

IETRO BLUE LINE EXTENSION

WE LCOME

Welcome to the METRO Blue Line Extension **Open House**









BLUE LINE EXTENSION ROUTE

In June 2022, project sponsors (Metropolitan Council and Hennepin County) identified the final recommended route to advance into design and environmental review: West Broadway Avenue (County Road 103) in Brooklyn Park to Bottineau Boulevard (County Road 81) in Crystal and Robbinsdale to West Broadway Avenue in North Minneapolis, connecting to Target Field Station in downtown Minneapolis.





Two routes between Washington and Irving Ave are being evaluated including running light rail only on West Broadway or only on 21st Ave N.

> Multiple routes between Target Field and West Broadway are being evaluated.



00120

PENN

Golden Valley Rd

AVENUE



gton Ave

TARGET FIELD

STATION

FREMONT

AVENUE

PLYMOUTH AVENUE

55

ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION PROCESS

The new route requires additional environmental documentation. New studies will be done to understand the potential social, economic, and environmental impacts that may occur because of the design, construction, and operation of the Blue Line Extension and will determine how to avoid or reduce those impacts. If impacts cannot be avoided, then mitigation will be considered.



I. Start the Environmental Documentation Process

• Metro Transit and Hennepin County will coordinate with the Federal Transit Administration and state and local agencies regarding the environmental review process.



2. Prepare Draft Environmental Documentation

- During the draft phase, the following will happen: - The environmental team will work closely with the engineering team to guide the design of the alignment.
 - Multiple design solutions and their relative impacts and benefits will be compared.



3. Public Hearing on Draft **Environmental Documentation**

- Public engagement will continue throughout the environmental process. A public hearing on the draft environmental document is a requirement of the process and will set the stage for moving into the final environmental document.
- All comments received on the draft will be reviewed, responses will be developed, and relevant details will be included in the final document.



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4. Prepare Final Environmental Documentation



Social, economic, and environmental impacts will be updated to reflect the updated project design.

• Mitigation commitments will be finalized.

5. Amend the Project Record of Decision

• The final environmental document will be published and made available for the public and agencies to review and comment on. After the comment period, mitigation commitments will be confirmed.

• A Record of Decision document formalizes the environmental commitments made for the project and this step completes the environmental review.





TOPICS STUDIED IN ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENT

Examples of social, economic, and environmental issues that will be studied include:



Changes to land use, and how the project fits with existing or planned land uses



Effects on the community or communities surrounding the project



What property needs to be purchased and what residences or businesses may need to be moved



Business impacts



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Impacts to historic properties



Impacts to parks



Visual impacts







Transportation impacts –

bicycle, pedestrian, transit, vehicles (including parking), freight rail, aviation



Water resource impacts – wetlands, floodplains, stormwater, groundwater, water quality



Impacts to soils and geologic resources



Impacts to plants and animals, including threatened and endangered species



Noise impacts, and for transit and rail projects, vibration impacts



Contaminated properties and hazardous





NEXT STEPS AND DECISION POINTS

WE ARE HERE!



1: SELECT DESIGN OPTIONS TO MOVE INTO THE DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENT

Public comment on the design options studied in the environmental document



2: PREPARE DRAFT

ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENT

This process will evaluate social, economic, and environmental impacts and benefits of multiple design options

Public comment on the findings of the design options.

3: SELECT PREFERRED ROUTE



This process will advance design, identify a preferred route and station locations, and obtain municipal consent

Municipal Consent is a process of local review and approval by cities along the corridor of the physical designs.

The public is able to comment on the plans and public hearings are held.

4: PREPARE FINAL ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENT AND MITIGATION COMMITMENTS



This process will evaluate social, economic, and environmental impacts and benefits of the preferred route and station locations and identify mitigation for impacts

Public comment on the mitigation commitments.







Design Features:

Expands County Road 81 between Crystal Airport Road and Wilshire Boulevard, keeping six lanes of traffic (three in each direction) for that section, just over half a mile

 Light rail is at-grade in the center of the roadway

 Park and ride access via Lakeland Avenue North from the Wilshire Boulevard intersection

• Station platform is in the middle of a six-lane road with additional turning lanes at the intersection

 The pedestrian bridge provides a crossing over County Road 81 and a grade-separated access to the south end of the station to the platform from the park and ride and trails





IETRO BLUE LINE EXTENSION

BASS LAKE ROAD: 4-6-4 OPTION

Aerial View of Station Area Looking North







BASS LAKE ROAD: INTERCHANGE OPTION STATION AREA VIEWS





Ground View of Station Area Looking South



Ground View of Station Area Looking East



Ground View of Station Area Looking East from Park and Ride



METRO BLUE LINE EXTENSION



BASS LAKE ROAD: INTERCHANGE OPTION STATION - NIGHT VIEW



Ground View of Station Area Looking South



Ground View of Station Area Looking East from Park and Ride





BASS LAKE ROAD: 4-6-4 OPTION STATION AREA VIEWS

required



Aerial View of Station Area Looking East



METRO BLUE LINE EXTENSION

DRAFT: CONCEPT IN DEVELOPMENT Note: This image represents a planning concept based on cursory engineering work. If this concept advances, significant additional design would be



Ground View of Station Area- Pedestrian Crossing





BASS LAKE ROAD: INTERCHANGE OPTION

Design Features:

 County Road 81 two lanes in each direction on a grade-separated overpass at Bass Lake Road with ramps for access from Bass Lake Road

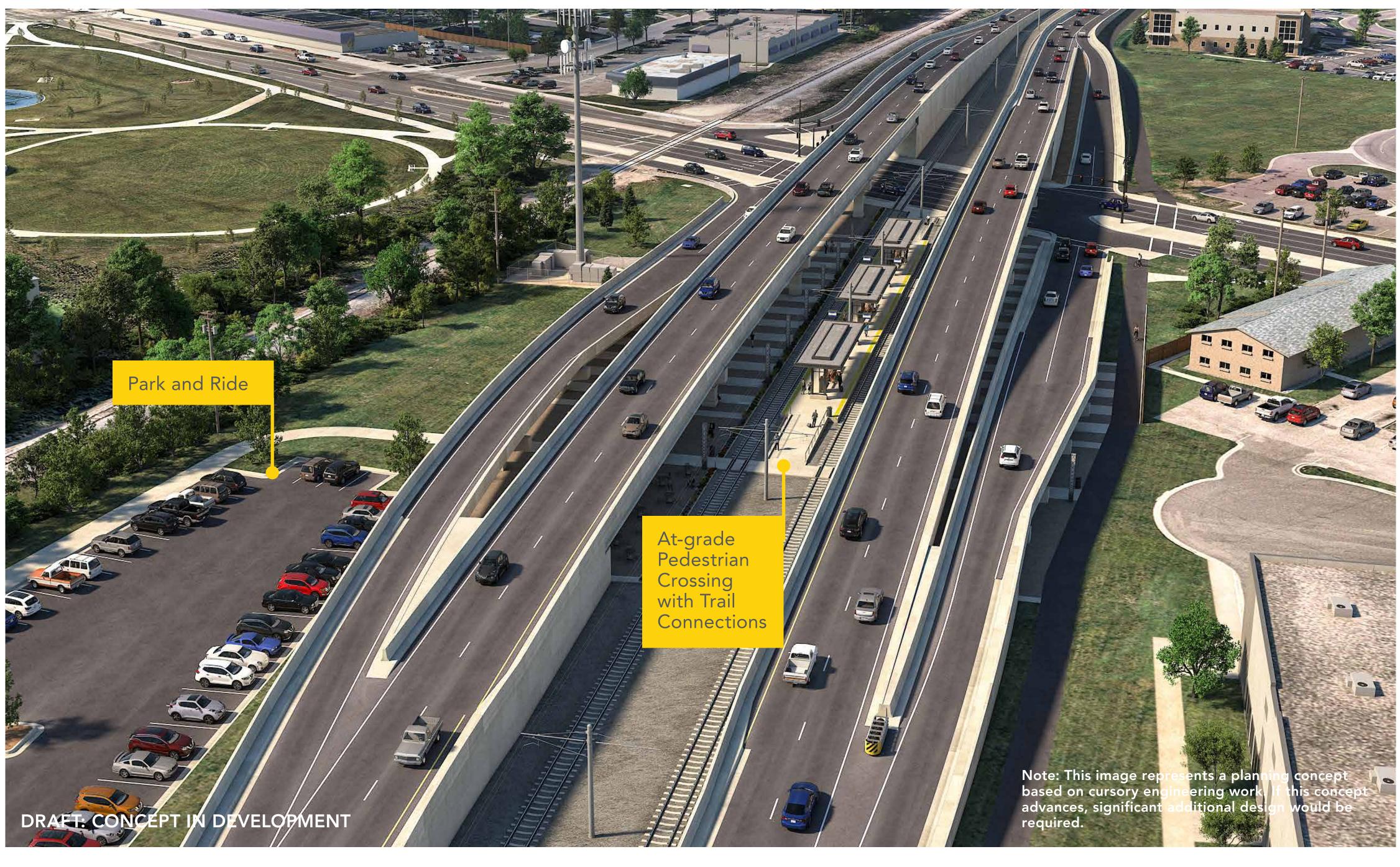
 The intersection maintains full access for Bass Lake Road

 Light rail is at-grade centered between overpass bridges

Park and ride access via Lakeland Avenue North from the Wilshire Boulevard intersection

 Station platform is at-grade framed by adjacent interchange bridges

• The south at-grade crossing provides grade-separation from County Road 81 and provides access to trails on either side of County Road 81 and to the park and ride





