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Managing Federally Funded Projects

A Project Manager's Guide

The objectives of this guide are to help Metropolitan Council Project Managers and Subrecipient Project Managers:

- Understand the requirements for federally funded projects at the Metropolitan Council
- Understand the process to support federal compliance
- Foster coordination between the Council and Subrecipients
- Understand and use Council resources
- Comply with the responsibilities of being a the Metropolitan Council or Subrecipient

Definitions

Direct Recipient

The term Direct Recipient refers to the entity that receives federal assistance directly from the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) or other federal agency. As the Direct Recipient of FTA funds, the Metropolitan Council is responsible for the daily administration and management of the grant in compliance with the Grant Agreement and all applicable FTA circulars and regulations.

The Direct Recipient is also responsible for funds that are "passed-through" to a Subrecipient. The primary responsibility for managing all FTA grant funds lies with the Metropolitan Council as the Direct Recipient of those funds. The FTA annually updates the Master Agreement between the Metropolitan Council and the FTA. The FTA also annually requires renewal of the required Certifications and Assurances document. And, all FTA Program Circulars & Guidelines apply to all projects which have any FTA grant funding whether the project is awarded to the Metropolitan Council or a Subrecipient.

Subrecipient

The term Subrecipient refers to an entity that receives Federal assistance awarded through an FTA Direct Recipient rather than by FTA directly. Although the Metropolitan Council may delegate any or almost all project responsibilities to one or more Subrecipients, the Metropolitan Council agrees that it, rather than the Subrecipient, is ultimately responsible for compliance with all applicable federal laws, regulations, and directives, except to the extent that FTA determines otherwise in writing.

Third Party Contractor

Although the Metropolitan Council or the Subrecipient may enter into a third party contract in which the Third Party Contractor agrees to provide property or services in support of the Project, or even carry out Project activities normally performed by the Metropolitan Council or the Subrecipient (such as in a turnkey contract), both the Metropolitan Council and the Subrecipient agree that they, rather than the Third Party Contractor, is ultimately responsible to FTA for compliance with all applicable federal laws, regulations, and directives, except to the extent that FTA determines otherwise in writing.

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Lessee of the Metropolitan Council

Although the Metropolitan Council may lease project property and delegate some or many project responsibilities to one or more lessees, the Metropolitan Council agrees that it, rather than any lessee, is ultimately responsible for compliance with all applicable federal laws, regulations, and directives, except to the extent that FTA determines otherwise in writing.

Using Federal Funds (FTA) at the Council:

Federal Transit Administration (FTA)

The FTA is the predominant source of federal grant funds for transportation programs at the Metropolitan Council. To receive this funding, the Metropolitan Council is subject to an annual FTA Master Agreement and must annually sign a Certifications and Assurances document. FTA grant funds are appropriated annually, based on FTA's Fiscal Year (Oct. 1-Sept. 30). FTA funding includes:

- 1. 5307 Formula Funds
- 2. Congestion Mitigation Air Quality (CMAQ)/STP Flexible Funds
- 3. 5309 Fixed Guideway funds
- 4. Revenue Vehicle and Passenger Facilities funding
- 5. New Starts for large Capital Projects
- 6. Job Access Reverse Commute (JARC) & New Freedom

Use of these funds must comply with all FTA Program Circulars & Regulations.

Other Federal Sources

- 1. State Department of Public Safety (flow through)
- 2. Homeland Security
- 3. National Institutes of Health (NIH)
- 4. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)
- 5. Federal Highway Administration (FHWA)

Availability of FTA Funds

Apportionments of Formula funds, Capital Discretionary funds, and all other FTA or FHWA funds are received annually and are available for use in an application only after the annual apportionment or award is announced in the Federal Register. Funds are generally announced in December-March of each federal fiscal year.

Projects funded from CMAQ and Surface Transportation Program (STP) funds are approved for FHWA dollars called "flex" funds. These funds are held by FHWA and are intended for use for highway or transit projects. Transit projects that are awarded by the Transportation Advisory Board (TAB) through MnDOT require these funds to be transferred from FHWA to FTA before an

application can be submitted. Funds are generally available at the commencement of the federal fiscal year or in December or March depending on when the FHWA apportionments are made.

Project Requirements for FTA Grant Eligibility

Metropolitan Council Capital Improvement Program (CIP)

Management recommends and the Council annually approves a six year listing of planned capital projects. The CIP is the basis for new capital program authorizations and for projects to be identified for FTA funding.

Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) & State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP)

A list of projects selected from the Capital Improvement Program (CIP) that will use federal funds is included in the Metropolitan Area TIP. The TIP is approved and sent to MnDOT for inclusion in the State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP). The STIP is sent to FTA and the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) for approval. Approval of the STIP generally occurs in December of the Federal Fiscal Year. A project must be included in the STIP to be eligible for FTA funding. If the project is not in the currently authorized STIP, the STIP must be amended to include the project. The STIP amendment process takes a minimum of two months.

Capital Budget Amendment Authorization

Only those projects from the CIP that have been approved by inclusion in a capital budget amendment are eligible to receive and expend funds. Project funding cannot be used until the Metropolitan Council provides authority for the project.

Local Match

Local match funding requirements and percentages can vary. Regional Transit Capital (RTC), State General Obligation Bonds, Regional Rail Capital or other local funds may all be used alone or in combination to meet federal match requirements. In-Kind contribution of real property may be eligible as match with FTA's prior approval. Other federal funds may rarely be used as match and ONLY with FTA's written approval.

Farebox revenue cannot be used as local match for FTA-funded projects.

Match availability

- 1. Match funding must be available at the time of the grant award.
- 2. No federal funds may be drawn without sufficient match being authorized and available.
- 3. The match funding must be spent to qualify as match.
- 4. Subrecipients must certify the use of local match with each invoice submitted.
- 5. Subrecipients are required to provide a quarterly report accounting for the use of local funds as match.

Federal Grant Application and

Award Process for the

Metropolitan Council and Subrecipients

Federal Grant Application and Award Process for the Metropolitan Council and Subrecipient

Both the Metropolitan Council and Subrecipients are required to follow certain rules when using federal grant funding. Subrecipients are required to follow the same rules as the Metropolitan Council. FTA requires that the Metropolitan Council monitor a project when passing through grant funding to a Subrecipient, documenting that the use of federal funding by a Subrecipient follows all federal rules and regulations.

Pre-Grant Application—Budget Authorization

To request federal funds for the Council or a Subrecipient, all Metropolitan Council Project Managers must complete the Project Start-Up Check-List Form. (Appendix E1: Project Start up Checklist) The project must be listed in the CIP as required by the Council as well as in the TIP/STIP as required by FTA. Local match funding must be identified and approved. Federal funds are allocated to projects and approved by Metro Transit's General Manager or the Director of Metropolitan Transportation Services.. Council staff must assure that the Council's Authorized Capital Budget includes, or will be amended to add, authority to use the grant amount.

Internal Grant Application Process

An Internal Grant Application (IGA) must be completed by the Project Manager. (Appendix E1a: Internal Grant Application) Information required on the IGA includes:

- a detailed description of the project,
- a projected budget,
- the Project schedule and Milestone dates,
- a Fleet plan if acquiring buses,

FTA requires all projects to comply with the National Environmental Protection Act (NEPA) regulations regarding impact on the environment including historical preservation, national heritage and DNR requirements. On larger scale projects involving transitways, transit corridors or new modes of transit in a corridor, FTA may also require additional environmental justice analysis and public comment.

Unless the project impacts the environment minimally (eg, bus shelters) or does not impact the environment at all (eg, bus procurement), Metropolitan Council and Subrecipient project managers must provide information for a Documented Categorical Exclusion (DCE). Items included in a DCE request include but may not be limited to:

- a DCE Checklist (Appendix E2 DCE Checklist)
- a Natural Heritage Information System Data Request Form (Appendix E3: Natural Heritage Information System (NHIS) Data Request Form),
- a State Historic Preservation Office Approval Request Letter (Appendix E4: State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) Request Letter)

The Grants department is required to submit a one-page description of the project to FTA so FTA can determine what documentation or "NEPA" work will be required for each project. Grants will contact the Metropolitan Council project manager to obtain the information for this document. In general,

FTA will require a DCE be completed prior to most construction projects. In some cases, more complex and detailed NEPA work is required. Extracts from FTA guidance are included in Appendix E5 for information purposes only.

Approval of all NEPA work must be received by FTA prior to the grant application. A DCE may require four (4) months or longer for FTA review and approval, especially if land acquisition is involved. More complex NEPA documents may take up a year or longer.

Once the NEPA work is completed and Grants receives the IGA, the actual grant application can take place. .

FTA Grant Application Process—Transportation Electronic Award Management (TEAM) System

Based on the data included in the Internal Grant Application, Grants management staff will prepare and submit grant applications in FTA's TEAM system.

The FTA requires 60 to 90 days to complete their approval process. During this time FTA staff at the FTA Region V office in Chicago, IL, reviews the application content for accuracy and regulatory compliance, environmental clearances, project scopes and completeness of information. DOL approvals are required on all applications. The Regional V FTA office forwards all applications to DOL who then forwards the grant information to the various union representatives for approval. The Region V FTA office also forwards all applications involving discretionary or earmark funding to the Washington D.C. office for approval by Congress. CMAQ/STP grant applications require transfer of federal funds from FHWA to FTA before the grant can be awarded.

After FTA receives all relevant approvals from DOL, Congress and internal staff, the grant application is approved. Then the Metropolitan Council's Regional Administrator or designee must execute the grant award in TEAM BEFORE the grant is available for disbursement.

Metropolitan Council Policy prohibits the commitment of funding prior to receipt of the federal award, including obligating funds for procurement or for Subrecipient Agreements. Prior written approval is required for advance spending and in some cases is not allowable.

Post Grant Execution – Grant Administration and Oversight

Project Management

The Project Manager is responsible for grant and project oversight. The Metropolitan Council Project Manager may be assigned at any point prior to the award of the grant. Subrecipients must assign one person as a project manager responsible for grant and project oversight. A Metropolitan Council Project Manager will also be assigned to all pass-through grants. The Metropolitan Council Project Manager will work closely with the Subrecipient to monitor grant activity and is the point of contact between the Subrecipient and all other Metropolitan Council departments as well as FTA.

Notice of Grant Award (NOGA)

Once a grant has been executed, a Notice of Grant Award document is the next step. The NOGA is created and published by Grants. Grants will notify the Metropolitan Council Project Manager, Metropolitan Council Finance and other appropriate Council staff of the execution of the grant by setting up a NOGA meeting where the scope and intent of the project and grant are discussed along

with funding sources and limitations. Subrecipient project managers or other Subrecipient staff may be included in this meeting at the Metropolitan Council Project Manager's discretion. The NOGA becomes the control document for the project and the grant and contains the information above as well as the appropriate revenue and expense account strings.

Any project-specific concerns or restrictions are addressed and noted in the document and the NOGA is then published to the Metropolitan Council intranet. A copy may also be provided to the Subrecipient project manager at the Metropolitan Council Project Manager's discretion. When the NOGA is complete and published, Metropolitan Council Finance will activate the specific account strings in the Purchasing, Payroll and Financial systems. Finance will also set up the NOGA budget in the PeopleSoft Grants Ledger to enable the production of variance reports for managing the project and the grant. A blank NOGA is included as Appendix E6: Notice of Grant Award (NOGA). NOGA publication allows Metropolitan Council Project Managers to begin to incur costs and expend funds to meet project goals and timeline as well as begin the process of preparing, negotiating and executing the Subrecipient Grant Agreement which, upon execution, allows the Subrecipient to incur costs and request payments.

The Metropolitan Council Project Manager listed on the NOGA is the Project Manager of Record, and must review and sign all CIM's (Contract Initiation Memos), SCIM's (Subrecipient Contract Initiation Memo), pay requests and invoices.

When management of a project or grant is reassigned, Grants must be notified so that they can make a change to the Project Manager of Record on the NOGA. NOGA meetings are also required when project activity requires a revision to the budget or account information.. The Project Manager of Record is the only person who can request a revision to the NOGA by sending an email to Grants. Grants will set up the NOGA revision meeting once a request has been received.

Charging Expenses to a Grant

Project managers refer to the NOGA line items when anticipating charging expenses to a grant and then set up contracts, agreements and Purchase Orders accordingly.

The Subrecipient Project Manager should review the approved budget and work scope in the Subrecipient Grant Agreement to determine eligibility of project activities and costs.

Any Contract Initiation Memo (CIM) or Subrecipient CIM (SCIM) must be initiated and signed by the Project Manager named on the NOGA and in the Subrecipient Agreement. The CIM or SCIM must also reference the correct grant number and the approved account strings included in the NOGA. Metropolitan Council Project Managers will supply the Metropolitan Council account strings for the SCIM's initiated by a Subrecipient.

Metropolitan Council Project Managers are responsible for monitoring all expenditures and verifying the availability of sufficient funds prior to approving any Subrecipient or Vendor invoice for payment.

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Work orders, Purchase Orders, or any form or method used to initiate a charge against a grant should also reference the correct grant number and account strings included in the NOGA. It is the Metropolitan Council Project Manager's responsibility to be certain that funds are available before approving expenditures.

Costs incurred outside the scope of the approved budget are ineligible for reimbursement under FTA regulations. Changes to the existing budget must be approved by Grants in the case of Metropolitan Council projects and grants and by the Metropolitan Council Project Manager and Grants in the case of Subrecipient projects and pass-through grants. Any budget revision may require prior written approval from the FTA. This can take 30-60days so any requests for budget revisions should be forwarded to the appropriate Metropolitan Council staff as soon as it is known a budget revision needs to be made..

Subrecipient Oversight

In some cases, Metropolitan Council Project Managers be required to fill out forms and checklists that need to be completed periodically as part of the monitoring process that the Council is required to do.

Pay requests must contain all supporting documentation along with certification that the authorized and available match was expended as part of the transaction being invoiced. (Appendix E18: Subrecipient Invoice)

On a quarterly basis, a project progress report is required along with a detailed accounting of the expenditure of the local match.

A list of subrecipient oversight requirement is included as Appendix E8: Subrecipient Requirements and Monitoring. The subrecipient checklist that the Metropolitan Council Project Manager is required to fill out quarterly is included as Appendix E8a: Subrecipient Monitoring Checklist. Grants will send the Subrecipient Monitoring Checklist to the Metropolitan Council Project Manager on a quarterly basis for completion.

Subrecipient Award Process

The Metropolitan Council Project Manager initiates the TEAM application process and sends a form letter to the Subrecipient organization(s). (Appendix E7: Subrecipient Letter)

Subrecipient Agreement

Once the federal grant is executed, the Metropolitan Council Project Manager requests a Subrecipient Grant Agreement (SGA) from the Metropolitan Council's Office of General Counsel and Contracts and Procurement Department using the form included as Appendix E 9: Grant Memorandum Transportation Agreements.. When negotiated terms are complete and agreeable to the Metropolitan Council Project Manager and to the Authorized Subrecipient Representative, the subrecipient grant agreement is signed and fully executed by both the Metropolitan Council and the Subrecipient's governing board.

The Subrecipient must complete the FTA's Annual Certifications and Assurances, provide a copy of an acceptable A-133 audit if received it has received over \$500,000 of Federal funding from all sources or audited financial statements if the \$500,00 threshold has not been met, and provide copies of other documents as the Metropolitan Council and/or FTA requires.

The Subrecipient Grant Agreement specifies all applicable federal requirements, including:

- a. Procurement;
- b. Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE);
- c. Program-specific concerns;
- d. Prior approvals;
- e. Reporting requirements;
- f. Invoicing.
- g. Allowable activities per the work scope and.
- h. Allowable costs for the work scope per the approved budget..

Subrecipient Administration of Award

The Subrecipient is responsible for adhering to the work scope and budget as approved by FTA and as outlined in the Subrecipient Grant Agreement. Prior approvals are required for some activities even if they are included in the work scope and budget. Subrecipient Project Managers should thoroughly read the SGA and any appendices to make sure all federal regulations are being adhered to in order to receive full reimbursement of eligible expenses. All changes to the work scope require prior written approval from the Metropolitan Council Project Manager..

Requests for reimbursement may begin as soon as the Subrecipient Grant Agreement is executed. Invoices must be for the net expense (total expense less match) actually incurred in direct support of the project. No advances or expenditures prior to the execution of the SGA are allowed.

The Subrecipient must certify the use of local match with each invoice submitted. A financial report that includes a completely documented accounting of the use of local funds as match is required each quarter based on the federal fiscal year.

A NOGA meeting is also held at the Metropolitan Council to be used for internal management of the Subrecipient's federal funding.

Budget Revisions

A budget revision is defined as a transfer of funds within an approved grant budget not involving a change in the total dollars, scope, or terms and conditions of that grant. Subrecipients apply to Council staff for prior approval in writing for proposed budget revisions. See Award Activity for more detail on prior approvals.

Budget revisions that are allowed without prior FTA approval:

- Fund transfers within scope and between scopes of the same matching ratio if the amount transferred is under 20% of the most recent FTA-approved budget. Adding activities that are within scope.
- Increasing/decreasing units to be purchased by less than 20% of the total number of units or, if less than 10 units are being purchased, by less than two (2).

Budget Revisions allowed only with prior FTA approval:

• A transfer within approved budget lines that exceeds 20% of the most recent FTA-approved

budget.

- Increasing/decreasing units to be purchased by more than 20% of the total number of units or, if less than 10 units are being purchased, by more than two (2);
- Changing the size or physical characteristics of the project scope items; and/or
- Transfer funds between operating, capital/planning scopes; or scopes with different matching ratios.

Formal amendments to grants – FTA approval required

Administrative amendment:

An amendment normally initiated by FTA that is needed to change or clarify the terms, conditions or provisions of a grant contract but does not change the scope, amount or purpose of the grant. An administrative amendment is used to modify a grant contract for such purposes as to comply with changes required by FTA law, to change the year or type of funds obligated for a grant, to transfer equipment from one grantee to another or to reflect a change in the grantee's name. Administrative amendments are rare..

Grant amendment:

- A change in the scope of a grant or the amount of the federal participation.
- A change to add a project scope, if not previously included as a contingency project in the budget, or to add or delete a project scope which changes the grant scope; and/or
- Any other changes that alter the scope of a grant.

Other expenditures requiring approvals

- Buy America Waiver
- Acquisition of Right of Way (ROW) over \$500,000;
- Disposition of property (real or equipment);
- Incidental use of transit property; and/or
- Other project specific requirements.
- Make no assumptions on any changes.
- Rebudgeting exceeding 20% or project total
- Any Scope changes
- Increase or reductions of the number of units that are purchased or constructed
- Change in end date
- Any land acquisition
- NO construction without environmental (NEPA) approval

WHEN IN DOUBT, ASK. DON'T SPEND FUNDS YOU AREN'T APPROVED TO SPEND OR DON'T HAVE!

Billing and Invoicing

All draws of funds must be supported by documented expenses that have been certified by the Metropolitan Council Project Manager. Subrecipients must submit at least one invoice each quarter on a cost reimbursement basis.

All invoices for reimbursement must contain the standard certification that all attached invoices are for a reasonable price, based on market prices offered by the vendors to the general public. Additionally, Subrecipients must certify the use of local match for each invoice submitted for reimbursement. Refer to the invoice form sample provided in Appendix E18.

Finance will not process any invoice or pay request for payment that does not have all of the required documentation and signatures. Finance will also re-verify that there is enough money left in a project's funds prior to processing all invoices. If problems are found, Finance staff will contact the Metropolitan Council Project Manager for resolution.

Reporting

Milestone Progress Reports (MPR): The requirement for milestone progress reports applies to all FTA grants. Report forms are sent from Grants to Metropolitan Council Project Managers with instruction and deadline for completion.

Federal Financial Reports (FFR): FTA Grant Recipients must submit financial information through TEAM each quarter. This report should be provided concurrently with the milestone progress reports. Finance will complete and submit all FFR's. Subrecipients are also required to submit a quarterly report on their share of the project cost, including any local match.

Final project reports: Final reports are due within 90 days of project completion and must include a comprehensive list of any property or equipment purchased under the grant, full financial reconciliation and final work scope detail.

Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Quarterly Progress Reports: As with financial reports, grantees may submit these reports (required by FTA Circular 4716.1A) with other quarterly reports if grantees are furnishing paper forms.

Project and Grant Close-out

A project is ready to close when all project activities are complete and all project funds fully expended or no longer needed. The close-out of a project may not necessarily close out the grant. The grant must remain active and open until <u>all</u> projects funded by the grant are complete.

Project Close-out Process

- 1. Project Managers may submit a request for project close out at any time.
- 2. To close-out a project, a Final Milestone Progress Report (MPR) must be submitted
- 3. A list of equipment and/or property purchased under the grant must be attached to the Final MPR

- 4. Subrecipients must also provide a Final Financial Report, detailing any financial contributions, including local match expended on the project.
- 5. All requests along with the required reports and attachments must be remitted to Council's Grant Staff who will coordinate with Finance to be certain that the project is ready to close out and that no further documentation is required.
- 6. The Project Manager will be notified when the project is closed.

Grant Close-Out

A grant is ready for close-out when all project activities are complete and grant funds fully expended or no longer needed. The close out of a grant will render the grant inactive and no longer available for any financial draw down or expenditures.

Grant Close-Out Process:

- 1. The Grant close-out process will be initiated by Grants.
- 2. The grant will be closed when all project activities are complete and all final Milestone Progress Reports are received for each project, as well as when the final Federal Financial Reports and reconciliations are completed by Finance.
- 3. Grants will coordinate closeout activity with Finance so that all application financial accounts will be deactivated.
- 4. Upon close-out of a grant, the Notice of Grant Award (NOGA) will be closed.
- 5. The Project Manager and Subrecipient will be notified.

Post Grant Close-out: Continuing FTA Interest

By accepting Grant funding, the Metropolitan Council or Subrecipient have agreed that the grant or project closeout does not invalidate any continuing requirements imposed by the Grant Agreement, Master Agreement, or any unmet requirements set forth in the Federal Government's final notification or acknowledgment. Appendix E23 contains a asset tracking log that must be used to accurately track FTA-funded assets.

