation Advisory Board's (TAB) 2020 Regional Solicitation for the construction of bike and pedestrian facilities in MnDOT ROW along TH 169.

As proposed, this project impacts MnDOT right-of-way on TH 169. As the agency with jurisdiction over the highway, MnDOT will allow Shakopee to seek improvements proposed in the application for the pedestrian and bike trail and bridge project. If funded, details of any future maintenance agreement with Shakopee will need to be determined during project development to define how the improvements will be maintained for the project's useful life.

There is no funding from MnDOT currently planned or programmed for this project. Due to expected loss of future state and federal transportation revenues as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, there is likely to be significant disruptions to the current MnDOT construction program that will surface in the next year. MnDOT does not anticipate partnering on local projects beyond current agreements.

In addition, the Metro District currently does not anticipate any significant discretionary funding in state fiscal years 2024 or 2025 that could fund project construction, nor do we have the resources to assist with MnDOT services such as the design or construction engineering of the project. If your project receives funding, continue to work with MnDOT Area staff to coordinate project development and to periodically review needs and opportunities for cooperation.

MnDOT Metro District looks forward to continued cooperation with Shakopee as this project moves forward and as we work together to improve safety and travel options within the Metro Area.

If you have questions or require additional information at this time, please reach out to Mark Lindeberg, South Area Manager, at mark.lindeberg@state.mn.us or 651-234-7729.

Sincerely,

Michael Barnes, PE
Metro District Engineer

## CC: Mark Lindeberg, Metro District South Area Manager <br> Molly McCartney, Metro Program Director <br> Dan Erickson, Metro State Aid Engineer

October 26, 2017

## Steve Lillehaug, PE

Public Works Director/City Engineer
City of Shakopee
485 Gorman Street
Shakopee, MN 55379

## RE: Letter of Support for the Adams Street/Marystown Road Roundabouts Project 2017 Local Road Improvement Program (LRIP) Funding Application

Dear Mr. Lillehaug,
Thank you for requesting a letter of support from the Minnesota Department of Transportation (MnDOT) for the 2017 for the Local Road Improvement Program (LRIP) funding application. The City of Shakopee's application for the proposed roundabout intersection improvements at the Adams Street/Marystown Road interchange impacts MnDOT right-of-way on US Highway 169.

MnDOT, as the agency with jurisdiction over US 169, would allow the improvements included in the application. Details of a future maintenance agreement with the City would be determined during project development to define how the improvements will be maintained for the project's useful life. The proposed roundabouts will improve safety at the highway ramp intersections and accommodate non-motorized facilities to improve mobility across US Highway 169 for bicyclists and pedestrians.

MnDOT is supportive of the City of Shakopee in the proposed improvements to Adams Street/Marystown Road, serving as a route of regional significance and providing access to US Highway 169.

Sincerely,


Scott McBride, P.E.
Metro District Engineer
Cc: Jon Solberg, MnDOT Metro District - South Area Manager


## A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY OF SHAKOPEE, MINNESOTA AUTHORIZING THE CITY TO SUBMIT A 2020 FEDERAL ROADWAY MODERNIZATION GRANT APPLICATION.

WHEREAS, the City of Shakopee supports the application made to the Metropolitan Council for a 2020 Federal Roadway Modernization Grant, a part of the Highway Safety Improvement Program, and

WHEREAS, the application is to obtain funding for constructing safety improvements to the Marystown Road and HWY 169 area, Shakopee, and

WHEREAS, the Marystown Rd/TH 169 Interchange and Trail Imp. Project is in the city's 2020-2024 Capital Improvement Plan, and

WHEREAS, the City of Shakopee recognizes a $20 \%$ grant match is required.
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SHAKOPEE, MINNESOTA, if the City of Shakopee is awarded a grant by the Metropolitan Council, the City of Shakopee agrees to accept the award and may enter into an agreement with the Metropolitan Council for the above referenced project. The City of Shakopee will comply with all applicable laws, requirements and regulations as stated in the grant agreement.

Adopted in adjourned regular session of the City Council of the City of Shakopee, Minnesota held this 7th day of April, 2020.