METRO BLUE LINE EXTENSION

Aerial View of Station Area Looking North





BOTTINEAU BLVD (COUNTY ROAD 81) NEAR THE CRYSTAL AIRPORT, CRYSTAL

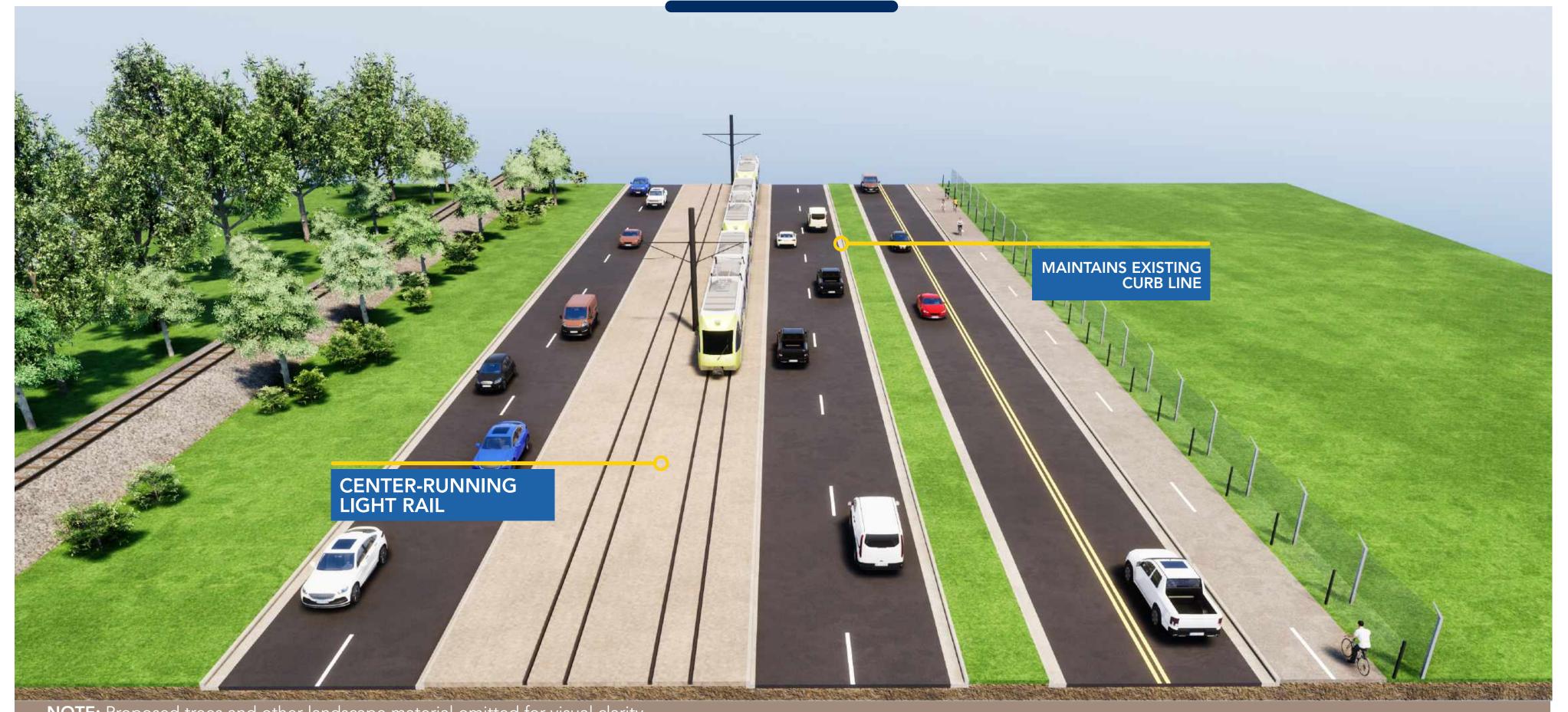
EXISTING

This is a visualization of a section of Bottineau Blvd (County Road 81) in Crystal as it exists today.



CONCEPT

This visualization represents how light rail could fit in Crystal along Bottineau Blvd (County Road 81). This picture uses the typical width of the roadway at this location.



NOTE: Proposed trees and other landscape material omitted for visual clarity. These elements will be added as the design progresses.

DRAFT: CONCEPT IN DEVELOPMENT







BOTTINEAU BLVD (COUNTY ROAD 81) SOUTH OF BASS LAKE ROAD, CRYSTAL

EXISTING

This is a visualization of a section of Bottineau Blvd (County Road 81) in Crystal as it exists today.



DRAFT: CONCEPT IN DEVELOPMENT

CONCEPT

This visualization represents how light rail could fit in Crystal along Bottineau Blvd (County Road 81). This picture uses the typical width of the roadway at this location.



NOTE: Proposed trees and other landscape material omitted for visual clarity. These elements will be added as the design progresses.

DRAFT: CONCEPT IN DEVELOPMENT







BOTTINEAU BLVD (COUNTY ROAD 81) AT 48TH AVE, CRYSTAL

EXISTING

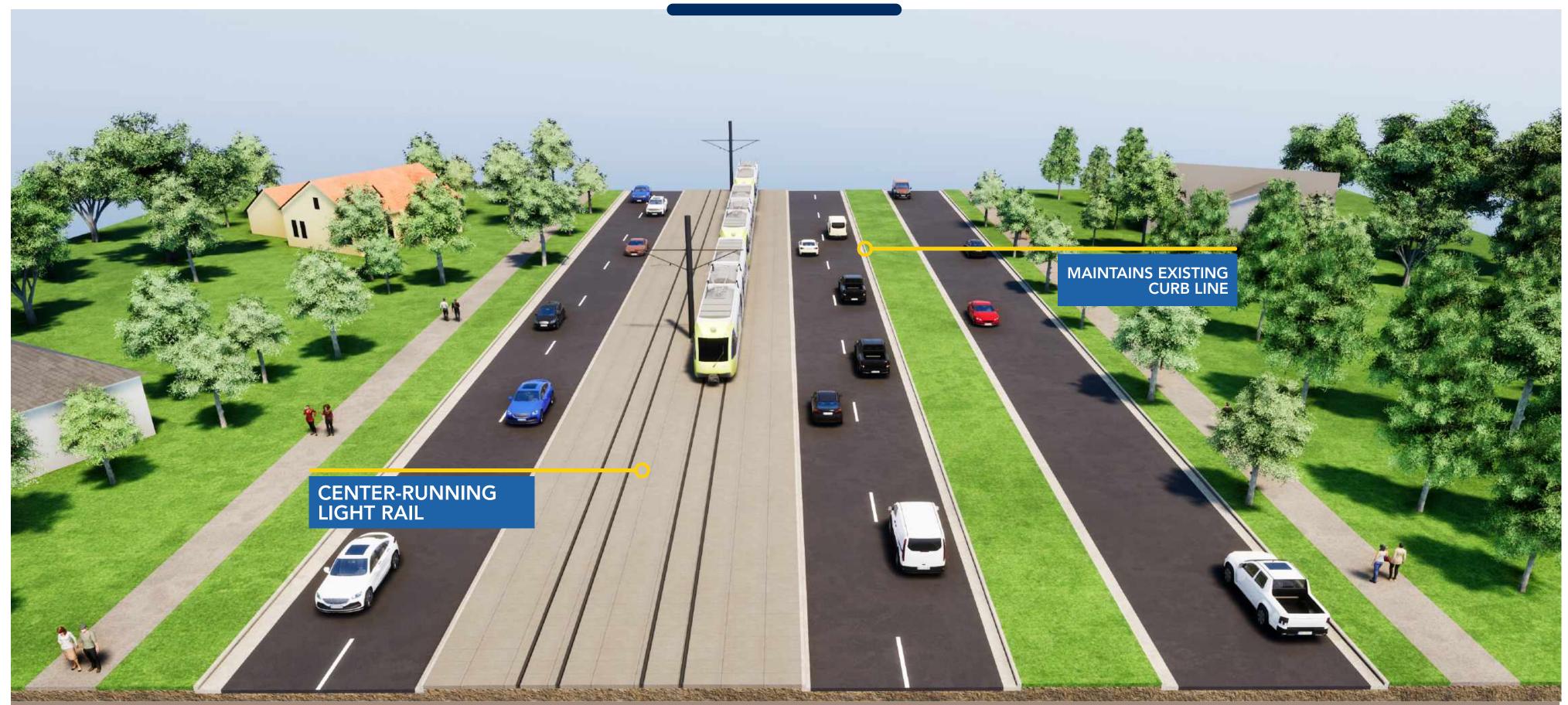
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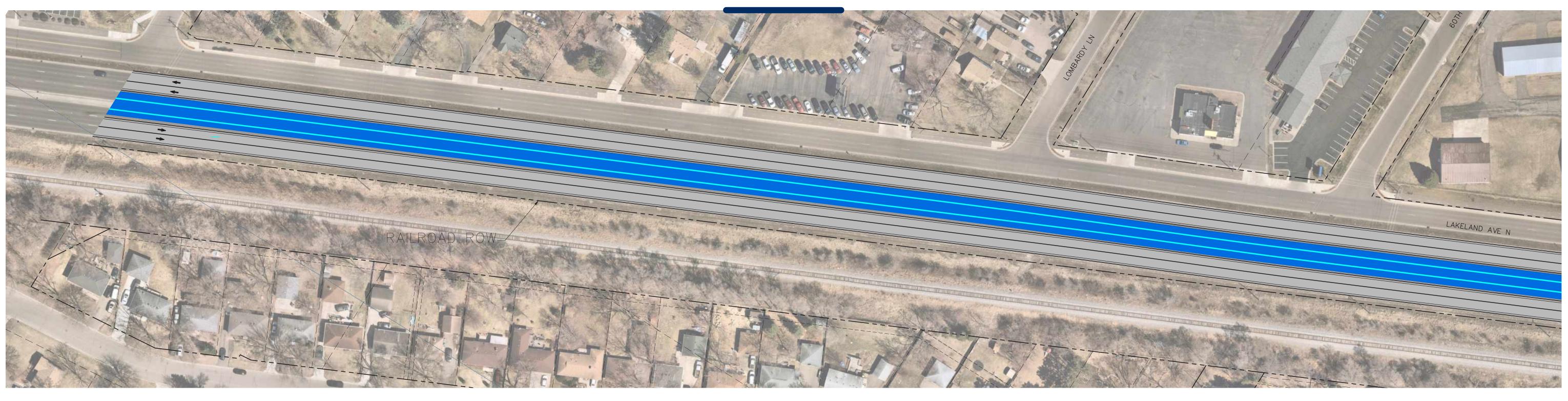
NOTE: Proposed trees and other landscape material omitted for visual clarity. These elements will be added as the design progresses.