Use of Real Property, Equipment, and Supplies

Use of Project acquired Property

The Metropolitan Council or Subrecipient has agreed to maintain Continuing Control of the use of grant funded property to the extent satisfactory to FTA. Project property is to be used in the program or project for the purpose it was acquired as long as needed, whether or not the program or project continues to be supported by Federal funds.

The Metropolitan Council or Subrecipient have further agreed to notify FTA immediately when any project property is withdrawn from project use or when any project property is used in a manner substantially different from the representations made in Applications or in the Project Description for the Grant Agreement or Cooperative Agreement for the Project.

<u>Disposal</u> The Metropolitan Council or Subrecipient have also agreed that they will not execute any transfer of title, lease, lien, pledge, mortgage, encumbrance, third party contract, subagreement, grant anticipation note, alienation, innovative finance arrangement, or any other obligation pertaining to

project property, that in any way would affect the continuing Federal interest in that project property, without prior written FTA approval.

<u>Maintenance</u>. The Metropolitan Council agrees to maintain project property in good operating order, in compliance with any applicable Federal laws and regulations in accordance with applicable Federal directives, except to the extent that FTA determines otherwise in writing.

<u>Records</u>. Due to continuing Federal interest in project property, the Metropolitan Council or Subrecipient must keep satisfactory records pertaining to the use of any project property or capital assets, and are required to submit to FTA upon request such information. Subrecipients must also submit these same records to the Metropolitan Council upon request. Records must include:

- a) a description of the asset,
- b) identification number or tag number,
- c) source of property (the grant project number under which it was procured),
- d) acquisition date,
- e) cost,
- f) percentage of Federal participation in the cost,
- g) location,
- h) use and condition,
- i) useful life,
- j) who holds title to the equipment including rolling stock,

For assets that have either reached the end of their useful life or are no longer needed

- k) the net book value of the asset on the date of disposal
- 1) written permission received from the FTA to dispose of an asset
- m) any other disposition data, including the date of disposal and sale price
- n) method used to determine its fair market value

<u>A physical inventory</u> of equipment must be taken and the results reconciled with equipment records at least once every two years. Any differences must be investigated to determine the cause of the difference. Records of this inventory must be kept on file.

FTA Approval of Changes in Real Property Ownership

The Metropolitan Council or Subrecipient also has agreed that they will not dispose of, modify the use of, or change the terms of any real property title or any other interest in the site and facilities used without permission and written instructions from FTA.

Useful Life of Project Property

FTA provides a useful life policy for rolling stock, trolleys, ferries, some facilities, and some equipment. Where a useful life policy has not been defined by FTA, the grantee, in consultation with the FTA regional metropolitan office shall "make the case" by identifying a useful life period for all equipment and facilities with an acquisition value greater than \$5,000 to be procured with Federal funds.

Disposition or Replacement at End of Minimum Useful Life

Project property to be disposed of or replaced must have achieved at least the minimum useful life. In some cases, FTA interest may still prevail. The Metropolitan Council Project Manager and the Subrecipient must consult with Grants to ensure that FTA interest is met.

Disposition Before the End of Useful Life

No Metropolitan Council asset can be disposed of without the written approval of the Finance Director and written review of the Asset record by the Asset Management specialist. Any disposition of project property that has a Federal Interest, before the end of its useful life requires prior FTA approval. FTA is entitled to its share of the remaining Federal interest. The Federal interest is determined by calculating the fair market value of the project property immediately before the occurrence prompting the withdrawal of the project property from appropriate use.

Procurement

Procurement

FTA C 4220.1F

FTA has developed Circular 4220.1F "Third Party Contracting Guidance" to assist its recipients and their subrecipients in complying with the various Federal laws and regulations that affect their FTA-assisted procurements. This document is located at http://www.fta.dot.gov/documents/FTA Circular 4220.1F.pdf. These FTA requirements are incorporated into the Metropolitan Council's purchasing and contracting policies and procedures and the Council's standard forms.

FTA C 4220.1F sets forth the requirements a recipient and subrecipient must adhere to in the solicitation, award and administration of its third party contracts. The Circular contains 54 mandatory procurement standards (see Appendix E: FTA Mandatory Procurement Standards) that recipients and subrecipients must meet in their procurement operations. FTA encourages recipients and subrecipients to review their written procurement policies to ensure that they cover each of the 54 mandatory standards.

The Circular applies to third party contracts and subcontracts of all other FTA recipients and their subrecipients, including regional public transportation authorities that are not a State. Even though a recipient or subrecipient is not a State, it may use its own procurement procedures, if those procedures conform to applicable Federal law and regulations, including the applicable Common Grant Rule.

FTA Procurement System Reviews (PSRs)

FTA conducts periodic reviews of its grantee's procurement systems. These reviews are conducted in accordance with the *Guide for Procurement System Reviews*, which FTA has developed in order to evaluate the grantee's compliance with the requirements of FTA Circular 4220.1F. Recipients now have access to this *Guide* and can effectively evaluate their own procurement system's compliance with 4220.1F using the *Guide*. Appendix C provides a link to this site.

Applicability of Federal Requirements

One of the principles of contracting with Federal funds received directly or indirectly from FTA is a recognition that, as a condition of receiving the funds, certain specific Federal requirements must be met not only by the recipient of the funds (the grantee) but also by subrecipients and a grantee's third party contractors. The Federal requirements to be met by the grantee's third party contractors will be defined by the clauses included in the grantee's third party contracts. It should also be noted that third party contractors are not required to follow FTA Circular 4220.1F in their subcontracting activities.

The specific requirements for your particular grant of funds will be found in the Master Agreement incorporated into the Grant Agreement or Cooperative Agreement that was executed by you as a grant recipient. Different rules apply depending upon whether you, as the recipient or subrecipient, are a state, local, or Indian tribal governmental entity or whether you are an institution of higher learning, a hospital, or another non-profit organization. Also, depending upon the type of Federal funds you receive (e.g., operating assistance) or the nature of the capital project you are involved in, the contractual sphere of Federal requirements may include

your procurements regardless of whether Federal funds are actually drawn down to fund payments in a particular procurement.

Project Managers are responsible for procurements within your agency, and you must be aware that compliance with Federal requirements is a condition of receipt of Federal funds. Failure to comply with these provisions may, in accordance with the terms of your Grant or Cooperative Agreement, be grounds for default of that agreement and result in the loss of the funds.

Federal Procurement Basics

The method of procurement used by recipients and subrecipients must meet these FTA minimums.

Micro Purchases

Procurements valued at less than \$3,000. Can be made without obtaining competitive quotations or proposals. Only documentation requirement is a determination that the price is fair and reasonable.

Small Purchases

Procurements valued between \$2,500 and \$100,000 will be considered *Small Purchases*, and will be made after obtaining an adequate number of quotations, bids, or proposals from qualified sources, in accordance with Council procurement procedures.

Sealed Bids (Formal Advertising)

Sealed bids are publicly solicited for a fixed firm price contract when:

- o you have a complete, adequate, and realistic specification or purchase description,
- ° two or more responsible bidders are willing and able to compete,
- ° the procurement lends itself to a firm fixed price contract and the selection can be made primarily on the basis of price, and
- ° no discussion with bidders is needed after receipt of offers

<u>Competitive</u> Proposals (RFPs)

Proposals are publicly solicited when the nature of the procurement does not lend itself to sealed bidding and when any of the following circumstances are present:

- o the property or services to be acquired are described in a performance or functional specification; or if described in detailed technical specifications, other circumstances such as the need for discussions or the importance of basing contract award on factors other than price alone are present.
- ° uncertain number of sources
- ° price alone is not determinative
- ° discussions expected

Two-Step Procurement Procedures

Two-step procurement procedures in both sealed bid and competitively negotiated procurements may be used provided the opportunity for full and open competition is retained. Prospective contractors that demonstrate a technically satisfactory approach and have satisfactory qualifications are invited to submit bids or proposals.

Architectural Engineering Services and Other Services

Qualifications-based procurement procedures must be used to acquire A&E services, as well as for program management, construction management, feasibility studies, preliminary engineering, design, architectural, engineering, surveying, mapping and related services.

Design-Bid-Build

Requires separate contract for design services (qualifications-based procurement procedures) and for construction (sealed bidding or competitive negotiation).

Design-Build

Contracting for design and construction simultaneously with contract award to a single contractor.

Other Than Full and Open Competition

Noncompetitive proposals may be used when at least one of the following circumstances are present:

- Offer soliciting several sources, one offer is submitted. Competition may be determined to be adequate if the specification is determined to be not unduly restrictive and changes cannot be made to encourage greater competition
- ° The required supplies or services are available from only one source
- ° Unusual and compelling urgency
- ° Associated capital maintenance item exception repealed
- ° Authorized by FTA

Appendix E 10: Method of Procurement Decision Matrix is used for Council procurements to determine the method of procurement most suitable for a specific purchase.

Procurement Documentation

Recipients and subrecipients must maintain and make available to FTA written records detailing the history of each procurement, as follows:

- (a) Procurement Method. A governmental recipient must provide its rationale for the method of procurement it used for each contract, including a sole source justification for any acquisition that does not qualify as competitive, while a non-governmental recipient need only provide a justification for lack of competition when it does not obtain competitive bids or proposals for contracts exceeding the simplified acquisition threshold;
- (b) Contract Type. A governmental recipient must state the reasons for selecting the contract type it used (fixed price, cost reimbursement, and so forth);
- (c) Contractor Selection. A governmental recipient must state its reasons for contractor selection or rejection. For procurements exceeding the small purchase threshold, a non-governmental recipient must state its reasons for contractor selection, but need not state its reasons for contractor rejection. Each recipient should include a written responsibility determination for the successful contractor; and
- (d) Cost or Price. Each recipient must evaluate and state its justification for the contract cost or price.
- (e) Reasonable Documentation. The extent of documentation should be reasonable. Documents included in a procurement history should be commensurate with the size and complexity of the procurement itself. FTA recognizes that these written records will vary greatly for different procurements. For example, a receipt or bill accompanying a \$100 credit card purchase might contain all of the required information to support that procurement. Procurements that are more substantial may require extensive documentation

The Council uses checklists to ensure that the required documents are contained in the procurement file. Eight contract checklists, one for each type of procurement, are found in Appendix E 23: Contract Logs.

Subrecipient Purchases of \$50,000 or Greater

Purchases by subrecipients of \$50,000 or more require review and approval by Council's Purchasing and Office of Diversity and Equal Opportunity (ODEO) prior to issuance for review of compliance with FTA requirements.

- Subrecipient forwards Subrecipient Contract Initiation Memo (SCIM) Appendix E 11 b and an
 Independent Cost Estimate (ICE) to Council Project Manager, who forwards them to Council's Grants,
 Purchasing, and ODEO for review and approval. SCIMs are also required for purchasing off existing
 state contracts, where unit price and the level of DBE participation were established in the original
 solicitation process.
- Subrecipient submits draft solicitation document to Council Project Manager, who forwards to Council's Purchasing and ODEO for review and approval
- Solicitation is issued by subrecipient
- Subrecipient submits all proposals or bids received to the Council Project Manager, who forwards them to ODEO for DBE compliance check
- Prior to contract execution, subrecipient forwards contract to Council Project Manager for approval by Council Purchasing and by ODEO
- Copies of executed contracts are sent to Council Project Manager and Council Purchasing
- All contract changes (financial and non-financial) require prior review and approval by Council Project Manager, Council Purchasing, and ODEO

Key Procurement Issues

Independent Cost Estimate

An independent cost estimate is required for every procurement action, including contract modifications, and the estimate must be done before receiving bids or proposals. The independent estimate is developed based on product knowledge, experience, and market status, and is used in performing price and cost analysis.

Instructions and an example of an ICE are at Appendix E 15 a & b.

Full and Open Competition

Arbitrary action in selecting vendors is prohibited. Consistency in the procurement process is the best method of prohibiting arbitrary action. In addition, concerns regarding arbitrary action can be eliminated with proper file documentation, such bid opening records, bid comparison sheets, award decision documentation, and negotiation memoranda.

Solicitation requirements that contain features that unduly restrict competition are prohibited. Some situations considered to be restrictive of competition include, but are not limited to: excessive qualifications; unnecessary experience; improper prequalification; retainer contracts; excessive bonding; brand name only; in-state or local geographic restrictions; organizational conflicts of interest; restraint of trade; and arbitrary action.

When it is impractical or uneconomical to provide a clear and accurate description of the technical requirements of the property to be acquired, a "brand name or equal" description may be used to define the performance or other salient characteristics of a specific type of property. The salient characteristics of the named brand that offerors are to provide must be identified

In-State or local geographical preferences in the evaluation of bids or proposals will not be established, except in those cases where applicable Federal statutes expressly mandate or encourage geographic preference.

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Sole source procurement must be used with care *on an exception basis only* and must be justified for each occurrence. Approvals for sole source procurement must be obtained *prior to* ordering the goods or services except in a declared public emergency. Purchases must not be artificially divided so as to represent the cost as below the minimum approval level. It is unacceptable to use the sole source procurement process in a capricious manner or for personal preference. Sole source document is at Appendix E 16.

Authorization for sole source procurements must be documented on the agency's sole source form.

Cost or Price Analysis

A cost or price analysis must be performed for every procurement action, including contract modifications.

A cost analysis must be performed when the offeror is required to submit the elements (i.e., Labor Hours, Overhead, Materials, etc.) of the estimated cost, e.g., under professional consulting and architectural and engineering services contracts. A cost analysis will be necessary when adequate price competition is lacking and for sole source procurements, including contract modifications or change orders, unless price reasonableness can be established on the basis of a catalog or market price of a commercial product sold in substantial quantities to the general public or on the basis of prices set by law or regulation. A price analysis may be used in all other instances to determine the reasonableness of the proposed contract price. The cost or price analysis document must be retained in the official contract file.

Written record of Procurement

- 1. Rationale for procurement method chosen.
- 2. Rationale for the selected contract type.
- 3. Why was the contractor selected and why contractors were rejected.
- 4. What is the basis for the contract price selected.

Intergovernmental agreements

Recipients and subrecipients may enter into State and local intergovernmental agreements for procurements of property or services. If so permitted by State or local authorities, a non-governmental recipient may also use State and local sources of property and services.

All FTA and Federal requirements apply to such intergovernmental agreements for FTA-funded procurements. When obtaining property or services in this manner, the recipient must ensure all Federal requirements, required clauses, and certifications (including Buy America) are properly followed and included, whether in the master intergovernmental contract or in the recipient's purchase document. One way of achieving compliance with FTA requirements is for all parties to agree to append the required Federal clauses in the purchase order or other document that effects the recipient's procurement. When buying from these schedules, the recipient should obtain Buy America certification before entering into the purchase order. If the product to be purchased is Buy America compliant, there is no problem. If the product is not Buy America compliant, the recipient will need to obtain a waiver from FTA before proceeding.

Organizational Conflicts of Interest

An organizational conflict of interest means that because of other activities, relationships, or contracts, a contractor is unable or potentially unable, to render impartial assistance or advice to the grantee; a contractor's objectivity in performing the contract work is or might be otherwise impaired; or a contractor has an unfair competitive advantage.

Brooks Act

Procurements for Architectural and Engineering services must follow the requirements of Circular 4220.1F and the Brooks Act, which requires that the Council shall negotiate a contract with the highest qualified firm for architectural and engineering services at compensation which the Council determines is fair and reasonable to the Government. In making such determination, the agency head shall take into account the estimated value of the services to be rendered, the scope, complexity, and professional nature thereof. Should the Council be unable to negotiate a satisfactory contract with the firm considered to be the most qualified, at a price determined to be fair and reasonable to the Government, negotiations with that firm should be formally terminated. The Council should then undertake negotiations with the second most qualified firm, the agency head should terminate negotiations. The Council should then undertake negotiations with the third most qualified firm. Should the Council be unable to negotiate a satisfactory contract with any of the selected firms, we shall select additional firms in order of their competence and qualification and continue negotiations in accordance with this section until an agreement is reached.

Davis-Bacon Act

Construction contracts over \$2,000 involving FTA funds must contain the appropriate Davis-Bacon wage determinations. This information can be found at http://davisbacon.fedworld.gov/

Buy America

- 1. Except as provided in Sec. 661.7 and Sec. 661.11 of this part, no funds may be obligated by FTA for a grantee project unless all iron, steel, and manufactured products used in the project are produced in the United States.
- 2. All steel and iron manufacturing processes must take place in the United States, except metallurgical processes involving refinement of steel additives.
- 3. The steel and iron requirements apply to all construction materials made primarily of steel or iron and used in infrastructure projects such as transit or maintenance facilities, rail lines, and bridges. These items include, but are not limited to, structural steel or iron, steel or iron beams and columns, running rail and contact rail.
- 4. These requirements do not apply to steel or iron used as components or subcomponents of other manufactured products or rolling stock.
- 5. For a manufactured product to be considered produced in the United States:
 - All of the manufacturing processes for the product must take
 - place in the United States; and
 - All of the components of the product must be of U.S. origin.
 - A component is considered of U.S. origin if it is manufactured in the United States, regardless of the origin of its subcomponents.

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Disadvantaged Business Program

Disadvantaged Business Program

Objectives of the program

In accordance with 49 CFR section 26.1, the objectives of the Metropolitan Council's DBE program are:

- 1. To ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts in the Metropolitan Council's financial assistance programs.
- 2. To create a level playing field on which DBEs can compete fairly for DOT-assisted contracts.
- 3. To ensure that the Department's DBE program is narrowly tailored in accordance with applicable law.
- 4. To ensure that only firms that fully meet this programs eligibility standards are permitted to participate as DBEs.
- 5. To remove barriers to the participation of DBEs in DOT-assisted contracts.

Minnesota DBEs

In order for small disadvantaged firms, including those owned by minorities and women, to participate in the DOT-assisted contracts they must apply for and receive certification as a DBE. To be certified as a DBE, a firm must be a small business owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals. The Council gets information about firms through on-site visits, personal interviews, reviews of licenses, stock ownership, equipment, bonding capacity, work completed, resume of principal owners, financial capacity, and type of work preferred.

The Minnesota Unified Certification Program (MnUCP) certifies DBEs in the state of Minnesota. The MnUCP consists of staff from the Metropolitan Airports Commission (MAC), the Metropolitan Council, the City of Minneapolis and the Minnesota Department of Transportation (Mn/DOT). If you are certified with one of these agencies you are certified with all of the agencies. Do not assume that if the company is certified by any other program that they are a DBE. They are not a DBE if they are certified by the Minnesota Department of Administration' Targeted Group Business program, the CERT program or any of the city, county or special business program.

DBE businesses can be found on the Councils website.

DBE Goals

DOT DBE regulations require recipients of DOT Federal financial assistance, namely, the Council, to establish goals for the participation of disadvantaged entrepreneurs. The Council is required to establish narrowly-tailored DBE goals. Then we evaluate DOT-assisted contracts throughout the year and establish contract specific DBE subcontracting goals where these goals are needed to ensure nondiscrimination in federally-assisted procurements. The level of DBE subcontracting goals may vary from the approved DBE goal however, at the end of the year the amount of contract/subcontract awards to DBEs should be consistent with the overall goal. The current DBE goal for the Council is 15%. That means that of all the federal dollars the Council receives that is eligible for a DBE goal 15% of those dollars should go to DBE businesses.

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Starting the DBE Process

Project Manager DBE Responsibilities; Council and Sub recipient

The project manager will work hand in hand with the DBE staff to make sure all federal regulations are followed.

- 1. If possible before the CIM or SCIM is produced the PM should contact the DBE staff and discuss the scope of work for the project. This discussion will help the DBE staff decide on the goal.
- 2. Once the CIM or SCIM is produced by the PM it will get routed to the DBE office and a goal is assigned.
- 3. After a project has been approved, the CPU (Central Purchasing Units) or Project Managers will send copies of all procurement advertisements to ODEO at time of release. ODEO will electronically distribute the notices to ALL DBE's in the directory. Interested DBE's will contact the project manager directly.
- 4. The PM will make sure the DBE staff reviews the procurement documents to ensure all Federal DBE clauses are included.
- 5. The Project Manager establishes the date, time, and location for the Pre-Proposal Meeting. The Project Manager is responsible for notifying appropriate DBE staff of Pre-Proposal Meeting. Once the bid or proposals are submitted the PM will provide DBE staff with either the three low bids or all of the proposers DBE documentation.
- 6. When the contractor is chosen the PM is responsible for providing the following to the DBE staff:
 - Monthly reports (no report = no payment)
 - Monthly invoices
 - Any information regarding non compliance
 - Closeout documentation

Appendix E: Council Invoice; 18, Sub recipient Invoice; 19, DBE Progress/Project Report; 20, Council Approval for Sub recipient Invoice; 21, Payment Request for Engineering/Consultant Contracts; 22, Payment Request for Construction Work/Services.

7. Document everything.

DBE Staff

The DBE staff will work hand in hand with the Project Manager to make sure all federal regulations are followed.

- 1. The will discuss the scope of work with the project manages before the CIM or SCIM is issued to get some idea of the DBEs that can do the work of the project.
- 2. ODEO staff will review the CIM and all attached documentation to determine if a goal should be assigned. Information contained within the CIM will usually determine if the project should be assigned goals, and the opportunity for subcontract work. A "sole source" award must include supporting documentation. Sole source procurements are not assigned goals.
- 3. After a project has been approved, the CPU (Central Purchasing Units) or Project Managers will send copies of all procurement advertisements to ODEO at time of release. ODEO will electronically distribute the notices to ALL DBE's in the directory. Interested DBE's will contact the project manager directly.
- 4. ODEO is invited to the Pre-Proposal Meeting for the purpose of communicating the ODEO related requirements to attendees.
- 5. ODEO staff will conduct a proposal/bid evaluation. It is the review and determination of the DBE participation commitment and Good Faith Efforts (GFE) proposed by a Prime. The purpose of the proposal/bid evaluation is to verify that bidders and proposers have followed the appropriate guidelines for the inclusion of DBE firms as set forth in the Metropolitan Council's proposal and bid documents.
- 6. ODEO Staff attends the pre-construction conference for the purpose of explaining the Council's practices and expectations regarding DBE participation and project monitoring.