William Mars
Mayor of the City of Shakopee

ATTEST:


Lori Hensen
City Clerk

December 16, 2019


## RE: Preliminary Plat Powers First Addition; NE Corner of CH 15 and CH 16

## Honorable Mayor William Mars and Shakopee City Council Members:

I'm writing this letter on behalf of the Shakopee Public Schools in regards to the proposed Trident Development project adjacent to Jackson Elementary School. As I'm sure you know, understand, and support, my concern for student safety is paramount.

In a community that is growing and developing, it is certainly expected we will face situations from time to time that dictate we examine and compare the potential impact of various forms of development and related activities, such as transportation, on student safety. We are currently facing one of these situations in the form of access to the proposed Trident Development.

Having read the SRF Consulting 'Trident Development Transportation Study' completed December 4, 2019, it appears there are some clear advantages, when it comes to the impact on student safety, to locating the access, in the form of a 'right turn in and right turn out', to the proposed Trident Development on CR 15, rather than on CR 16.

From my perspective, the SRF study appears to be objective and thorough. The portion of the study examining the potential impact on the Jackson Elementary area seems to be very well done and a high quality representation of the current travel patterns in the area of Jackson Elementary School. SRF gave detailed consideration of school hours, access, circulation, pick-up/drop-off, and pedestrian crossing in their study.

I certainly understand there is no way to completely mitigate the impact of development and increased vehicle trips on the area near Jackson Elementary. But, it is clear from my review of the SRF study these impacts, especially in terms of the projected number of daily trips at the two primary pedestrian crossings to/from the school, are lessened with an access to the Trident Development located on CR 15. In light of this evidence, I would encourage you to place the access to the Trident Development on CR 15 and not on CR 16.

It is also clear from my review of this proposed development that I'm not alone in making sure we do our best to provide safe routes for our students and their families. I've seen first hand the commitment of City and County leaders, planners, and engineers in making transportation safety a top priority.

Thank you for your consideration.
Sincerely,


Mike Redmond

## Westwood

Traffic Impact Study for
Windermere

Shakopee, Minnesota

## Prepared by:

Westwood Professional Services
7699 Anagram Drive
Eden Prairie, MN 55344
(952) 937-5150

Project Number R0000615.00
December 7, 2016

### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

Westwood Professional Services, Inc., has been contracted by D.R. Horton, Inc., to analyze the traffic impacts of their proposed retail and residential development called "Windermere" in the southwest quadrant of the intersection of Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) and US 169 in Shakopee, Minnesota (see Figure 1-1). This report will review the level of trip generation for the proposed project and determine the traffic impacts on the local study network that the development may cause.

The objectives of this study are to determine the traffic impacts of the proposed development on the surrounding study area and to identify any mitigation strategies.

### 2.0 EXISTING CONDITIONS

### 2.1 Site Location

The project location is the 76.58 acre site south of US 169 and west of Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) in Shakopee, MN. The site location is shown on Figure 1-1.

### 2.2 Land Use and Intensity

The parcel is currently zoned as "Highway Business" and "Medium Density Residential", which means, "The Purpose of the Highway Business zone is to provide an area for business uses fronting on or with immediate access to arterial and collector streets." and "The purpose of the Medium Density Residential zone is to provide an area which will allow five and one-one hundredth (5.01) to eight (8) residential dwellings per acre and also provide a transitional zone between single family residential areas and other land uses." ${ }^{11}$ The commercial portion of the site currently does not have specific land uses, listed below are the known and assumed land uses. Figure 2-1 shows the current site plan.

Specific land uses proposed for the site include:

- $\quad 53$ single family residential units
- 136 attached townhome units

[^2]


Assumed land uses for the site include:

- 120 unit apartment building
- $\quad 30$ ksf office building
- 10 ksf drug store/pharmacy
- $\quad 43$ ksf shopping center


### 2.3 Existing Study Area Roadway Network

The following roadways have been reviewed in the study area:
A. Marystown Road (CSAH 81) is a 96 -foot wide arterial roadway at the north entrance (US 169 EB ramp) with 6 lanes, a median, and a shoulder. It currently has dedicated left and right turn lanes into the site. These turn lanes are 180 ft . and 320 ft ., respectively. It then tapers to a 36 -foot wide roadway at the 17 th Avenue (CSAH 16) entrance with one northbound lane and one southbound lane plus a passing lane. At 128th Street it is again a 36 -foot wide road.
B. $17^{\text {th }}$ Avenue (CSAH 16) is an 86 -foot wide road with six lanes and a median. There are currently only 4 lanes being utilized; two lanes eastbound and designated right and left turn lanes westbound. The two additional lanes can be used for through movements westbound. The right and left turn lanes are 400 ft . and 280 ft . long respectively.
C. $128^{\text {th }}$ Street West is a residential road that is 24 feet wide on the east side of Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) and 50 feet wide on the west side. There are no marked lanes.
D. Vierling Drive West is a 52 -foot wide, four lane undivided roadway that runs east-west. The Vierling Dr and Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) intersection is all way stop controlled.