DRAFT: CONCEPT IN DEVELOPMENT





BOTTINEAU BOULEVARD (COUNTY ROAD 81) – 62ND AVENUE N TO CRYSTAL AIRPORT RD







METRO BLUE LINE EXTENSION

CITY OF CRYSTAL

Interchange Option, Center Station at Bass Lake Road

	LRT TRACK AREA	RETAINING WALL	F
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PROPOSED DIRECTIONAL LANE USE

PROPOSED LRT ALIGNMENT

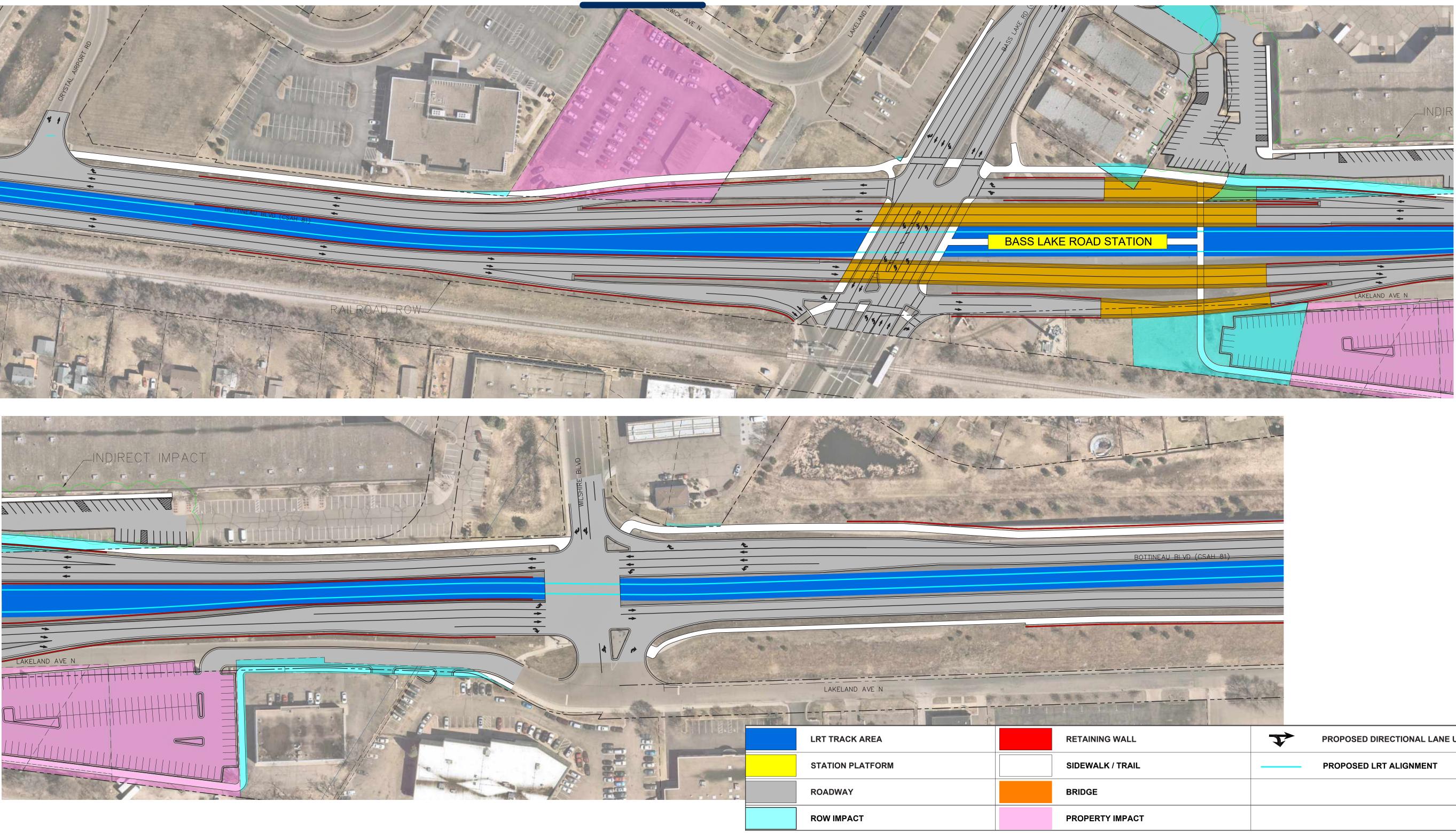


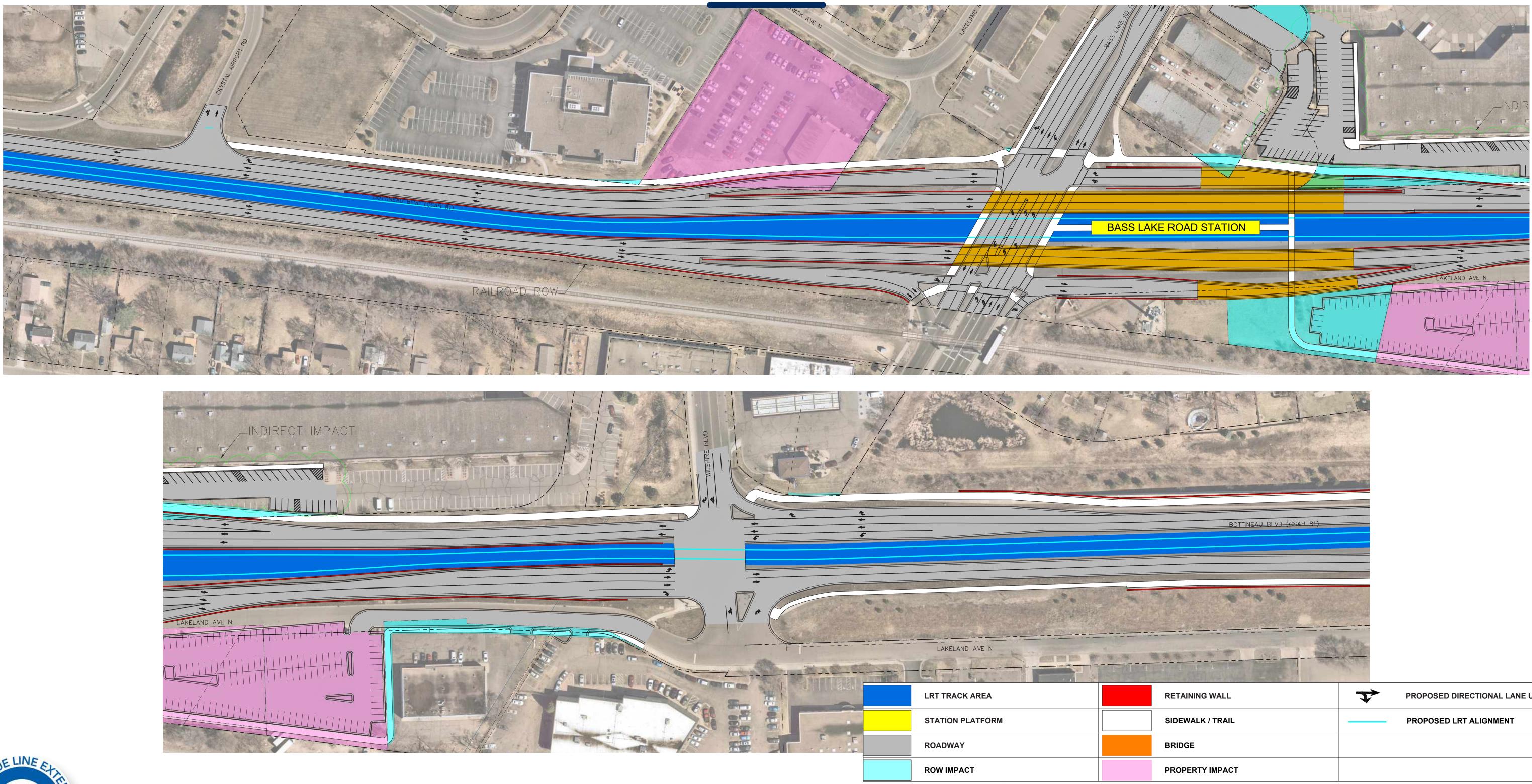




METRO BLUE LINE EXTENSION









BOTTINEAU BOULEVARD (COUNTY ROAD 81) – CRYSTAL AIRPORT RD TO WILSHIRE BLVD