- 7. ODEO Staff uses Progress Reports, Site Visits and Payment Verification Forms to monitor Council projects that have been assigned DBE goals. Progress Reports provide ODEO staff an updated monthly status report on the project, specifically DBE involvement.
- 8. ODEO Staff utilizes DBE Payment Verification at multiple points during the contract monitoring process. ODEO Staff will determine the frequency of DBE Payment Verification.
- 9. When all DBE progress reports and the final pay claim has been reviewed and approved by ODEO the contract will be closed.
 - Final Payment verification- ODEO will receive a notification from the project manager/CAR approximately 2 weeks in advance of the FPC. ODEO will send the Final Payment Verification form to the DBE to be completed.
 - Final Pay Claim (FPC) All FPC's are routed through ODEO. When reviewing the FPC, ODEO
 Staff reviews the supporting documents, DBE Progress Reports and DBE Payment Verification to
 determine if the Prime has met their DBE commitment. If the DBE goal is met and ODEO Staff
 determines that the Prime is in good standing with their payments to DBEs, the FPC is approved,
 signed and routed to the PM.

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Appendices

Appendix A: Acronyms, Terms and Definitions

The following is a brief list of terms and definitions important to understanding the federal process.

Acronyms and terms

C&As:	Certifications and Assurances	JARC:	Job Access Reverse Commute Program
CE:	Categorical Exclusion (Environmental document)	MPO:	Metropolitan Planning Organization
CIP:	Capital Improvement Program	NOGA:	Notice of Grant Award
CMAQ:	Congestion Mitigation Air Quality Program	NTD:	National Transit Database
DBE :	Disadvantaged Business Enterprise	SHPO:	State Historic Preservation Office
DOT:	Department of Transportation	STIP:	State Transportation Improvement Program
EA:	Environmental Assessment	TE:	Transit Enhancement
EIS:	Environmental Impact Statement	TEAM:	Transportation Electronic Award Management (incorporates TIP)
FG:	Fixed Guideway	TIP:	Urban Area Transportation
FTA:	Federal Transit Administration		Improvement Program

Definitions

FWHA: Federal Highway Administration

Financial award: A grant, contract, or cooperative agreement from external sponsor to conduct a specified project(s). The award carries the sponsor's requirements and expectations that the work conducted will be in accordance with the application and award document. The award can be received from federal, state or local governmental agencies, foundations, non-profit groups, or private enterprises including business and industry.

Metropolitan Council Policy Income/Grants 3-2-2: This policy governs this activity, and states that "the Metropolitan Council may enter into agreements with other governments and organizations which provide income/grants to the Council which are consistent with the Council's mission and priorities. Grant applications must be approved by the Council through the normal budget process or on a case-by-case basis."

Recipient: The entity that receives federal assistance directly from FTA to support the Project. The term "Recipient" includes each FTA "Grantee" that receives federal assistance directly from FTA through a Grant and each FTA Recipient that receives federal assistance directly from FTA through a Cooperative Agreement.

Subrecipient: Any entity that receives federal assistance awarded by an FTA Recipient, rather than by FTA directly. The term "Subrecipient" also includes the term "Subgrantee," but does not include "Third Party Contractor" or "Third Party Subcontractor."

Subagreement: An agreement through which a Recipient awards federal assistance derived from FTA to a Subrecipient as defined below. The term "Subagreement" also includes the term "Subgrant," but does not include the term "Third Party Subcontract."

Third Party Contract: A contract or purchase order awarded by the Recipient or Subrecipient to a vendor or contractor, financed in whole or in part with federal assistance awarded by FTA.

Third Party Subcontract: A subcontract at any tier financed in whole or in part with federal assistance originally derived from FTA that is entered into by the Third Party Contractor or third party subcontractor. See the end of this document for a more detailed list of terms and conditions.

5307 Funds Formula: Annual appropriation of funds based on NTD service levels and sometimes referred to as NTD funds.

5309 Funds: Earmarks or legislative appropriations based on requests by the organization to the federal legislator.

Authorized Budget: Projects from the Capital Improvement Program that have been given spending authority in the capital budget.

Capital Improvement Program (CIP): Five-year plan of projects based on cash flow.

Categorical Exclusion (CE): There are two types:

- CE II(c): If the project as defined under this category indicate no other documentation is required.
- CE II(d)'s require documentation that demonstrates that the specific conditions or criteria for these CE's are satisfied and that significant environmental effects will not results. This documentation must be prepared and submitted with the rest of the grant application.

Certifications and Assurances (C&As): Submitted to FTA annually to self-certify proficiency and compliance in 23 areas. The Council certifies to 19 of the 23 of the areas, with four not being applicable to the urban area program.

Earmarks: Non-formula, based on a legislative request.

Environmental Documentation: Based on the type of program and the amount of construction involved, documentation varies from a Categorical Exclusion to a full Environmental Impact Statement. At the time of application, all projects are reviewed to decide what document is appropriate, if any.

Formula Funds: Based on service, population or some countable statistic that is then used to determine what level of funds are to be received.

Grant Application (FTA): Formal request to FTA for obligation of funds to a named project in the STIP.

Job Access Reverse Commute (JARC): Formula Funds received annually, based on census figures.

Master Agreement: FTA's annual agreement that applies to all transit grants nationwide. It is a blanket agreement that covers all programs administered by FTA and can be found on the website below.

Match: The amount of funding that the recipient must contribute in support of the funded project.

National Transit Database (NTD): Mechanism for reporting service levels and other information regarding transit. Data is collected from all transit agencies across the country and input into a statistical database for use by Congress and others. This data is used in calculating formula grant amounts.

New Freedom: Formula Funds received annually, based on census figures.

New Starts: Earmarks made for major capital investments – over \$75 million.

State Transportation Improvement Plan (STIP): Improvement plan for the entire state; includes TIP.

Total Eligible Cost: The cost of the project including federal dollars and local Match.

Transportation Electronic Award Management (TEAM): FTA's electronic award processing and management system.

Transportation Improvement Plan for the Metropolitan Area (TIP): Four years' of projects listed by year, based on state fiscal year.

Appendix B: Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program Definitions

In accordance with 49 CFR section 26.5, the following definitions apply to the Metropolitan Council's DBE program.

Affiliation: As defined in the Small Business Administration (SBA) regulations, 13 CFR part 121: Except as otherwise provided in 13 CFR part 121, concerns are affiliates of each other when, either directly or indirectly:

- One concerns controls or has the power to control the other;
- A third party or parties controls or has the power to control both;
- An identity of interest between or among parties exists such that affiliation may be found.

In determining whether affiliation exists, it is necessary to consider all appropriate factors, including common ownership, common management, and contractual relationships. Affiliates must be considered together in determining whether a concern meets small business size criteria and the statutory cap on the participation of arms in the DBE program.

Affirmative Action: Septic and positive activities undertaken by the Metropolitan Council and its contractors to eliminate discrimination and its effects, to ensure nondiscriminatory results and practices in the future, and to involve disadvantaged business enterprises fully in contracts and programs funded by the DOT.

Alaska Native: A citizen of the United States who is a person of one-fourth degree or more Alaskan Indian (including Tsimshian Indians not enrolled in the Metlaktla Indian Community), Eskimo, or Aleut blood, or a combination of those bloodlines. The term includes, in the absence of proof of a minimum blood quantum, any citizen whom a Native village or Native group regards as an Alaska Native if their father or mother is regarded as an Alaska Native.

Alaska Native Corporation: Any Regional Corporation, Village Corporation, Urban Corporation, or Group Corporation organized under the laws of the State of Alaska in accordance with the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, as amended (43 U.S.C. 1601, et seq.).

Appeal: A formal filing by a business entity who has been denied certification by the Metropolitan Council as a Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE).

Applicant: One who submits an application, request, or plan to be approved by a departmental official or by a primary recipient as a condition of eligibility for DOT financial assistance; and application means such an application, request, or plan.

Challenge: A formal filing by a third party to rebut the presumption that a particular business meets the definition of DBE.

Commercially useful function: Work performed by a DBE firm in a particular transaction that, in light of industry practices and other relevant considerations, has a necessary and useful role in the transaction, i.e., the firm's role is not a superfluous step added in an attempt to obtain credit toward goals. If, in the Metropolitan Council's judgment, the firm (even though an eligible DBE) does not perform a commercially useful function in the transaction, no credit toward the goal may be awarded.

Compliance: The condition existing when a recipient or contractor has correctly implemented the requirements of the program.

Contract: A legally binding relationship or any modification thereof obligating the seller to furnish supplies or services, including construction, and the buyer to pay for them.

Contracting opportunity: Any decision by the Metropolitan Council or its contractors to institute a procurement action to obtain a product or service commercially (as opposed to intergovernmental actions).

Contractor: One who participates, through a contract or subcontract (at any tier), in a DOT-assisted highway, transit, or airport program covered by this part; and includes lessees.

DBE Directory: The Metropolitan Council's list of Certified and Denied Firms which is used by the Metropolitan Council and its contractors to identify DBE potential prime and subcontractors and suppliers.

DBE Liaison Officer: The official designated by the head of the department element to have overall.

Department of Transportation, or DOT: The U.S. Department of Transportation, including the Office of the Secretary, the Federal Highway Administration (FHA), the Federal Transportation Agency (FTA), and the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA).

Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE): A for-profit small business concern:

- that is at least 51% owned by one or more individuals who are both socially and economically disadvantaged; or
- in the case of a corporation, in which at least 51% of the stock is owned by one or more such individuals; and
- whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more of the socially and economically disadvantaged individuals who own it.

DOT-assisted contract: Any contract or modification of a contract between the Metropolitan Council and a contractor (at any tier) that is funded for in whole or in part with DOT financial assistance, including letters of credit or loan guarantees, except a contract solely for the purchase of land.

Equal Opportunity: The requirements of non-discrimination in employment with regard to race, religion, creed, color, national origin, ancestry, physical handicap, medical condition, age, marital status, or sex, and in accordance with Government Code, Section 12490.

Goal: The annual percentage of DOT-assisted dollars intended to be awarded to DBEs. The annual overall DBE goal is achieved through a combination of race-neutral and race-conscious measures, including contract-specific goals.

Good faith efforts: Efforts to achieve a DBE goal or other requirement of the program, which by their scope, intensity, and appropriateness to the objective, can be expected to ful fill the program requirement.

Immediate family member: Father, mother, husband, wife, son, daughter, brother, sister, grandmother, grandfather, grandson, granddaughter, mother-in-law, or father-in-law.

Indian tribe: Any Indian tribe, band, nation, or other organized group or community of Indians, including any ANC, which is recognized as eligible for the special programs and services provided by the United States to Indians because of their status as Indians, or is recognized as such by the State in which the tribe, band, nation, group, or community resides. See definition of "tribally-owned concern" in these definitions.

Joint development: The planning and implementation of an income producing real estate development which is adjacent to or physically related to an existing or proposed public transportation facility (e.g. transit station, Park and Ride, or bus facility).

Joint venture: An association of a DBE firm and one or more other firms to carry out a single for profit business enterprise, for which the parties contribute their property, capital, efforts, skills, and knowledge, and in which the DBEs responsible for a distinct, clearly defined portion of the work of the contract and whose share in the capital, contribution, control, management, risks, and profits of the joint venture are commensurate with its ownership interest.

Lessee: A business or person that leases, or is negotiating to lease, property from a recipient or the department on the recipient's or department's facility for the purpose of operating a transportation-related activity or for the provision of goods or services to the facility or to the public on the facility.

Level playing field: The objective of the DOT and Metropolitan Council DBE program; wherein an

environment is created to achieve the level of participation by DBEs that would reasonably be expected in the absence of discrimination.

Manufacturer: A business that operates, or maintains a factory or establishment that produces on the premises the materials or supplies obtained by the contractor.

Minority: A person who is a U.S. citizen or lawful permanent resident of the U.S. and who is a:

- "Black American", which includes persons having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.
- "Hispanic American", which includes persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish or Portuguese culture or origin, regardless of race.
- "Native American", which includes persons that are American Indians, Eskimos, Aleuts or Native Hawaiians.
- "Asian-Pacific American", which includes persons whose origins are from Japan, China, Taiwan, Korea, Vietnam, Laos, Cambodia, the Philippines, Samoa, Guam, the U.S. Trust Territories of the Pacific, and the Northern Marianas; or
- "Asian-Indian American", which includes persons whose origins are from India, Pakistan, and Bangladesh.

Native Hawaiian: Any individual whose ancestors were natives, prior to 1778, of the area which now comprises the State of Hawaii.

Native Hawaiian organization: Any community service organization serving Native Hawaiians in the State of Hawaii which is a not-for-profit organization chartered under the State of Hawaii is controlled by Native Hawaiians, and whose business activities will principally benefit such Native Hawaiians.

Noncompliance: The condition existing when a recipient or contractor has not correctly implemented the requirements of the program.

Operating Administration (OA): Any of the following parts of the DOT: the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), and Federal Transit Administration (FTA). The "Administrator" of an operating administration includes his or her designees.

Personal net worth: The net value of the assets of an individual remaining after total liabilities are deducted. An individual's personal net worth does not include the individual's ownership interest in an applicant or participating DBE firm; or the individual's equity in his or her primary place of residence. An individual's personal net worth includes only his or her own share of assets held jointly or as community property with the individual's spouse.

Pre-bid/pre-proposal conference: A meeting held by the Metropolitan Council, prior to the bid/proposal closing date of a particular project, at which prospective bidders/proposers are advised of Metropolitan Council specification requirements, which include DBE provisions.

Pre-bid-pre-construction conference: A meeting held by the Metropolitan Council prior to solicitation at which the prospective prime contractors are advised of its federal compliance obligations and other technical and administrative requirements.

Preponderance of the evidence: The standard of evidence used in DBE eligibility criteria. Pertains to the total context of factual submissions.

Primary Industry Classification: The four-digit Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) code designation which best describes the primary business of a firm. The SIC code designations are described in the Standard Industry Classification Manual.

Primary recipient: A recipient who received DOT financial assistance and passes some or all of this assistance on to another recipient.

Principal place of business: The business location where the individuals who manage the firm's day-to-day operations spend most working hours and where top management's business records are kept. If the Offices from which management is directed and where business records are kept are in different locations, the recipient will determine the principal place of business for DBE program purposes.

Program: Any undertaking by a recipient to use DOT financial assistance, and includes the entire activity any part of which receives DOT financial assistance.

Race-conscious measure or program: One that is focused specifically on assisting only DBEs, including women-owned DBEs.

Race-neutral measure or program: One that is, or can be, used to assist all small businesses. For the purposes of this part, race-neutral includes gender-neutrality.

Rebuttable presumption: A fact related to DBE a eligibility criterion that is held to meet the standards of eligibility unless proven otherwise.

Recipient: Any entity, public or private, to which DOT financial assistance is extended, whether directly or through another recipient, through the programs of the FAA, FHWA, or FTA, or who has applied for such assistance.

Regular dealer: A firm that owns, operates or maintains a store, warehouse or other establishment in which the materials or supplies required for the performance of the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold to the public in the usual course of business. To be a regular dealer, the firm must engage in, as its principal business, and in its own name, the purchase and sale of the products in question. A regular dealer in such bulk items as steel, cement, gravel, stone, and petroleum products need not keep such products in stock, if it owns or operates distribution equipment. Brokers and packagers shall not be regarded as manufacturers or regular dealers within the meaning of this definition.

Relative availability: The percentage of available DBE firms in light of local circumstances and the number of total available firms.

Secretary: The Secretary of Transportation or his/her designee.

Set-aside: A contracting practice restricting eligibility for the competitive award of a contract solely to DBE firms.

Small Business Administration (SBA): The United States Small Business Administration.

Small business concern: (with respect to firms seeking to participate as DBEs in DOT-assisted contracts) A small business as defined pursuant to Section 3 of the Small Business Act (13 CFR 121), and regulations implementing it, that does not exceed the cap on gross receipts specified in 49 CFR 26.65(6). **Socially and economically disadvantaged individuals**: (for purposes of DOT-assisted projects) Any individual who is a citizen (or lawfully admitted permanent resident) of the United States, and who is:

- Any individual who a recipient finds to be a socially and economically disadvantaged individual on a case-by-case basis;
- Women (regardless of race, ethnicity or origin); or
- Individuals found to be socially and economically disadvantaged by the U.S. SBA pursuant to Section 8(a) of the Small Business Act.

The Metropolitan Council will make a rebuttable presumption that individuals in the above groups are socially and economically disadvantaged. The Metropolitan Council may, on a case-by-case basis, determine or accept the determination by another DOT recipient, individuals who are socially and economically disadvantaged in accordance with 49 CFR 23, Subpart D, Appendix C.

Transit vehicle manufacturer: A manufacturer of vehicles used by FTA recipients for the primary program purpose of public mass transportation (e.g. buses, railcars, vans). The term does not apply to firms that

rehabilitate old vehicles or to manufacturers of locomotives or ferryboats. The term refers to distributors of or dealers in transit vehicles with respect to requirements of 49 CFR part 23.67 of the regulations.

Tribally-owned concern: Any concern that at least 51% owned by an Indian tribe as defined in these definitions.

U.S. DOT regulations: (49 CFR part 23 and part 26) Federal rules and regulations published in the Federal Register dated March 31, 1980; amended April 27, 1981; July 21, 1983; October 21, 1987; and March 4, 1999; by the Department of Transportation, Office of the Secretary; entitled "Participation by [Minority Business Enterprise] in Department of Transportation Programs" and codified at Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 23. Appendix C: Useful Websites

Appendix C: HELPFUL WEBSITES

FTA Main Website

www.fta.dot.gov/

www.fta.dot.gov/funding/grants_financing_263.html

Metropolitan & Statewide Planning (5303, 5304, 5305)

www.fta.dot.gov/funding/grants/grants_financing_35 63.html

Large Urban Cities (5307)

www.fta.dot.gov/funding/grants/grants_financing_35 61.html

Clean Fuels Formula Program (5308)

www.fta.dot.gov/funding/grants/grants_financing_35 60.html

Major Capital Investments

(New Starts & Small Starts) (5309)

www.fta.dot.gov/funding/grants/grants_financing_35 59.html

Rail and Fixed Guideway Modernization (5309)

www.fta.dot.gov/funding/grants/grants_financing_35 58.html

Bus and Bus Facilities (5309, 5318)

www.fta.dot.gov/funding/grants/grants_financing_35 57.html

Transportation for Elderly Persons and Persons with Disabilities (5310)

 $\frac{www.fta.dot.gov/funding/grants/grants_financing_35}{56.html}$

Transit Cooperative Research Program (5313)

www.fta.dot.gov/funding/grants/grants_financing_35 52.html

National Research & Technology Program (5314)

www.fta.dot.gov/funding/grants/grants_financing_35 51.html

Job Access and Reverse Commute Program (5316)

www.fta.dot.gov/funding/grants/grants_financing_35 50.html

New Freedom Program (5317)

www.fta.dot.gov/funding/grants/grants financing 35 49.html

Flexible Funding for Highway and Transit

www.fta.dot.gov/funding/grants/grants_financing_35 45.html

FTA Agreements

Master Agreement:

www.fta.dot.gov/documents/13-Master.doc

Certifications & Assurances

www.fta.dot.gov/funding/apply/grants_financing_93.html

FTA Circulars

www.fta.dot.gov/laws/leg reg circulars guidance.ht ml

5010.1C Grants Management

www.fta.dot.gov/laws/circulars/leg reg 4114.html

4220.1E Procurement

www.fta.dot.gov/ftahelpline/fta_c4220_1

9030.1C Formula 5307

www.fta.dot.gov/laws/circulars/leg_reg_4125.html

9300.1A Capital 5309

www.fta.dot.gov/laws/circulars/leg_reg_4128.html

FTA DBE:

www.fta.dot.gov/civilrights/civil rights 5089.html

FTA Best Practices Procurement Manual:

www.fta.dot.gov/publications/publications_4571.html

Mandatory Procurement Standards Worksheet: www.fta.dot.gov/fta/library/admin/BPPM/appB19.do

FTA Procurement System Self-Assessment Guide:

www.fta.dot.gov/ftahelpline/Cover_Self-Assessment Guide.htm

Metropolitan Council Websites

Internet (available to the public)

Directory of Certified DBE Vendors:

www.dot.state.mn.us/eeocm/ucpdirectory.html

Councilinfo Intranet (Council staff only)

Metropolitan Council Procurement Procedures 3-4-3a:

councilinfo/policy/finance3_4_3a_procurement_proc edure.doc

Grants

councilinfo/grants/index.asp

Appendix D: Assistance for Project Managers

Grants

Mary Gustafson Grants Manager 612-349-7603

Email: Mary.gustafson@metc.state.mn.us

DBE

Wanda Kirkpatrick Director of Equal Opportunity 651-602-1085

Email: wanda.kirkpatrick@metc.state.mn.us

Pat Calder Lead Equal Opportunity Consultant

Email: pat.calder@metc.state.mn.us 612-349-7463

Aaron Koski Lead Equal Opportunity Consultant

Email: <u>aaron.koski@metc,.state.mn,us</u> 651-602-1425

Procurement

Micky Gutzmann Director of Purchasing 612-349-5060

Email: Micky.gutzmann@metc.state.mn.us

Appendix E: Sample Documents

1.	Project Startup Checklist
1a.	Internal Grant Application
2.	Documented Categorical Exclusion (DCE) Checklist
3.	Natural Heritage Information System (NHIS) Data Request Form
4.	State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) Approval Process
5.	Determination of Environmental Documentation Need
6.	Notice of Grant Award (NOGA)
7.	Subrecipient Letter
8.	Subrecipient Requirements and Monitoring
8a.	Subrecipient Monitoring Checklist
9.	Grant Memorandum Transportation Agreements
10.	Method of Procurement Decision Matrix
11.	Contract Initiation Memo (CIM)
11b.	Subrecipient Contract Initiation Memo (SCIM)
12-14	[RESERVED]
15.	Independent Cost Estimate (ICE)
15b.	FTA ICE forms
16.	Authorization for Sole Source Procurement
17.	[RESERVED]
18.	Subrecipient Invoice
19.	DBE Progress/Project Report
20.	Council Approval for Subrecipient Invoice
21.	Payment Request for Engineering/Consultant Contracts
22.	Payment Request for Construction Work/Services
23.	Capital Assets log and tracking
24.	Contract Logs
25.	FTA Mandatory Procurement Standards



Project Startup Checklist

DA	ΓE:		
FRC	OM:		(Project Manager)
SIGNOFF			(Departmental approval)
ROU	UTING	Ple	ease click here (Finance approval)
		M	ary Gustafson (Grants approval)
RE:			equest to Initiate Project: oject name:
<u>#</u>	<u>YES</u>	<u>NO</u>	
1			The project funding is identified in the current Metropolitan Council CIP for \$
2			The project is listed in the current year of the STIP for \$ (only required for FTA and FHWA funds). (Check with Grants Manager.)
3			This funding is for a Subrecipient project.
4			Authority for the project is included in the authorized budget (some projects are set up in the operating budget).
5			Authority for the project is scheduled for the next budget amendment on (Some projects may be added to the operating budget.)