### 2.4 Existing Intersection Traffic Control

The following intersection traffic control has been identified:

- Vierling Dr and Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) - All way stop
- US 169 EB ramps and Marystown Rd (CSAH 15)-side street (169 ramp) stop
- US 169 WB ramps and Marystown Rd (CSAH 15)-side street (169 ramp) stop
- 17th Avenue (CSAH 16) and Marystown Rd (CSAH 15)-side street (17th Ave) stop
- 128th Street West and Marystown Rd (CSAH 15)-side street (128th St W) stop


### 2.5 Existing Speed Limits

The following prevailing speed limits include:

- Vierling Dr - 30 mph (posted)
- Marystown Rd (CSAH 15)- 55 mph (posted)
- 17th Avenue (CSAH 16)- 45 mph (posted)
- 128th Street West - 30 mph (statutory)


### 2.6 Transit Service

There is no scheduled transit service currently in this area.

### 2.7 Pedestrian/Bicycle Facilities

There are no sidewalks along Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) or the 169 ramps but there are sidewalks along both sides of 17th Avenue.

### 2.8 Existing Traffic Volumes

Daily traffic volumes have been recorded and published by MnDOT. ${ }^{2}$ Westwood conducted a.m. and p.m. peak hour traffic counts at the study area intersections. Figure 2-2 shows the daily traffic volumes and Figure 2-3 shows the peak hour turning movement volumes in the study area.

[^3]Figure 2-2: Existing Daily Traffic Volumes

(Source: 2015 Publication Traffic Volumes Metro Street Series - 5C, MnDOT)

### 2.9 Level of Service

Traffic engineers quantify traffic operation and performance of intersections in terms of "Levels of Service" (or LOS). Traffic operations for the A.M. and P.M. peak hour conditions for intersections within the study area were analyzed using the industry-standard Synchro/SimTraffic Version 9 software package, which uses the methodology contained in the 2010 Highway Capacity Manual ( 2010 HCM), published by the Transportation Research Board. The software model was calibrated to replicate existing conditions as accurately as possible before being used to assess future conditions. A full discussion of the methodology used to assess traffic operation appears in the Appendix of this report.

Westwood analyzed existing traffic conditions based on turning movement counts, existing lane geometrics and traffic control in the study area. Turning movement counts used in this analysis are from the Hy-Vee Development Traffic Impact Analysis prepared by Kimley Horn³. The operational analyses for Existing A.M. and P.M. peak hour conditions are summarized in Table 21.

[^4]Table 2-1: Existing Peak Hour Traffic Operations

| Intersection | Movement | Existing |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | AM |  | PM |  |
|  |  | Level of Service | 95th \%ile Queue (ft) | Level of Service | 95th \%ile Queue (ft) |
| Vierling Dr \& Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) | EBLT | A | 42 | A | 43 |
|  | EBTR | A | 47 | A | 52 |
|  | WBLT | A | 51 | A | 44 |
|  | WBTR | A | 28 | A | 42 |
|  | NBLT | A | 45 | A | 44 |
|  | NBTR | A | 52 | A | 48 |
|  | SBTL | A | 53 | A | 69 |
|  | SBTR | A | 32 | A | 43 |
| WB US 169 Ramps \& Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) | EBLTR | - | - | - | - |
|  | WBLT | A | 29 | A | 59 |
|  | WBR | A | 32 | A | 49 |
|  | NBL | - | - | - | - |
|  | NBT | A | - | A | - |
|  | NBR | A | - | A | - |
|  | SBL | A | 23 | A | 20 |
|  | SBT | A | - | A | - |
|  | SBR | - | - | - | - |
| EB US 169 <br>  <br> Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) | EBLT | - | - | - | - |
|  | EBR | - | - | - | - |
|  | WBLT | A | 47 | A | 32 |
|  | WBR | A | 28 | A | 32 |
|  | NBL | - | - | - | - |
|  | NBT | A | - | A | - |
|  | NBR | A | 11 | A | 7 |
|  | SBL | A | 42 | A | 46 |
|  | SBT | A | - | A | - |
|  | SBR | - | - | - | - |
| 17th Ave (CSAH 16) \& Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) | EBL | - | - | - | - |
|  | EBTR | - | - | - | - |
|  | WBL | A | 28 | A | 44 |
|  | WBT | - | - | - | - |
|  | WBR | A | 50 | A | 35 |
|  | NBL | - | - | - | - |
|  | NBT | A | - | A | - |
|  | NBR | A | - | A | - |
|  | SBL | A | 48 | A | 33 |
|  | SBT | A | - | A | - |
|  | SBR | - | - | - | - |
| 128th St \& Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) | EBLT | A | 9 | A | 28 |
|  | EBR | A | - | A | 10 |
|  | WBLTR | A | 33 | A | 28 |
|  | NBLTR | A | - | A | - |
|  | SBLT | A | - | A | 12 |
|  | SBR | A | - | A | - |