CITY OF CRYSTAL

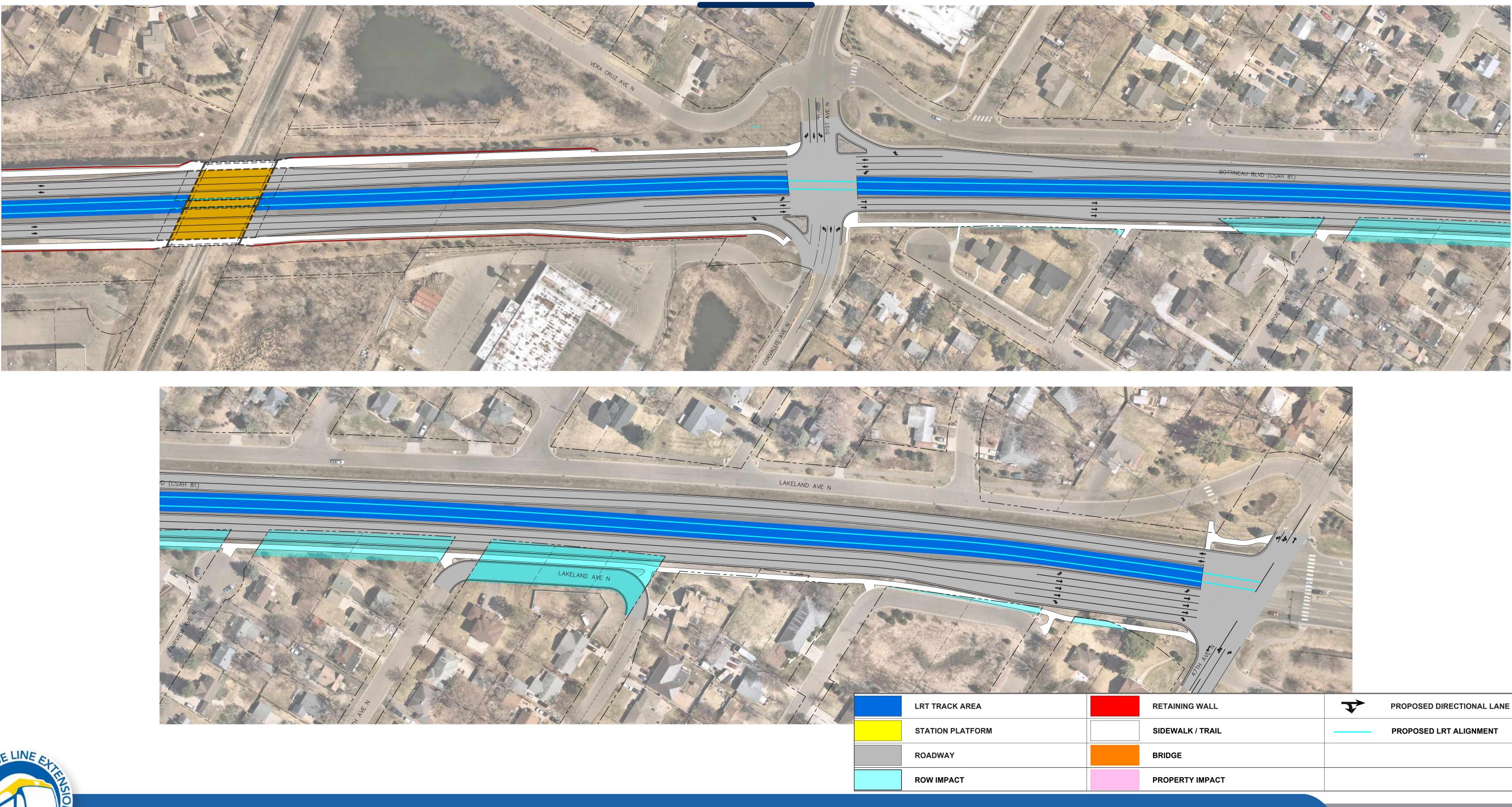
Interchange Option, Center Station at Bass Lake Road

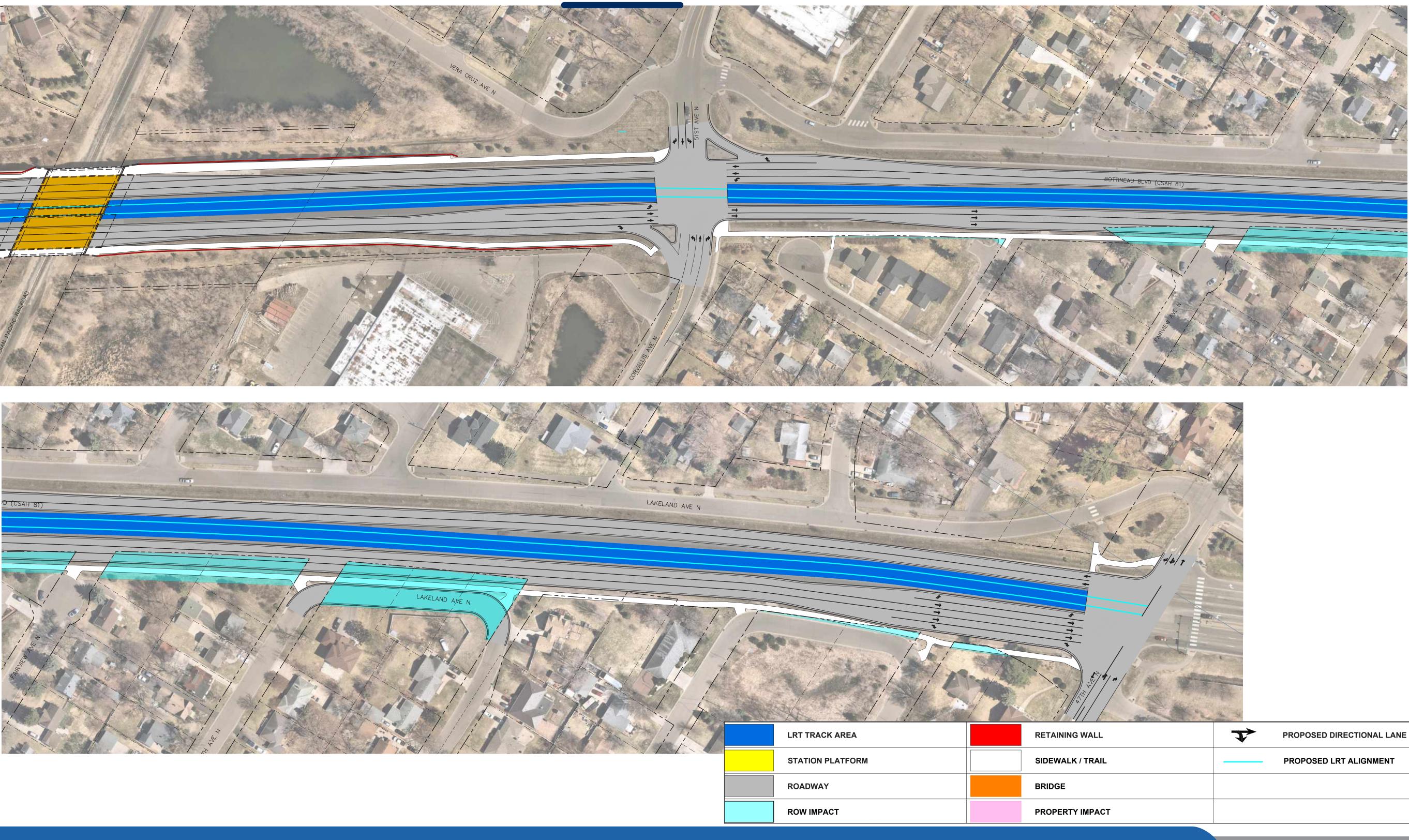
The second se	
RETAINING WALL	PROPOSED DIRECTIONAL LANE USE
SIDEWALK / TRAIL	PROPOSED LRT ALIGNMENT
BRIDGE	
PROPERTY IMPACT	





BOTTINEAU BOULEVARD (COUNTY ROAD 81) – NORTH OF CORVALLIS AVENUE TO 47TH AVENUE







METRO BLUE LINE EXTENSION

CITY OF CRYSTAL

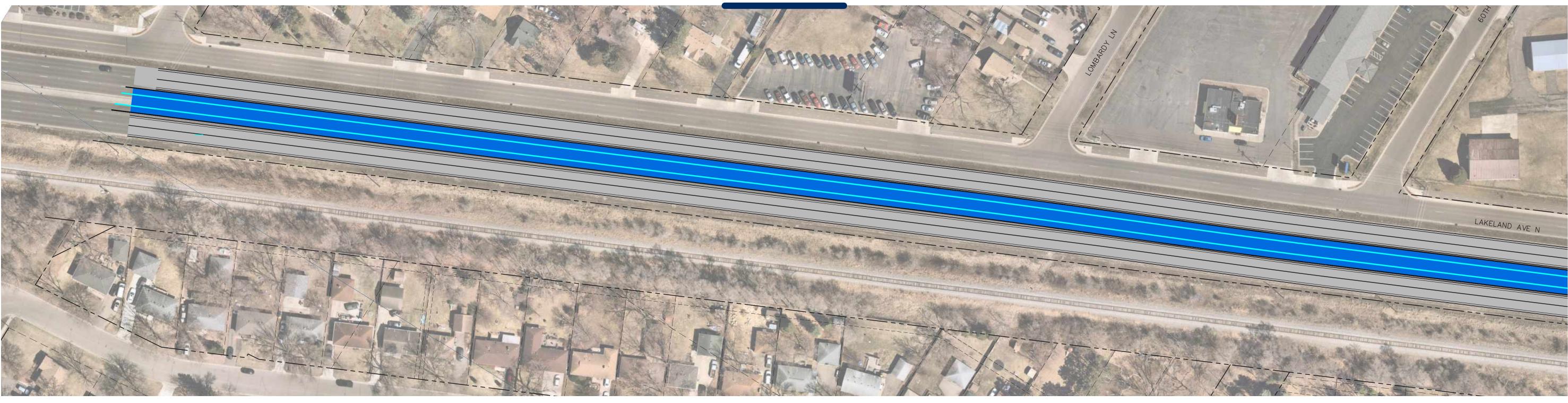
Interchange Option, Center Station at Bass Lake Road