Complete and route for concurrence. An application for federal funds can be started through the Grants office if items 1 and 2 (above) are complete. Item 4 can be completed concurrently with the application but authority needs to be in place before the award from the funding agency can be executed.

- An internal grant application form (IGA) must be completed by the Project Manager and submitted to Grants..
- Environmental documentation must be completed as part of the federal application process if the project scope requires..
- The environmental document must be approved by FTA before the grant application can be submitted to FTA in the Transit Electronic Award Management (TEAM) system.
- It may take up to 90 days for the application to be approved depending on the source of funding 5307, CMAQ, 5309, etc.
- Grant is executed and Project Manager is notified of the availability of funds through completion
 and publication of a Notice of Grant Award or NOGA which provides the approved budget and the
 applicable rules.



Grant Application

Project Details		
Project Title		
Project Start Date	Pr	oject End Date
Council Project Manager		
	For Subrecipient	projects, complete below
Subrecipient Project Manager		
Subrecipient Organization		
Fund Details		
Funding sources - FTA awards requ	ire a match of 20% in mos	t cases; Subrecipients usually provide their own match.
Award Amount		
Local Match (RTC)		
Local Match (Other)		Source:
Total Funding	\$0.00	

Project Description - In the space below, please provide detailed information about the proposed project. Include all project activites, dates and deliverables.

Page 2--Budget

Budget Item: All asterisked items require milestone	Federal Funding	Match	Total Project
milestone information.	-	-	Funding
Use only those categories that apply and add a	ny not listed that you n	leed	
Personnel (Salary)	-		
Fringe Benefit % of salary) % of salary)			
Indirect Cost (% of salary)			
Consultant *			
Planning			
Engineer & Design	·		
Construction Mgmt			
Contractor *			
Construction - NEW			
Construction - Rehab / reno			
Lease/Rental Costs *	-		
Bus Purchase* (specify type)			
Spare Parts*			
3rd Party Bus Inspection*			
Staff Travel *			
Local			
Non-local			
Staff Training*: Tuition			
Insurance *		_	
Real Estate*			
Acquisition			
Appraisal			
ROW			
Equipment(\$5000 or more) List by type			
Project supplies & Material*			
Total of consumable items and/or have a unit cost under \$5,000. List each in Budget Items.			
Computer Hardware*			_
Computer Software*			
Other Costs			
Itemize other categories			
	-		·

		<u> </u>	
Grand Total Project Cost	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

Milestone Information

Provide milestone information for each budget item from the Budget Page.

Use this format for bus purchases. This is the required FTA format for this activity and you should not change Milestone descriptions.

Budget Item - Bus Only	Item Description or Purpose Bus Purchase	Total Budget Amount
	Milestone Description	Milestone Dates
1	RFP/IFB Issued	
2	Contract Award Date	
3	First Bus Delivery	
4	All Bus Delivered	
5	Contract Complete Date	
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		

Use the Milestone format below for all other budget items that need Milestones. Copy it for each Milestone which you need to identify and change the Milestone descriptions as needed to relate to the progress if different than the standard below.

Budget Item #	Item Description or Purpose	Total Budget Amount
		\$
	Milestone Description	<u>Milestone Dates</u>
1	RFP/IFB Issued	
2	Contract Award Date	
3	Contract Complete Date	
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		

Date		
Grant Applicant _	_Metropolitan Council_	1305

	INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR PROBABLE CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION (SECTION 771.117(d))
A.	DETAILED PROJECT DESCRIPTION:
В.	<u>LOCATION (INCLUDING ADDRESS):</u> Attach a site map or diagram, which identifies the land uses and resources on the site and the adjacent or nearby land uses and resources. This is used to determine the probability of impact on sensitive receptors (such as schools, hospitals, residences) and on protected resources.
C.	METROPOLITAN PLANNING AND AIR QUALITY CONFORMITY: Is the proposed project "included" in the current adopted MPO plan, either explicitly or in a grouping of projects or activities? What is the conformity status of that plan? Is the proposed project, or are appropriate phases of the project included in the TIP? What is the conformity status of the TIP?
D.	ZONING: Description of zoning, if applicable, and consistency with proposed use.
E.	TRAFFIC IMPACTS: Describe potential traffic impacts; including whether the existing roadways have adequate capacity to handle increased bus and other vehicular traffic.
F.	<u>CO HOT SPOTS</u> : If there are serious traffic impacts at any affected intersection, and if the area is nonattainment for CO, demonstrate that CO hot spots will not result.
G.	<u>HISTORIC RESOURCES:</u> Describe any cultural, historic, or archaeological resource that is located in the immediate vicinity of the proposed project and the impact of the project on the resource. (SEE SHPO PROCESS)
Н.	NOISE: Compare the distance between the center of the proposed project and the nearest noise receptor to the screening distance for this type of project in FTA's guidelines. If the screening distance is not achieved, attach a "General Noise Assessment" with conclusions.
I.	<u>VIBRATION:</u> If the proposed project involves new or relocated steel tracks, compare the distance between the center of the proposed project and the nearest

vibration receptor to the screening distance for this type of project in FTA's guidelines. If the screening distance is not achieved, attach a "General Vibration Assessment" with conclusions. ACQUISITIONS & RELOCATIONS REQUIRED: Describe land acquisitions and J. displacements of residences and businesses. K. **HAZARDOUS MATERIALS:** If real property is to be acquired, has a Phase I site assessment for contaminated soil and groundwater been performed? If a Phase II site assessment is recommended, has it been performed? What steps will be taken to ensure that the community in which the project is located is protected from contamination during construction and operation of the project? State the results of consultation with the cognizant State agency regarding the proposed remediation? L. COMMUNITY DISRUPTION AND ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE: Provide a socioeconomic profile of the affected community. Describe the impacts of the proposed project on the community. Identify any community resources that would be affected and the nature of the effect. USE OF PUBLIC PARKLAND AND RECREATION AREAS: Indicate parks and Μ. recreational areas on the site map. If the activities and purposes of these resources will be affected by the proposed project, state how. IMPACTS ON WETLANDS: Show potential wetlands on the site map. Describe the __N. project's impact on on-site and adjacent wetlands. O. FLOODPLAIN IMPACTS: Is the proposed project located within the 100-year floodplain? If so, address possible flooding of the proposed project site and flooding induced by proposed project due to its taking of floodplain capacity. P. IMPACTS ON WATER QUALITY, NAVIGABLE WATERWAYS, & COASTAL ZONES: If any of these are implicated, provide detailed analysis. IMPACTS ON ECOLOGICALLY-SENSITIVE AREAS AND ENDANGERED SPECIES: Q. Describe any natural areas (woodlands, prairies, wetlands, rivers, lakes, streams, designated wildlife or waterfowl refuges, and geological formations) on or near the proposed project area. If present, state the results of consultation with the state department of natural resources on the impacts to these natural areas and on threatened and endangered fauna and flora that may be affected. (COMPLETE DNR FORM) IMPACTS ON SAFETY AND SECURITY: Describe the measures that would need to be R. taken to provide for the safe and secure operation of the project after its construction. **IMPACTS CAUSED BY CONSTRUCTION:** Describe the construction plan and S. identify impacts due to construction noise, utility disruption, debris and spoil

disposal, air and water quality, safety and security, and disruptions of traffic and access to property.

The action described above meets the criteria for a NEPA categorical exclusion (CE) in accordance		
with 23 CFR Part 771.117	·	
Applicant's Environmental Reviewer	Date	
FTA Grant Representative	 Date	





For Agency Use Only:	#Sec Contact Rqsted?
Received Due RUSH Inv	#EOs Survey Rqsted?
Search Radiusmi. ER / All Map'd	#Com
NoR / NoF / NoE / Std / Sub Let Log out	Related ERDB#

NATURAL HERITAGE INFORMATION SYSTEM (NHIS) DATA REQUEST FORM

Please read the instructions on page 3 before filling out the form. Thank you!

Name	and Title				
Agend	cy/Company				
Mailir Addre	_				
		(Street)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
Phone	e	e-ma	uil		will be sent via email. US Mail check here:
THIS II	NFORMATI	ON IS BEING REQ	UESTED FOR A:		
	Federal EA	☐ State EAW	☐ PUC Site Application	☐ Watershed Plan	
	Federal EIS	☐ State EIS	☐ Local Government Permit	Research Project	
	NEPA Chec	eklist 🗆 AUAR			
	Other (desc	ribe)			
INFOR	MATION W	E NEED FROM VO	JI I·		
1) Enc 2) Ple	close a map	a GIS shapefile* (N	OU: ary/area of interest (topograph IAD 83, UTM Zone 15N) of the ation* (attach additional sheets	ne project boundary/a	rea of interest.
1) End 2) Ple 3) Listency Use: //MCBS	close a map	of the project bound a GIS shapefile* (Naglocational informa	ary/area of interest (topograph IAD 83, UTM Zone 15N) of thation* (attach additional sheets	ne project boundary/as if necessary):	- '
1) Enc 2) Ple 3) Lis	close a map case provide a st the following	of the project bound a GIS shapefile* (Naglocational informa	ary/area of interest (topograph IAD 83, UTM Zone 15N) of the	ne project boundary/as if necessary):	For Agency Use:
1) End 2) Ple 3) Listency Use: //MCBS	close a map case provide a st the following	of the project bound a GIS shapefile* (Naglocational informa	ary/area of interest (topograph IAD 83, UTM Zone 15N) of thation* (attach additional sheets	ne project boundary/as if necessary):	For Agency Use:
1) End 2) Ple 3) Lis	close a map case provide a st the following	of the project bound a GIS shapefile* (Naglocational informa	ary/area of interest (topograph IAD 83, UTM Zone 15N) of thation* (attach additional sheets	ne project boundary/as if necessary):	For Agency Use:
1) End 2) Ple 3) Lis	close a map case provide a st the following	of the project bound a GIS shapefile* (Naglocational informa	ary/area of interest (topograph IAD 83, UTM Zone 15N) of thation* (attach additional sheets	ne project boundary/as if necessary):	For Agency Use:
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1) Enc 2) Ple 3) Lis ency Use: /MCBS Status	close a map case provide : t the following County	of the project bound a GIS shapefile* (Naglocational information Township # Rang	ary/area of interest (topograph IAD 83, UTM Zone 15N) of thation* (attach additional sheets see # Section(s) (please list al	ne project boundary/as if necessary): I sections)	For Agency Use:
1) Enc 2) Ple 3) Lis gency Use: //MCBS Status	close a map case provide : the following County ease provide to	of the project bound a GIS shapefile* (Naglocational information Township # Rang	ary/area of interest (topograph IAD 83, UTM Zone 15N) of thation* (attach additional sheets see # Section(s) (please list al	ne project boundary/as if necessary): I sections)	For Agency Use:

^{*} Please see the instructions on page 3.

Describe the existing land use of the project site. What types project?	of land cover/habitat will be impacted by the proposed
List any waterbodies (e.g., rivers, intermittent streams, lakes, how they may be impacted (e.g., dewatering, discharge, riverb	
To your knowledge, has the project undergone a previous Nat ERDB # How does this request differ from boundary, project being revived, project expansion, different project expansion ex	n the previous request (e.g., change in scope, change in
To your knowledge, have any native plant community or rare list:	species surveys been conducted within the site? If so, please
List any DNR Permits or Licenses that you will be applying for	or or have already applied for as part of this project:
INFORMATION WE PROVIDE TO YOU:	
1) The response will include a Natural Heritage letter. If appl	icable, the letter will discuss potential impacts to rare features.
	a formal environmental review document (e.g., EAW, EIS) will be making the impact determination and you do not want
2) The response will also include an Index Report of known as listed plants and animals*within an approximate one-mile radi	ggregation sites and known occurrences of federally and stateius of the project boundary/area of interest.
☐ Check here if you would also like geologic features a	and rare species with no legal status included in the report.
3) If desired, a Detailed Report that contains more information Detailed Report may contain specific location information that subd. 2, and, as such, the Detailed Report may not be included and Natural Heritage letter can be included in any public environment.	at is protected under <i>Minnesota Statutes</i> , section 84.0872, d in any public document (e.g., an EAW). The Index Report
☐ Check here if you would also like to receive a Detaile	ed Report.
FEES / TURNAROUND TIME	
There is a fee* for this service. Requests generally take 3-4 w order received. Rush requests* are processed in 2 weeks or le	
☐ Check here to RUSH this request. You will be charg	ged an additional \$50.
I have read the entire form, and the information supplied above supplied to me from the Minnesota Natural Heritage Information reproduce or publish any of this copyrighted material without if permission to publish is given, I understand that I must cred Minnesota Department of Natural Resources, as the source of	ion System is copyrighted and that I am not permitted to prior written permission from the Minnesota DNR. Further, lit the Minnesota Division of Ecological Resources,
Signature (required)	Note: Digital signatures representing the name of a person shall be sufficient to show that such person has signed this document.

Mail or email completed form to: Lisa Joyal, Natural Heritage Review Coordinator Division of Ecological Resources Minnesota Department of Natural Resources 500 Lafayette Road, Box 25 St. Paul, Minnesota 55155

Form is available at http://files.dnr.state.mn.us/eco/nhnrp/nhis_data_request.pdf

Revised July 2009

lisa.joyal@state.mn.us

Instructions for the Natural Heritage Information System (NHIS) Data Request Form

The Division of Ecological Resources maintains the Natural Heritage Information System (NHIS), a collection of databases that provides information on Minnesota's rare plants and animals, native plant communities, and other rare features. The NHIS is continually updated as new information becomes available, and the Minnesota County Biological Survey (MCBS) is a major source of this information.

- Use this form to request information on rare features within an approximate one-mile radius of an area of interest. You may reproduce this form for your own use or to distribute. An **electronic copy** of the form is available at the DNR's web site at http://files.dnr.state.mn.us/eco/nhnrp/nhis_data_request.pdf
- If you are interested in obtaining the Rare Features Database electronically as a GIS shapefile, do <u>not</u> fill out this form. Please see http://files.dnr.state.mn.us/eco/nhnrp/natural heritage data.pdf for more information on this option.

WHO IS REQUESTING THE INFORMATION?

- The person whose name is entered on the form under the "Who is Requesting the Information" section must sign the form as an acknowledgment of the State of Minnesota's copyright on all generated reports. All correspondence and invoices will be sent to this person. Please do not ask us to send this information to a different party.
- Please include a complete mailing address. Responses will be sent via email unless you specify differently.

INFORMATION WE NEED FROM YOU:

- Include a legible map (topographic maps or aerial photographs are preferred) clearly showing:
 - 1) location and boundaries of the project,
 - 2) associated infrastructure, and
 - 3) any waterbodies that may be affected by the proposed project.
- If the project boundary is large **or** complex, please provide a **GIS shapefile** (NAD 83, UTM Zone 15) of the project boundary/area of interest. Do not include any buffers. An additional "digitizing fee" may be charged for projects that require a substantial amount of time to digitize.
- Provide a complete list of sections that the proposed project or area of interest falls within. Do not include any buffer area.
 Please double-check this information. Incorrect sections can delay the processing of your request, and may result in an invalid review.
- Please provide a detailed **project description**, attaching separate pages to the form if necessary. Identify the type of development (e.g., housing, commercial, utility, ethanol facility, wind farm) being proposed, the size and # of units (if applicable), construction methods, and **any associated infrastructure** such as access roads, utility connections, and water supply and/or discharge pipelines.
- We cannot begin processing data requests until we receive all parts of the request, including a map and a completed, signed form.

INFORMATION WE PROVIDE TO YOU:

- The Natural Heritage review and database reports are valid for environmental review purposes for one year, and they are only valid for the project location and description provided on the form. Please contact Lisa Joyal at lisa.joyal@state.mn.us if project details change or if a data update is needed.
- Please note that the Natural Heritage review and database reports do not address/contain locations of the gray wolf (*Canis lupus*), federally-listed as threatened and state-listed as special concern, or Canada lynx (*Lynx canadensis*), federally-listed as threatened, as these species are not currently tracked in the Natural Heritage Information System.

FEES / TURNAROUND TIME:

- There is a fee for this service. All fees are subject to change. The current fee schedule is available at http://files.dnr.state.mn.us/eco/nhnrp/natural_heritage_data.pdf. The minimum charge is \$90.00, and increases based on the time it takes us to process the request (dependent upon project size and the results of the query). Please do not include payment with your request; an invoice will be sent to you.
- There is generally a **3-4 week turn-around time** to process requests. Rush requests (2 week turn-around) are charged an additional \$50. The two-week turnaround is not guaranteed, and the option of a rush request is not always available depending on current workloads.

PLEASE SEE NEXT PAGE FOR ADDITIONAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION

ADDITIONAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION:

- The DNR Rare Species Guide (http://www.dnr.state.mn.us/rsg/index.html) is the state's authoritative reference for Minnesota's endangered, threatened, and special concern species. It is a dynamic, interactive source that can be queried by county, ECS subsection, watershed, or habitat.
- The DNR Data Deli (http://deli.dnr.state.mn.us/) allows users to download GIS shapefiles of MCBS Sites of Biodiversity Significance, MCBS Native Plant Communities, MCBS Railroad Rights-of-Way Prairies, and Scientific and Natural Area Boundaries.
- Questions? Please contact Lisa Joyal at 651-259-5109 or lisa.joyal@state.mn.us.

Determination of Environmental Documentation Need

When completing application information for your project, you need to consider what impact the project may have to the surrounding environment. Many of our projects will fall into what is considered a Categorical Exclusion. Categorical Exclusions (CE) are further broken down into two categories defined by FTA as CE II(c) or CE II(d). The state also recognizes categorical exclusions.

CE II(c): If the project is defined under this category indicate which number applies and no other documentation is required:

- (1) Activities which do not involve or lead directly to construction, such as planning and technical studies; grants for training and research programs; research activities as defined in 23 U.S.C. 307; approval of a unified work program and any findings required in the planning process pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 134; approval of statewide programs under 23 CFR part 630; approval of project concepts under 23 CFR part 476; engineering to define the elements of a proposed action or alternatives so that social, economic, and environmental effects can be assessed; and Federal-aid system revisions which establish classes of highways on the Federal-aid highway system.
- (2) Approval of utility installations along or across a transportation facility.
- (3) Construction of bicycle and pedestrian lanes, paths, and facilities.
- (4) Activities included in the State's "highway safety plan" under 23 U.S.C. 402.
- (5) Transfer of Federal lands pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 317 when the subsequent action is not an FHWA action.
- (6) The installation of noise barriers or alterations to existing publicly owned buildings to provide for noise reduction.
- (7) Landscaping.
- (8) Installation of fencing, signs, pavement markings, small passenger shelters, traffic signals, and railroad warning devices where no substantial land acquisition or traffic disruption will occur.
- (9) Emergency repairs under 23 U.S.C. 125.
- (10) Acquisition of scenic easements.
- (11) Determination of payback under 23 CFR part 480 for property previously acquired with Federal-aid participation.
- (12) Improvements to existing rest areas and truck weigh stations.
- (13) Ridesharing activities.
- (14) Bus and rail car rehabilitation.
- (15) Alterations to facilities or vehicles in order to make them accessible for elderly and handicapped persons.
- (16) Program administration, technical assistance activities, and operating assistance to transit authorities to continue existing service or increase service to meet routine changes in demand.
- (17) The purchase of vehicles by the applicant where the use of these vehicles can be accommodated by existing facilities or by new facilities which themselves are within a CE.
- (18) Track and rail bed maintenance and improvements when carried out within the existing right-of-way.
- (19) Purchase and installation of operating or maintenance equipment to be located within the transit facility and with no significant impacts off the site.
- (20) Promulgation of rules, regulations, and directives.