(Source: Westwood professional Services, December 2016)

The overall intersection operation for the existing condition is shown to be at acceptable levels with no queuing issues.

### 3.0 NO-BUILD CONDITION

In analyzing the traffic impacts of proposed development, it is important to model traffic conditions in the study area for future year(s) without the development. Prior to this study, it was agreed analysis would be conducted for one year after project build-out (2019) as well as for the horizon year (2029) to remain consistent with the previously mentioned Kimley Horn traffic study.

For this study the No-Build conditions assumed 1\% growth rate per year as well as including the Hy-Vee development traffic from the Kimley Horn study.

Figure 3-1 shows the projected turning movements of the 2019 No-Build condition and Figure 32 shows the projected turning movements for the 2029 No-Build condition. Table 3-1 illustrates the traffic operational impacts for the 2019 and 2029 No-Build conditions. There is insufficient capacity at Vierling Dr \& Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) for the westbound left turns in both the 2019 and 2029 conditions. Intersection operations should be monitored to determine if signal warrants are met at Vierling Dr \& Marystown Rd (CSAH 15). Results for the remaining intersections indicate there remains sufficient capacity in the existing roadway geometrics to accommodate this growth in background traffic levels.

Table 3-1: 2019 and 2029 No Build Traffic Operations

| Intersection | Movement | 2019 No Build |  |  |  | 2029 No Build |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | AM |  | PM |  | AM |  | PM |  |
|  |  | Level of Service | 95th \%ile Queue (ft) | Level of Service | 95th \%ile <br> Queue (ft) | Level of Service | 95th \%ile Queue (ft) | Level of Service | 95th \%ile Queue (ft) |
| Vierling Dr \& Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) | EBLT | A | 47 | B | 48 | A | 44 | B | 59 |
|  | EBTR | A | 51 | A | 49 | A | 59 | A | 59 |
|  | WBLT | A | 87 | E | 276 | A | 91 | F | 719 |
|  | WBTR | A | 38 | C | 194 | A | 37 | C | 542 |
|  | NBLT | A | 37 | B | 75 | A | 46 | B | 82 |
|  | NBTR | A | 59 | A | 88 | A | 61 | A | 99 |
|  | SBTL | B | 75 | B | 111 | B | 70 | C | 155 |
|  | SBTR | A | 33 | A | 48 | A | 34 | C | 77 |
| WB US 169 Ramps \& Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) | EBLTR | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | WBLT | A | 42 | D | 103 | B | 43 | E | 126 |
|  | WBR | A | 44 | A | 126 | A | 61 | A | 144 |
|  | NBL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | NBT | A | - | A | - | A | - | A | - |
|  | NBR | A | - | A | - | A | 7 | A | - |
|  | SBL | A | 33 | A | 44 | A | 35 | A | 46 |
|  | SBT | A | - | A | - | A | - | A | - |
|  | SBR | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| EB US 169 <br>  <br> Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) | EBLT | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | EBR | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | WBLT | C | 43 | C | 46 | D | 59 | C | 33 |
|  | WBR | A | 31 | A | 40 | A | 38 | A | 42 |
|  | NBL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | NBT | A | - | A | - | A | - | A | - |
|  | NBR | A | 20 | A | 8 | A | 19 | A | 11 |
|  | SBL | A | 75 | A | 76 | A | 84 | A | 70 |
|  | SBT | A | - | A | - | A | - | A | - |
|  | SBR | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  <br> Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) | EBL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | EBTR | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | WBL | A | 27 | A | 38 | A | 23 | A | 38 |
|  | WBT | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | WBR | A | 51 | A | 45 | A | 63 | A | 59 |
|  | NBL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | NBT | A | - | A | - | A | - | A | - |
|  | NBR | A | - | A | - | A | - | A | - |
|  | SBL | A | 59 | A | 44 | A | 49 | A | 50 |
|  | SBT | A | - | A | - | A | - | A | - |
|  | SBR | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 128th St \& Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) | EBLT | A | 9 | A | 24 | A | 9 | A | 23 |
|  | EBR | A | - | A | - | A | - | A | 10 |
|  | WBLTR | A | 37 | A | 26 | A | 35 | A | 23 |
|  | NBLTR | A | - | A | - | A | - | A | - |
|  | SBLT | A | - | A | - | A | 9 | A | 9 |
|  | SBR | A | - | A | - | A | - | A | - |