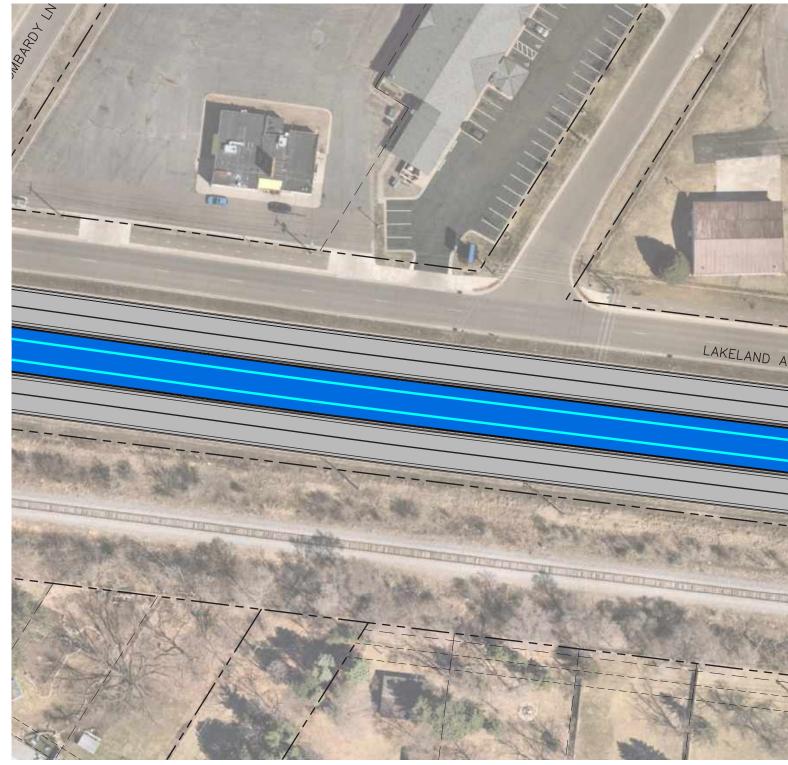
RETAINING WALL	PROPOSED DIRECTIONAL LANE USE
SIDEWALK / TRAIL	PROPOSED LRT ALIGNMENT
BRIDGE	
PROPERTY IMPACT	





BOTTINEAU BOULEVARD (COUNTY ROAD 81) – 62ND AVENUE N TO CRYSTAL AIRPORT RD







METRO BLUE LINE EXTENSION

CITY OF CRYSTAL

At-Grade Option, Center Station at Bass Lake Road

	LRT TRACK AREA	RETAINING WALL	V
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PROPOSED DIRECTIONAL LANE USEPROPOSED LRT ALIGNMENT