CE II(d)'s require documentation which demonstrates that the specific conditions or criteria for these CEs are satisfied and that significant environmental effects will not result. The FTA CE checklist must be prepared and submitted with the rest of the grant application. Projects that may fall in this category are:

- (1) Modernization of a highway by resurfacing, restoration, rehabilitation, reconstruction, adding shoulders, or adding auxiliary lanes (e.g., parking, weaving, turning, climbing).
- (2) Highway safety or traffic operations improvement projects including the installation of ramp metering control devices and lighting.
- (3) Bridge rehabilitation, reconstruction or replacement or the construction of grade separation to replace existing at-grade railroad crossings.
- (4) Transportation corridor fringe parking facilities.
- (5) Construction of new truck weigh stations or rest areas.
- (6) Approvals for disposal of excess right-of-way or for joint or limited use of right-of-way, where the proposed use does not have significant adverse impacts.
- (7) Approvals for changes in access control.
- (8) Construction of new bus storage and maintenance facilities in areas used predominantly for industrial or transportation purposes where such construction is not inconsistent with existing zoning and located on or near a street with adequate capacity to handle anticipated bus and support vehicle traffic.
- (9) Rehabilitation or reconstruction of existing rail and bus buildings and ancillary facilities where only minor amounts of additional land are required and there is not a substantial increase in the number of users.
- (10) Construction of bus transfer facilities (an open area consisting of passenger shelters, boarding areas, kiosks and related street improvements) when located in a commercial area or other high activity center in which there is adequate street capacity for projected bus traffic.
- (11) Construction of rail storage and maintenance facilities in areas used predominantly for industrial or transportation purposes where such construction is not inconsistent with existing zoning and where there is no significant noise impact on the surrounding community.
- (12) Acquisition of land for hardship or protective purposes; advance land acquisition loans under section 3(b) of the UMT Act. Hardship acquisition is early acquisition of property by the applicant at the property owner's request to alleviate particular hardship to the owner, in contrast to others, because of an inability to sell his property. This is justified when the property owner can document on the basis of health, safety or financial reasons that remaining in the property poses an undue hardship compared to others. Hardship and protective buying will be permitted only for a particular parcel or a limited number of parcels. These types of land acquisition qualify for a CE only where the acquisition will not limit the evaluation of alternatives, including shifts in alignment for planned construction projects, which may be required in the NEPA process. No project development on such land may proceed until the NEPA process has been completed.

If your project does not fit into the Class II categories, other prescribed levels of documentation are required in the NEPA process.

Class I (EISs) Environmental Impact Statements: Actions that significantly affect the environment require an EIS (40 CFR 1508.27). Examples of this class of project are (1) A new controlled access freeway. (2) A highway project of four or more lanes on a new location. (3) New construction or extension of fixed rail transit facilities (e.g., rapid rail, light rail, commuter

rail, automated guide way transit). (4) New construction or extension of a separate roadway for buses or high occupancy vehicles not located within an existing highway facility.

Class III (EAs). Environmental Assessments - Actions in which the significance of the environmental impact is not clearly established. All actions that are not Class I or II are Class III. All actions in this class require the preparation of an EA to determine the appropriate environmental document required.



Project Manager:

Notice of Grant Award

Prepared on:

Section 1-Project Inf	ormation								
Project Manager(s)	<u>ormation</u>					Award	Date		
Grant Title							il Project #		
						Country	ir roject ii		
Section 2- Fund Info	rmation								
Funding Source				Apport	ionmen	ıt Fiscal		CED A #	
(federal, state, other)				Year	Johnson	it i iscai		CFDA #	
Grant #		Match R	Required			Curre	ent Revenue	New Revenue	Total Revenue
Grant Begin Date		Award A	Amount						
Grant End Date	Local M	latch Ar	nount						
		Total Eligible Amount							
Section 3-Workscope)								
Section 4 - Revisions	& Amen	<u>dment</u>	S						
G 4 5 D		D 1							
Section 5- Revenue &	Expense	e Buag	get						
Project:									
Project Manager:	<u> </u>		Ī	Ī	I	Ī	Previous	1	Current
					Sub		Revenue	Budget	Revenue
Revenue Description	Acct.	Fund	Org.	Prog.	class	Proj.	Budget	Change (+ / -)	Budget
FTA									\$ -
Local Match									\$ -
Total Revenue Budget							\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
					C1-		Previous	D 14	Current
Expense Line	Acct	Fund	Org.	Prog.	Sub Class	Proj.	Expense Budget	Budget Change (+ / -)	Expense Budget
Expense Line	Acct	Tunu	OIg.	Trog.	Class	110,	Dauget	Change (17-)	\$0
									\$ -
Total Expense Line		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	l	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ -	φ
Total Expense Line							φ -	φ -	5 -

Revenue Description	Acct.	Fund	Org.	Prog.	Sub class	Proj.	Previous Revenue Budget	Budget Change (+/-)	Current Revenue Budget
FTA									\$ -
Local Match									\$ -
Total Revenue Budget							\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Expense Line	Acct	Fund	Org.		Sub Class	Proj.	Previous Expense Budget	Budget Change (+/-)	Current Expense Budget
									\$0
					·	·			\$ -
Total Expense Line								\$ -	\$ -

Grant Total Expense:

Section 6-Terms and Conditions

FTA Terms and Conditions: This grant is subject to the FTA Master Agreement; 49 CFR Subtitle A, Part 18, Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Cooperative Agreements to State and Local Government; FTA Circular C 5010.1C – Grant Management Guidelines; and all other regulations cited or referenced in the previously listed documents. Procurement and Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) regulations specific to FTA apply. For questions on application process, expense allowability, rebudgeting and general administration of grant funding, contact Susan Stensland at 349-7603. Contact Chris Gran at 349-5060 for procurement questions; Wanda Kirkpatrick at 602-1050 for DBE questions.

COST ELIGIBILITY

The Grant Period reflects a time frame during which costs incurred for this project are eligible to be charged. If the time line on the project changes, an extension of the end date can be requested. Contact grants management staff with any questions.

Project Managers should review all expenditures against this grant to determine if the charges fall under one of the activity lines listed in the approved budget and is within the dollars available. Grants Management staff should be contacted if the cost does not appear to be part of the approved budget and to see if rebudgeting is needed and allowable. Under no circumstances should charges be made in excess of the total grant dollars available.

OUARTERLY REPORTS REQUIREMENT

Project Managers are responsible for completing and submitting quarterly Milestone/Progress Report for this grant or portion of grant under their supervision. Reports are due on the following dates:

1st Quarter --- January 15th of current year

2nd Quarter --- April 15th of current year

3rd Quarter --- July 15th of current year

4th Quarter --- October 15th of current year

Grants will notify Project manager of all reports that are due.

FINAL REPORT a final narrative milestone/progress report must be submitted to the Grants Specialist 60 days after completion of all project and related activities. The report must include detailed description of the activities completed, budget modifications and/or balances, and list of any equipment purchased under the grant. Upon receipt of the Final Report, the Grants Specialist will begin project close-out process.

A Milestone/Progress Report is **required even when no activity** has occurred within the quarter. Payments can be withheld by FTA for failure to submit the progress reports in a timely manner. Any delay in submitting the reports should be communicated to the Grants Specialist immediately. Please use the form provided to submit the reports electronically or manually.



Date

Name Address City, State Zip

Re: Subrecipient Project X, Federal Transit Administration Apportionment Metropolitan Council Application for Federal Transit Administration funding

Dear Subrecipient:

The Metropolitan Council, as the designated recipient of Federal Transit Administration (FTA) funds, will make application for FTA to support the above referenced project. By accepting these federal funds, your organization will be recognized as a subrecipient and, as such, is subject to all FTA federal requirements.

I have been assigned as the Metropolitan Council's project manager for project oversight and will coordinate the process with you. The subrecipient agreement will be processed concurrently with the federal application to help shorten the process; however, no agreement can be executed until the federal award is received.

As part of the application process, you will be required to complete the application form that provides the project detail, budget and milestones. You will also be required to submit your current A-133 audit information and sign the FTA Certifications and Assurances. No application for federal funds will be made until this information is received and accepted.

Please send all questions regarding compliance or needs for approval directly to me so I can track the required approvals or changes to your project. I will forward requests to the appropriate Council staff to obtain approvals or interpretations. A list of subrecipient requirements and submissions is attached.

Please note that Certifications and Assurances must be completed annually for the duration of your active grant. All organizations are required to certify compliance with numbers one and three. If other certifications apply to this project and your organization, you should also certify those.

Once the application is processed and awarded, the Metropolitan Council will be able to enter into a subrecipient agreement with your organization. Until the Subrecipient agreement is signed, you do not have funding.

I look forward to working with you throughout the grant process.

Regards,

Project Manager's Name Project Manager's Title



Subrecipient Requirements and Monitoring

Definition of Subrecipient from FTA Master Agreement:

<u>Subrecipient</u> means any entity that receives Federal assistance awarded by a FTA Recipient, rather than FTA directly. The term "subrecipient" also includes the term "subgrantee," but does not include "third party contractor" or "third party subcontractor."

<u>Subagreement</u> means an agreement through which a Recipient awards financial assistance derived from FTA to the subrecipient as defined in the FTA Master Agreement. The term "subagreement" also includes the term "subgrant," but does not include the term "third party subcontract."

Application Process

- All projects complete forms for project description/detail and budget and timeline/milestones.
- FTA Certifications and Assurances should be completed annually for each new federal fiscal year, which begins on October 1. Forms will be provided by the Council. Section numbers one and three must be completed by all subrecipients; other sections to be certified are determined by the nature of the project. Note that these will be held in the Grants administration files.
- Proof of acceptable A-133 audit if over \$500,000 of federal funds are received on an annual basis (includes all federal sources). Note that these will be held in the Grants administration files.
- Construction projects/environmental requirements Categorical exclusions, State Historic Preservation Office, etc.
- Revenue vehicles changes to fleet plan.

Award Process

- Federal notice of award is received. Note that this must occur before all subsequent steps.
- Council issues to the Subrecipient the Subrecipient Agreement that flows through FTA requirements, including:
 - Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964
 - Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO)
 - Boilerplate FTA language must be included and flowed through to all levels
 - Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying (FTA Form LLL)

Grant Administration Process (through Council staff)

- Procurement rules and guidance questions to Council
- Prior approvals Buy America waivers, scope changes, etc.
- Rebudgeting, revision or amendment
- Record keeping
- Reporting financial and milestone
- Other DBE reporting
- Closeout
- Audit

Subrecipient Requirements and Monitoring

Definition of Subrecipient from FTA Master Agreement:

Sub recipient means any entity that receives Federal assistance awarded by a FTA Recipient, rather than FTA directly. The term "subrecipient" also includes the term "subgrantee," but does not include "third party contractor" or "third party subcontractor."

Subagreement means an agreement through which a Recipient awards financial assistance derived from FTA to the subrecipient as defined in the FTA Master Agreement. The term "subagreement" also includes the term "subgrant," but does not include the term "third party subcontract."

Application Process

- All projects complete forms for project description/detail and budget and timeline/milestones.
- FTA Certifications and Assurances should be completed annually for each new federal fiscal year, which begins on October 1. Forms will be provided by the Council. Section numbers one and three must be completed by all subrecipients; other sections to be certified are determined by the nature of the project. Note that these will be held in the Grants administration files.
- Proof of acceptable A-133 audit if over \$500,000 of federal funds are received on an annual basis (includes all federal sources). Note that these will be held in the Grants administration files.
- Construction projects/environmental requirements Categorical exclusions, State Historic Preservation Office, etc.
- Revenue vehicles changes to fleet plan.

Award Process

- Federal notice of award is received. Note that this must occur before all subsequent steps.
- Council issues to the Sub recipient the Sub recipient Agreement that flows through FTA requirements, including:
 - Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964
 - Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO)
 - Boilerplate FTA language must be included and flowed through to all levels
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- Reporting financial and milestone
- Other DBE reporting
- Closeout
- Audit

Metropolitan Council Subrecipients

														Calen	dar Year 🏻	2011						
							Project										4th qtr					
Grant #	CFDA#	Project Name	Subrecipient name	Date	Date	Number	Manager	File	Assurances	Audit	Review	Minutes	Emails	Financials	Financials	Financials	Financials	MPR	MPR	MPR	MPR	Comments

KEY

SGA	Subrecipient Grant Agreement
Certs &	Certifications and Assurances - annual document required by FTA which is certified by the subrecipient and their legal representative. The
Assurances	document contains Federal regulatory compliance requirements to which all recipients of federal funds must agree.
Annual Audit	A-133 or Single Audit if subrecipient has received \$500,000 or more in federal funding from all sources (not just this grant) or Audited Financia
Finance	Confirmation that Finance staff have reviewed the Annual Audit (A-133 or otherwise)
Review	
Meeting	State Auditors have stated that written meeting minutes are part of the subrecipient oversight process. If you have written meeting minutes, they
Minutes	should be included in the file.
E-mails	See above - Meeting Minutes
Fig 1 . 1 .	Subrecipients must submit quarterly financial reports as indicated in the subrecipient grant agreement and the Federal regulations. Or,
Financials	alternatively, quarterly budget to actual financial progress reports may be maintained in the subrecipient file.
MPR	Milestone Progress Report - Subrecipients must submit quarterly milestone progress reports as indicated in the subrecipient grant agreement and the Federal regulations.



GRANT MEMORANDUM TRANSPORTATION AGREEMENTS

Project Manager request for a Subrecipient agreement/amendment:

<u>Part</u>	1 A. Agreen	<u>nent/</u>	Amendm	ent Initiatio	<u>n</u>			
1.	This is Click He	ere	If ame	endment, SG	r -			
2.	Subrecipient's a	utho	rized sign	ature, full le	gal name and	address:		
	Name:							
	Title:							
	Address:							
	Address:							
	City, State, Zip:							
	Phone Number:	() -	extensio	n			
	Project manager	for	subrecipie	ent, list name	and address b	elow:		
	Name:							
	Address:							
	Address:							
	City, State, Zip:							
	Phone Number:	() -	extensio	n			
 3. 4. 	Project Name: Brief summary of	•	v	eement is Cli	ick Here			
5.	Funding source	Gran	nt Number	:#: (example FTA	4 MN-90	-X123)	
6.	PeopleSoft Char	rtFie	ld values					
	Account Fu	nd	Org	Program	Sub-Class	Project	Amount	
7.	Amount of this	agree	ement: Fe	deral	Lo	ocal		
8.	This agreement:	_		·	-	9. Er	nd date:	
							-	
	ew and Concurrer Agreement/amendr		meets aw	ard criteria a	dopted by the	Council in	come grants.	
	Project Manage	er		Date		Finance		Date
	Grants Manage	er		Date	Metro Tran	sit GM/MT	S Director	Date

<u>Part</u>	1 B. Attach I	nformation Needed to Prepare Agreement/Amendn	<u>nent</u>
	Approved project all that apply and Copy of Notice of Council Item (Ad Council Item for Copy of original	d attach as needed of Grant Award (NOGA) dministrative amendments or agreements for \$250,000 the agreement agreement and other amendments	or less do not require)
	Other special terr	ms and conditions of the funding	
<u>Part</u>	2. Process	for Routing	
	<u>Party</u>	Action	Party Initial and Date
1.	RA Finance	Assign Council number (SG)	
2.	General Counsel	Agreement finalization	
3.	Project Manager	Agreement review and distribution to subrecipient for signature (4 Copies)	
4.	Project Manager	Receives signed copies	
5.	Project Manager	Request authorized signature with division head	
		Use cover letter templates	
6.	General Counsel	Approval as to form of the agreement	
7.	RA/Auth Sign.	Sign and return to project manager	
8.	Project Manager	Distribution of executed agreements	
		 a) One copy to Subrecipient (original signature) b) One copy to project file (original signature) c) One copy to Grants office (original signature) d) One copy to Finance (contract staff) for 	

agreement encumbrance setup



Method of Procurement Decision Matrix

To best determine which method of procurement is suitable, classify your situation by checking off the appropriate boxes below. In order to use any given method, <u>all elements in that section must apply</u> (except for sole source, where only one item must apply).

Micro Purchase	Competitive Procurement	Non-Competitive Procurement
	-	(Competitive procurement not
(Competitive quotes not required).	(Competitive quotes, bids, or proposals required)	required).
Total cost is below the micro purchase threshold of \$2500.	If <u>all three</u> of these conditions are true, select Procurement Method 1, 2, or 3 (below). See Section 1.6	One of the following must apply.
purchase uneshold of \$2500.	of the Procurement Procedure for definitions and further	
	guidance.	OEM, custom item
	\square Amount is \ge \$2500	Only one source available
	☐ Multiple sources are available	Sole source pre-approved by FTA
	☐ Not an emergency service	Competition is inadequate after public solicitation
	Method 1: Quotes or Sealed Bids	☐ Public emergency
	Note: Minnesota Stats. §471.345 (Uniform Municipal	
	Contracting Law) requires the use of formal,	Note: An approved Authorization for
	advertised sealed bids for goods or non-	Sole Source Procurement must be attached.
	professional/technical services \$100,000 and over;	attached.
	below \$100,000, Council policy requires three verbal or	
	written quotes. See the <u>Procurement Procedure</u> for definitions and further guidance.	
	All five of the following must apply:	
	Complete an adequate specifications or purchase	
	description	
	☐ Three or more responsible bidders	
	Selection can be made on basis of price	
	Procurement suitable for firm, fixed price	
	☐ No discussion is needed with bidders after receipt of offers	
	Method 2: Competitive Proposals	
	Note: Council policy requires three verbal proposals	
	for purchases of professional/technical services between	
	\$2500- \$25,000 and three written proposals for these	
	services between \$25,000 - 100,000; formal, advertised	
	RFPs are required for purchases \$100,000 and over. All	
	five of the following must apply:	
	Complete specifications are not feasible	
	Proposer input is needed for specifications	
	Three or more proposers are willing to compete	
	☐ Discussion is needed with proposers after receipt of proposals and prior to award	
	Fixed price can be set after discussions	
	Method 3: Time and Materials (T&M) Contract	
	Note: A T&M Contract is a sub-set of a competitive	
	proposal process. Both of the following must apply:	
	Fixed price cannot be set for work	
	Complete extent of work is unknown (whether time,	
	material use, or both)	

How to Purchase at the Metropolitan Council

				Drefessional and Taskning	Construction Commisses						
		Goods Purchase of materials,	Non-Construction Services Services acquired thru bids,	Professional and Technical Services Service acquired thru	Construction Services Construction, alteration, repair,						
		supplies, equipment, spare	such as equipment repairs,	proposals such as architectual and	remodeling, improvement, or						
			building maintenance, janitorial	engineering services, consultation,	demolition of real property.						
	Procurement	stock.	services.	analysis, evaluation, planning or	l demontion of real property.						
	Value	0.001.11	00111000.	programming.							
	Micropurchase Un	Paguactor or Progurament cole	l	s judgment. Requestor initiates a purc	hase requisition or a blanket BO						
			ard OR Procurement issues a PO		hase requisition of a bianket PO						
	tax)	lielease, purchases with a F-Ca	aid OK Floculeillelit issues a FO	•							
Start with a Purchase Requisition OR Contract Initiation Memo (CIM) if a contract is required	ιαλ	Requestor or Procurement	Requestor or Procurement gets	Requestor or Procurement gets at	Requestor or Procurement gets at						
rage =		•	three documented quotes.	least three documented proposals.	least three documented quotes.						
has IN		~	Procurement issues a PO to	Procurement issues a PO to	Procurement issues PO to vendor						
		Procurement issues a PO to	vendor with lowest quote.	proposer with best proposal based	with lowest quote. Insurance is						
P.	\$2,501 -	the vendor with the lowest	Insurance may be required	on costs and other factors.	required per the PO terms and						
n (\$25,000	quote.	depending on risk to the	Insurance may be required	conditions.						
vitt r Lio	, ,,,,,,,		Council.	depending on risk to the Council.							
tart with a Purchas uisition OR Contration Memo (CIM)											
Sta Sta squ tia											
E Re											
-	\$25,001 - \$50,000 Consult with Procurement staff to determine if the initiating document is a purchase requisition or a CIM. Three documented										
	quotes are required. Insurance documents may also be required depending on the risk to the Council.										
				Requestor or Procurement gets at	Procurement gets at least three						
		•	written quotes. Procurement	least three written proposals.	written quotes. Procurement						
				Procurement awards a contract to	awards contract to vendor with						
_ €			•	proposer with best proposal based	lowest quote or Procurement						
		•	advertises a formal Information	on cost and other factors, or	advertises a formal Information For						
	1 400,001 - 4100,000		` ' '	Procurement advertises a formal	Bid (IFB), awards a contract to the						
Ĕ			to Council and other factors, issues a PO or initiates a	RFP.	lowest responsible bidder and obtains any required performance						
Me		, , , ,	contract to the lowest		and payment bonds and insurance.						
<u></u>			responsible bidder.		and payment bonds and insurance.						
ĦĘ		responsible bidder.	responsible blader.								
Contract Initiation Memo (CIM)		•	December of advertises of	-	Due compare and a discretization and a						
† †			Procurement advertises a formal		Procurement advertises major						
ac			Information For Bid (IFB) and issues a PO or contract to the		construction project, awards						
ntr	\$100,001 - \$250,000	issues a PO to lowest			contract to lowest responsible bidder. General Manager/ Regional						
ပိ			lowest responsive, responsible bidder.		Administrator authorizes award.						
				A a describe ad above level recovery	Procurement awards contract,						
Vi t				As described above but requires	obtains required bonds and						
± 2	\$250,001 -	requires Council approval.	Council approval.	Council approval.	insurance and issues the notice to						
Start with a	\$1,000,000				proceed.						
	Mana 41				As described above but requires						
	More than				Council approval.						
	\$1,000,000				Соинсіі арргочаі.						