(Source: Westwood professional Services, December 2016)

### 4.0 PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

The project site is currently undeveloped. As the site develops, there will be a significant amount of pass-by and diverted trips for the proposed commercial uses, as well as the additional new trips to and from the proposed residential uses.

The proposed development of the site will include a 53 single family homes and 120 townhomes. It should be noted that the 16 additional townhomes may be developed if the property in the south west corner of Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) and 17 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Ave (CSAH 16) is acquired. Therefore, these townhomes were included in this study for a total of 136. In addition, there is the potential for 16 single family homes in the south west corner of the site. However, these homes would be a part of a separate development and should be analyzed if/when that development occurs. The commercial portion of the site does not yet have specific land uses. It was assumed that it would include a 120 unit apartment building, a 30 ksf office building, a 10 ksf drug store/pharmacy, a 16 pump gas station, and 43 ksf of shopping center space.

The Windermere development is part of a larger 323 acre development called the West End. In the West Ends master plan the intensity of development on the 76 acre Windermere parcel is higher than the current proposed Windermere development ${ }^{4}$. Therefore, analysis of the West End traffic was not reviewed in this study as the initial West End study would represent a worst case scenario.

As presented earlier, Figure 1-2 illustrates the concept site plan for the development. Table 4-1 provides a land use comparison between existing and proposed uses on the site.

Table 4-1 - Land Use Comparison

| Existing Use |  | Proposed Use |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| open space | 76.58 Acres | Single Family Housing | 53 units |
|  |  | Townhomes | 136 units |
|  |  | Apartments | 120 units |
|  |  | Office Building | 30 ksf |
|  |  | Drug Store/ Pharmacy | 10 ksf |
|  |  | Shopping Center | 43 ksf |
|  |  | Gas Station | 16 pumps |

(Source: Westwood Professional Services, 2016)

[^5]
## 4-1 Proposed Trip Generation

The Institute of Transportation Engineers' Trip Generation Manual, Ninth Edition, was used to estimate the numbers of trips that would be generated by this development. ${ }^{5}$ Table 4-2 summarizes the trip generation of the proposed land uses minus the internal trips (i.e., trips from one internal land use to another). Therefore, these are the trips to be assigned and distributed throughout the background traffic for each design year.

Table 4-2 - Trip Generation

| Land Use | ITE | Size | Weekday |  | AM peak |  | PM Peak |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Enter | Exit | Enter | Exit | Enter | Exit |
| Single Family Housing | 210 | 53 units | 213 | 213 | 9 | 27 | 24 | 15 |
| Condominium/Townhouse | 230 | 136 units | 334 | 334 | 9 | 46 | 34 | 17 |
| Apartment | 220 | 120 units | 338 | 338 | 11 | 45 | 35 | 19 |
| General Office Building | 710.2 | 30 k.s.f. | 140 | 140 | 37 | 5 | 6 | 27 |
| Gas/Service w/ Conv \& Wash | 946 | 16 fuel pos. | 1,034 | 1,034 | 88 | 85 | 82 | 79 |
| Pharmacy - No Drive Thru | 880 | 10 k.s.f. | 381 | 381 | 17 | 9 | 30 | 31 |
| Shopping Center | 820 | 43 k.s.f. | 777 | 777 | 24 | 15 | 56 | 60 |
| TOTAL |  |  | 3,217 | 3,217 | 195 | 232 | 267 | 248 |
|  |  |  | 6,434 |  | 427 |  | 515 |  |