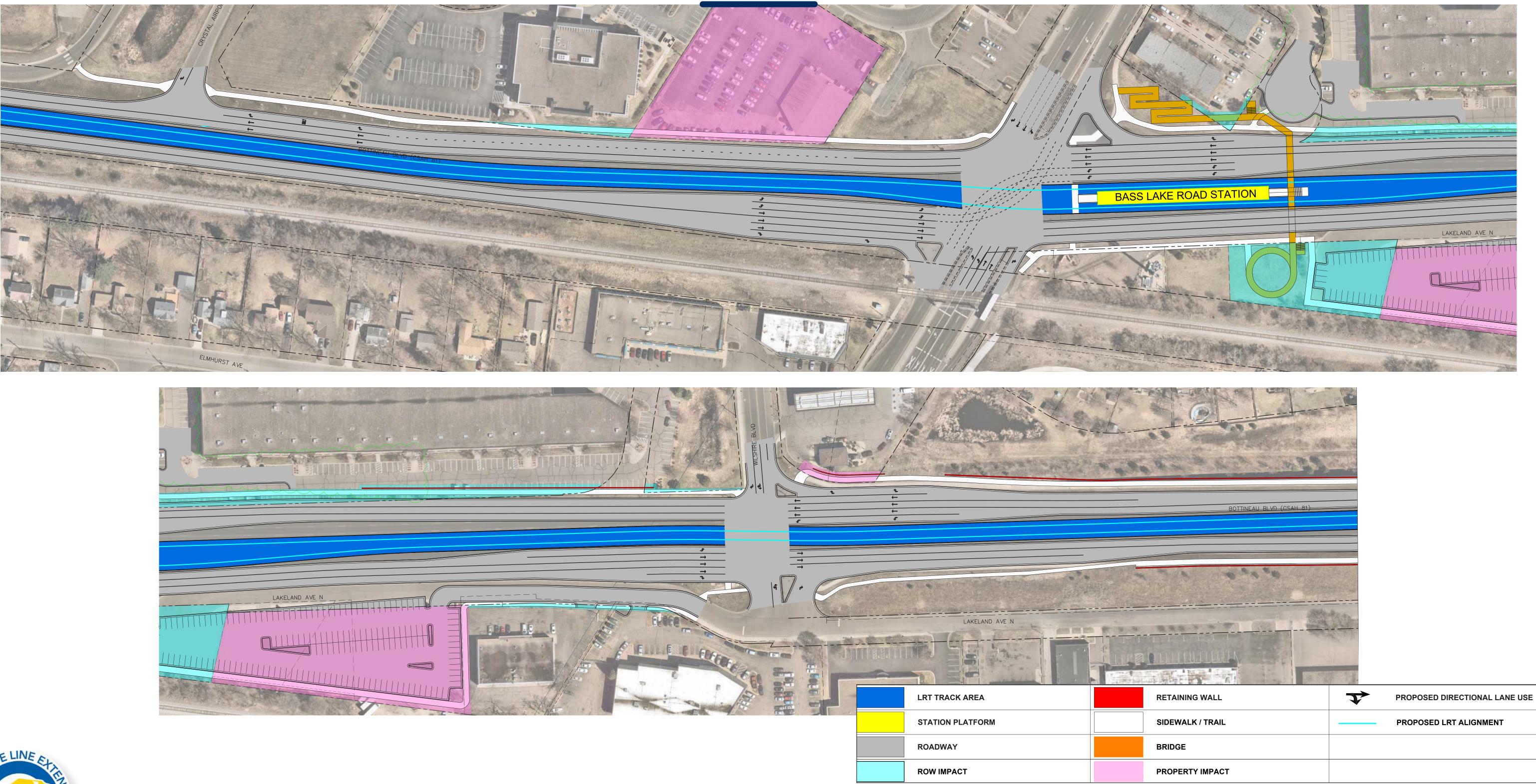


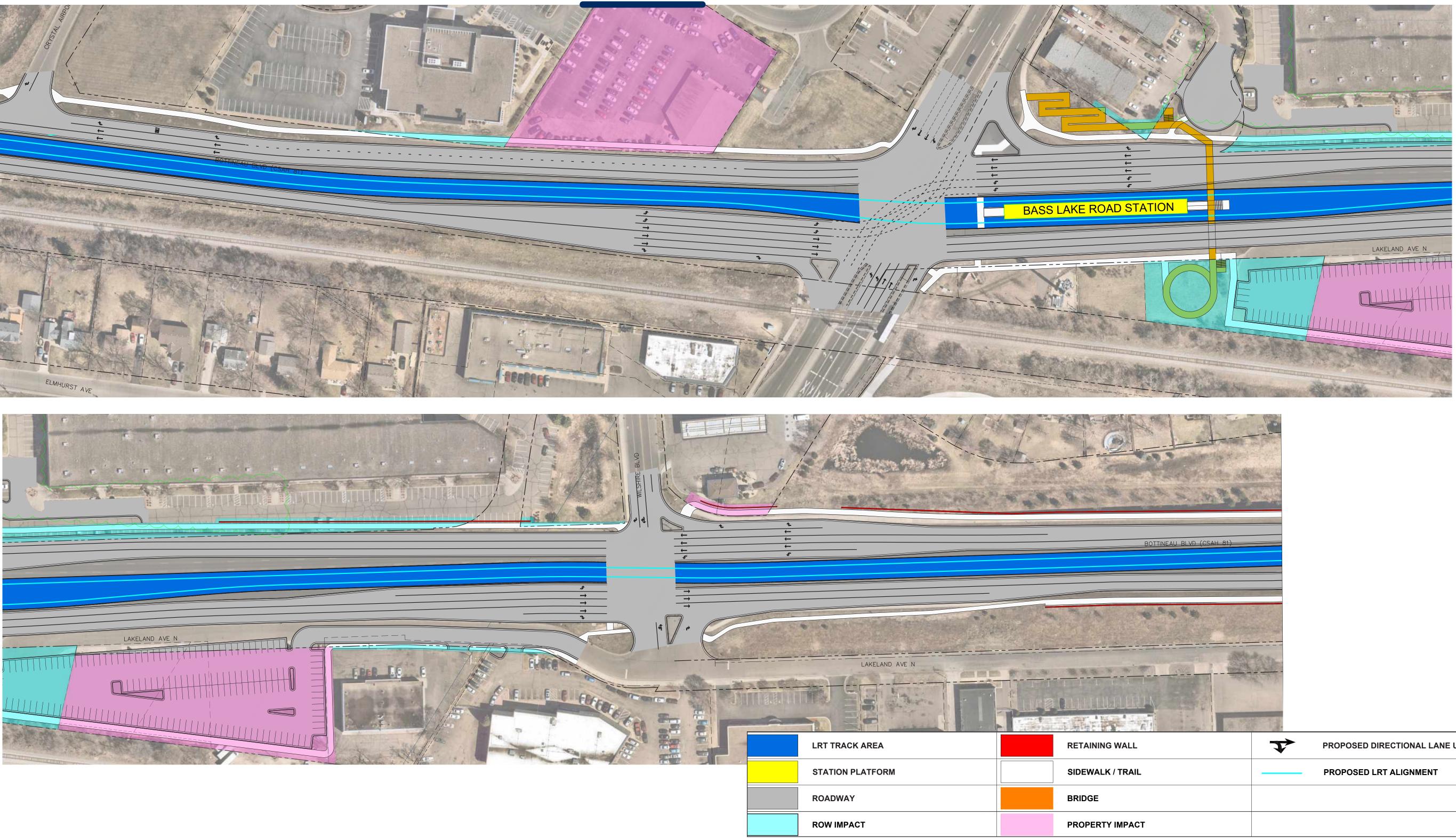






BOTTINEAU BOULEVARD (COUNTY ROAD 81) – CRYSTAL AIRPORT RD TO WILSHIRE BLVD







METRO BLUE LINE EXTENSION

CITY OF CRYSTAL

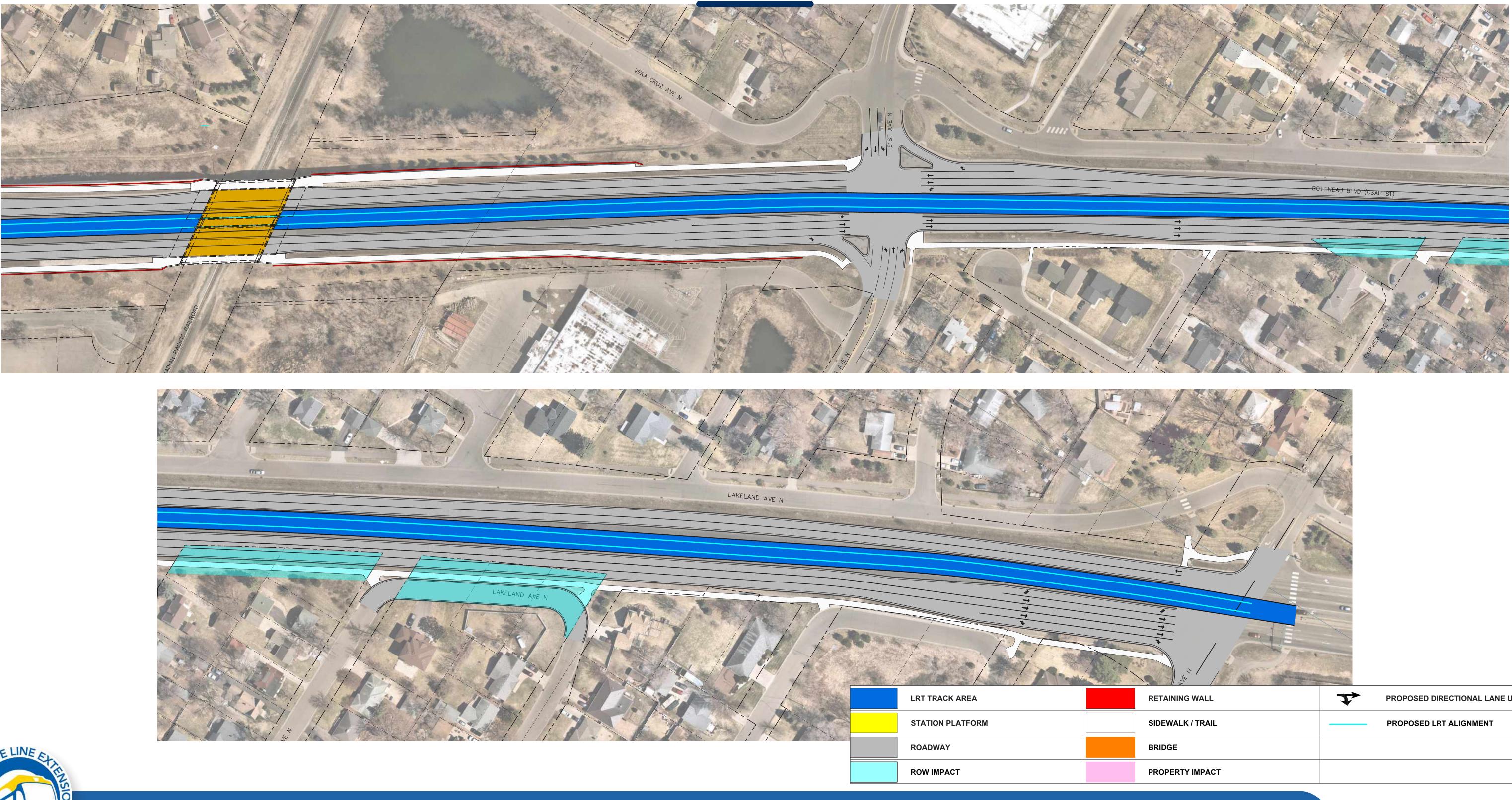
At-Grade Option, Center Station at Bass Lake Road