Metropolitan Council

Contract Initiation Memo

Section 1 – Pro	ject Inforn	nation – to be	e completed by	y the Project Ma	nager	
Project Manager:				Date:		
Phone:						
Project Title:				Projed	ct #:	
Proposed Services:					ated Cost:	
				Fiscal Y	ear Amour ear Amour	nt
						nt .
Period of Performance:	From		T	o:		
Subcontracting:		ner or not there as or subcontracting o		ent.	Yes	No
Project Manager – will be a federally fund						
,	1	1		1		
Signature			Date			_
Management App	roval					
I have reviewed the inf		ections 1, 2, and 3	3 and approve	the initiation of	this contract.	
Signature				te:		
		(To be signed)	ed by the Supe	ervisor of the des	signated Projec	t Manager)
Title	المائلة					
Section 2 – Fun Check one box only:	iding – to b	e completed by t	he Project Ma	nager with the a	ssistance of Bu	idget/Finance
This contract wil	ll be FTA-assis	ted (complete th	e Grant Appro	oval section, belo	ow)	
This contract wil	ll be USDOT-a	ssisted by an age	ency other than	n FTA (i.e. FAA	or FHWA)	
☐ This contract wil	l be Minnesota	a PFA-eligible				
This contract wil	ll NOT be assis	sted with grant fu	ınds from any	source		
This contract has	s special fundir	ng. Please descri	be:			
Project Budget	Account	Fund	Org	Program	Subclass	Project
Is this contract part of a la FTA rules will apply.)	arger project tha	at will receive eith	er PFA or FTA	funds? (PFA or	Yes	<u>No</u>
Metro Transit Use Only – A	vailable project f	unding				
\$ (Federal); match		{Local Match); \$_ _ (Other – specify:	(St	ate Match); \$ By:	(Othe	er: RTC non-
Grant Approval – to be completed for all FT				Funding Appointed for all MCES	oroval –	
Grant Number:						
Grants Manager Sign	nature	Date		Signature		Date
Funding Approval	− I have revie	wed the informa	tion in Section	2 and certify th	at it is accurate).
Signature			Date			
Title			(To be signed of Finance, M	by the CFO, Controll letro Transit)	er, MCES Finance D	irector, or Director

Section 3 – Solicitation and Selection Process – to be completed by the Project Manager
1. Type(s) of contractor and subcontractors involved in this contract: (Please list by specialty, skill or industry)
2. Proposed means of publicizing the availability of the contract State Register Construction Bulletin Trade Publication(s): (Please list),
3. Proposed process to select contractor Sole Source Other: (Please explain) Council staff evaluation committee
Section 4 – Diversity – to be completed by Office of Diversity and Equal Opportunity Staff
 I wish to review the solicitation documents prepared for this procurement prior to advertisement and distribution I wish to be involved in the selection process for this procurement
The following diversity business subcontracting goal(s) or preference apply to this contract:
□ DBE Goal of% □ M/WBE Goal of% □ TGB Goal of% □ MBE Goal of% □ SBRA Goal of% □ WBE Goal of% □ TGB Preference of%
Reviewed by: Date:
Section 5 – Authorization CIMs with an estimated value of less than \$50,000 may be authorized by Council staff with sufficient signature authority. CIMs with an estimated value of \$50,000 or more must be authorized by General Managers or Division Directors.
I authorize the initiation of the contracting process for this procurement.
Date: Signature of Authorized Signer
Title of Authorized Signer
•
Distribution — executed original filed in CPU; copies provided to: Project Manager ☐ Office of Diversity ☐ Transit Finance ☐ Grants Manager ☐
Troject Manager Crants Manager



Subrecipient Contract Initiation Memo

Section 1 – Pro	ject Infori	mation - to I	oe completed	by the Sub	orecipier	nt Project Mai	nager
Subrecipient Project Manager: Phone:					Date:		
Project Title:					MC Pr	oject #:	
Proposed Services:					Estima	ated Cost:	
Period of Performance:	From			То:			
Subcontracting:		her or not there as or subcontracting		ment		Yes	No
Subrecipient Projethis SCIM. If this will	_		• •				
			Date:				
Signature							
Council Project M I have reviewed the inf							
G:			Date:				
Signature		Title					
Section 2 – Fun	dina – to t			roject Mar	nager C	heck one hov	only:
This contract will							omy.
This contract will			• • •				
This contract will		• ,	9 · ·) · · · · ·			,	
This contract will		•	funds from an	v source			
This contract has		· ·		, 500.100			
Subrecipient Project Budget	Project identification within the Subrecipient Accounting system and approved budget						
Met Council Project Budget	Account	Fund	Org	Prog	ram	Subclass	Project
Comments:							
Council Grant App	oroval – Fed	deral Grant Nu	mber:			FTA-a	ssisted contracts
Council Grants Manager	Signature	Date	Counc	il Finance O	fficer Sigi	nature	Date
Funding Approval	l – Subrecipie	nt financial off	icer.				
Signature			Date _				
Title			(To be signed	ed by appropri	iate authori	zed Subrecipient	staff)

1. Type(s) of contractor and subcontractors involved in this contract: (Please list by specialty, skill or industry) 2. Proposed means of publicizing the availability of the contract State Register Construction Bulletin Trade Publication(s): (Please list)
State Register Construction Bulletin Trade Publication(s): (Please list), Community Organization(s):, Other: (Please Explain) 3. Proposed process to select contractor Sole Source
Construction Bulletin Trade Publication(s): (Please list), Community Organization(s):, Other: (Please Explain) 3. Proposed process to select contractor
Trade Publication(s): (Please list),
Community Organization(s):,
Other: (Please Explain) 3. Proposed process to select contractor Sole Source Other: (Please explain) Sealed bids Council staff
3. Proposed process to select contractor Sole Source Other: (Please explain) Sealed bids Council staff
Sole Source □ Other: (Please explain) Sealed bids □ Council staff
Sealed bids Council staff
Council staff
evaluation committee
Section 4 – Diversity – to be completed by Council Office of Diversity and Equal Opportunity Staff
I wish to review the solicitation documents prepared for this procurement prior to advertisement and distribution
I wish to be involved in the selection process for this procurement
The following diversity business subcontracting goal(s) or preference apply to this contract:
DBE Goal of%
☐ MBE Goal of % ☐ SBRA Goal of %
□ WBE Goal of % □ TGB Preference of %
Reviewed by: Date:
Section 5 – Authorization
By Subrecipient in accordance with its organizational structure.
I authorize the initiation of the contracting process for this procurement.
g r
Deter
Date: Signature of Authorized Signer
Signature of Authorized Signer
Title of Authorized Signer
Distribution — executed original filed in Subreceipient records; copies provided to:
Council Project Manager Council Office of Diversity Council Grants Manager
Council Procurement Manager

Last Revised: 10/01/08

<u>INDEPENDENT COST ESTIMATES</u>

WHAT IS AN INDEPENDENT COST ESTIMATE?

An *Independent Cost Estimate* (I.C.E.) is an estimate prepared by qualified engineering staff, other functional staff, and/or outside consultants who have subject matter expertise and first-hand knowledge of the products or services to be designed, purchased, and/or constructed. The purpose of an I.C.E. is to provide a clear basis for analysis of cost or price and provide essential procurement and financial planning information.

APPLICATION

FTA, through its' Circular guidance, requires the grantee (Metropolitan Council) to make independent cost estimates of project costs before receiving any project bids or proposals. This requirement has been adopted by the Council for all projects irrespective of the source of funding. For Master Contracts, the development of an I.C.E. was **NOT** undertaken at the time of the RFP as there was no scope of work to estimate a cost for. Therefore, an I.C.E. **MUST** be prepared for every work authorization request.

PREPARING AN ICE

Select a method to prepare an independent cost estimate. <u>Any</u> technique of assembly that provides a reasonable estimation of the anticipated costs is acceptable. Thus, for construction projects, using the A/E's probable construction cost as an estimate would be acceptable. The steps that follow are one example of how to prepare an I.C.E.. REMEMBER – any method that produces a reasonable estimate is acceptable.

- 1. Divide the project level of effort requirements into identifiable tasks, deliverables or other logical steps; e.g., prepare a scope of work with identifiable deliverables and a time frame to accomplish the work.
- 2. Estimate the labor that will be required to perform each task or prepare each deliverable. If possible, list the categories of labor that will be required to complete each task or deliverable (e.g. clerical, engineer, architect, etc.). The more detail provided the better the opportunity to create a more accurate estimate. If it is not possible to identify the labor categories, then estimate the time required to complete each task or prepare each deliverable.
- 3. Estimate the labor cost for each labor category. For A/E contracts, use a direct labor cost (DLC) for each labor category. For professional/technical services contracts, use a built-up hourly labor rate. Select a way that best matches with the development of labor estimates. That is, if you use labor categories, then use the different average hourly rates for each labor category. If labor categories were not identified, then use an average rate for all of the work. For A/E contracts, average rates will generally fall in the \$25 to \$50 per hour range; for professional/technical services contracts, the average built-up hourly rates will generally fall in

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the \$75 to \$150 per hour range. Summarize to develop a total direct labor cost (TDLC) for A/E contracts or a total hourly labor cost (THLC) for professional/technical services contracts.

- 4. For A/E contracts, estimate the indirect (overhead) labor cost factor (ILCF) for the Consultant. Overhead rates can vary considerably, from as low as 0.5 to 3.5 and higher. Several factors enter into this variable: the current economic status; how the firm generates its overhead rates, the type of work being performed. Using a value of 1.75 will provide a reasonable estimate for your project cost. It is not necessary to estimate the ILCF for professional/technical services contracts; that component is already included in the built-up hourly rate.
- 5. For both A/E and professional/technical services contracts, estimate other direct costs (ODC) to the project. Other direct costs are those costs to the project that are not direct labor costs from the Consultant. They can include such items as sub-consultant costs, long distance telephone calls, travel expenses, per diem expenses, printing, computer charges, equipment rentals, local travel, parking, etc. (NOTE: Domestic per diem rates may be found at: www.gsa.gov/Portal/gsa/ep/contentView.do?contentId=17943&contentType=GSA_BASIC)
- 6. For A/E contracts, estimate the percent profit (P) to be earned by the Consultant for the project. In general, the profit can range from 10% to 15% of the cost of the Consultant's direct labor costs + indirect (overhead) labor costs only. It is not necessary to estimate the P for professional/technical services contracts, that component is already included in the built-up hourly rate.
- 7. For A/E contracts, calculate the total estimated project cost (TEPC) using the following:

$$TEPC = [(TDLC)(1 + ILCF)][(1 + P)] + ODC$$

where: TEPC = total estimated project costs

TDLC = total direct labor costs ILCF = indirect labor cost factor

P = percent profit, expressed as a decimal

ODC = other direct costs.

For professional/technical services contracts, calculate the total estimated project cost (TEPC) using the following:

TEPC = THLC+ ODC

where: TEPC = total estimated project costs

THLC = total hourly labor costs

ODC = other direct costs.

- 8. Compile all information into a memo addressed to the files. Identify all assumptions made to arrive at the estimate.
- 9. Be certain you have dated and signed the I.C.E. (dating the I.C.E. is essential to confirm the I.C.E. was developed before the receipt of the offer).
- 10. Place the original memo in the project files and attach a copy to the CIM or the WORF.

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Note: The WORF will not be approved and you may not secure your cost estimate(s) until the ICE has been prepared.

Note: The ICE should be prepared and attached to the CIM. If, however, it cannot be submitted with the CIM, the ICE must be completed and a copy forwarded to Purchasing before the RFP will be approved for distribution.

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INDEPENDENT COST ESTIMATE (ICE) FORM

	SHADED AREA FOR PROCUREMENT USE ONLY
Project Name & Title	
Purchase Requisition (PR)#	Assigned Buyer #
	D/M/WBE %
☐ NEW CONTRACT/PROCUREMENT	
☐ EXPIRING CONTRACT TO BE MODIFIED	Contract #
	PO#
☐ CONTRACT MODIFICATION	Contract #
	PO#
DATE	
REQUESTOR	
PHONE NUMBER	
EMAIL	
ESTIMATE \$	(include shipping and handling)
Discount of the state of the st	
Please substantiate the estimate by providing a con	ipiete estimate using one of the attached pages.
If the scope of work includes any required computer soft information Technology (IT), the IT Manager's acknowled	ware, hardware, data transmission or electronic equipment needed to comply with Metro's dgement is required.
T MANAGER	DATE
The budget for this acquisition has been identified and th	
DIDECTOR OF PURCET	DATE
DIRECTOR OF BUDGET	DATE
DIRECTOR OF GRANTS	DATE
FTA FUNDED Yes ☐ No ☐ UI	NBUDGETED MEMO ATTACHED? Yes ☐ No ☐
The scope and ICE are complete and conforms with Met	ro's Policies and Procedures for Procurement.
PROJECT MANAGER	DATE
	detailed scope of work and estimate with your Purchase Requisition (PR). Procurement cannot start the own form and period of performance. Procurement and Contract Administration will advise you of any

Requestor: You are required to provide Procurement with a detailed scope of work and estimate with your Purchase Requisition (PR). Procurement cannot start the acquisition process without the scope, ICE, bid price breakdown form and period of performance. Procurement and Contract Administration will advise you of any deficiencies in writing and will hold the PR and this form for five (5) working days. A scope of Work Checklist, Estimate Guide and Estimate forms are provided as attachments to assist you in completing some of the required information.

Processing Times:

- Request For Proposals \$100,000 or greater: **180 workdays** from the time a complete ICE form is assigned to a Contract Specialist/Buyer to the date of Notice To Proceed is issued.
- Sealed Bids \$100,000 or greater: 90 workdays from the time the complete ICE form is assigned to a Contract Specialist/Buyer to the date the Notice To Proceed is issued.
- Request For Quotations Under \$100,000: **14 to 30 workdays** from the time the complete ICE form is assigned to a Contract Specialist/Buyer to the date the Notice To Proceed is issued.
- Fax Quotes Under \$100,000: up to 14 workdays from the time the complete ICE form is assigned to a Contract Specialist/Buyer to the date a Purchase Order is issued.
- Change Orde/Modificationr 15 workdays from the time the complete ICE form, justification and Proposed Change Request (PCR) are provided to the Contract Administrator (CA) to date the change is executed.

		Attachment PM15
 GEC Task Order – 10 – 20 workdays from the These times are averages and are provided to allo 	the time the complete ICE form and scope of work is provided to the	e CA to the date the task order is issued.
rnese times are averages and are provided to and	wwyou sumeent time to plan your delivery dates.	
Indopendent Cost Estimate (ICE) E-	m 2	5/24/04
Independent Cost Estimate (ICE) Form	11 2	Version 3

INDEPENDENT COST ESTIMATE (ICE) GUIDE PART I (See Part III, Scope OF Services Checklist) {Enter Project Name}

The attached Scope of Work contains at a minimum the following:

For Materials:	For Consultants:
Quantity of items and/or materials required	List of responsibilities to be performed by consultant
☐A detailed description of each item required	☐A detailed list of deliverables required from consultant
Specifications and/or drawings for materials required	Anticipated contract term and start date
Date materials are required	Location of project
Delivery address and Metro's point of contact	☐ Project manager's name, phone number, fax number and email address
For Contractors:	
☐A detailed list of tasks to be performed by the Contractor	Anticipated Contract Term and Start Date
Specifications, drawings and/or pictures of job site or projected results of contractor's tasks	☐Location of project
	☐ Project Manager Name, phone number, fax number and email address

Note: The above are applicable if a firm-fixed price (FFP) contract is contemplated.

(Insert Scope of Work here)

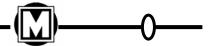
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Submitted By:	Date	e: PR#	

Estimate Guide PART II

Estimate Type	Items to Include	Where to find supporting information
Services	 The tasks you want done 	Current or past contracts for similar services
(Other than A&E)	The types of people needed (i.e.,	Other properties/departments doing similar work
	supervisor, admin assistant other)	Project Control/Engineering or Contract Administration staff
	The positions required (i.e., Project	can assist you in obtaining historical price and cost data
	Manager, Deputy PM, Senior	
	Engineer/Planner, other)	
	The estimated hours by position	
	The salary/billing rates applied	
	Prevailing wage rate category applied	
	The profit/applied fee	
	Direct expenses	
	Completion schedule	
Architect, Engineers,	 The tasks you want done 	Current or past contracts for similar services
Designers	The types of people needed (I.e.,	Other properties/departments doing similar work
	engineers, admin assistant, other)	Project Control/Engineering or Contract Administration staff
	The positions: Project Manager,	can assist you in obtaining historical price and costs data
	Deputy PM, Senior Engineer/Planner,	
	Other	
	The estimated hours by position	
	The salary/billing rates applied	
	6. The profit/applied fee	
	7. Overhead rate %	
	Direct expenses	
	Completion schedule	
Goods/Equipment	Product needed	Vendor survey/Market survey
	2. Quantity	Current or past contracts for the same or similar product
	3. Unit price	Procurement and Contract Administration staff can assist you
	4. Markups – overheads – profit	in obtaining historical price and costs data
	Delivery Schedule desired	
	6. Warranty	

Construction	1. Product needed 2. Labor (at a minimum use Davis Bacon) 3. Materials 4. Bonds 5. Insurance 6. Mobilization 7. Equipment 8. Mark ups; fringes, overheads, profit 9. Completion schedule 1. "Means Book" 2. "Blue Book" 3. Davis Bacon Wage Rates www.gpo.gov/davisbacon 4. Current or past contracts for the same project 5. Project Control/Engineering or Contract Administration staff can assist you in obtaining historical price and cost data

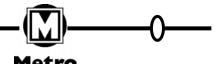


Submitted By:	Date:	PR#	
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Metro ARCHITECTURAL AND ENGINEERING (A&E) SERVICES **WORK ESTIMATE SHEET PART IIa**

Project Name (Identify by the Nam Direct Labor	Hours	Rate/Salary	Total Labor
		1	Hours/Rate/Salary
Project Manager			\$ 0.00
Senior Engineer			\$ 0.00
Senior Engineer			\$ 0.00
List applicable labor categories:			
Other Staff			\$ 0.00
Other Staff			\$ 0.00
Other Staff			\$ 0.00
Other Staff			\$ 0.00
Other Staff			\$ 0.00
Other Staff			\$ 0.00
Other Staff			\$ 0.00
Other Staff			\$ 0.00
Other Staff			\$ 0.00
Other Staff			\$ 0.00
Other Staff			\$ 0.00
Total Direct Labor			\$0.00
	Overhead%		Total Overhead Costs Overhead x Total Labor
Overhead/Indirect Costs	%		\$0.00
Fixed Fee (Limited to 10% of the	%		\$0.00
total labor and overhead			
expense)			
D: 15			
Direct Expenses			
Travel (Lump Sum)			\$ 0.00
Travel (Per Mile)			\$ 0.00
Meals			\$ 0.00
Lodging			\$ 0.00
Postage			\$ 0.00
Telephones			\$ 0.00
Copies			\$ 0.00
Other Direct Expenses (Describe ODCs)			\$ 0.00
Other Direct Expenses			\$ 0.00
(Describe ODCs)			
Total Direct Expenses	TOTAL FORMA		\$0.00
	TOTAL ESTIMATE	בט כטאו	\$0.00

If federal funds are used cost principles of FAR Part 31 for cost reimbursement type contracts apply. See website http://www.arnet.gov/far.

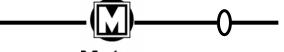


Submitted By:	Date:	PR#

SERVICES WORK ESTMATE SHEET PART IIb

Labor Type	# of Hours	Billing Rate*	Total Labor Hours x Billing Rate
Site Supervisor			\$ 0.00
Journeyman 1			\$ 0.00
Journeyman 2			\$ 0.00
Journeyman Assistant			
Provide Specific Labor Category:			\$ 0.00
Other			\$ 0.00
		Total Labor:	\$0.00
Other Expenses	Qty	Unit Rate	Total Cost Hours x Unit Rate
Training			\$ 0.00
Insurance			\$ 0.00
Warranty			\$ 0.00
Transportation			\$ 0.00
Equipment (Rental/Lease)			\$ 0.00
Repair Job			\$ 0.00
	TOTAL EST	IMATED SERVICES:	\$0.00

^{*} Use current prevailing wage rate



Submitted By: Date: PR#

Metro

EQUIPMENT ESTIMATE SHEET PART IIc

Quantity	Item Description	Unit Of Measure (ea, lb., ft., box, gal, crtn., ton,)	Unit Price	Total Price
				\$ 0.00
				\$ 0.00
				\$ 0.00
				\$ 0.00
				\$ 0.00
				\$ 0.00
				\$ 0.00
				\$ 0.00
	Warranty			\$ 0.00
	Warranty		-	
	Training			\$ 0.00
	Handling Fee (If applicable)			\$ 0.00
	Shipping Costs (If applicable)			\$ 0.00
	Total Equipment Estimate (Rental/Lease Equipment)			\$0.00

¹ Multiply the Quantity by the Unit Price to determine the total price



SCOPE OF SERVICES (SOS) CHECKLIST

PART III

The Scope of Services (SOS) generally consists of a title page and six sections as follows:

- Title Page
- Introduction [Section 1.0]
- Background [Section 2.0]
- Scope [Section 3.0]
- Reference Documents [Section 4.0]
- Technical Requirements [Section 5.0]
- Deliverables/Contract Data Requirements List (CDRL) [Section 6.0]

	Item	Yes	No	N/A
A.	TITLE PAGE			
1.	Does the title page include the following:			
	Name of project/program			
	Date prepared (Date changes as SOS is edited)			
	Name of department preparing SOS			
	Version number in footer of page (If changes have been made)			
B.	INTRODUCTION (SECTION 1.0): The introduction section			
	should give the contractor just enough information to recognize			
	what you are buying. It is normally one to three sentences long.			
	The introduction should focus on clarity and content rather than			
	length.			
1.	Does the introduction provide a quick reference to what you are			
	buying?			
2.	Is the introductory information readily distinguishable from the			
	background and scope sections?			
3.	Have work requirements or other redundant information that is			
	contained in other sections of the SOS been removed?			
REMA	ARKS:			

Attachment PM15

C. BACKGROUND (SECTION 2.0): The background section provides historical information which is necessary to understand how and/or why the current requirement evolved and where it headed, if appropriate. The background section can also provicurrent information which helps the contractor understand to requirement. If the current requirement is part of a large program, identify the program and the relationship of the requirement to the overall project. 1. Does this section summarize historical information which is necessare to understand the current requirement? Will the contractor understand how and/or why the requirement evolved and where the requirement is headed, if appropriate? 2. Is the background information readily distinguishable from the introduction and scope sections? 3. Are the facts accurate? 4. Have all directions to perform specific tasks, specification requirements and deliverables been eliminated from this section? (They belong in other sections of the SOS) REMARKS:	Yes	No	N/A
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requirements and deliverables been eliminated from this section? (They belong in other sections of the SOS)			
(They belong in other sections of the SOS)			
REMARKS:			