(Source: ITE Trip Generation Manual, Ninth Edition, 2012; Westwood Professional Services, 2016)

## 4-2 Trip Assignment

It is projected the development trips will distribute in generally the same pattern that background traffic travels to and from the area today. Westwood used the calculated inbound and outbound flow of the background traffic on the roadway system based on the traffic counts taken in the area. Trip assignment in and out of the site was determined based on the land uses and their proximity to each entrance/exit. The trip assignment is shown on Figure 4-1.

## 4-3 Traffic Volume Comparisons and Operational Performance

Figure 4-2 shows the 2019 Build condition turning movement volumes and Figure 4-3 shows the 2029 Build condition turning movement volumes.

Table 4-3 shows the operational performance of the 2019 and 2029 Build Condition. In the 2019 Build condition it was assumed that both ramp intersections on Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) would be all way stop controlled. In the 2029 Build condition it was assumed that both ramp intersections on Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) and Vierling Dr \& Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) would be signalized. With these geometric improvements, traffic operations are acceptable.

[^6]Table 4-3: 2019 and 2029 Build Traffic Operations

| Intersection | Movement | 2019 Build |  |  |  | 2029 Build |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | AM |  | PM |  | AM |  | PM |  |
|  |  | Level of Service | 95th \%ile Queue (ft) | Level of Service | 95th \%ile Queue (ft) | Level of Service | 95th \%ile Queue (ft) | Level of Service | 95th \%ile Queue (ft) |
| Vierling Dr \& Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) | EBLT | A | 49 | B | 40 | C | 42 | C | 30 |
|  | EBTR | A | 61 | A | 40 | D | 140 | D | 118 |
|  | WBLT | A | 102 | E | 310 | C | 217 | C | 314 |
|  | WBTR | A | 44 | C | 212 | C | 56 | C | 96 |
|  | NBLT | A | 53 | B | 95 | A | 66 | B | 117 |
|  | NBTR | A | 65 | B | 109 | A | 86 | A | 123 |
|  | SBTL | B | 72 | C | 172 | B | 126 | C | 200 |
|  | SBTR | A | 42 | C | 89 | B | 64 | C | 114 |
| WB US 169 Ramps \& Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) | EBLTR | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | WBLT | A | 36 | A | 69 | D | 88 | C | 154 |
|  | WBR | A | 52 | A | 120 | A | 66 | A | 117 |
|  | NBL | - | - | A | 10 | - | - | A | 8 |
|  | NBT | B | 57 | B | 63 | A | 52 | A | 79 |
|  | NBR | A | 40 | A | 42 | A | 44 | A | 43 |
|  | SBL | A | 46 | B | 59 | A | 56 | B | 95 |
|  | SBT | B | 74 | B | 72 | A | 21 | A | 102 |
|  | SBR | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| EB US 169 <br>  <br> Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) | EBLT | A | 54 | A | 62 | D | 139 | D | 142 |
|  | EBR | A | 36 | A | 40 | A | 30 | A | 56 |
|  | WBLT | A | 38 | A | 42 | C | 63 | C | 73 |
|  | WBR | A | 46 | A | 43 | A | 46 | A | 56 |
|  | NBL | A | 53 | A | 39 | A | 55 | A | 54 |
|  | NBT | A | 39 | A | 41 | A | 62 | A | 64 |
|  | NBR | A | 49 | A | 25 | A | 51 | A | 33 |
|  | SBL | B | 68 | B | 63 | A | 115 | A | 91 |
|  | SBT | B | 68 | B | 74 | A | 47 | A | 44 |
|  | SBR | A | 17 | A | 21 | A | 20 | A | 10 |
|  <br> Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) | EBL | B | 43 | A | 30 | B | 50 | C | 29 |
|  | EBTR | A | 40 | B | 28 | B | 41 | B | 30 |
|  | WBL | A | 27 | A | 42 | A | 28 | A | 37 |
|  | WBT | B | 15 | A | 23 | C | 16 | B | 28 |
|  | WBR | A | 63 | A | 39 | A | 88 | A | 48 |
|  | NBL | A | - | A | - | A | - | A | 17 |
|  | NBT | A | - | A | - | A | - | A | - |
|  | NBR | A | - | A | - | A | - | A | - |
|  | SBL | A | 49 | A | 42 | A | 68 | A | 50 |
|  | SBT | A | - | A | - | A | - | A | - |
|  | SBR | A | - | A | - | A | - | A | - |
| 128th St \& Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) | EBLT | A | 12 | A | 30 | A | 0 | A | 26 |
|  | EBR | A | - | A | 10 | A | - | A | - |
|  | WBLTR | A | 29 | A | 29 | A | 40 | A | 23 |
|  | NBLTR | A | - | A | - | A | - | A | - |
|  | SBLT | A | - | A | 9 | A | - | A | 21 |
|  | SBR | A | - | A | - | A | - | A | - |