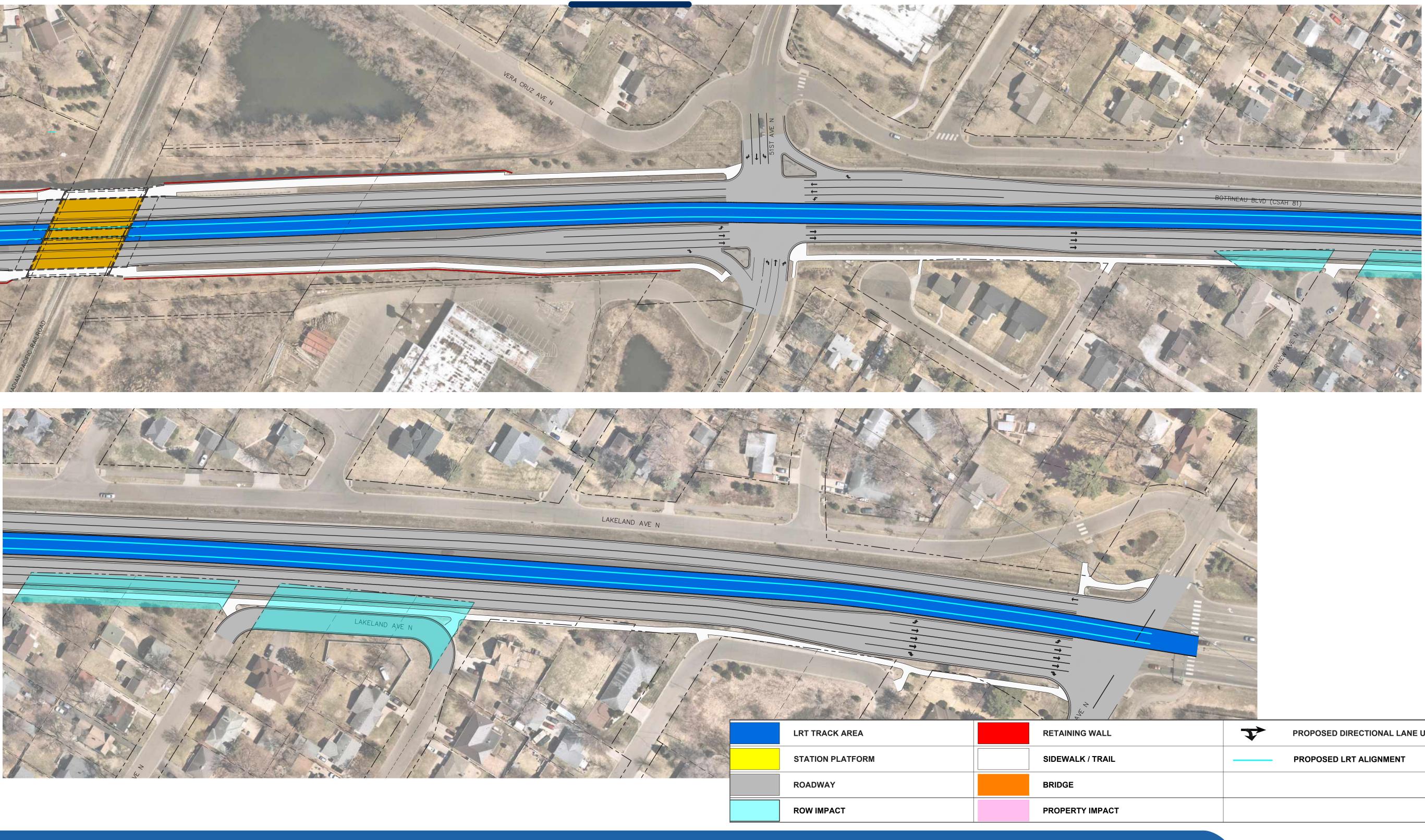






BOTTINEAU BOULEVARD (COUNTY ROAD 81) – NORTH OF CORVALLIS AVENUE TO 47TH AVENUE







METRO BLUE LINE EXTENSION

CITY OF CRYSTAL

At-Grade Option, Center Station at Bass Lake Road

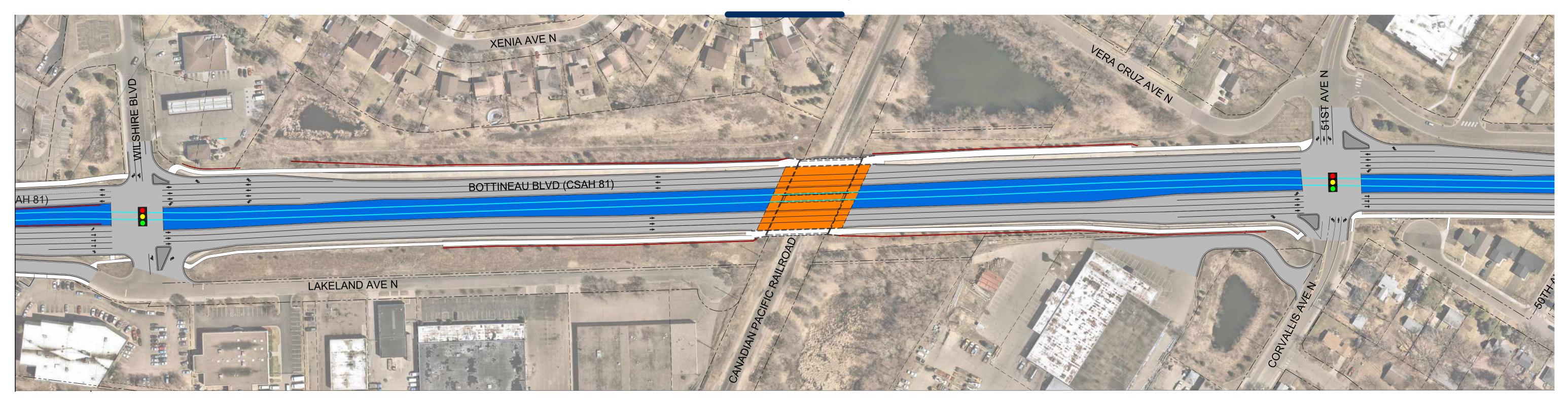
RETAINING WALL	PROPOSED DIRECTIONAL LANE USE
SIDEWALK / TRAIL	PROPOSED LRT ALIGNMENT
BRIDGE	
PROPERTY IMPACT	

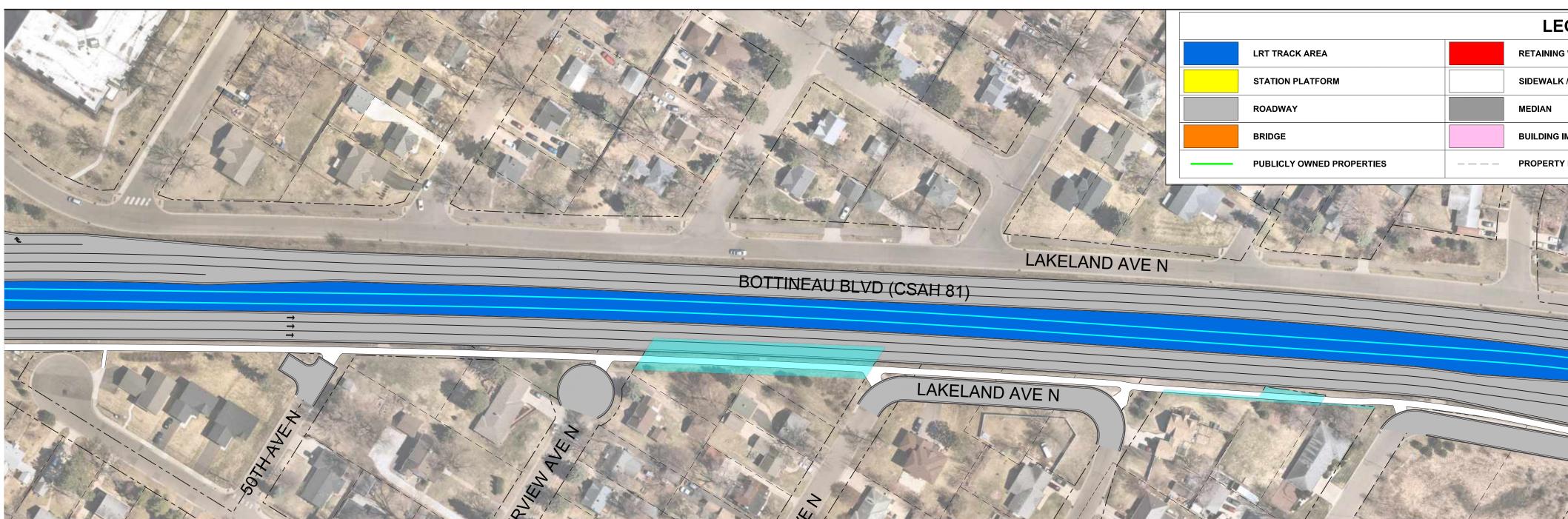






BOTTINEAU BOULEVARD (COUNTY ROAD 81) – WILSHIRE BLVD TO 47TH AVENUE







METRO BLUE LINE EXTENSION

CITY OF CRYSTAL

Six vehicle lanes with light rail

GEND		
WALL	PROPOSED DIRECTIONAL LANE USE	
/ TRAIL	PROPOSED SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION	
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METRO TRANSIT'S SAFETY AND SECURITY ACTION PLAN

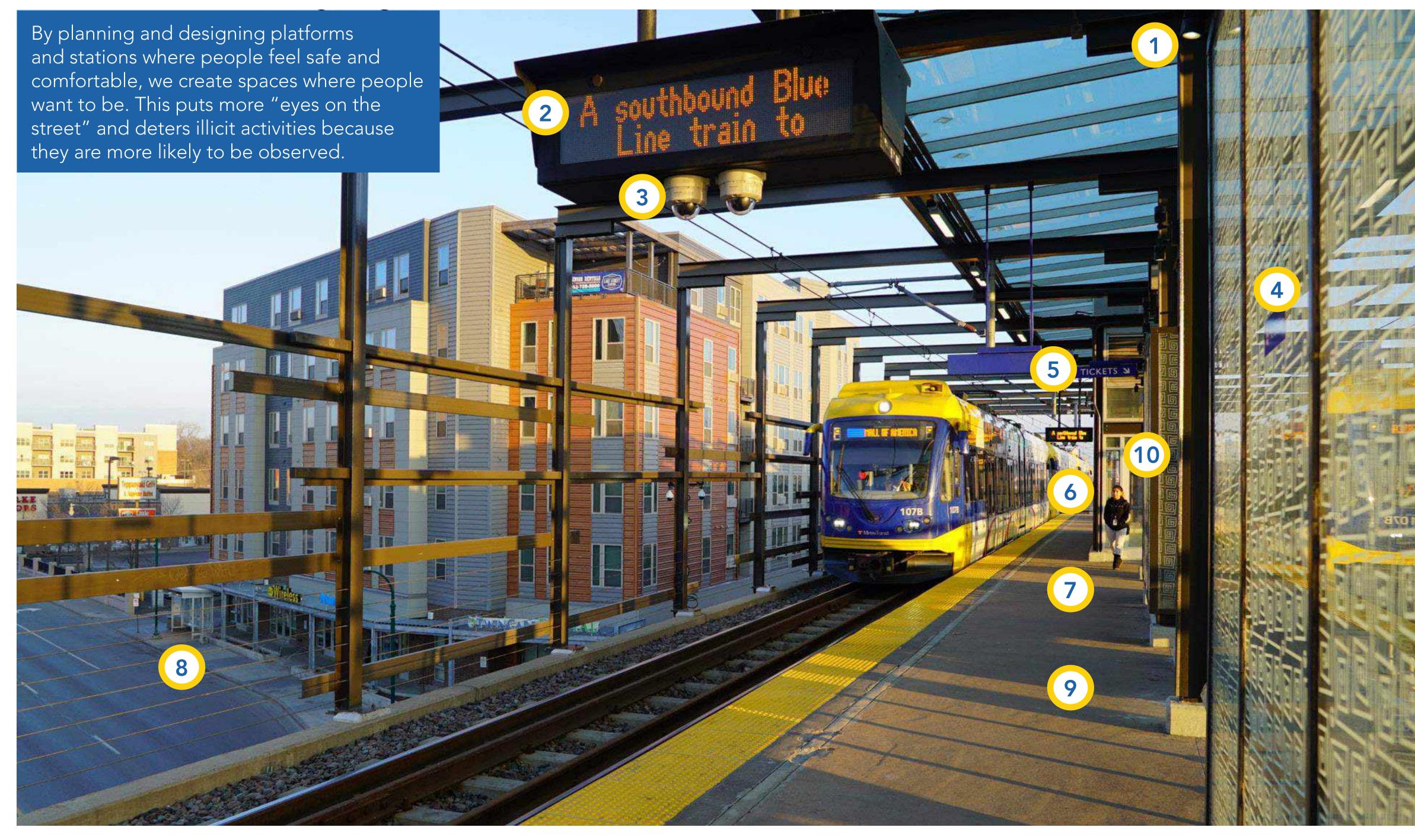
To better serve current riders and staff, attract new riders and position Metro Transit as a great place to work, a concerted effort is being made to improve public safety on transit. An example of some of these efforts – including pre-existing and new work – are summarized below:

- Enhanced efforts to hire and retain police officers and Community Service Officers
- The use of contracted security guards at transit facilities with the most calls for service
- Greater utilization of real-time cameras, including on buses and at facilities
- Expanded staff training on mental health, de-escalation and personal safety
- New and expanded partnerships that connect riders in need to services
- Clearer and more prominent communication about respectful behavior on transit
- Increased police officer wages, making the Metro Transit Police Department a more attractive place to work
- Reintroduced a training program that helps bus and train operators respond more effectively and empathetically when conflicts arise
- Create more opportunities for police, operators, and other frontline staff to interact
- Put in place a Safety and Security Action plan with 40 different actions
 - The plan is largely focused on actions Metro Transit can take but also recognizes the community need to address underlying issues that impact public safety on transit, such improving access to mental health, addiction, and housing support.
 - As an example, MTPD's Homeless Action Team (HAT) has partnered with the Council's HRA and other service providers to direct unsheltered individuals to emergency housing and, when appropriate, vouchers that provide for long-term housing stability. More than 400 individuals from approximately 200 families are being housed through the HAT/HRA partnership.
 - The plan will continue to evolve as actions advance and new ideas are brought forward.