SCOPE (SECTION 3.0): The scope section is an overview of the SOS and should emphasize the most important aspects of the requirement rather than minor details. It should identify the objective or purpose of the requirement; it should help the contractor understand the magnitude of the effort to be performed and it should also define the outside boundaries of the contractor's performance responsibilities. This becomes important during contract performance in determining whether additional tasks or work is considered within the originally planned responsibilities or is considered new work. The scope section should be clear and consistent with the requirements specified in Section 4.0, Technical Requirements. The scope section should be no more than one to			
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They belong in other sections of the SOS)			
RKS:			
	Will the contractor understand the magnitude of the requirement and ave a basic understanding of the requirement? Is the scope readily distinguishable from the introduction and ackground sections? Is the scope consistent with the tasks or activities specified, and with me end result to be obtained? It is observed by the section emphasize the most important aspects (i.e., an overview) of the technical requirements rather than minor details? It is all directions to perform specific tasks, specification equirements and deliverables been eliminated from this section? They belong in other sections of the SOS)	Will the contractor understand the magnitude of the requirement and ave a basic understanding of the requirement? Is the scope readily distinguishable from the introduction and ackground sections? Is the scope consistent with the tasks or activities specified, and with the end result to be obtained? It is observed	Will the contractor understand the magnitude of the requirement and ave a basic understanding of the requirement? Is the scope readily distinguishable from the introduction and ackground sections? Is the scope consistent with the tasks or activities specified, and with me end result to be obtained? It is object to be obtained? It is object to be consistent with the tasks or activities specified, and with me end result to be obtained? It is object

	Item	Yes	No	N/A
E.	REFERENCE DOCUMENTS (SECTION 4.0): This section lists			
	all documents referenced under Section 5.0, technical			
	requirements, that the contractor will have to comply with in the			
	performance of the SOS (e.g., Agency policies, state and federal			
	laws and specifications, state/city codes, etc.). If the technical			
	requirements section describes your requirements in functional or			
	performance terms (i.e., "what is required" versus "how to do it"),			
	then this section should include only a minimum of documents.			
	Generally, this section is prepared after the technical requirements			
	section is completed. The length of this section will depend on the			
	number of documents cited in the technical requirements section.			
1.	Is the applicable document properly cited? (Correct Volume No., date,			
	Revision No. etc.)			
2.	If only portions of the document apply, have you clearly stated which			
2	portions apply?			
3.	Are the documents cited really pertinent to the task? (If they are not,			
1	they should not be included)			
4.	Do any standard specifications or paragraphs apply in whole or in part?			
5.	(If so, are they properly cited?)			
٥.	Are documents referenced by:			
	• Type (e.g., specification, code, etc.)			
	Number/version Test			
	• Title			
	• Date			
6.	Have all directions to perform specific tasks, specification			
	requirements and deliverables been eliminated from this section?			
	(They belong in other sections of the SOS)			
<u> EM</u>	ARKS:			

	Item	Yes	No	N/A
F.	TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS (SECTION 5.0): This section			
	should identify what the contractor is required to do and not how			
	the contractor should accomplish the effort. Technical			
	requirements are generally identified as major tasks and sub-			
	tasks. All major tasks and sub-tasks need to be defined in adequate			
	detail so that the contractor knows what is required and the			
	Agency knows when and if the contractor has complied with the			
	requirement(s). The SOS should identify the task, the desired			
	output and the associated performance standard or acceptance			
	criteria.			
1.	Are the contractor's responsibilities clearly defined/identified from the			
	introduction, scope and background sections?			
2.	Does the SOS identify only minimum requirements? (Have "nice to			
	haves" been eliminated?)			
3.	Are the tasks in the SOW presented in chronological order or some			
	logical order?			
4.	Is the SOS specific enough to permit you to estimate the probable cost			
	and the contractor to determine the levels of expertise, manpower and			
	other resources needed to accomplish the tasks?	ļ		
5.	Are sentences written so that there is no question of whether the			
	contractor is obligated to perform specific tasks? (e.g., "the contractor			
	shall do this work," not "this work shall be required")			
6.	Are contractor responsibilities stated in such a way that he/she knows			
	what is required and the Agency can tell whether the contractor has			
	complied?			
7.	Are the performance standards or acceptance criteria:			
	Necessary?			
	• Realistic?			
	• Specific?			
	• Verifiable?			
	Objective?			
	Measurable?			
8.	Have all elements of quality control and assurance been included			
	(inspection, testing and acceptance)?	ļ		
9.	Does the SOS identify the title of data or other deliverables in			
	parenthesis after the task which generated the data? [e.g. Contract Data			
1.0	Requirement List (CDRL) 001]			
10.	If the SOS requests data or reports, have all descriptions of that data			
	(e.g., format and content) been eliminated and subsequently included			
1.1	in Section 6.0 (CDRL) of the SOS?	 		
11.	Have all solicitation instructions, evaluation criteria and references to			
	the bidder/proposer been deleted and included in the appropriate			
12	solicitation provisions of the RFP/IFB?	 		
12.	Does the SOS identify significant contract milestones?	-		+
13.	Have all points of control or decision points, if applicable been			
1.4	included?	1		1
14.	Does the SOS require the contractor to get permission from, coordinate			
	with or provide something to someone in the Agency? (if so, have	<u> </u>		

Attachment PM15

	specific authorizations and instructions been provided to avoid		
	contractual problems)		
15.	If deliver/completion time is used, does it specify either calendar days		
	or work days and is it consistent throughout?		
16.	If Agency furnished property or services will be provided, are the		
	nomenclature, location and availability stated in the SOS?		
17.	Are requirements specified that are within state-of-the-art industry?		
18.	If brand name or equal descriptions are used, are the salient physical		
	and functional characteristics of the brand name included in the SOS		
	with at least two suggested brand name equivalents (brand name		
	justification must accompany the SOS)?		
19.	Are performance-type specifications (e.g., "at least 3 HP") used in		
	preference to design-type specifications, when appropriate?		
REM	ARKS:		

	Item	Yes	No	N/A
G.	DELIVERABLES/CONTRACT DATA REQUIREMENTS LIST -			
	CDRL (SECTION 6.0): This section references the data (e.g.,			
	cost/progress reports, drawings, software, etc.) required to be			
	submitted by the contractor and referenced throughout the SOS			
	by a "CDRL" designation.			
1.	Are all contract data items (CDRLs) marked with "CDRL" and a			
	corresponding item number? (e.g., CDRL5-301)			
2.	Are the format and content of data items clearly defined?			
3.	Are the quantities and timelines for data delivery appropriately stated			
	and phased?			
4.	If alternate data deliveries may be proposed by the contractor, does the			
	SOS state this?			
5	Has the cost of the data required been considered and is it reasonable			
	for the specific work task that requires it?			
6.	If the contractor's format for data is acceptable, does the SOS mention			
	this fact?			
7.	Does the CDRL section contain a master contract data requirements			
	listing showing all required deliverables as an exhibit?			
REMA	ARKS:			

	Item	Yes	No	N/A
H.	GENERAL COMMENTS (Apply to most sections of the SOS):			
1.	Is the SOS written using the format recommended in this checklist? (If			
	not, provide rationale to the Procurement Department)			
2.	Does the SOS create an organizational conflict of interest?			
	 Will a specific contractor receive an unfair competitive 			
	advantage on this requirement or future requirements			
	based on its performance under past or present contracts?			
	(e.g., Is the SOS drafted whereby the contractor will			
	prepare an SOS which will be subsequently competitively			
	procured?)			
	Will the contractor be placed in a position where it cannot			
	provide impartial advice and assistance? (e.g., does the			
	SOS require the contractor to review its own work?)			
3.	Is more than one interpretation (throughout the SOS) possible? (See			
	Attachment 1 to this checklist for a list of phrases to be avoided)			
4.	Has the SOW been checked for spelling and grammar?			
5.	Are acronyms and abbreviations spelled out the first time they are used			
	and the abbreviated version put in parentheses?			
6.	Is the word "shall" used whenever a task or sub-task is mandatory?			
7.	Are tasks and sub-tasks written in the active voice rather than the			
	passive voice? (e.g., "The contractor shall establish a program" and not			
0	"A program shall be established by the contractor")			
8.	Are paragraphs and subparagraphs numbered consecutively within			
	each SOS section using a period to separate the number representing each sublevel?			
	For Example:			
	Requirement 5			
	1 st Sublevel 5.1			
	2 nd Sublevel 5.1.1			
	3 rd Sublevel 5.1.1.1			
9.	Are words used in the SOS that properly express the degree of			
	contractor involvement? (See Attachment 2 to this checklist for a list			
	of "work words" that might be appropriate for use in describing your			
	requirement))			
10.	Are sentences written in a short, simple and concise form?			
11.	Have you included revisions numbers in the footer of the SOS pages as			
	changes/edits were made to the SOS?			
12.	Have you provided the following information as appropriate to the s &			
	Procurement Department with this checklist and your SOS attached to			
	the Project Management Checklist?			
	7.1			
	• Independent cost estimate (ICE)			
	Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Goal			
	Proposed delivery schedule			
	Proposed bid schedule			
	Warranty information			
	Method of payment(s)			
	Justification for liquidated damages			

				Att	tachment PM15
	•	Brand name or sole source justification			
	•	Proposed evaluation criteria for "best value solicitations"			
	•	Proposed list of committee members for RFP			
		procurements			
	•	Safety requirements (incorporate in Section 5 of SOS)			
	•	Plans, drawings, geotechnical reports, etc.			<u> </u>
REMARKS:	<u>:</u>				

ATTACHMENT 1 - PHRASES HAVING MULTIPLE MEANINGS

This list of phrases having multiple meanings is provided as an example of those to be avoided.

- To the satisfaction of the Agency,
- As determined by the Agency,
- In accordance with instructions of the Agency,
- As directed by the Agency,
- In the opinion of the Agency,
- In the judgment of the Agency,
- Unless otherwise directed by the Agency,
- To furnish if requested by the Agency,
- All reasonable requests of the Agency shall be compiled with,
- Photographs shall be taken when and where directed by the Agency.
- In strict accordance with,
- In accordance with best commercial practice,
- In accordance with best modern standard practice,
- In accordance with the best engineering practice,
- Workmanship shall be of the highest quality,
- Workmanship shall be of the highest grade,
- Accurate workmanship,
- Securely mounted,
- Installed in a neat and workmanlike manner,
- Skillfully fitted,

ATTACHMENT 1 (CON'T) - PHRASES HAVING MULTIPLE MEANINGS

• Properly connected,

- Properly assembled,
- Good working order,
- Good materials,
- In accordance with applicable published specifications,
- Products of a recognized reputable manufacturer,
- Tests will be made unless waived,
- Materials shall be of the highest grade, free from defects or imperfections, and of grades approved by the Agency.
- Kinks and bends may be cause for rejection,
- Carefully performed,
- Neatly finished,
- Metal parts shall be cleaned before painting,
- Suitably housed,
- Smooth surfaces,
- Pleasing lines,
- Of an approved type,
- Of standard type,
- Any phrases referring to "The Agency Technical Representative (TR)".

ATTACHMENT 2 – WORK WORDS

The word list below is not complete but is provided to stimulate the thinking of the SOS writer by pointing out the critical differences in the meaning of work words versus the product words identified in connection with deliverable data. When selecting the key work word that properly expresses contractor's involvement, the SOS writer must define explicitly the total nature of the work requirement in terms of what is to be done. In some cases, the "why" or the application of the results of the performed work may be stated if it clarifies the requirement. The following sample list contains words which have the inherent value of work. This list is offered as a reminder of the various shades of meaning conveyed by choice of words.

analyze (solve by analysis)
annotate (provide with comments)
ascertain(find out with certainty)
attend (be present at)
audit (officially examine)
build (make by putting together)

calculate(find out by computation)
consider (think about, to decide)
construct (put together; build)
control (direct; regulate)
contribute (give along with others)
compare (find out likeness or differences)
create (cause to be; make)
determine (resolve; settle; decide)
differentiate (make a distinction between)

develop (bring into being or activity)

define (make clear; settle the limits)
design (perform an original act)
evolve (develop gradually, work out)
examine (look at closely; test quality of)

explore (examine for discovery)
extract (take out; deduce, select)
erect (put together; set upright)
establish (set up; settle; prove beyond dispute)

estimate (approximate an opinion of)
evaluate (find or fix the value of)
fabricate (build; manufacture, invent)
form (give shape to; establish)
formulate (to put together add express)
generate (produce, cause to be)
identify (to show or to find)

implement (to carry out, put into practice)
install (place; put into position)
inspect (examine carefully or officially)

ATTACHMENT 2 (CON'T) – WORK WORDS

institute (set up; establish, begin) interpret (explain the meaning of)

Attachment PM15

(ask, make a search of) inquire integrate (to add parts to make whole) (search into; examine closely) investigate judge (decide; form an estimate of) make (cause to come into being)

maintain (to keep in an existing state, to continue in, carry on)

manufacture (fabricate from raw materials)

(to change, alter) modify (to watch or observe) monitor (comment upon, review) notice

observe (inspect, watch) originate

(initiate, to give rise to)

(integrate, arrange in a coherent unit) organize

perform (do, carry out, accomplish)

(devise a scheme for doing, making, arranging activities to achieve plan

objectives)

(investigate thoroughly) probe produce (give birth or rise to)

pursue (seek, obtain or accomplish) reason (think, influence another's actions) resolve (reduce by analysis, clear up)

record (set down in writing or act of electronic reproduction of communications)

(advise, attract favor of) recommend

(inspection, examination or evaluation) review

(to correct, improve) revise

(careful examination or analysis) study (try to discover; make an attempt) seek (examine to find something) search

(look through hastily, examine intently) scan

(to separate, present, or shield) screen

(find an answer) solve (evaluate, examine) test

(to copy or find by searching) trace (observe or plot the path of) track update (modernize, make current)



Authorization for Sole Source Procurement

"A sole source purchase is one in which the product or service is unique, and its uniqueness is substantially related to the intended purpose, use and performance of the goods or service being purchased. Similar goods or services must be shown to be unable to achieve the Metropolitan Council's desired objectives."

I REQUEST THAT THE REFERENCED PURCHASE BE DECLARED A SOLE SOURCE PROCUREMENT.				
Proposed sole source vendor's nam	ne:	Estimated cost of goods or services:		
Describe the goods or services that you propose to acquire through a sole source procurement:				
NOTE Sole source	purchases must fit	ALL THREE of the following criteria:		
Why are these goods or services unique?	OEM sole source pro first certify in writing	ts or maintenance agreements for previously-approved equipment. ocurements that are funded by FTA require that the Council must g to FTA that the supplier is the only source of the OEM item and gher than the price paid for the item by like customers		
How is their uniqueness substantially related to their intended use?	OEM repairs, par	ts or maintenance agreements for previously-approved equipment.		
Demonstrate that similar goods or services are unable to meet the required objective:	OEM repairs, par	ts or maintenance agreements for previously-approved equipment.		
Describe your efforts to identify other potential sources				
List any other facts supporting the use of a non-competitive process:				
Is the anticipated cost to the Council fair and reasonable? Explain at right:				
Is this a one-time procurement? If not: 1) explain what actions may be taken to prevent the need for sole source procurement for future purchases of these goods or services; 2) estimate the total annualized expenditure. Approvals for on-going sole source procurements must match the amount of the annualized expenditure, not the amount of a single purchase.	One time purchase \	sible action to be taken: Yes \(\sum \text{No } \subseteq \) rece procurement is required, estimate the annual expenditure.		

Sole Source Authorization Cost or Price Analysis Each sole source authorization requires the completion of a either a cost or price analysis to determine that the expenditure is fair and reasonable. **Cost Analysis Price Analysis** A cost analysis is generally used when purchasing A price analysis is generally used when purchasing goods or services whose price must be evaluated by examining well-defined services whose price can be compared with like both the quantity and price of separate cost elements items in one of the following ways: such as hourly rates, overhead, profit factors, and other Competitive price quotations for similar items direct costs. The analysis should include: Catalog or market prices The necessity for various costs Comparison to past prices The reasonableness of amounts estimated for The use of rough estimates such as dollars per pound, per necessary costs horsepower, or other units Cost Or Price Analysis: I hereby certify that this justification for sole source procurement is accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. Requisitioner: Title: Date: Based upon the above, I authorize the sole source acquisition of the goods or services specified. Authorized Signer: Title: Date: Signature: General Manager/Division Director Date: For purchases \$25,000 or over, the Regional Administrator's signature is required.

The approval of the Metropolitan Council is required for purchases over the current policy limits.

Regional Administrator

Signature:

Date:

DOCUMENT EXECUTION COVER SHEET

DATE:
TO: Thomas H. Weaver, Regional Administrator
FROM:
SUBJECT:
I recommend and request that you execute the attached document on behalf of the Metropolitan Council. Additional information regarding this document is set forth below or attached. Please contact the following person if you require further information: Name: Phone/extension:
BACKGROUND
Type of Document (e.g., contract, grant, intergovernmental agreement, amendment, etc.):
Discussion and Purpose for Document (Summarize and attach additional information if desired):
AUTHORIZATION
Execution has been authorized by Council Board Item # 200 A copy of the item is attached.
Council Board action for execution is not necessary because:
DOCUMENT PREPARATION
This document was prepared using standard Master Construction Documents, Contract Templates, or other standard form documents. Other than to provide Drawings and Specifications or Scope of Work, and to fill in the specific project information, no changes in the standard documents have been made without approval of the Office of General Counsel.
Procurement
This document was prepared specifically for this purpose by the Office of General Counsel which has signed off as to form.
RETURN ROUTING
Please return the executed document to:
Special routing or pick-up instructions:

	Subrecipient	InvoiceRevise	d	
Remit to:				
Address:				
Federal Grant No.:		Met Council Contr	act No.:	
Grant period:		Is this the FINAL invo	·	No
Invoice #		_	invoice:	
Attach itemize	d detail and copies of re	-		
	Approved Income	_	Income recognized	Unrecognized
Income Sources	budget	this period	year to date	income
INCOME	T			\$ -
				\$ -
	+			\$ -
Total Income	\$	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Approved Budget Expense	Approved Budget	Expenses incurred		•
Category*	Amount	this period	Year to Date Actual	Balance Remaining
EXPENSE				<u> </u>
				\$ -
				\$ -
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				\$ -
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	+			<u>\$</u> \$
				\$ -
	+			\$ -
				\$ -
				•
Total Expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Local Match (20%)	-	\$ -	\$ -	-
Amount of Reimbursement	\$ -	s	s -	\$ -
Amount of Reimbursement		Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -
Amount of Reimbursement :		_(total expense less m	atch provided by Subre	ecipient)
Certification: I certify the expenditure	ron reflected in this invoice.	are true and correct and	l baya baan mada far t	he purpose of and in
accordance with applicable terms and				
that each reflects a reasonable price	based on market prices offe	ered by the vendors to t	he general public. App	ropriate documentation
to support these authorized expenditu		for review. These expe	nditures are not reimb	ursable from other
sources and have not been previously				
I further certify the sufficient use of lo				
the use of local funds as match is ava Report to be provided Quarterly)	allable for review as required	d under the terms and c	onditions of this grant	award. (Financial
report to be provided Quarterly)				
Authorized Signature:			Date:	
<u> </u>				

* Copies of invoices for all non-recurring expenses should be included as attachments to this invoice. Invoices are submitted in triplicate. Please sign all three.

DBE Progress/Project Report

1. Project #:				9. Original Contra	ct Amount:				
2. Project Title:	1			10. Contract Change Orders:					
3. Prime Contractor:				11. Total Contract	Amount:				
4. Type of Services:				12. Contract Dolla	rs Expended:				
5. Contract #				13. Contract Dolla	rs Remaining:				
6. Contract Award Da	te:			14. Amount Paid t	o Date:				
7. Payment Claim #:				15. Percent Paid t	o Date:				
8. DBE Progress Rep	ort #:								
	Utilization Goal:% Reporting Period: From to								
,	ubcontractor	B) Company DBE is Sub-contracting to	C) Amount of Original DBE Contract	D) Amount DBE Subcontracted to Others *	E) Amount in Change Orders to DBE Contract	F) Total DBE Contract Amount [C) - D) + E)]	G) Amount DBE Paid This Pay Request	H) Amount DBE Paid To Date	
16 17									
17									
18									
18 19									
20									
20 21 22 23 24									
22									
23									
24									
					DBE Totals:				
				* (Contract DBE % of	Total Current Cor	ntracted Amount:		
					* Billed DBE 9	% of Total Contract	ct Amount Billed:		
Explanation if DBE G	oal Not Being Me	et or Other Comments	 S:					·	
	<u> </u>								
Signature:			Date:						

INSTRUCTIONS:

Title:

- 1. Insert information in all blank spaces. A/E Services contracts DO NOT complete Affirmative Action Status/Labor Force Breakdown by Hours.
- 2. Amount DBE Subcontracted to Others (Column D) shall include non-DBE amounts included in Column E.
- 2. Contract DBE % of Total Current Contract = DBE Totals of Column F) / Total Contract Amount (Item 11 above).
- 3. Billed DBE % of Total Contract Amount Billed = DBE Totals of Column H) / Amount Billed To Date (Item 14 above).

Council Approval for Subrecipient Invoice

Subrecipient:								
BLPO: Release PO:		_			_			
		_			_			
Master PO: PO Release No	o:	_			_			
	-	_						
Insert lines if nee	source Source			nt strings ORG	PROG	SUBCLASS	PROJECT	AMOUNT
GRANT	SOURCE	ACCI	FUND	OKG	FROG	SUBCLASS	PROJECT	AMOUNT
			TOTAL	TO BE	REIMBI	L JRSED BY THE	= COLINCII ·	\$0.
1. Project Manager (Project manager retains one copy and routes the other two with Project Manager approval: (Sign & Date) MT Immediate Supervisor approval: (Sign & Date) MTS approval (if applicable): (Sign & Date; Retain one copy)					vith this for	m.)		
2. Office of Di (ODEO retains one	•	Equal (Opportu	ınity (Ol	DEO)			
ODEO Staff appro (Sign & Date)	oval:							
3. Grants								
Grants Staff appr (Sign & Date)	oval:							
4. Purchasing	ı (if applical	ble)						
Assign Release F	PO Above (if a	applicable	∍).					