(Source: Westwood Professional Services, December 2016)

### 5.0 FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

## 5-1 Findings

Trip generation of the proposed Windermere development does impact traffic in the study area. There are 427 total trips projected by the site for the A.M. Peak and 515 trips projected in the P.M. Peak Hour. Traffic is projected to be $54 \%$ outbound and $46 \%$ inbound during the A.M. Peak Hour, while the P.M. Peak Hour is $52 \%$ inbound and $48 \%$ outbound.

The principal findings of the analysis included:

- After internal trip reduction and pass-by reduction the A.M. Peak Hour has 255 projected new trips and the P.M. Peak Hour has 298 projected new trips.
- Intersections will operate at Level of Service D (LOS-D) or better in the 2019 \& 2029 NoBuild conditions. However, the westbound left turn at Vierling Dr \& Marystown Rd will be over capacity.
- The intersection of Marystown Road (CSAH 15) and US 169 EB ramp/ Windermere Way experienced excessive delays without mitigation in the 2019 and 2029 Build conditions.
- Due to the existing capacity of Marystown Road (CSAH 15) and 17th Avenue (CSAH 16) no expansion is necessary.
- The Windermere development is less intense than the projection for this land area in the West End master plan study therefore no additional analysis including the West End traffic was included in the report.


## 5-2 Recommendations

Recommendations include the following:

- Marystown Road (CSAH 15) \& US 169 EB Ramps/Windermere Way and Marystown Road (CSAH 15) \& US 169 WB Ramps should be all-way stop controlled after full build out and should be reanalyzed in the future to determine if it meets signal warrants.
- The new Windermere Way access onto Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) geometry should have a left/thru turn lane and a dedicated right turn lane.
- Institute side-street stop control on the proposed Windermere Way and 17th Avenue (CSAH 16), Windermere Way would then stop for traffic on 17th Avenue (CSAH 16).
- Build dedicated right and left turn lanes on Marystown Road (CSAH 15) southbound at 17th Avenue (CSAH 16).
- Re-mark westbound 17th Avenue (CSAH 16) at Marystown Rd (CSAH 15) to accommodate two through lanes and dedicated left \& right turn lanes.
- Institute a speed limit of 45 mph for Future 17th Avenue (CSAH 16) connection.


[^0]:    Improved roadway to better accommodate freight movements:

[^1]:    *Note: Linguistically Isolated is defined tI әริ้ ィәло pıочәsnoч әЧł u! әио ou se speaks English "very well"

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ http://www.shakopeemn.gov/city-government/departments/planning-zoning/zoning-information

[^3]:    ${ }^{2} 2015$ Publication Traffic Volumes Metro Street Series - 5C, Minnesota Department of Transportation Office of Transportation Data and Analysis, Traffic Volume Program, 2015 AADT Product, http://www.dot.state.mn.us/traffic/data/maps/indexmaps/2015/5C.pdf

[^4]:    ${ }^{3}$ Hy-Vee Development - NE Corner of Trunk Highway 169 \& Marystown Road, Kimley Horn, June 2016.

[^5]:    ${ }^{4}$ http://destinyhosted.com/shakodocs/2016/CCREG/20160419 536/2706 West End Concept.pdf

[^6]:    ${ }^{5}$ Trip Generation Manual, Ninth Edition, Institute of Transportation Engineers, Washington DC, 2012