SAFETY AND SECURITY

Safety and security are key considerations factored into the planning and design of light rail well before the line is built or in operation. We plan and design the light rail platforms and station areas to be safe and secure with elements such as:





METRO BLUE LINE LRT EXTENSION







SAFETY AND SECURITY

AGENCY COMMITMENT

Metro Transit is committed to keeping transit safe for all customers. Some of the measures we have implemented to cultivate a safe and secure transit environment include:

- Light rail vehicle and facility cleaning, maintenance, and repair.
- Our Text for Safety program, which allows Metro Transit riders to report unwanted or suspicious behavior discreetly via text.
- Additional resources to directly handle issues and concerns identified by customers.

Feel unsafe, see something suspicious or inappropriate?

TEXT FOR SAFETY



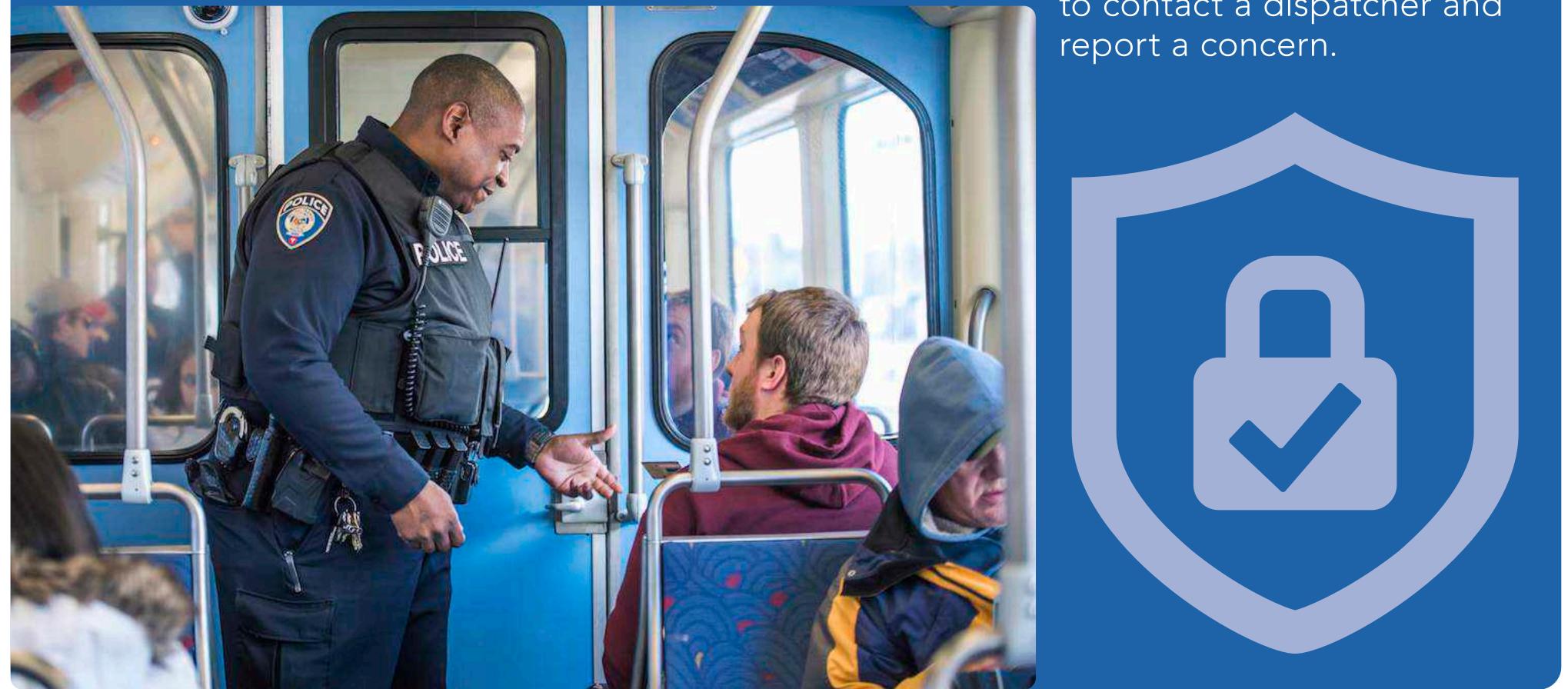
OPERATIONS

Metro Transit uses a multi-layered approach to safe and secure operations on vehicles and at light rail stations. Some of the different ways we ensure safe and secure operations include:

Metro Transit employees are trained to deal with security issues.

 Metro Transit has its own professional police force that watches out for customer safety and responds to emergency situations.

 Light rail platforms and vehicles feature surveillance and communication tools such as monitored security cameras and emergency phones and intercom buttons for customers



to contact a dispatcher and





METRO BLUE LINE EXTENSION





What we've heard

From our engagement efforts, the greatest concern we heard is displacement impacts associated with the project.

Our Commitments to the Community

Metropolitan Council, Hennepin County, and cities along the corridor are committed to: • Implementing a comprehensive and innovative set of strategies to prevent multiple

- forms of displacement
- Maximizing community benefits
- Centering community voices
- Building on, supporting, and protecting existing community assets
- Providing more opportunities for equitable housing, employment, business development, cultural experiences, and other activities of daily life

Our Actions

- In March 2022, the Center for Urban and Regional Affairs (CURA) brought together a diverse Anti-Displacement Workgroup with seats for agency and community partners to begin developing Anti-Displacement initiatives.
- The Anti-Displacement Workgroup is centering its work around four day-long workshops between May 2022 and February 2023 on the following topics: lessons from the existing Blue and Green lines (including Blue Line Extension planning), housing and cultural displacement, business displacement, and finalizing recommendations.
- CURA will provide recommendations that address potential displacement of residents and commercial businesses that may occur during planning, construction and after the line is completed, as well as provide a report and new research on the topic.

For more information about this work, including meetings and other resources, visit: **mybluelineext.org/anti-displacement**.



ANTI-DISPLACEMENT

Anti-Displacement Work Group

- 6 government representatives
- 6 community members affiliated with organizations businesses
- 6 non-affiliated community members
- 3 philanthropic organization representatives



Work group consist of approximately 21 members:





Anti-Displacement Recommendation Structure

- Policies
- Roles of community, philanthropy, government
- Cost
- Impact
- Legal Consideration
- Time of Implementation before/during/after construction
- Examples to point to
- Implementation strategy or plan

Recommendation Accountability:

- Each government has a recommendation receiving body (community and government)
- Overarching funding organization/collaboration (community and government)
- Required training/project context setting for government









Recommendation Research Pathways



Policies that already exist: Evaluate efficacy and adjust

Geographic spread? Intended mpact? Used to address?



Policies that do not exist but could exist in leadership or resource of support role: Evaluate feasibility

What could the role be? Cost? Impact?

3

Policies that governments aren't considering: Evaluate feasibility

What would governments need in order to do this?



CUTC Center for Urban & Regional Affairs

Additions to the 27 existing antidisplacement policies: Evaluate feasibility What could the role be? Cost? Problem

Cost

Strategy

Anti-Displacement Policy Prioritization

Identified through a survey of government internal working groups, Anti-Displacement Workgroup meetings, and a matrix of 27 existing anti-displacement policies presented by the Housing Justice Center

Policies that already exist:

- land disposition
- Residential and commercial land trusts
- NOAH preservation funds
- small business grants
- proactive code enforcement
- TIF
- zero to low interest rehab loans

Policies that governments aren't considering:

- rent stabilization
- tenant opportunity to purchase
- community benefits agreements
- value capture mechanisms
- construction excise tax
- anti displacement property tax funds

Policies that do not exist but could exist:

- residential and commercial cooperatives
- land acquisition investment fund
- changing the definition of affordable
- right to return
- affordable housing trust funds
- regulate the growth of investorowned homes

Additions to the 27 existing anti-displacement policies:

- Tax abatement districts
- Universal Basic Income
- Mandatory Relocation
 Assistance
- Reparative Homeownership
 policy
- Property Tax Relief Funds
- 1 Billion dollar Anti-Displacement Fund



CUTO Center for Urban & Regional Affairs



Blue Line Extension Community

- Best meets the project Princip
- Grounded in community feedle
- Supported by project corridor



METRO BLUE LINE EXTENSION

SCHEDULE

COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

-ANTI-DISPLACEMENT —

EARS	1.5 – 2 YEARS	3
tal review nefits and project onsent ort of the on of stations n and bicycle ons planning		 Construction and full funding grant agreemen Federal funding

LRT projects are complex and unforeseen challenges arise. Schedules and timelines are subject to change.

y Supported Route:	
oles and Goals	
back through collaboration with stakeholders	
communities and decision-makers	



- 4 YEARS









For project questions or to invite us to an event, contact:

Brooklyn Park: Olu Oresanya – <u>Olufunso.Oresanya@metrotransit.org</u>

Robbinsdale/Crystal: Kjerstin Yager – <u>Kjerstin Yager@metrotransit.org</u>

Minneapolis: Pa Nhue Vue – <u>PaNhue.Vue@metrotransit.org</u>

Share your Blue Line Extension story at: <u>MyBlueLinExt.org</u>







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STAY CONNECTED!

Visit <u>BlueLineExt.org</u> to sign-up for the project newsletter, and share your comments, questions and concerns on our interactive feedback map.

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