\$0.00

5. RA Finance or MT Finance (whichever is applicable)

RA Finance or MT Finance (whichever is applicable) retains one copy, reviews and processes for payment and sends a copy of this completed form to the Project Manager.

BLANKET PO	RELEASE PO	FORM C-22 A
DEAMETIC	KELEAGE I O	TOMYI C-ZZF

METROPOLITAN COUNCIL/METRO TRANSIT

	PAY	MENT I	REQU	EST N	0	FOR ENGINE	EERING/CONSU	JLTANT CO	ONTRACTS	
		Interi	m Payr	nent Re	quest	Final Pay	ment Request			
		(NOTE: DIV	VERSITY	OFFICE S	IGN OFF REC	QUIRED FOR FINAL PAY	REQUESTS ON FEDERA	ALLY FUNDED PR	OJECTS)	
		(NOTE	E: CONTR	ACTS SIG	SNOFF REQU	TIRED FOR FINAL PAY RI	EQUESTS ON CONSTRU	JCTION CONTRAC	CTS)	
PAY TO:						DAT	E:			
ADDRESS:						PERIOD FRO	M:	Т	O:	
_						CONTRAC	Τ#	WC) #	
_						INVOIC	E#	DA	TE	
PROJECT N	NAME:							PRO.	J #	
				CO)NTRAC	Γ SUMMARY:				
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AMENDM	1ENT #1					\$ -	·			
AMENDM	1ENT #2					\$ -				
AMENDM	1ENT #3					\$ -		,		
NET CHANGE	ES(SUBTO	OTAL)				\$ -				
REVISED CON	NTRACT	AMOUN	Γ				\$	-		
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TOTAL EARN			D DD E	MOHE	LV				<u> </u>	
LESS AMOUNT DU				201002	LY				\$ 	-
AMOUNT DU	E IHIS PA	AIMENI				1 [Ф	
CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the							N COUNCIL CERT		performed during the r	period for
performed and that th	is claim is just					I hereby certify that I have prepared or examined this claim for work performed during the period for which this payment claim has been made and that the Contractor is entitled to payment of the claim				
part of it has been paid	d					Under the terms of the contract				
Ву						Ву				
Contractor's/Consultant'	s Authorized Re	epresentative		Date	-	Project Manager Date				
						By				
						Supervisor Date				
	C	OMPLETE	THIS S	SIGNAT	URE SECT	NOTE: Blanket PO/ ION FOR FINAL PAY	Release PO required			
Federal Fund		OWN DETE	7 11110 1	71011711	ORL BLCT		I REQUESTS ONE			
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(mai pay requests for	rederany-run	ded projects o	niiy)			WEIRO IRINGII C	COTVITATE IS (receipt o	11 orni 1C 134 and 0	oner close-out docume	211(3)
By						By				
Diversity Office Represe	ntative			Date		Contracts Office Representa			Date	
Account	Fund	ACCOUN Dept	NT CHA	RT FIELD Class	Project	Amount	PROJECT/FUND (finance dept use only)		AL:	
recount	Tunu	Бері	1105	Ciuss	Troject	\$ -	(imance dept use only)			
						I I	By Grants Analyst		Date	
	- +				 		Orants Analyst		Date	
							ECHO DR	^ A W / #		
Т	This section is re	quired to be cor	mpleted to	document an	y processing dela	ays. Note the Council is legally			or pay interest to the ven	dor.
COMMENTS:	Ocumentation of	of all delays is in	nperative is	n determining	g whether or not	the interest charge applies.				

BLANKET PO	RELEASE PO	FORM C-21A
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METROPOLITAN COUNCIL/METRO TRANSIT

PAYMENT REQUEST NO._____ FOR CONSTRUCTION WORK/SERVICES

		Inter	rim Paym	ent Requ	est		Final Payr	nent Request		
					_		-	FEDERALLY FUNDED PRO		
	(NOT	ΓE: CONTRAC	CTS SIGNO	FF REQUIE	RED FOR FINAL	, PA	Y REQUESTS ON CONS	STRUCTION AND CONTRA	ACTS)	
PAY TO:							DAT	E:		
ADDRESS:							PERIOD FRO	OM:	TO:	
_							CONTRAC	T#	WO #	
							INVOIC	E#	DATE	
PROJECT	NAME:	Support F	acilities S	ecurity an	nd Retaining	Wa	ill- FTH		PROJ#	62313
				-	CONTRAC :	ΤS	UMMARY:			
ORIGINAL CO	NTRACT	ſ AMOUN	Т				\$ -			
CHANGE ORE	DERS TO	DATE (CO	O#1 thro	ugh):		\$ -			
REVISED CON	NTRACT .	AMOUNT	1				\$ -			
					RETA	IN	AGE:			
PREVIOUS RE	TAINAG	E						\$ -		
THIS PAYMEN	NT RETA	INAGE						\$ -		
TOTAL RETA	INAGE							\$ -		
					AMOUNT C)F '	PAYMENT:			
TOTAL EARN	ED TO D.	ATE							\$	-
AMOUNT RET	TAINED		((%)					\$	_
LESS AMOUN	T PAID (OR BILLE!	,			_			\$	-
AMOUNT DUI						_			\$	-
CERTIFICATION BY CONTRACTOR I hereby certify that the above services have been performed and that this claim is just and correct and no part of it has been paid By Contractor's/Consultant's Authorized Representative Date							I hereby certify that I hav for which this payment c claim Under the terms of By Council's Authorized Repres By Project Manager/Supervisor NOTE: Blanket PO/I	entative/ Project Manager Release PO required for	claim for work perfort the Contractor is entit Date	elled to payment of the
Federal Fund	ling Applies		LETE THI	IS SIGNA	TURE SECTI	IOI	N FOR FINAL PAY	REQUESTS ONLY		
METROPOLITAN requests for federally- By Diversity Office Represe	COUNCIL funded project	DIVERSITY	/EEO CER	RTIFICATI	ON (final pay		METRO TRANSIT CO	ONTRACTS (receipt of For	rm IC 134 and other c	
		ACCOL	NT CHAR	T FIEL D				PROJECT/FUND C	ODE APPROVAL	
Account	Fund	Dept	Prog	Class	Project		Amount	(finance dept use only)	ODE THE RO VIE.	
								p.,		
								By Grants Analyst	Date	
						П		ECHO DRA	W #	
								to make payment within as speci-		t to the vendor.
I1	ocumentation (of all delays is in	nperative in de	termining wn	nether or not the inte	rest	cnarge appnes.			

				Sı
Acquisition				
Description of the Asset	ID/Tag#	source of property -grant/project	acquisition date	cost

precipients List o	precipients List of Assets purchased with Federal Funds							
					Disposal			
% of Federal/local	useful life	location	use and condition	titleholder	date	net book value		

sale price	method used to determine fair market value	

Goods Procurement Contract Log FTA-Funded Procurement – Formal IFB

Contract Number	PO Number	PO Amount	Contractor

Tab	Item					
Auth	orization					
1	CIM					
Solici	itation Process					
2	Independent Cost Estimate (to be performed & dated prior to receipt of bids)					
3	Method of Procurement Decision Matrix					
4	Advertisements					
5	List of Document Holders					
6	IFB					
7	Addenda					
Evalı	uation Process					
8	Bid Tabulation and Bid Documents					
9	Evaluation of Responsiveness					
10	Evaluation of DBE Good Faith Efforts (if applicable)					
11	Correspondence with Bidders (including protests if applicable)					
12	Price or Cost Analysis (required for every procurement action)					
13	Independent Determination of Adequate Competition (if Single Bid)					
14	Report Determination of Adequate Competition to FTA (if applicable)					
15	Reasons for Contractor Selection / Rejection					
16	Basis for Contract Price					
Awai						
17	Evaluation of Responsibility (include check from http://epls.arnet.gov/)					
18	Authorization to Award (w/Council Action if required)					
19	Letter of Award					
Cont	ract Documents					
20	Required Certification (AA, Debarment, Lobbying)					
21	Purchase Order (w/appropriate Terms and Conditions)					
Cont	ract Modifications					
Final	Administrative File Review					
Cond	ucted By Date					

H:\Procurement\General Procurement Information\IFB-RFP-LOGS-DOCS\R_log_goods_ifb_fta.doc

Goods Procurement Contract Log FTA-Funded Procurement – Joint Purchasing Agreement

Contract Number	PO Number	PO Amount	Contractor

Tab	Item
Auth	orization
1	CIM
Solici	itation Process
2	Independent Cost Estimate (performed & dated prior to receipt of bid/proposal)
3	Method of Procurement Decision Matrix
Evalu	uation Process
4	Evaluation of Responsiveness (include check from http://epls.arnet.gov/)
5	Evaluation of DBE Good Faith Efforts (if applicable)
6	Correspondence
7	Cost or Price Analysis (required for every procurement action)
8	Reasons for Contractor Selection / Rejection
9	Basis for Contract Price
Awai	
10	Evaluation of Responsibility
11	Authorization to Award (w/Council Action if required)
12	Letter of Award
Cont	ract Documents
13	Required Certification (AA, Debarment, Lobbying)
14	Purchase Agreement
Cont	ract Modifications
Final	Administrative File Review
Cond	ucted By Date

Goods Procurement Contract Log FTA-Funded Procurement – Sole Source

Cont	ract Number	PO Number	PO Amount	Contractor
Tab	Item			
Auth	orization			
1	CIM			
Solic	itation Process			
2		ocurement Decis	ion Matrix	
3	Sole Source A			
Eval	uation Process			
4	Independent (Cost Estimate (pe	erformed & dated	prior to receipt of bid/proposal)
5	Cost or Price Analysis (required for every procurement action)			
6	Check of Excluded Parties Listing (include check from http://epls.arnet.gov/)			
7	Correspondence with Vendor			
8	Reasons for Contractor Selection / Rejection			
9	Basis for Contract Price			
Awa				
10	Authorization to Award (w/Council Action if required)			
11	Letter of Award			
Conf	ract Documen	its		
12	Required Certification (AA, Debarment, Lobbying)			
13	Purchase Order (w/appropriate Terms and Conditions)			
	ract Modifica	tions .		· .
14				
	Δ dministrative	Ed D ,		

Final Administrative File Review

Conducted By

Date

Non-Construction Services Procurement Contract Log FTA-Funded Procurement - Sole Source

Cont	ract Number	Contract Amount	Contractor	
Tab	Item			
Auth	orization			
-	L COTTO			

Tab	Item	
Auth	orization	
1	CIM	
Solic	itation Process	
2	Method of Procurement Decision Matrix	
3	Sole Source Authorization	
Eval	nation Process	
4	Independent Cost Estimate (performed & dated prior to receipt of bid/proposal)	
5	Cost or Price Analysis (required for every procurement action)	
6	Correspondence with Vendor	
7	Reasons for Contractor Selection / Rejection	
8	Basis for Contract Price	
Awai	rd	
9	Authorization to Award (w/Council Action if required)	
10	Letter of Award	
Cont	ract Documents	
11	Required Certification (AA, Debarment, Lobbying, Buy America, etc.)	
12	Contract execution transmittal letter	
13	Notice to Proceed Letter and Executed Contract	
14	Insurance documentation	
Cont	ract Modifications	
15	Amendment(s)	
Final	Administrative File Review	

Final Administrative File Review		
Conducted By	Date	

Professional/Technical Services Contract Log FTA-Funded Procurement – Informal Proposals

Contract Number	Contract Amount	Contractor

Tab	Item		
Auth	orization		
1	CIM or PR		
2	Independent Cost Estimate (performed & dated prior to receipt of proposals)		
Solici	tation Process		
3	Method of Procurement Decision Matrix		
4	Proposals		
Evalu	nation and Award Process		
5	Proposal Evaluation and Recommendation, Authorization of Award		
6	Evaluation of Responsibility (include check from http://epls.arnet.gov/)		
7	Cost or Price Analysis (required for every procurement action)		
8	Correspondence with Proposers (including protests if applicable)		
9	Reasons for Contractor Selection / Rejection		
10	Basis for Contract Price		
11	Most Current Overhead Rate Information and Approval (if A&E Contract)		
Cont	ract Documents		
12	Contract execution transmittal letter		
13	Notice to Proceed Letter and Executed Contract		
14	Insurance documentation		
Cont	ract Modifications		
15			
	·		
Final	Administrative File Review		

Conducted By Date

Professional/Technical Services Contract Log FTA-Funded Procurement – Formal RFP

Contract Number	Contract Amount	Contractor

Tab	Item	
Auth	orization	
1	CIM	
2	Independent Cost Estimate (performed & dated prior to receipt of proposals)	
Solic	tation Process	
3	Method of Procurement Decision Matrix	
4	Advertisements	
5	List of Document Holders	
6	RFP	
7	Addenda	
8	Pre-proposal Meeting, Proposer Questions	
Evalı	nation Process	
9	List of Proposers and Evaluation of Required Submittals	
10	Evaluation Panel Membership and Conflict of Interest Statements	
11	Evaluation Results (including evaluation sheets and final recommendation)	
12	Evaluation of Responsibility (include check from http://epls.arnet.gov/)	
13	Independent Determination of Adequate Competition (if Single Bid)	
14	Report Determination of Adequate Competition to FTA (if applicable)	
15	Cost or Price Analysis (required for every procurement action)	
16	Evaluation of DBE Good Faith Efforts	
17	Correspondence with Proposers (including protests if applicable)	
18	Reasons for Contractor Selection / Rejection	
19	Basis for Contract Price	
20	Most Current Overhead Rate Information and Approval (if A&E Contract)	
Awai		
21	Authorization of Award (w/Council Action if required)	
Cont	tract Documents	
22	Required Certification (AA, Debarment, Lobbying)	
23	Contract execution transmittal letter	
24	Notice to Proceed Letter and Executed Contract	
25	Insurance documentation	
	ract Modifications	
26	Amendments	
Final	Administrative File Review	

Conducted By	 Date

Professional/Technical Services Contract Log FTA-Funded Procurement –Rolling Stock

Contract Number	Contract Amount	Contractor

,				
Tab	Item			
	orization			
1	CIM			
2	Independent Cost Estimate (performed & dated prior to receipt of bid/proposal)			
	tation Process			
3	Method of Procurement Decision Matrix			
4	Advertisements			
5	List of Document Holders			
6	RFP			
7	Addenda			
8	Pre-proposal Meeting, Proposer Questions			
Evalu	nation Process			
9	List of Proposers and Evaluation of Required Submittals			
10	Evaluation Panel Membership and Conflict of Interest Statements			
11	Evaluation Results (including evaluation sheets and final recommendation)			
12	Evaluation of Responsibility (include check from http://epls.arnet.gov/)			
13	Independent Determination of Adequate Competition (if Single Bid)			
14	Report Determination of Adequate Competition to FTA (if applicable)			
15	Cost or Price Analysis (required for every procurement action)			
16	Evaluation of DBE Good Faith Efforts			
17	Correspondence with Proposers (including protests if applicable)			
18	Reasons for Contractor Selection / Rejection			
19	Basis for Contract Price			
Awar				
20	Authorization of Award (w/Council Action if required)			
21	Pre-Award Buy America Audit Certifications			
Cont	ract Documents			
22	Required Certification (AA, Debarment, Lobbying)			
23	Contract execution transmittal letter			
24	Notice to Proceed Letter and Executed Contract			
25	Insurance documentation			
26	Post-Delivery Buy America Audit Certifications			
Contract Modifications				
27 Amendments				
Final Administrative File Review				
Conducted Dry Dota				
Conducted By Date				

Major Construction Contract Log FTA-Funded Procurement

Contract Number	Contract Amount	Contractor

Auth	A40
	orization
1	CIM
Solic	itation Process
2	Method of Procurement Decision Matrix
3	Advertisements
4	List of Document Holders
	uation Process
5	Bid Tabulation and Bid Documents
6	Evaluation of Responsiveness
7	Evaluation of Responsibility (include check from http://epls.arnet.gov/)
8	Engineer's Independent Cost Estimate (performed & dated prior to receipt of bids)
9	Price or Cost Analysis (required for every procurement action)
10	Evaluation of DBE Good Faith Efforts
11	Bidder's Lists
12	Correspondence with Bidders (including protests if applicable)
13	Independent Determination of Adequate Competition (if Single Bid)
14	Report Determination of Adequate Competition to FTA (if applicable)
15	Reasons for Contractor Selection / Rejection
16	Basis for Contract Price
Awai	rd Process
17	Authorization to Award (w/Council Action if required)
18	Letter of Award
Cont	ract Modifications
19	Contract Correspondence/Updates
	itation and Contract Documents (filed separately in Contract Documents)
	e to Proceed
	tion for Bids / Addenda / Contract Agreement
Requ	ired Certifications (AA, Debarment, Lobbying, Buy America, etc.)
	rmance and payment bonds
Insur	ance documentation
Final	Administrative File Review

FTA MANDATORY PROCUREMENT STANDARDS

No.	Element
1)	Written Standards of Conduct
2)	Contract Administration System
3)	Written Protest Procedures
4)	Prequalification System
5)	System for Ensuring Most Efficient and Economic Purchase
6)	Procurement Policies and Procedures
7)	Independent Cost Estimate
8)	A&E Geographic Preference
9)	Unreasonable Qualification Requirements
10)	Unnecessary Experience and Excessive Bonding
11)	Organizational Conflict of Interest
12)	Arbitrary Action
13)	Brand Name Restrictions
14)	Geographic Preferences
15)	Contract Period of Performance Limitation
16)	Written Procurement Selection Procedures
17)	Solicitation Prequalification Criteria
18)	Award to Responsible Contractors
19)	Sound and Complete Agreement
20)	No Splitting [Micro-purchase]
21)	Fair and Reasonable Price Determination [Micro-purchase]
22)	Micro-Purchase Davis Bacon
23)	Price Quotations [Small Purchase]
24)	Clear, Accurate, and Complete Specification
25)	Adequate Competition - Two or More Competitors
26)	Firm Fixed Price [Sealed Bid]
27)	Selection on Price [Sealed Bid]
28)	Discussions Unnecessary [Sealed Bid]
29)	Advertised/Publicized
30)	Adequate Solicitation
31)	Sufficient Bid Time [Sealed Bid]
32)	Bid Opening [Sealed Bid]
33)	Responsiveness [Sealed Bid]
34)	Lowest Price [Sealed Bid]
35)	Rejecting Bids [Sealed Bid]
36)	Evaluation [RFP]
37)	Price and Other Factors [RFP]
38)	Sole Source if Other Award is Infeasible
39)	Cost Analysis Required [Sole Source]
40)	Evaluation of Options
41)	Cost or Price Analysis
42)	Written Record of Procurement History
43)	Exercise of Options
44)	Out of Scope Changes

FTA MANDATORY PROCUREMENT STANDARDS

45)	Advance Payments
46)	Progress Payments
47)	Time and Materials Contracts
48)	Cost Plus Percentage of Cost
49)	Liquidated Damages Provisions
50)	Qualifications Exclude Price [A&E]
51)	Serial Price Negotiations [A&E]
52)	Bid Security [Construction over \$100,000]
53)	Performance Security [Construction over \$100,000]
54)	Payment Security [Construction over \$100,000]



Method of Procurement Decision Matrix

To best determine which method of procurement is suitable, classify your situation by checking off the appropriate boxes below. In order to use any given method, <u>all elements in that section must apply</u> (except for sole source, where only one item must apply).

Micro Purchase	Competitive Procurement	Non-Competitive Procurement
	-	(Competitive procurement not
(Competitive quotes not required).	(Competitive quotes, bids, or proposals required)	required).
Total cost is below the micro purchase threshold of \$2500.	If <u>all three</u> of these conditions are true, select Procurement Method 1, 2, or 3 (below). See Section 1.6	One of the following must apply.
purchase threshold of \$2500.	of the <u>Procurement Procedure</u> for definitions and further	OEM austam itam
	guidance.	☐ OEM, custom item ☐ Only one source available
	\square Amount is \ge \$2500	Sole source pre-approved by FTA
	☐ Multiple sources are available	Competition is inadequate after
	☐ Not an emergency service	public solicitation
	W. J. M. O. A. G. J. I. I. I.	☐ Public emergency
	Method 1: Quotes or Sealed Bids	
	Note: Minnesota Stats. §471.345 (Uniform Municipal Contracting Law) requires the use of formal,	Note: An approved Authorization for
	advertised sealed bids for goods or non-	Sole Source Procurement must be
	professional/technical services \$100,000 and over;	attached.
	below \$100,000, Council policy requires three verbal or	
	written quotes. See the <u>Procurement Procedure</u> for	
	definitions and further guidance.	
	All five of the following must apply:	
	Complete an adequate specifications or purchase description	
	☐ Three or more responsible bidders	
	☐ Selection can be made on basis of price	
	☐ Procurement suitable for firm, fixed price	
	☐ No discussion is needed with bidders after receipt of offers	
	Method 2: Competitive Proposals	
	Note: Council policy requires three verbal proposals	
	for purchases of professional/technical services between	
	\$2500- \$25,000 and three written proposals for these	
	services between \$25,000 - 100,000; formal, advertised RFPs are required for purchases \$100,000 and over. All	
	five of the following must apply:	
	Complete specifications are not feasible	
	Proposer input is needed for specifications	
	☐ Three or more proposers are willing to compete	
	☐ Discussion is needed with proposers after receipt of	
	proposals and prior to award	
	Fixed price can be set after discussions	
	Method 3: Time and Materials (T&M) Contract	
	Note: A T&M Contract is a sub-set of a competitive	
	proposal process. Both of the following must apply:	
	Fixed price cannot be set for work	
	Complete extent of work is unknown (whether time, material use, or both)	
	material use, or odinj	